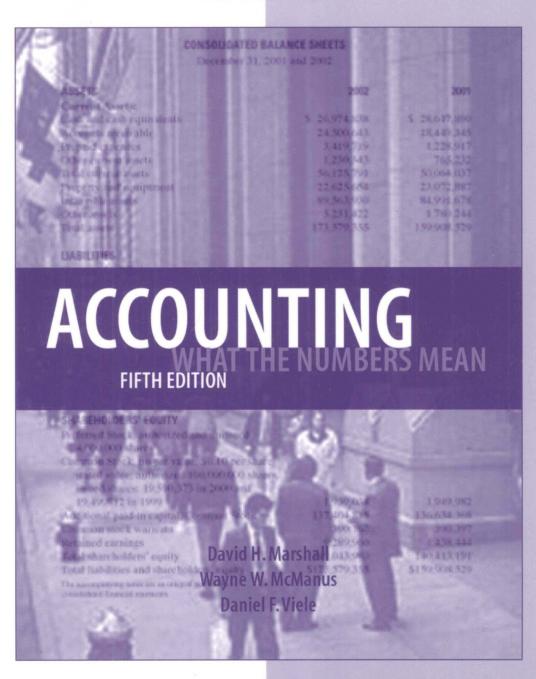
Student Study Resource:

- Study Outlines
- Solutions to Odd-Numbered Problems
- Ready Notes

for use with



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Accounting: What the Numbers Mean

Fifth Edition

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ACCOUNTING: WHAT THE NUMBERS MEAN

David H. Marshall, Wayne W. McManus and Daniel F. Viele

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NOTE TO STUDENT:

Your textbook is the principal resource that will contribute to your success in the course for which it was purchased. Other resources include your instructor, your classmates, your study efforts, and the supplements that accompany the text. These supplements are:

- Student Study Resource: Study Outlines, Solutions to Odd-Numbered Problems, and Ready Notes. This volume is designed to accelerate your learning and to improve your performance in the course. The Study Outlines emphasize the key ideas, key points, key relationships, and key terminology that we believe are critical to your learning and retention. The Study Outlines eliminate the need to copy information from transparencies or PowerPoint presentations, and provide space for you to take class notes. You may find it worthwhile to review the information contained in these outlines even if your instructor does not use them in class on a regular basis. The Solutions to Odd-Numbered Problems provide full solutions (not just check figures) for all oddnumbered exercises and problems in the text. Even-numbered problems are usually similar to the preceding odd-numbered problem. Having the full solution to the preceding exercise or problem available as a model provides additional examples beyond those in the text, reinforces learning, minimizes frustration, and facilitates your study efforts. The Ready Notes are reduced-sized copies of the Ready Shows (PowerPoint® slides) that some instructors may use when making classroom presentations; as with the Study Outlines, space is provided for your note taking.
- Study Guide and Working Papers. The Study Guide contains chapter outlines, review questions (matching, true-false, and multiple choice) with explanatory answers, and short exercises with solutions. Working Papers are set up for each problem in the text to facilitate your approach to the correct solution and to eliminate "busy work." Student reviews of this supplement from the first four editions of the text have been highly favorable and quite encouraging. You can order a copy of the Study Guide and Working Papers volume through your bookstore, or by calling McGraw-Hill at 1-800-338-3987. When placing your order, ask for ISBN 0-07-247523-4.

The appendix of the text is a copy of Intel Corporation's 1999 Annual Report. For investor information, including annual reports, 10-K and 10-Q reports, or other financial literature (all of which is provided without cost), contact Intel's agent and registrar:

Harris Trust & Savings Bank 311 West Monroe, P.O. Box A3504, Chicago IL 60690-3504 USA Call 1-800-298-0146 (U.S. or Canada) or (312) 360-5123 (worldwide) for annual report ordering.

You are encouraged to visit Intel's World Wide Web site at: http://www.intel.com. Specific information of interest to investors can be found at: http://www.intc.com. The website for this textbook, http://www.intc.com. The provides links to Intel and other real-world examples used in the problem materials.

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ACCOUNTING IS THE PROCESS OF:

- · IDENTIFYING,
- · MEASURING, and
- · COMMUNICATING



ECONOMIC INFORMATION ABOUT AN ENTITY FOR MAKING

}

- · DECISIONS and
- · INFORMED JUDGMENTS

USERS OF ACCOUNTING INFORMATION

1

- MANAGEMENT
- · INVESTORS
- · CREDITORS
- · EMPLOYEES
- · GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES

CLASSIFICATIONS OF ACCOUNTING

- · FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING
- · MANAGERIAL ACCOUNTING / COST ACCOUNTING
- · AUDITING PUBLIC / INTERNAL
- · GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING
- · INCOME TAX ACCOUNTING

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATIONS

- · CPA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
- · CMA CERTIFIED MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTANT
- · CIA CERTIFIED INTERNAL AUDITOR

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING STANDARD SETTING

FASB (FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD)

- STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS
 OVER 140 ISSUED. DEAL WITH SPECIFIC ACCOUNTING
 AND FINANCIAL REPORTING ISSUES.
- STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING CONCEPTS
 7 ISSUED. AN ATTEMPT TO PROVIDE A COMMON FOUNDATION TO SUPPORT FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS.
- KEY OBJECTIVES OF FINANCIAL REPORTING (SFAC #1)
 - · RELATE TO EXTERNAL FINANCIAL REPORTING.
 - · TO SUPPORT BUSINESS AND ECONOMIC DECISIONS.
 - TO PROVIDE INFORMATION ABOUT CASH FLOWS.
 - PRIMARY FOCUS IS ON EARNINGS BASED ON ACCRUAL ACCOUNTING.
 - <u>NOT</u> TO MEASURE DIRECTLY THE VALUE OF A BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.
 - INFORMATION REPORTED SUBJECT TO EVALUATION BY INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT USERS.
 - · ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ARE STILL EVOLVING.

INTERNATIONAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

- IASC (INTERNATIONAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS COMMITTEE).
- · STANDARDS DIFFER SIGNIFICANTLY AMONG COUNTRIES.
- INDIVIDUAL COUNTRY STANDARDS REFLECT LOCAL MARKET NEEDS AND COUNTRY REGULATION AND TAXATION PRACTICES.

ETHICS AND THE ACCOUNTING PROFESSION

- · AICPA CODE OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT
- IMA STANDARDS OF ETHICAL CONDUCT FOR MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTANTS

KEY ELEMENTS OF ETHICAL BEHAVIOR

- · INTEGRITY
- · OBJECTIVITY
- INDEPENDENCE
- COMPETENCE

TRANSACTIONS TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PROCEDURES FOR SORTING, CLASSIFYING AND PRESENTING (BOOKKEEPING)

TRANSACTIONS →

SELECTION OF ALTERNATIVE METHODS OF REFLECTING THE EFFECTS OF TRANSACTIONS

(ACCOUNTING)

→ FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TRANSACTIONS

ECONOMIC INTERCHANGES BETWEEN ENTITIES.

EXAMPLES:

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- BALANCE SHEET
 FINANCIAL POSITION AT A POINT IN TIME.
- INCOME STATEMENT EARNINGS FOR A PERIOD OF TIME.
- STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
 SUMMARY OF CASH FLOWS FOR A PERIOD OF TIME.
- · STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN OWNERS' EQUITY
 INVESTMENTS BY OWNERS, EARNINGS OF THE FIRM,
 AND DISTRIBUTIONS TO OWNERS FOR A PERIOD OF TIME.

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BALANCE SHEET (AT A POINT IN TIME)

		erstoneunc. 18 f. de la language de la
		veSleet: 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Assets.	arinta i	Liabilities and Owners' Equity
Current assets: 17		Current liabilities:
Cash:	5134,000 80,000	Short-term debt: \$1 20,000. Accounts payable 35,000
Merchandise inventory:	Section 1997	Other accrued liabilities 12,000
Salary to the control of the control of the control	\$284,000	Total current:
Plant and equipment:		labilities \$ 67,000
Equipment:	40,000	Long-term-debt:
Less: Accumulated		Total Nabilities \$117,000
depreciation	(4,000)	Owners' equity
	is the state of the same	Total liabilities and \$320,000

KEY RELATIONSHIP

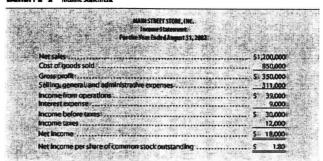
ASSETS = LIABILITIES + OWNERS' EQUITY

KEY TERMINOLOGY

- · ASSETS
- · CURRENT ASSETS
- · ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION · OWNERS' EQUITY
- · LIABILITIES
- · CURRENT LIABILITIES

INCOME STATEMENT (FOR A PERIOD OF TIME)

EXHIBIT 2-2 Income Statement



KEY RELATIONSHIP

REVENUES - EXPENSES = NET INCOME

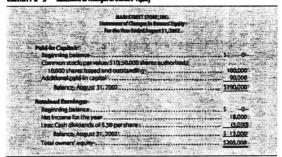
KEY TERMINOLOGY

- · GROSS PROFIT
- · EARNINGS BEFORE TAXES
- NET INCOME PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK
- · REVENUES (SALES) · COST OF GOODS SOLD
 - OPERATING INCOME
 - NET INCOME

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN OWNERS' EQUITY (FOR A PERIOD OF TIME)

EXHIBIT 2-3 Statement of Changes in Owners' Equity



TWO PRINCIPAL COMPONENTS

- · PAID-IN CAPITAL CHANGES
- · RETAINED EARNINGS CHANGES

KEY RELATIONSHIP

RETAINED EARNINGS BEGINNING BALANCE

- + NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD
- DIVIDENDS
- = RETAINED EARNINGS ENDING BALANCE

KEY TERMINOLOGY

· PAID-IN CAPITAL

DIVIDENDS

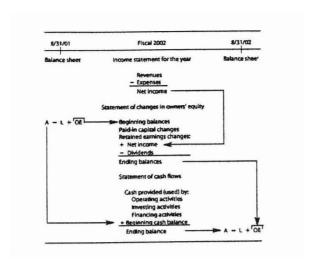
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (FOR A PERIOD OF TIME)

AND TO ALL WAS LESS STATE OF THE STATE OF TH	61. (1986) 1876 (1985) Paris 1986) = 15
JAANN STREET STORE, INC.	
Statement of Cash Pigners	t That Self-on to an Evaluation
Figs the Year Ended Angust 31, 2002	
Cash Flows from Operating Accidition: Net Income	\$ 18,000
Add (deduct) items not affecting cash:	
Depreciation expense	4,000
Increase in accounts receivable	(80,000)
Increase in merchandise inventory	
Increase in current liabilities	67,000
Net cash used by operating activities	<u>\$(161,000</u>)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Cash paid for equipment	\$ (49,000)
Companior equipment	
Cash Flows from Flunncing Activities:	
Cash received from issue of long-term debt	\$ 50,000
Cash received from sale of common stock	
Payment of cash dividend on common stock	
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$ 235,000
Net increase in cash for the year	S 34,000

KEY TERMINOLOGY

- · CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES
- · CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES
- · CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES
- · CHANGE IN CASH FOR THE YEAR

FINANCIAL STATEMENT RELATIONSHIPS



KEY IDEAS

- TRANSACTIONS AFFECTING THE INCOME STATEMENT ALSO AFFECT THE BALANCE SHEET.
- · FOR THE BALANCE SHEET TO BALANCE, INCOME STATEMENT

TRANSACTIONS MUST BE REFLECTED IN THE RETAINED EARNINGS PART OF OWNERS' EQUITY.

• THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS EXPLAINS WHY THE CASH AMOUNT CHANGED DURING THE PERIOD.

A MODEL OF THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE BALANCE SHEET AND INCOME STATEMENT

BALANCE SHEET

INCOME STATEMENT

ASSETS = LIABILITIES + OWNERS' EQUITY ← NET INCOME = REVENUES - EXPENSES

KEY IDEAS

- · THE ARROW FROM NET INCOME IN THE INCOME STATEMENT TO OWNERS' EQUITY IN THE BALANCE SHEET INDICATES THAT NET INCOME AFFECTS RETAINED EARNINGS, WHICH IS PART OF OWNERS' EQUITY.
- THE EFFECT OF TRANSACTIONS ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CAN BE ILLUSTRATED BY ENTERING THE TRANSACTION AMOUNTS IN THE APPROPRIATE COLUMNS.
- THE BALANCE SHEET MUST BE IN BALANCE (A = L + OE) AFTER EVERY TRANSACTION.

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