

HARRISON & ST. JOHN

STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT OF ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS

CONCEPTS & CASES



2ND EDITION

STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT OF ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS

CONCEPTS & CASES

Jeffrey S. Harrison
University of Central Florida

Caron H. St. John
Clemson University



SOUTH-WESTERN College Publishing

An International Thomson Publishing Company

Publishing Team Director: John Szilagyi

Sponsoring Editor: John Szilagyi

Developmental Editor: Katherine Pruitt-Schenck

Production Editor: Kara ZumBahlen Marketing Manager: Steve Scoble

Production: WordCrafters Editorial Services, Inc. Text Composition: Maryland Composition Co., Inc.

Art: Miyake Illustration/Design and Maryland Composition

Text and Cover Designer: Michael H. Stratton

Cover Illustration: © Photonica

COPYRIGHT © 1994

by West Publishing Company, St. Paul, MN COPYRIGHT © 1998 by South-Western College Publishing Cincinnati, Ohio

23456789 WCBS 654321098

Printed in the United States of America

I(T)P®

International Thomson Publishing South-Western College Publishing is an ITP Company. The ITP trademark is used under license.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

The text of this publication, or any part therof, may not be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, storage in any information retrieval system, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of the publisher.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Harrison, Jeffrey S.

Strategic management of organizations and stakeholders : concepts and cases / Jeffrey S. Harrison, Caron H. St. John. — 2nd ed.

p. cm.

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 0-538-87839-8 (comprehensive : hardcover : alk. paper). — ISBN 0-538-87843-6 (concepts : pbk. : alk. paper). — ISBN

0-538-87842-8 (cases : pbk. : alk. paper)

1. Strategic planning. 2. Industrial management. I. St. John,

Caron H. II. Title. HD30.28.H3774 1998

658.4'012—dc21

97-20328

Preface

THE STAKEHOLDER APPROACH TO STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT

The stakeholder model of strategic management offers a level of integration that makes it highly relevant for firms moving into the next century. It combines perspectives from other traditional models such as industrial organization economics, resource-based theory, cognitive theory, and the institutional view of the firm. The stakeholder model provides a useful tool for students and managers as they deal with an increasingly complex and interconnected environment.

The first edition of *Strategic Management of Organizations and Stakeholders* was a response to the outcry for more responsible management. A stakeholder approach to strategic management results in a broader view of the organization and its environment than that afforded by other approaches. One possible outcome from such broadening is an increase in the likelihood that organizational decisions will be viewed as socially responsible. In other words, organizations who are "tuned in" to their key stakeholders may be able to avoid situations that can damage their reputations. History has demonstrated that an excellent reputation can be a source of sustainable competitive advantage. However, a stakeholder approach encompasses much more than just socially responsible behavior. A stakeholder approach provides a partnering mentality.

Increasing global competition has made it almost impossible for one organization to perform all business functions on its own. Most organizations are reaching outside their own pools of resources and creating alliances with customers, suppliers, communities, unions, and even rivals. The best run companies have found ways to successfully and efficiently manage the diverse interests of these and other stakeholders. In the process, they have developed competitive advantages and discovered and exploited opportunities that were previously unimaginable. Many of these opportunities represent unmet needs of stakeholders or new combinations of resources they provide to the organization.

First Edition Success

We were delighted by the way our first edition was received. Over 100 universities and colleges adopted *Strategic Management of Organizations and Stakeholders*, including some of the best business schools in the country. Since the printing of the first edition, we have had time to explore the stakeholder approach in even more depth. Some of this research was published in a recent issue of the *Academy of Management Executive*.

A FOCUS ON LEARNING

If you are engaged in a typical business program, you are already familiar with the functional business disciplines such as marketing, finance, accounting, production,

and human resource management. However, few of your classes have attempted to integrate these disciplines into a meaningful whole. That is one of the purposes of the class you are now taking and this book—to conceptually pull together the tasks of an organization. As you study strategic management, we encourage you to constantly consider the needs, desires, demands, and opportunities presented by important stakeholders such as shareholders, competitors, employees, governments, technology leaders, and many others. This type of treatment will help keep the material relevant to real organizations and will help you avoid the folly of developing plans that "look good on paper" but will not work in a real organization.

Most of you will not become chief executive of a major corporation in the near future; however, the decision-making tools you will develop during this course are relevant at all levels in an organization and in your own career planning. You will also discover that techniques such as stakeholder analysis and industry analysis are highly relevant in all types of organizations, including small entrepreneurial firms and nonprofit organizations.

A FOCUS ON TEACHING

Many existing strategy texts include sections or chapters on social responsibility, stakeholder analysis, or ethics, which is a reflection of the importance of these topics to modern strategic management. However, these issues are often treated as additions to the theory and practice of strategic management. As we see it, all strategic decisions are "ethical" decisions because they are directly linked to the way the organization interacts with its stakeholders. Stakeholders develop expectations concerning organizational behavior and outcomes. It is the strategic manager's job to balance the needs and demands of key stakeholders and incorporate knowledge gained through interactions with stakeholders into the mission, goals, strategies, and plans of the organization. In this book, we develop the idea that responsiveness to stakeholders can lead to a socially responsible reputation for the organization and higher performance.

The process of integrating the traditional theory of strategic management with stakeholder analysis and management was not difficult. Everything fits. In fact, we discovered that many of the best run organizations have already integrated comprehensive stakeholder analysis and management processes into their organizational planning.

A COMPREHENSIVE CASE SELECTION

The second edition of *Strategic Management of Organizations and Stakeholders* offers a selection of thirty new, comprehensive cases. These cases were chosen with special emphasis on a wide range of stakeholder themes. Topics include global competitiveness, small business management, higher education, and the strategic management of highly technical industries. These cases were selected on the basis of their currency, depth, and relevance in providing a comprehensive study of the role of stakeholders and organizations in strategic management. Included with the cases for the instructor are a set of comprehensive case notes. These provide detailed information on each case, instructions for how to teach it, and questions that can be asked to better understand and analyze the case materials.

Strategic Management of Organizations and Stakeholders: Cases, 2e can be purchased separately as an entire casebook. Adopters also have the option to select a

combined text/casebook or a separate text on the "Concepts" portion of the main text, or order customized cases from the casebook. Additional cases to accompany the text can be ordered at ITP's exclusive on-line case service, Casenet, at http://casenet.thomson.com.

NEW TO THIS EDITION

Based on reviewer response and current teaching needs and trends in the field, we have incorporated a wealth of important new material into the second edition. In addition, we have restructured and improved upon the presentation of the material in the first edition to better serve our readers and instructors.

- *New Chapter* 2: A new chapter was created on environmental scanning, strategic surveillance, and development of corporate intelligence systems.
- *Streamlining of Chapter 3*: The material on external stakeholders (formerly Chapter 2) has been streamlined, drawing from the most important elements of the field.
- Restructuring of the Corporate-Level Chapters: The first edition broke corporate-level strategy into the traditional corporate-level strategy process and strategy implementation. However, much of the material included in this last chapter also applies to business-level strategy. Thus, a new sequence was created to accommodate the cross-functional nature of implementation.
- New Chapter 9: As a result of these changes, a new Chapter 9 was created called "Corporate Restructuring." This chapter draws from material in both Chapters 7 and 9 of the first edition.
- Expanded Topics: Coverage is expanded in the areas of restructuring, down-scoping, and rightsizing. In addition, more material is included on resource-based theory and the creation of a sustainable competitive advantage. The international strategy section has also been expanded.

DIFFERENTIATING FEATURES

Stakeholder Approach. Each stakeholder group is given detailed treatment. The book provides information concerning what each group wants from the organization, the type of influence it can have on organizational processes, how each group can contribute to achieving organizational goals, and how managers can manage relationships with each group. This feature brings reality into the classroom. Other approaches don't ignore stakeholders, but they tend to deemphasize stakeholder management as a means of creation of a sustainable competitive advantage.

Integrative Examples. Although the book contains examples from hundreds of companies to illustate theory, three or four of these companies are used regularly throughout the book. These are well-known companies such as Disney, Toys 'R' Us, Marriott, and Rubbermaid. Frequent use of the same companies not only offers the advantage of familiarity, but also provides students with an ability to see how pieces of an organization fit together.

Global Issues and Examples Woven into Each Chapter. Instead of including one big global chapter, the assumption here is that, to be competitive, firms must quickly become global players.

Ethics Given More Treatment Than in Any Other Text. Ethics are at the heart of a stakeholder approach to strategic management. As the organization deals with its stakeholders, ethical issues emerge with regularity. Instead of sweeping these issues to the side and depending on rational and nonpolitical models as a basis for discussion—the approach that most texts use—we build stakeholder implications directly into everything we do in the text.

Student-Friendly Style. Students who used the first edition found it to be written in an easy-to-understand style with clear examples. This edition is written in the same flowing style, but also benefits from three more years of in-class experience and feedback from students.

PEDAGOGICAL FEATURES

Opening Vignette. Each chapter begins with a description of an actual company situation, with an emphasis on the chapter topic. The vignettes create student interest and provide an excellent vehicle for instructors to begin their lectures.

Margin Definitions. Major terms are defined in the margins. This helps students get familiar with and remember the terminology of the field, and it helps them study for exams. For the instructor, the definitions provide a quick glance at the chapter to determine what is covered.

In-Text Examples. These are detailed examples that are set off from the rest of the textual material but are not in boxes. Since they are a part of the flow of the material, there is a high likelihood that students will not skip them. The examples reinforce the points that are being taught. They are drawn from a combination of domestic and global, large business and small business, manufacturing and service, for-profit and nonprofit firms.

"Strategic Insights." These boxes are detailed examples of companies and industries. They are longer than the in-text examples. They also are drawn from a combination of domestic and global, large business and small business, manufacturing and service, for-profit and nonprofit firms. Approximately four insights are provided per chapter.

"Strategic Applications." These boxes are provided in nearly every major section in the book (about two to three per chapter). They provide techniques that can be used by students to apply textual material to the cases. Instructors can assign students to apply an application to an actual company and then devote class time to discussing it.

Figures. Figures are used to demonstrate the relationships that exist among stakeholders inside and outside the organization. Many of them deal with influences one group has on another group or on an organizational process. They also provide information concerning the flow of activities or processes in organizations and the flow of textual material.

Instructional Aids for Instructors. A complete instructor's manual is provided. Materials include: (1) answers to discussion questions; (2) detailed outlines of the chapter material; (3) comprehensive test bank with multiple choice, true/false, and essay questions for all chapters; (4) overhead transparency masters for tables, figures, and outlines of chapter sections; and (5) suggestions for course sequence.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to acknowledge the excellent work of the following reviewers who helped us develop this text into its present form:

Gary Aitchison, Iowa State University Kenneth Auperlee, University of Akron

Inga Baird, Ball State University Bruce R. Barringer, University of Central Florida

Sidney Barton, University of Cincinnati

Reginald Beal, University of Wisconsin–Whitewater

Joseph E. Benson, New Mexico State University

Donald Bergh, Pennsylvania State University

William Boulton, Auburn University Gary Bruten, University of Tulsa Paul Buller, Gonzaga State University Lavon Carter, Harding University

Gary J. Castrogiovanni, University of Houston

Marian Clark, New Mexico State University

Roy A. Cook, Fort Lewis College Karen A. Froelich, North Dakota State University

Paul C. Godfrey, Brigham Young University

Arthur Goldsmith, University of Massachusetts–Boston

Peter Goulet, University of Northern Iowa

Ernest H. Hall, Jr., University of Southern Indiana

Phil Hall, University of Nebraska W. Harvey Hegarty, Indiana University

Don Huffmire, University of Connecticut

Jon G. Kalinowski, Mankato State University

Robert Keating, University of North Carolina–Wilmington

Dan Kopp, Southwest Missouri State University

Charles R. Kuehl, University of Missouri–St. Louis

James Lang, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University

Cynthia Lengnick-Hall, Wichita State University

Joseph G. P. Paolillo, University of Mississippi

Douglas Polley, St. Cloud State University

Rhonda Kay Reger, Arizona State University

Michael Russo, University of Oregon Dwaine Tallent, St. Cloud State University

Melanie Trevino, University of Texas–El Paso

Frank Winfrey, Kent State University

We hope you will find our approach to the field of strategic management refreshing and relevant. You and your students are *our* most important stakeholders. As you use this text, if you have any comments, criticisms, or suggestions, we welcome them.

Jeffrey S. Harrison Department of Management University of Central Florida Orlando, FL 32816 (407) 823-2916 Caron H. St. John Department of Management Clemson University Clemson, SC 29634 (803) 656-2011

Brief Contents

Preface	xii
PART 1 STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS	1
Chapter 1 Stakeholders and the Strategic Management Process Chapter 2	2
Chapter 2 The Broad Environment Chapter 3 The Operating Environment and External Stakeholders	26 46
PART 2 ORGANIZATIONAL ANALYSIS AND STRATEGIC DIRECTION	77
Chapter 4 The Internal Environment and Competitive Advantage Chapter 5 Strategic Direction	78 110
PART 3 STRATEGY FORMULATION	139
Chapter 6 Business-Level Strategy Chapter 7	140
Corporate-Level Strategy PART 4	168
STRATEGY IMPLEMENTATION AND CONTROL Chapter 8 Strategy Implementation	205
Chapter 9 Strategic Control Chapter 10	244
Corporate Restructuring Case Note: Preparing a Case Analysis	270 Case Note-1
CACEC	C-1

CONTENTS

Preface xii

PART 1	STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS
Chapter 1	Stakeholders and the Strategic Management Process 2
	THE STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT PROCESS 4 Strategic Insight 1.1 The Increasing Importance of Strategic Management 5 Environmental and Organizational Analysis 7 Strategic Direction 8 Strategy Formulation 9 Strategy Implementation and Control 10 Strategic Application 1.1 Identifying the Strategic Management Process 11 Strategic Restructuring 11
	ALTERNATIVE PERSPECTIVES ON STRATEGY DEVELOPMENT 12
	Stakeholder Analysis and Management 14 Strategic Insight 1.2 Stonyfield Farm Saved from Demise Through Innovative Use of Stakeholders 15
	Stakeholder Analysis 16
	Stakeholder Management 17
	THE CASE FOR GOING GLOBAL 21 Strategic Insight 1.3 Management Differences Across the United States, Europe, and Japan 2
Chapter 2	The Broad Environment 26
	Assessment of the Broad Environment 28 Sociocultural Forces 28 Strategic Insight 2.1 Eliminating Waste Makes Bottom-Line Sense 31 Global Economic Forces 32
	Technological Forces 34
	Global Political and Legal Forces 36
	Strategic Insight 2.2 Golfing Conglomerate Forgets to Check with Regulators 38 Foreign Environments 38
	Strategic Insight 2.3 Need a Friend in Asia? Try the Singapore Connection 41
	Collecting Information on the Broad Environment 41 Strategic Application 2.1 Examples of Questions to Ask About a Potential Foreign Market 42 Strategic Application 2.2 Assessment of the Broad Environment 43
Chapter 3	The Operating Environment and External Stakeholders 46

Assessment of the Operating Environment 48

External Stakeholders and Environmental Uncertainty 49

Competitive Forces 51

Strategic Application 3.1 Abbreviated Example of the Five Forces in the Brewing Industry 60

MANAGING AND PARTNERING WITH EXTERNAL STAKEHOLDERS 61

Traditional Stakeholder Management Techniques 61

Strategic Partnering 62

Strategic Insight 3.1 International Rivals Join Forces in Major Alliances 67

PART 2

ORGANIZATIONAL ANALYSIS AND STRATEGIC DIRECTION 77

Chapter 4

The Internal Environment and Competitive Advantage 78

Internal Stakeholders as Competitive Resources 80

The Chief Executive and Organization Managers 80

Strategic Insight 4.1 America's Most Successful Businesswomen 81

Strategic Insight 4.2 Sam Walton: A Visionary Leader 83

Owners 86

Employees and Human Resource Management 89

Strategic Insight 4.3 Effective Human Resource Management Leading to Competitive

Advantage 90

Strategic Insight 4.4 Analyzing Geographically Diverse Employees 93

Strategic Application 4.1 Conducting a Cultural Audit 94

INTERNAL RESOURCES AND COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE 95

Strategic Application 4.2 Competitive Resources Associated with Internal Stakeholders 96

Uniquely Valuable Resources 97

Financial Resources 99

Value-Creating Activities 99

APPENDIX: AGENCY PROBLEMS: CONSEQUENCES AND PREVENTIONS 106

Executive Compensation 106

Short-Run versus Long-Run Decision Making 107

Agency and Growth 107

Agency and Boards of Directors 107

Chapter 5

Strategic Direction 110

ESTABLISHMENT OF STRATEGIC DIRECTION 112

Organizational Mission 113

Business Definition 115

Organizational Vision 18

Strategic Insight 5.1 TLC Group Uses Tragedy As an Opportunity for Redefining Its Business 120

Enterprise Strategy and Ethics 121

Strategic Application 5.1 Applying the Ethical Theories to an Ethical Dilemma 125

Strategic Insight 5.2 Dow Corning's Ethics Audit Process 127

Strategic Insight 5.3 Is the Japanese Market Open to Foreign Companies? 128

Strategic Application 5.2 Identification of Strategic Direction 129

ATTITUDE TOWARD GROWTH 129

Growth Strategies 130

Strategic Insight 5.4 Culligan Water Conditioning Expands Its Scope 131

Stability Strategies 133

International Expansion and Strategic Direction 134

Contents

PART 3

STRATEGY FORMULATION 139

Chapter 6

Business-Level Strategy 140

GENERIC BUSINESS STRATEGIES 142

Cost Leadership 143

Strategic Insight 6.1 Chaparral Steel Unleashes Worker to Cut Costs 144

Differentiation 147

Best Cost 152 Focus 153

Strategic Insight 6.2 Norton Manufacturing Focuses on Precision Crankshafts 154

GLOBAL BUSINESS STRATEGY 155

Strategic Application 6.1 Analysis of Business-Level Strategies 156

Global Product/Market Approach 156

Strategic Insight 6.3 Porter's Competitive Advantage of Nations 157

Global Expansion Tactics 159

Enhancing Global Business-Level Strategy 160

Positioning Competitive Strategies in a Dynamic Environment 162

Chapter 7

Corporate-Level Strategy 168

DEVELOPMENT OF CORPORATE-LEVEL STRATEGY 170

Concentration 171

Vertical Integration 173

Diversification 175

Strategic Insight 7.1 Hitachi's Unrelated Diversification Strategy 177

Strategic Insight 7.2 Grand Metropolitan's Related Diversification Strategy 179

Corporate-Level Core Capabilities 184

Strategic Insight 7.3 Novell's Corporate-Level Tactics 185

DIVERSIFICATION METHODS 185

Internal Venturing 186

Acquisitions 188

Strategic Alliances 190

Strategic Application 7.1 Diversification Strategy Impact Analysis 192

Appendix: Portfolio Models for Selection of Businesses and Investment Priorities 198

Boston Consulting Group Matrix 198

General Electric Business Screen 200

Strategic Application 7A.1 Assessing Industry Attractiveness 202

Strategic Application 7A.2 Assessing Competitive Position 203

PART 4

STRATEGY IMPLEMENTATION AND CONTROL 205

Chapter 8

Strategy Implementation 206

FUNCTIONAL STRATEGIES 208

Strategic Application 8.1 Evaluating Activities Using the Value Chain 210

Strategic Insight 8.1 An Example of Integrated, Interdependent Activity Management:

The Just-in-Time Philosophy 212

MARKETING STRATEGY 212

Strategic Insight 8.2 Wallace Co., Inc., Wins Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award after Redesign of Functional Strategies 213

Operations Strategy 215

Research and Development Strategy 216

Information Systems Strategy 217

Human Resources Strategy 218

Financial Strategy 219

Managing Functional Strategies 220

STRUCTURING TO SUPPORT STRATEGY 222

Strategic Application 8.2 Conducting a Functional Strategy Audit 224

Business-Level Structures 226

Strategic Insight 8.3 A Change in Organizational Structure at TransAmerica Telemarketing, Inc., Improves Customer Service 227

Corporate-Level Structures 233

Strategic Insight 8.4 Strategic Business Unit Structure at Johnson & Johnson 237

Chapter 9

Strategic Control 244

DEVELOPMENT OF STRATEGIC CONTROL SYSTEMS 247

Designing a Strategic Control System 251

Determination of Control Factors 251

Strategic Insight 9.1 Lifeline Systems Implements TQM 252

Strategic Application 9.1 A Sample Scorecard for "Keeping Score with Stakeholders" 253

ELEMENTS OF A STRATEGIC CONTROL SYSTEM 254

Feedforward Controls 254

Feedback Control Systems 259

Concurrent Controls 262

Combining Control Elements 264

CRISIS PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT 265

Strategic Application 9.2 Crisis Management Strategic Checklist 267

Chapter 10

Corporate Restructuring 270

REORIENTATION THROUGH RESTRUCTURING 273

Refocusing Corporate Assets 273

Retrenchment 274

Strategic Insight 10.1 Voices of Survivors: Words That Downsizing CEOs Should Hear 276

Chapter XI Reorganization 277

Leveraged Buyouts 277

Strategic Insight 10.2 FM Corporation Survives Chapter XI 278

Strategic Insight 10.3 Kelly Truck Line—A Small LBO That Worked 279

Changes to Organizational Design 280

Combined Restructuring Approaches 281

Strategic Insight 10.4 International Harvester's Restructuring Process 282

REORIENTATION THROUGH CONTINUOUS LEARNING 282

Strategic Application 10.1 Restructuring Impact Analysis for a Large, Diversified Firm 283

THE CHALLENGE OF THE FUTURE 284

Strategic Insight 10.5 Learning Profile of a Learning Organization 285

Case Note:

Preparing a Case Analysis Case Note-1

STRUCTURING AN ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS Case Note-3

Industry Analysis Case Note-3

External Stakeholders and the Broad Environment Case Note-4

Strategic Issues Facing the Industry Case Note-5

STRUCTURING AN ORGANIZATIONAL ANALYSIS Case Note-6

Evaluation of the Internal Environment Case Note-6

Identification of Resources and Capabilities Case Note-7

Performance Evaluation Case Note-8

Sources of Competitive Advantage Case Note-8

DEVELOPING A STRATEGIC PLAN Case Note-9

Strategic Direction and Major Strategies Case Note-9

Evaluation of Opportunities and Recommendations Case Note-10

Strategic Application A.1 A Payoff Matrix Approach to Evaluating Opportunities Case Note-11

Implementation and Control Case Note-11

CASES

Part 1 Agricultural Products

CASE 1 DIBRELL BROTHERS, INC. C-1
David W. Grigsby and Lester A. Hudson

CASE 2 PERDUE FARMS INC.—1995 C-19 George C. Rubenson, Frank M. Shipper, and Jean M. Hanebury

Part 2 Automobile Industry

CASE 3 ELECTRIC VEHICLES: MACROENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS FOR INDUSTRY REJUVENATION C-32

Robert N. McGrath

Case 4 The General Motors Corporation in 1995 C-42 Stephen J. Snyder and E. Brian Peach

CASE 5 U.S. ELECTRICAR C-60 Robert N. McGrath

Part 3 Communications

CASE 6 NTN COMMUNICATIONS, INC.—INTERACTIVE TELEVISION: THE FUTURE IS NOW C-71 Julie Driscoll, Alan N. Hoffman, Alison Rude, Carol Rugg, and Bonnie Silvieria

CASE 7 XEL COMMUNICATIONS, INC. (A) C-80 Robert P. McGowan and Cynthia V. Fukami

CASE 8 XEL COMMUNICATIONS, INC. (C): FORMING A STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP C-97 Cynthia V. Fukami and Robert P. McGowan

Part 4 Computers and Software

CASE 9 HAMILTON TECHNOLOGIES, INC. C-103 John A. Seeger, John H. Friar, and Raymond M. Kinnunen

Case 10 IBM Reborn: Restructuring a Sluggish Computer Industry Giant C-124 William C. House

Part 5 Consumer Products (Miscellaneous)

Case 11 Harley-Davidson C-132 Nabil A. Ibrahim Part 6

Part 7

Part 8

Part 9

	Strategic Management of Organizations and Stakeholders: Concepts and Cases
Case 12	Rubbermaid Incorporated: Beyond Gault C-148 Bernard A. Deitzer, Susan Hanlon, Alan G. Krigline, and Thomas C. Peterson
Case 13	Whirlpool's Quest for Global Leadership C-172 Arieh A. Ullmann
Divers	ified Firms
Case 14	Bombardier in the 1990s C-192 Joseph Lampel and Jamal Shamsie
Case 15	EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY C-206 James A. Kidney
Case 16	Textron Inc. and the Cessna 172 C-219 Robert N. McGrath, Blaise P. Waguespack, Jr., and George A. Wrigley
Enterta	ainment Products and Services
Case 17	CARMIKE CINEMAS, INC., IN 1995 C-231 Tracy Robertson Kramer and Marilyn L. Taylor
Case 18	Cineplex Odeon: Back to the Future C-246 Joseph Lampel and Jamal Shamsie
Case 19	Nintendo versus SEGA (A): The Videogame Industry C-259 Romuald A. Stone
Case 20	Nintendo versus SEGA (B): The Videogame Wars C-286 Romuald A. Stone
Specia	lty Food and Beverage
Case 21	Ben & Jerry's Homemade Inc.: "Yo! I'm Your CEO!" C-297 Katherine A. Auer and Alan N. Hoffman
Case 22	Brooklyn Brewery, Ltd.: The Beer Industry C-312 Robert J. Mockler, Narasimhaswamy Banavara, Alfred Sturup, and Dorothy G. Dologite
Health	ı Care
Case 23	Invacare Corporation, 1997 C-341 Walter E. Greene
Case 24	Perrigo Company C-354 Ram Subramanian
Case 25	Biomet, Inc.—1996 C-366 Peter Schoderbek
Retaili	ng
Case 26	Dayton Hudson Corporation C-375 Jan Zahrly, Marshall Foote, Troy Gleason, Aaron Martin, Brent Olson, and Brian Wavra
Case 27	Nordstrom Inc., 1996 C-383 Stephen E. Barndt

Part 10

Part 11

Special Stakeholder Issues

Case 28 The Iran-Contra Affair (A): "Will No One Rid Me of This Troublesome Priest?" C-403 Steven J. Maranville Case 29 Columbia College and Leadership for Women C-413 $\it Michael~F.~Welsh$

Case 30 Ashland Oil and the Tri-Cities: Tension on the River C-422 Brian K. Burton and W. Harvey Hegarty

GLOSSARY G-1

INDEX I-1

Strategic Management and Environmental Analysis