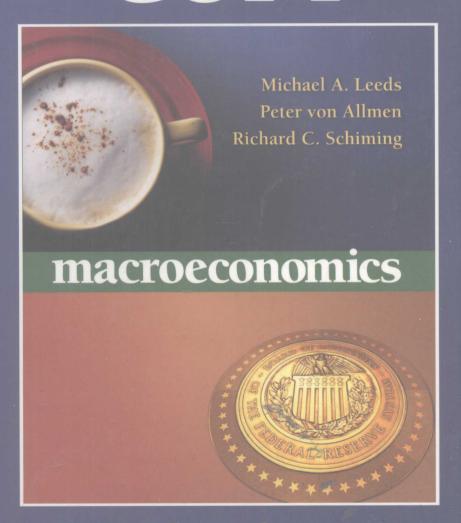
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# macroeconomics

Michael A. Leeds

Temple University

Peter von Allmen

Moravian College

Kicnard C. Schiming

Minnesota State University, Mankato



Boston San Francisco New York London Toronto Sydney Tokyo Singapore Madrid Mexico City Munich Paris Cape Town Hong Kong Montreal

# For Holland and Helen Hunter, who taught me that economics is about people as well as equations. — Michael A. Leeds

# For Barb and Jim Burnell, and Gene Pollock, whose love of economics and teaching fostered the same in me. — Peter von Allmen

#### To Patty. — Richard C. Schiming

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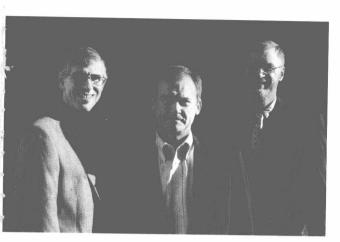
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# About the Authors



Michael A. Leeds is Associate Professor in the Fox School of Business and Management of Temple • University. He received his B.A. in Economics from Plaverford College and his Ph.D. from Princeton University. He has received numerous teaching awards from the Fox School and is currently the director of its honors program. His areas of interest include labor economics, applied microeconomics, and the economics of sports.

**Peter von Allmen** is Professor of Business and Economics at Moravian College. He received his B.A. from the College of Wooster and his Ph.D. from Temple University. His research includes the use of quantitative methods in the teaching of economics, the economics of sports, and family labor supply models. He teaches microeconomics and industrial organization at the undergraduate and MBA levels, economics of health and health care, freshman writing, and labor economics.

**Richard C. Schiming** is Professor of Economics at Minnesota State University, Mankato. He received his B.A. in Economics from Valparaiso University and his Ph.D. from Ohio State University. His areas of teaching interest are macroeconomics and money and banking. His research is focused primarily on issues in economic education.





#### "What? Another 'Principles of Economics' Text?"

There have been so many introductory economics texts written over the years that you could not be blamed for wondering what one more could add to the mix. We have read and enjoyed any number of introductory textbooks. The same, however, cannot be said of students. The vast majority are turned off by the very qualities that first attracted us to economics. Like most people who go on to pursue an advanced degree in economics, we were drawn in by the analytical rigor and the mathematical purity. Our experience has shown that few students share this enthusiasm for the technical aspects of economics. Students still regard economics with a mixture of awe and boredom. They are cowed by its complexity and abstraction. Befuddled students tell their professors that while they understand the theory, they just don't understand all the graphs and equations that we so enthusiastically throw on the board.

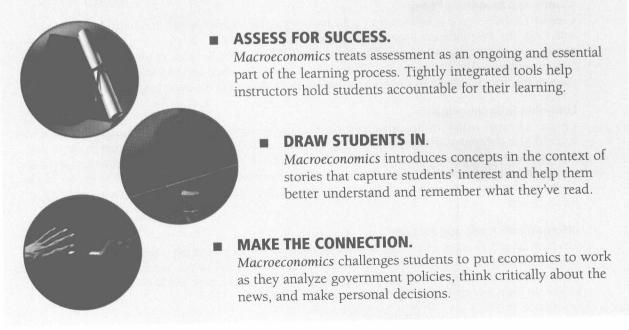
#### **Behind Every Economics Principle** Lies a Fascinating Story.

In this textbook, we introduce macroeconomics to students using an approach that has been very successful in our own teaching. Long after our students have forgotten the definitions and diagrams they memorized, they remember the stories that we tell. In addition to being serious theoreticians or policy analysts, economists are still essentially storytellers. In "field classes" that we have taught, we have found that economics can excite even reluctant students if we place the material into an appealing context. We apply this approach to introductory economics by taking great pains to present material in the context of a story taken from the news, business, history, or contemporary life at the very outset of each chapter and by continually reinforcing the application of theory to these real-world examples. How can students be motivated to master material if they cannot relate it to their lives? Students relate to the material more completely by seeing how economic reasoning applies even before they see the techniques themselves. This approach shows readers that economics is not just a dry set of theories but a way to view the world around them. The rhythm that stories create helps students remember the basic points both during the academic term and long after www.the course has ended.

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**Macroeconomics'** innovative approach to the core principles of economics is driven by an integrated learning and assessment system. The textbook builds on three pedagogical pillars for successful learning:



#### **Overview**

Six core chapters introduce all the critical tools and concepts. Chapter 1 describes economics as an area of study and introduces key conceptual building blocks. Chapters 2 and 3 overview the U.S. economy and introduce the student to economic methodology. We introduce the basics of the critical demand and supply framework in Chapter 4 and then follow it with a treatment of elasticity in Chapter 5 that emphasizes the intuition and usefulness of elasticities. We close the introductory section with applications of the demand and supply model by considering the motivation for and effects of government intervention in markets. This discussion includes the concepts of consumer and producer surplus.

#### **Measuring Macroeconomic Health**

Here we introduce students to the key features of macroeconomics: unemployment, inflation, and GDP. We open with unemployment because it is the most tangible and immediately relevant of the three concepts to students' lives. Our coverage of inflation includes recent changes in the way the Bureau of Labor Statistics calculates inflation without straying too far from the fixed market basket. Finally, the Gross Domestic Product chapter introduces students to the business cycle and fluctuations around potential GDP.

#### Aggregate Demand, Aggregate Supply, and Fiscal Policy

Our careful and balanced look at the implications of changes in aggregate demand and aggregate supply emphasizes the basic building blocks of the standard model. Our even-handed approach to the short-run and long-run versions of the model does not side with either school of thought. In Chapter 10, we build the basic model by explaining the characteristics of both aggregate demand and aggregate supply and how they combine to determine both short-run and long-run macroeconomic equilibrium. Chapter 11 explores how changes in aggregate demand and aggregate supply explain both the short-run health of the macroeconomy and how an economy can adjust to the full employment level of output in the long run. We focus on the development of the short-run model in the context of the economic challenges of the Great Depression in Chapter 12. An appendix to Chapter 12 presents the Keynesian Cross model. In Chapter 13, we show how changing taxes and government spending can move an economy closer to the full employment level of output. We rely on aggregate demand and aggregate supply to illustrate fiscal policy. We take a close look at the causes and consequences of the federal budget deficit and national debt in Chapter 14.

#### **Money and Monetary Policy**

Chapter 15 defines money by focusing on the basic principles, characteristics, and functions of money assets. We also describe bank operations in a fractional reserve world. Chapter 16 explores how banks create money by accepting deposits and making loans. We also investigate the tools of monetary policy used by the Fed in response to the 9/11 crisis. In Chapter 17, we look at the short-run and long-run roles that money plays in the macroeconomy by focusing on the impact of changes in the money supply on interest rates.

#### **Long-Run Economic Health**

Chapter 18 explores the conflict between active and passive stabilization policies in macroeconomic theory and policy in the context of the response to the recession of 2001. Chapter 19 covers growth theory and policies designed to promote growth. We use this chapter as a link between the macroeconomic and international sections of the text by emphasizing differences in growth among countries and asking why some countries have grown faster than others. We also discuss development and how it relates to (and differs from) growth.

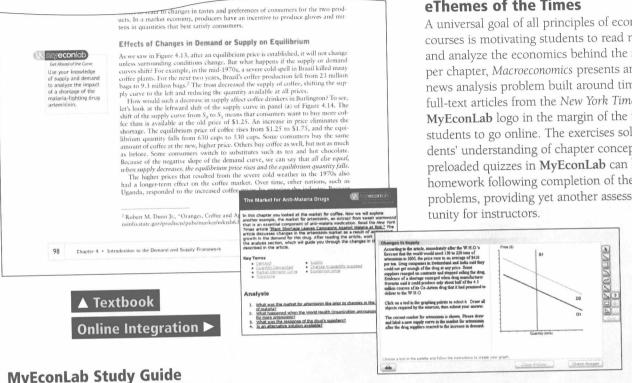
#### **International Trade and Finance**

Chapters 20 and 21 allow instructors to cover the material without assigning supplemental readings. Chapter 20 carefully establishes the costs and benefits of trade as well as the impact of barriers to trade. We make extensive use of consumer and producer surplus to show who wins and loses from trade. Chapter 21 covers the impact of trade blocs on trade patterns.

#### **ASSESS FOR SUCCESS**

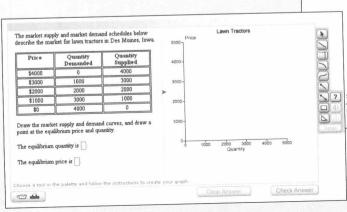


Macroeconomics treats assessment as an ongoing piece of the learning process. Throughout the chapter, and in the MyEconLab Study Guide at the end of each chapter, students are directed to MyEconLab, the full-featured online homework and tutorial system that accompanies Macroeconomics.



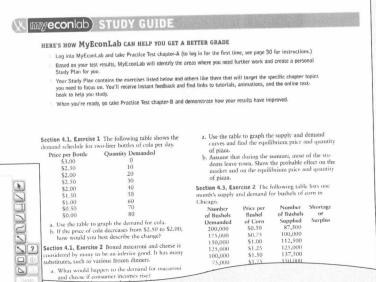
#### **MyEconLab Study Guide**

Macroeconomics' seamless integration among the textbook, assessment materials, and online resources sets new standards in the principles of economics market. Each chapter concludes with a set of problems correlated to those that students encounter online in MyEconLab. Even the numbering is the same, so instructors can easily assign exercises for homework or quizzes. Instructors can use MyEconLab to assign the end-of-chapter MyEconLab Study Guide exercises online-and MyEconLab will grade and track student work in an online gradebook.



#### eThemes of the Times

A universal goal of all principles of economics courses is motivating students to read news articles and analyze the economics behind the stories. Twice per chapter, Macroeconomics presents an interactive news analysis problem built around timely, relevant full-text articles from the New York Times. The MyEconLab logo in the margin of the text directs students to go online. The exercises solidify students' understanding of chapter concepts. Separate preloaded quizzes in MyEconLab can be assigned as homework following completion of the analysis problems, providing yet another assessment oppor-



▲ Textbook

**⋖** Online Integration

#### **DRAW STUDENTS IN**



Each chapter of Macroeconomics introduces theory and models in the context of a story taken from the news, business, history, or contemporary life—that is followed through the chapter. The stories engross students and improve their retention by providing context.

#### **Stories That Engage**

In Chapter 4, for example, a trip to a coffee shop in Burlington, Vermont, adds flavor to the concepts of supply and demand while making these key tools tangible to students.

Chapter 4 . Introduction to the Demand and Supply Fran



\$1.25

today's price in the paper. Where, then, does the price come from? It turns out that

as market forces determine the price of coffee.

of \$1.25 per cup, the supply curve crosses the demand curve. The quantity demanded exactly matches the quantity supplied at this price, and the

market clears.

#### **MAKE THE CONNECTION**



Within the textbook and online, *Macroeconomics* encourages students to apply economic concepts to the analysis of news, national policy debates, and personal decisions. Three techniques reinforce the material in each chapter.

#### Test + Extend Your Knowledge

Students check whether they have assimilated what they have read in two *Test* + *Extend* segments in each chapter. Students who cannot answer the "test" portion are informed that they must go back over the material. Students who have mastered the material have the chance to apply their knowledge in a new context in the "extend" portion. Many segments link students to interesting Web sites that illustrate chapter topics and give students the opportunity to build their economic research skills

#### TEST + E X T E N D Your Knowledge

- TEST Explain whether and how each
  of the following enters the circular flow of
  economic activity:
- A teller's salary at Citizens Bank
   The corporate headquarters built for the
- H. J. Heinz Company
  c. The \$10 that a kindergartner in Pittsburgh received for her birthday from her grandfather

The "Courty at a Glance" tables in the Data and Research section of the World Bank Web site (using the link at www.aw-bc.com/feed/s-ch03) provide information on production for many countries. Use these tables to find the distribution of output among the agriculture, mandfacturing, and services categories in: (a) an industrialized country other than the United States Such as Japan or the Netherlands); and b) a developing country (such as Bolivia or Uganda). How does the distribution of output in these countries differ from one another? Why do you think they differ?

and household income. In 2003, government purchases of goods and services accounted for more than 18 percent of all U.s. economic activity. To accurately depict the U.s. economy, our circular flow model must account for the actions of government. Before discussing the role of government as a whole in the circular flow, we briefly describe the different levels of government.

#### Levels of Governmen

When most people speak of government, they typically mean the nation's central or tederal government. In fact, the

#### LifeLessons

Sometimes, More Driving Can Help You Save On Gasoline

Have you ever noticed that the price of gas can vary quite a bit from one state to another? In addition to federal (nationwide) gas taxes of 18.4 cents per gallon, there are state taxes ranging from a low of 8 cents per gallon in Alasak to 35.1 cents per gallon in Hawaii. These taxes are often used to pay for road maintenance. Florida and Georgia are neighboring states, yet state taxes are 12.2 cents per gallon in Georgia and 29.6 cents per gallon in Florida. The difference may be enough to entice Floridians living near the Georgia state line to bear the opportunity cost of their time (and the qasplaine needed to make the trip) to drive to

Georgia to make their gasoline purchases. The resources used when consumers in Florida drive to Georgia and back to make gasoline purchases is yet another source of waste created by the tax. That is, consumers use resources (time and gasoline)—that could be otherwise employed—to make the trip across the border to pay the lower tax in Georgia. Thus, consumers should carefully consider these costs to ensure that the costs of the trip exceed the benefits. Despite the costs they impose, differences in tax rates across local oovernments are quite common.

#### **Life Lessons**

Economic principles govern the decisions by major corporations and governments that involve billions of dollars and affect millions of lives. They also apply to hundreds of decisions that individuals make in their everyday lives. *Life Lessons* examine the economics behind these everyday decisions, such as the opportunity cost of traveling to purchase low-priced gas or the benefits of being flexible when shopping for airline tickets.

#### **Strategy and Policy**

These features delve into firm and government policies and issues—such as the effectiveness of anti-smoking efforts in Ukraine and the shopping habits of U.S. teens—and challenge students to analyze them using economic tools. Instructors can use the accompanying *Critical Thinking* questions as the basis of written assignments.





Strategy and Policy

Getting Smokers to Quit When They're Young<sup>2</sup>

Governments around the world are concerned with cigarette smoking among teens. One reason is that smoking has well-known adverse health effects. Another is that the addictive properties of tobacco turn many teens who start smoking into long-term smokers. Historically, governments have tried to discourage smoking through taxes on cigarettes. A study by the Alcohol and Drug Information Centre in Ukraine shows how difficult this problem can be from a policy perspective. It also highlights how important it is to get young smokers to quit before they reach adulthood. Table 5.5 shows results from the study, it indicates that the price elasticity of demand for cigarettes is inclastic at all ages, but becomes more inclastic as smokers age and as their income increases. While teen

their income increases. While teen smokers have an elasticity of between 0.52 and 0.70, adults over age 28 have an elasticity of only 0.15 to 0.28. They are less than one-half as sensitive to price increases as teens. According to the report, at current

an elasticity of are less that price increase According prices for eigeneer increase would result in the total of elasticities showold be about the about th

According to the report, at current prices for cigarettes in Ukraine, a 100-percent increase in the cigarette tax would result in an 8.8-percent increase in the total cost per pack. Based on the elasticities shown, the short-run impact would be about a 6-percent decrease in teen smokers, but only a 1.32-percent decrease in high-income smokers over 28 years old. However, in the long run, the benefits of such a tax would be com-

# myeconlab

Get Ahead of the Curve

MyEconLab—the online homework and tutorial system that is packaged with every new copy of *Macroeconomics*—puts students in control of their own learning with study and practice tools correlated with the online, interactive version of the textbook and other media resources. Within MyEconLab's structured environment, students practice what they learn, test their understanding, and then pursue a Personalized Study Plan that MyEconLab generates for them based on their performance on practice tests.

#### At the core of MyEconLab are the following features:

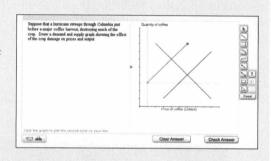
- Practice Tests—Practice tests enable students to test their understanding and identify the areas in which they need to do further work. Many questions ask students to work with graphs: interpreting them, manipulating them, and even drawing them. Instructors can use the supplied pre-built tests or create their own tests.
- Personalized Study Plan—Based on a student's performance on a practice test, MyEconLab generates a Personalized Study Plan that shows where further study is needed.

Additional Practice Exercises—

- The Personalized Study Plans direct students to additional exercises for each topic.
  Additional practice exercises are keyed to each section of the textbook and link students to the eText with animated graphs.
- **Tutorial Instruction**—Launched from the additional practice exercises, tutorial instruction is provided in the form of solutions to problems, step-by-step explanations, and other media-based explanations.

■ Powerful Graphing Tool—

Integrated into the practice tests and additional practice exercises, the graphing tool lets students manipulate and even draw graphs so that they grasp how the concepts, numbers, and graphs are connected.



(MyEconLab's powerful graphing application evaluates and grades these graphs.)

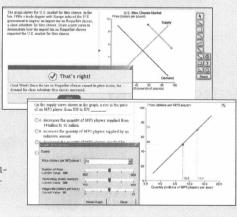
MyEconLab features three types of graphing problems

**Draw Graphs**—MyEconLab's Draw Graph problems automatically grade the graphs students draw.

#### Model-based Graphs-

Students can change data inputs and watch graphs shift. Multiple-choice, true/false, and short—answer questions quiz students on their interpretations of the graph.

**Data Graphs**—Students can plot up to five variables against each other, giving them a clear picture of how economic indicators relate to each other.



#### MyEconLab—Problem-Solving for Instructors

MyEconLab provides flexible tools that allow instructors to easily and effectively tailor online course materials to suit their needs. Instructors can create and assign tests, quizzes, or graded homework assignments. MyEconLab saves time by automatically grading all questions and tracking results in an online gradebook. MyEconLab can even grade assignments that require students to draw a graph.



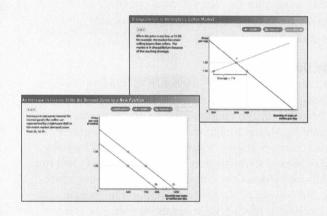
After registering for MyEconLab, instructors have access to downloadable supplements such as instructor's manuals, Microsoft PowerPoint lecture notes, and test banks. Test banks can also be used within MyEconLab, giving instructors ample material from which they can create assignments.

For more information about MyEconLab, or to request an Instructor Access Code, visit www.myeconlab.com.

#### **Additional MyEconLab Resources**

- **Textbook content**—Quick reference to specific pages of the text that correspond to each Study Plan exercise. **MyEconLab** is also available in a version that contains a full, searchable online text. Ask your Addison-Wesley representative for details.
- **eStudy guide**—The entire Study Guide in electronic format and printable.
- Econ Tutor Center—Staffed by qualified, experienced college economics instructors, the Econ Tutor Center is open five days a week, seven hours a day. Tutors can be reached by phone, fax, e-mail, or White Board technology. The Econ Tutor Center hours are designed to meet your students' study schedules, with evening hours Sunday through Thursday. Students receive one-on-one tutoring on examples, related exercises, and problems.
- Research Navigator—(CourseCompass version only)

  Extensive help on the research process and four exclusive databases of accredited and reliable source material including the *New York Times*, the Financial Times, and peer-reviewed journals.



- **Animated figures**—Over 125 figures from the text-book presented in step-by-step animations with audio explanations of the action.
- **Glossary Flashcards**—Every key term is available as a flashcard, allowing students to quiz themselves on vocabulary from one or more chapters at a time.
- Weekly News—Featuring a new microeconomic or macroeconomic current events article, with discussion questions posted online weekly. Instructor answer keys are available.

### A Complete Instructor and Student Support Package

#### Instructor's Manual

In addition to numerous ideas for enlivening your lectures, the *Instructor's Manual* provides in-depth solutions to questions and exercises from the book. Material for the microeconomics chapters was authored by Myra Moore of the University of Georgia; the macroeconomics chapter materials were written by Robert Eyler of Sonoma State University.

The Instructor's Manual contains:

- chapter overviews
- chapter outlines
- learning objectives to provide instructors with a bird's-eye view
- in-depth lecture launchers with innovative ideas for engaging and motivating students
- tips on circumventing common student errors
- ready-to-assign questions for class discussion and activities
- answer keys for the Test + Extend exercises,
   Strategy and Policy critical thinking questions, and end-of-chapter problems

#### **Study Guide**

With exercises to reinforce key concepts and helpful learning tools, the Study Guide is an essential companion to the text. Material for the microeconomics chapters was authored by Morris Knapp of Miami Dade College; the macroeconomics chapter materials were written by John Krieg of Western Washington University. Students will find helpful overviews of the chapter contents, learning objectives, and listings of key terms corresponding to each chapter. Checkpoint tips advise students on common conceptual pitfalls related to chapter contents and build their graphbuilding and interpretation skills. The Self-Test, which includes fill-in-the-blank, true/false, multiple-choice, and problem-based questions, provides the additional exercises students need to cement their understanding of key concepts. Sample midterm and final exams provide a final check before critical points in the semester.

#### **Test Banks**

Four printed test banks—two each for the microeconomic and macroeconomic volumes—provide a wealth of testing material. The top-notch question-writing team includes Emil Berendt of Friends University, S. Hussain Ali Jafri of Tarleton State University, Leonie Stone of SUNY Geneseo, Laura A. Wolff of Southern Illinois University Edwardsville, and Anthony Zambelli, Cuyamaca College. Each chapter offers a wide selection of multiple-choice, short-answer, and essay questions. Questions have been accuracy-checked and vetted with real students.

#### Instructor's Resource Disk with Microsoft PowerPoint Lecture Presentation, Computerized Test Banks, and Instructor's Manual

Compatible with Windows and Macintosh computers, this CD-ROM provides numerous resources. The Microsoft PowerPoint Lecture Presentation was developed by Michael Youngblood of Rock Valley College. Work key figures and graphs from the text into your lectures with these customizable slides. The CD features graphs from the text and outlines key terms, concepts, and figures. For added convenience, the CD also includes the Microsoft Word files of the entire *Instructor's Manual* and computerized *Test Bank* files. The easy-to-use testing software (TestGen with QuizMaster for Windows and Macintosh) is a valuable text preparation tool that allows professors to view, edit, and add questions.

#### **Overhead Transparencies**

Incorporate important figures and graphs into your course with this selection of full-color overhead transparencies.

#### **Study Card**

This handy laminated reference card contains key definitions, concepts, equations, and graphs.

In addition to access to MyEconLab, the student's ultimate online tool that is automatically packaged with each text, the following supplementary materials are available to aid and enhance students' mastery of concepts:

#### **Economist.com Edition**

The premier online source of economic news analysis, Economist.com provides your students with insight and opinion on current economic events. Through an agreement between Addison-Wesley and *The Economist*, students can receive a low-cost subscription to this premium Web site for 12 weeks, including the complete text of the current issue of *The Economist* and access to *The Economist's* searchable archives. Other features include Web-only weekly articles, news feeds with current world and business news, and stock market and currency data. Professors who adopt this special edition will receive a complimentary one-year subscription to Economist.com.

#### **Wall Street Journal Edition**

When packaged with this text, Addison-Wesley offers students a reduced-cost, 10- or 15-week subscription to the *Wall Street Journal* print edition and the *Wall Street Journal Interactive Edition*. Adopting professors will receive a complimentary one-year subscription to both the print and interactive versions.

#### **Financial Times Edition**

Featuring international news and analysis from journalists in more than 50 countries, *The Financial Times* will provide your students with insights and perspectives on economic developments around the world. For a small charge, a 15-week subscription to *The Financial Times* can be included with each new textbook. Adopting professors will receive a complimentary one-year subscription, as well as access to the online edition at FT.com.

#### **The Dismal Scientist Edition**

The Dismal Scientist provides real-time monitoring of the global economy, allowing your students to go beyond theory and into application. For a nominal fee, a 3-month subscription to *The Dismal Scientist* can be included with each new textbook. Each subscription includes complete access to all *The Dismal Scientist*'s award-winning features. Adopting professors receive a complimentary one-year subscription.



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With ever-increasing demands on time and resources, today's college faculty and students want greater value, innovation, and flexibility in products designed to meet teaching and learning goals. We've responded to that need by creating *PearsonChoices*, a unique program that allows faculty and students to choose from a range of text and media formats that match their teaching and learning styles—and students' budgets.

#### **Books à la Carte Edition**

For today's student on the go, we've created a highly portable version of *Macroeconomics* that is three-hole punched. Students can take only what they need to class, incorporate their own notes, and save money! Each Books à la Carte text arrives with a laminated study card, perfect for students to use when preparing for exams, plus access to MyEconLab.

#### **SafariX Textbooks Online**

SafariX Textbooks Online is an exciting new service for college students looking to save money on required or recommended textbooks for academic courses. By subscribing to "Web Books" through SafariX Textbooks Online, students can save up to 50 percent off the suggested list price of print textbooks. Log on to www.safarix.com for details about purchasing *Macroeconomics*.

# Acknowledgments

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- Emil Berendt, Friends University
- Tibor Besedes, Louisiana State University
- Jay Bhattacharya, Okaloosa-Walton College
- Doug Bice, University of Michigan Dixie Blackley, Le Moyne College
- John Blair, Wright State University
- Craig Blek, Imperial Valley College
- Genevieve Briand, Eastern Washington University
- Charles Britton, University of Arkansas
- Gregory Brock, Georgia Southern University
- Stacey Brook, University of Sioux Falls
- Bruce Brown, California Polytechnic University, Pomona
- Darrell Brown, Ivy Tech State College
- Robert Carlsson, University of South Carolina
- Scott Carson, University of Texas of the Permian Basin
- Shawn Carter, Jacksonville State University
- Joel Carton, Texas Tech University

- Jill Caviglia-Harris, Salisbury University
- Eric P. Chiang, Florida Atlantic University
- Nan-Ting Chou, University of Louisville
- Gary Clayton, Northern Kentucky University
- Pam Coates, San Diego Mesa College
- Michael Cohick, Collin County Community College
- Elchanan Cohn, University of South Carolina
- Bob Consalvo, Southern Vermont College
- Sean Corcoran, California State University, Sacramento
- Richard Croxdale, Austin Community College
- Dean Draney, St. Philip's College
- Dennis Edwards, Coastal Carolina University
- Jeffrey Edwardson, Texas A & M University
- Erick Elder, University of Arkansas, Little Rock
- Larry Ellis, Appalachian State University
- Sharon Erenburg, Eastern Michigan University
- Elizabeth Erickson, University of Akron
- Erick Eschker, Humboldt State University
- Ayse Y. Evrensel, Southern Illinois University Edwardsville
- Robert Eyler, Sonoma State University
- Farzad Farsio, Montana State University, Billings
- Bichaka Fayissa, Middle Tennessee State University
- Maya Federman, Pitzer College Nicholas Feltovich, University of Houston
- Bob Figgins, University of Tennessee at Martin
- Philip Forbus, University of South Alabama
- Timothy Fuerst, Bowling Green State University
- Marc Fusaro, East Carolina University

- Shirley Gedeon, University of Vermont
- Otis Gilley, Louisiana Tech University
- Susan Glanz, St. John's University
- Patrick Gormely, Kansas State University
- Richard Gosselin, Houston Community College
- John Graham, Rutgers University
- Darren Grant, University of Texas at Arlington
- Anthony Gyapong, Penn State Abington
- Bob Harmel, Midwestern State University
- Gail Hawks, Miami Dade College, Wolfson
- Barry Haworth, University of Louisville
- Denise Hazlett, Whitman College
- George Heitmann, Muhlenberg College
- Rick Hirschi, Brigham Young University of Idaho
- Kevin M. Hollenbeck, Western Michigan University
- Alexander Holmes, University of Oklahoma
- John Horowitz, Ball State University
- Jack Hou, California State University, Long Beach
- Murat Iyigun, University of Colorado
- S. Hussain Ali Jafri, Tarleton State University
- Marianne Johnson, University of Wisconsin, Oshkosh
- Wayne Joerding, Washington State University
- Paul Jorgensen, Linn-Benton Community College
- Chris Kauffman, University of Tennessee, Knoxville
- Thomas Kelly, Baylor University
- Jim Kelsey, Whatcom Community College
- Ara Khanjian, Ventura College Mark Killingsworth, Rutgers
- University
- John Krieg, Western Washington University

- Stephan Kroll, California State University, Sacramento
- Patricia Kuzyk, Washington State University
- Tom Larson, California State University, Los Angeles
- Susan Laury, Georgia State University
- Stephen Layson, University of North Carolina at Greensboro
- Frances Lea, Virginia Community College
- Sang Lee, Southeastern Louisiana State
- Cathleen Leue, University of Oregon
- Ronnie Liggett, University of Texas—Arlington
- Stephen Lile, Western Kentucky University
- Solina Lindahl, California State Polytechnic University, San Luis Obispo
- Christine B. Lloyd, Western Illinois University
- Melody Lo, University of Southern Mississippi
- Michael Loewy, University of South Florida
- K.T. Magnusson, Salt Lake Community College
- John Marangos, Colorado State University
- Daniel Marburger, Arkansas State University
- Marenglen Marku, Virginia Polytechnic Institute
- Danny Martinez, Salt Lake Community College
- Leah Greden Mathews, University of North Carolina at Asheville
- Steve McCafferty, Ohio State University
- Tammy McDonald, University of Massachusetts, Boston
- Alla Melkumian, Western Illinois University
- Edward Merkel, Troy State University
- William Mertens, University of Colorado at Boulder
- John Min, Northern Virginia Community College
- Shahruz Mohtadi, Suffolk University
- Kristen Monaco, California State University, Long Beach

- Myra Moore, University of Georgia William Mosher, Clark University
- Robert Mulligan, Providence College
- Antu Panini Murshid, University of Wisconsin at Milwaukee
- George Nagy, Hudson Valley Community College
- Doug Nelson, Spokane Community College
- John Neri, University of Maryland
- Charles Newton, Houston Community College/Southwest College
- Pamela Nickless, University of North Carolina at Asheville
- Jerome P. Niemiec, Texas State University
- Farrokh Nourzad, Marquette University
- Joan Osborne, Palo Alto College
- John Pharr, Cedar Valley College Susan Pozo, Western Michigan
- University
  Greg Pratt, Mesa Community
- College Marilyn Pugh, Prince George's
- Community College
- James Ragan, Kansas State University
- Peter Rangazas, Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis
- Kathryn Roberts, Chipola College
- Paul Roscelli, Canada College
- Alannah Rosenberg, Saddleback College
- Barbara Ross, Kapi'olani Community College
- Stephen Rubb, Sacred Heart University
- Rose Rubin, University of Memphis
- Martin Sabo, Community College of Denver
- Ted Scheinman, Mount Hood Community College
- David Schodt, St. Olaf College
- Gerald Scott, Florida Atlantic University
- James Self, Indiana University, Bloomington
- Reza Sepassi, Florida Community College
- Thomas Shea, Springfield College Calvin Shipley, Henderson State University

- Mark Showalter, Brigham Young University
- Geok Simpson, University of Texas—Pan American
- Sara Solnick, University of Vermont
- Martin Spechler, Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis
- Tesa Stegner, Idaho State University Claire Starry, Southern New
- Hampshire University Nick Stratis, Florida State University
- Richard Stratton, University of Akron
- Charles Stull, Kalamazoo College
- Bryce Sutton, University of Alabama at Birmingham
- Manjuri Talukdar, Northern Illinois University
- Mark Thoma, University of Oregon
- Lloyd Thomas, Kansas State University
- Andrew Tucker, Tallahassee Community College
- John Vahaly, University of Louisville
- Kristin Van Gaasbeck, California State University, Sacramento
- Jennifer VanGilder, California State University, Bakersfield
- Glenn Waddell, University of Oregon
- John Wade, Eastern Kentucky University
- Angela Waits, Gadsden State Community College
- Samson Wakjira, Truman State University
- Claudia Wehbe, Florida International University
- Mark Wheeler, Western Michigan University
- Mark Witkowski, University of Arkansas—Little Rock
- Laura Wolff, Southern Illinois University Edwardsville
- Wei Xiao, University of New Orleans
- Virginia York, Gulf Coast Community College
- Douglas Young, Montana State University
- Anthony Zambelli, Cuyamaca College