Marco Dorigo Mauro Birattari Christian Blum Luca M. Gambardella Francesco Mondada Thomas Stützle (Eds.)

Ant Colony Optimization and Swarm Intelligence

4th International Workshop, ANTS 2004 Brussels, Belgium, September 2004 Proceedings





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A636 Marco Dorigo Mauro Birattari
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Volume Editors

Marco Dorigo
Mauro Birattari
Christian Blum
Université Libre de Bruxelles, IRIDIA CP 194/6
Avenue Franklin Roosevelt 50, 1050 Bruxelles, Belgium
E-mail: {mdorigo, mbiro, cblum}@ulb.ac.be

Luca M. Gambardella IDSIA, Instituto Dalle Molle di Studi sull'Intelligenza Artificiale Galleria 2, 6928 Manno-Lugano, Switzerland E-mail: luca@idsia.ch

Francesco Mondada Swiss Federal Institute of Technology of Lausanne (EPFL) Autonomous Systems Lab - LSA LSA-I2S-EPFL CH-1015 Lausanne, Switzerland E-mail: francesco.mondada@epfl.ch

Thomas Stützle
Darmstadt University of Technology
Computer Science Department, Intellectics Group
Hochschulstr. 10, 64283 Darmstadt, Germany
E-mail: stuetzle@informatik.tu-darmstadt.de

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Preface

With its fourth edition, the ANTS series of workshops¹ has changed its name. The original "ANTS – From Ant Colonies to Artificial Ants: International Workshop on Ant Algorithms" has become "ANTS – International Workshop on Ant Colony Optimization and Swarm Intelligence". This change is mainly due to the following reasons.

First, the term "ant algorithms" was slower in spreading in the research community than the term "swarm intelligence", while at the same time research in so-called swarm robotics was the subject of increasing activity: it was therefore an obvious choice to substitute the term ant algorithms with the more accepted and used term swarm intelligence.

Second, although swarm intelligence research has undoubtedly produced a number of interesting and promising research directions², we think it is fair to say that its most successful strand is the one known as "ant colony optimization". Ant colony optimization, first introduced in the early 1990s as a novel tool for the approximate solution of discrete optimization problems, has recently seen an explosion in the number of its applications, both to academic and real-world problems, and is currently being extended to the realm of continuous optimization (a few papers on this subject being published in these proceedings). It is therefore a reasonable choice to have the term ant colony optimization as part of the workshop name.

As mentioned above, this is the fourth edition of the ANTS workshops. The series started in 1998 with the organization of ANTS'98. On that occasion more than 50 researchers from around the world joined for the first time in Brussels. Belgium to discuss swarm intelligence related research, and a selection of the best papers presented at the workshop was published as a special issue of the Future Generation Computer Systems journal (Vol. 16, No. 8, 2000). Two years later the experience was repeated with the organization of ANTS 2000, which attracted more than 70 participants. The 41 extended abstracts presented as talks or posters at the workshop were collected in a booklet distributed to participants, and a selection of the best papers was published as a special section of the IEEE Transactions on Evolutionary Computation (Vol. 6, No. 4, 2002). After these first two successful editions, it was decided to make of ANTS a series of biannual events. Accordingly, the third edition was organized in September 2002, in Brussels, Belgium. The success of the workshop and the quality of the papers presented in the second edition had also made it clear that it was the right time to have an official workshop proceedings: the ANTS~2002 proceedings was

 $^{^{1}}$ http://iridia.ulb.ac.be/~ants/

² Think, for example, in addition to the already mentioned swarm robotics, of algorithms for clustering and data mining inspired by the ants' cemetery building behavior, of dynamic task allocation algorithms inspired by the behavior of wasp colonies, of particle swarm optimization, and so on.

published by Springer as Volume 2463 of LNCS, and contained 36 contributions: 17 full papers, 11 short papers, and 8 extended abstracts, selected out of a total of 52 submissions.

The Ant Colony Optimization and Swarm Intelligence field is still growing, as testified, for example, by the success of the 1st IEEE Swarm Intelligence Symposium, held in 2003 in Indianapolis, Indiana, US; or by the steady increase we are observing in the number of submissions to ANTS workshops, which resulted in the 79 papers submitted to ANTS 2004. This relatively high number of submissions allowed us to set the acceptance threshold for full and short papers at approximately 50%, which guaranteed a fairly high quality of the proceedings, and, at the same time, a reasonably dense workshop program³. We are sure that the readers of these proceedings will enjoy the quality of the papers collected in this volume, quality that somehow reflects the growing maturity of the swarm intelligence field.

We wish to conclude by saying that we are very grateful to the authors who submitted their works; to the members of the international program committee and to the additional referees for their detailed reviews; to the IRIDIA people for their enthusiasm in helping with organization matters; to the Université Libre de Bruxelles for providing rooms and logistic support; and, more generally, to all those contributing to the organization of the workshop. Finally, we would like to thank our sponsors, the company $AntOptima^4$ and the Metaheuristics $Network^5$, who financially supported the workshop.

June 2004

Marco Dorigo Mauro Birattari Christian Blum Luca M. Gambardella Francesco Mondada Thomas Stützle

³ In addition to the accepted papers, a small number of posters were selected for presentation: these are works that, although in a rather preliminary phase, show high potential and are therefore worth discussing at the workshop.

⁴ More information available at www.antoptima.com

⁵ A Marie Curie Research Training Network funded by the European Commission. More information available at www.metaheuristics.org

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A Comparison Between ACO Algorithms for the Set Covering Problem

Lucas Lessing¹, Irina Dumitrescu², and Thomas Stützle¹

¹ Intellectics Group, Darmstadt University of Technology llessing@gmx.net, stuetzle@informatik.tu-darmstadt.de ² Canada Research Chair in Distribution Management, HEC Montreal irina@crt.umontreal.ca

Abstract. In this paper we present a study of several Ant Colony Optimization (ACO) algorithms for the Set Covering Problem. In our computational study we emphasize the influence of different ways of defining the heuristic information on the performance of the ACO algorithms. Finally, we show that the best performing ACO algorithms we implemented, when combined with a fine-tuned local search procedure, reach excellent performance on a set of well known benchmark instances.

1 Introduction

The Set Covering Problem (SCP) is an \mathcal{NP} -hard combinatorial optimization problem that arises in a large variety of practical applications, for example in airline crew scheduling or vehicle routing and facility placement problems [9, 12, 18]. Two Ant Colony Optimization (ACO) approaches for the SCP based on Ant System have been proposed so far [8, 10]; however, their computational performance is relatively poor compared to the state-of-the-art in SCP solving.

In this paper we present the results of a computational study comprising several ACO algorithms including $\mathcal{MAX-MIN}$ Ant System (\mathcal{MMAS}) [16], Ant Colony System (ACS) [3], a hybrid between \mathcal{MMAS} and ACS [17], as well as Approximate Nondeterministic Tree-Search (ANTS) [14]. Many of the best ACO computational results have been achieved using these algorithms and therefore they serve as good candidates for tackling the SCP. (For details on the full study we refer to [11].) We study the influence of different ways of defining the heuristic information on the performance of the algorithms. We distinguish between the usage of *static* and *dynamic* heuristic information. In the static case, the heuristic information is computed when initializing the algorithm and it remains the same throughout the whole run of the algorithm. In the dynamic case, the heuristic information depends on the partial solution available, hence it has to be computed at each step of an ant's walk. Therefore, it results in a higher computational cost that may be compensated by the higher accuracy of the heuristic values.

The paper is structured as follows. In the next section we introduce the SCP and lower bounds to it. In Section 3, we present some details on the ACO

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algorithms we applied, while in Sections 4 and 5 we give details on the local search and the heuristic information. We present experimental results in Section 6 and conclude in Section 7.

2 Set Covering Problem

The SCP can be formulated as follows. Let $A=(a_{ij})$ be an $m\times n$ 0-1 matrix and $c=(c_j)$ a positive integer n-dimensional vector, where each element c_j of c gives the cost of selecting column j of matrix A. We say that row i is covered by column j, if a_{ij} is equal to 1. The SCP consists of finding a subset of columns of minimal total cost such that all the rows are covered. The SCP is usually formulated as an integer program. Let $N=\{1,\ldots,n\}$ be the index set of the columns and $M=\{1,\ldots,m\}$ be the index set of the rows. The integer programming (IP) formulation of the SCP can be given as follows:

$$z_{SCP} = \min \sum_{j \in N} c_j x_j$$
s.t.
$$\sum_{j \in N} a_{ij} x_j \ge 1, \forall i \in M$$

$$x_j \in \{0, 1\}, \quad \forall j \in N.$$
(2)

 $x_j \in \{0, 1\}, \quad \forall j \in N. \tag{2}$

We now introduce the Lagrangean relaxation of this problem. For every vector $u = (u_1, \ldots, u_m) \in \mathbb{R}_+^m$ we define the Lagrangean relaxation to be:

$$z_{LR}(u) = \min_{x \in \{0,1\}^n} \left[\sum_{j \in N} c_j x_j + \sum_{i \in M} u_i (1 - \sum_{j \in N} a_{ij} x_j) \right]$$
(3)

$$= \min_{x \in \{0,1\}^n} \left[\sum_{j \in N} c_j(u) x_j + \sum_{i \in M} u_i \right], \tag{4}$$

where $c_j(u) = c_j - \sum_{i \in M} a_{ij}u_i$ are called Lagrangean costs. The Lagrangean relaxation provides a lower bound on the optimal solution of the SCP, i.e. $z_{LR}(u) \leq z_{SCP}, \forall u \geq 0$. The best such lower bound on the optimal solution of the SCP is obtained by solving the Lagrangean dual problem, $z_{LD} = \max_{u \geq 0} z_{LR}(u)$. In our experiments, the Lagrangean dual was solved by the subgradient method [7], stopped after at most $100 \cdot m$ iterations as proposed by Yagiura et al. [19].

When we consider the IP formulation, a solution to the SCP is a 0-1 vector. However, when we refer to a solution, we sometimes refer to the set of indices of the variables fixed to one. This should be clear from the context.

3 Ant Colony Optimization for the SCP

Artificial ants in ACO algorithms can be seen as probabilistic construction heuristics that generate solutions iteratively, taking into account accumulated past search experience: pheromone trails and heuristic information on the instance under solution. In the SCP case, each column j has associated a phero-

```
procedure ACOforSCP
initializeParameters;
while termination condition is not true do
for k := 1 to m_a do
while solution not complete do
applyConstructionStep(k);
endwhile
eliminateRedundantColumns(k);
applyLocalSearch(k);
endfor
updateStatistics;
updatePheromones;
endwhile
return best solution found
endprocedure ACOforSCP
```

Fig. 1. High-level view of the applied ACO algorithms. (For details, see text.)

mone trail τ_j that indicates the learned desirability of including column j into an ants' solution; η_j indicates the heuristic desirability of choosing column j.

In all ACO algorithms an ant starts with an empty solution and constructs a complete solution by iteratively adding columns until all rows are covered. It does so by probabilistically preferring solution components (columns in the SCP case) with high associated pheromone trail and/or heuristic value. Once m_a solutions are constructed and improved by local search, the pheromone trails are updated.

The application of ACO algorithms to the SCP differs from applications to other problems, such as the TSP. First, the solution construction of the individual ants does not necessarily end after the same number of steps for each ant, but only when a cover is completed. Second, the order in which columns are added to a solution does not matter, while in many other applications the order in which solution components are added to a partial solution may be important. Third, in the case of the SCP the solution constructed by the ants may contain redundant solution components which are eliminated before fine-tuning by a local search procedure. This latter feature is also present in two earlier applications of ACO algorithms to the SCP [8, 10]. However, the computational results obtained in [8, 10] are relatively poor, which may be due to the type of ACO algorithm chosen (i.e., Ant System, which is known to perform poorly compared to more recent variants of ACO algorithms). Here, we present the application of more recent ACO variants that exploit a large variety of different types of heuristic information. All these algorithms follow the algorithmic outline given in Figure 1.

3.1 \mathcal{MAX} - \mathcal{MIN} Ant System

 \mathcal{MAX} - \mathcal{MIN} Ant System (\mathcal{MMAS}) [16] is at the core of many successful ACO applications. In \mathcal{MMAS} solutions are constructed as follows: an ant k ($k = 1, \ldots, m_a$) chooses column j with probability