

Communication Works

TERI KWAL GAMBLE and MICHAEL GAMBLE

Third Edition

THIRD EDITION

COMMUNICATION WORKS

Teri Kwal Gamble, Ph.D. Michael Gamble, Ph.D.

McGraw-Hill Publishing ... pany

New York St. Louis San Francisco Auckland Bogotá Caracas Hamburg Lisbon London Madrid Mexico Milan Montreal New Delhi Oklahoma City Paris San Juan São Paulo Singapore Sydney Tokyo Toronto

COMMUNICATION WORKS

Copyright © 1990, 1987, 1984 by McGraw-Hill, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the United States of America. Except as permitted under the United States Copyright Act of 1976, no part of this publication may be reproduced or distributed in any form or by any means, or stored in a database or retrieval system, without the prior written permission of the publisher.

4567890 DOHDOH 954321

TSBN 0-07-022783-7

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Gamble, Teri Kwal.

Communication works / Teri Kwal Gamble, Michael Gamble.—3rd ed.

n. err

Includes bibliographical references.

ISBN 0-07-022783-7

1. Oral communication. I. Gamble, Michael. II. Title.

P95.G32 1990 302.2'242—dc20

89-13217

This book was set in Century Expanded by Monotype Composition Company.

The editors were Hilary Jackson and Jeannine Ciliotta;

the designer was Wanda Siedlecka;

the production supervisor was Birgit Garlasco.

R. R. Donnelley & Sons Company was printer and binder.

Preface

The third edition of Communication Works reflects the intent of the two earlier editions. Theme and point of view are basically the same. We followed the same approach that contributed to the success of the earlier editions, and pursued the same two major goals: (1) to motivate students to want to learn about interpersonal, small-group, and public communication. and (2) to provide materials that would encourage students to internalize and practice key communication principles. Experience has shown us that after reading this book, completing the Skill Builders (exercises), and "living" the course, students develop a clear understanding of communication and handle themselves better in interpersonal, small-group, and public communication situations. As before, we strove to ensure that the text's content, exercises, readings, and probe questions would work together systematically to precipitate active participation both inside and outside of the classroom. We tested the materials incorporated in the book on a variety of student groups: the materials were used to motivate and challenge students of all ages from the traditional 18-year-old to the more mature adult returning to college.

We made a special effort to produce a book students would enjoy reading. How information is presented can affect the student's interest level, and thus we aimed to achieve clarity of language, student participation, and a graphically alive format. Because we still believe that individuals learn better if they are actively involved, we again provided a wide selection of Skill Builders—in-class and out-of-class learning experiences—designed to help students look at communication, assess its effects, and gain the insights and practice they need to improve their communication behavior. Of course, we do not expect anyone to use all the Skill Builders in a single semester. Instead, you may pick and choose from them to fit the needs of your class, as well as the time available. Each Skill Builder you do use will focus student attention on a specific aspect of communication, and research shows that students find that Skill Builders help make the study of communication active, experiential, exciting, and rewarding.

We retained several attractive pedagogical features from the previous two editions. Each chapter of *Communication Works* begins with a preview of behavioral objectives. The preview outlines exactly what students should be able to do after completing the chapter; in effect, objectives illuminate and specify goals and help prepare the readers for the concepts that will be introduced. Included at the end of each chapter is a *summary* of the chapter content and the relevant skills that were stressed. In addition, students are periodically expected to complete self-assessment scales designed to aid them in measuring skill mastery. To further encourage interest, *Communication Works* offers a wide array of *career-oriented examples and applications* as well as marginal queries. The marginal queries are there to arouse curiosity and prompt students to ask and/or try to answer questions.

Parts I through V offer a number of other special features.

- **Part I.** The chapters on the essentials of communication in Part I offer a unified approach to the study of communication. Models, self-concept, perception, listening, language, and nonverbal communication are explored with respect to how they affect one's ability to relate in interpersonal, small-group, and public communication settings. *Communication Works* also examines how the media affect the development of self-image and perceptual capabilities and whether males and females see themselves in different ways.
- **Part II.** Interpersonal communication is the topic of Part II, which begins with a chapter on understanding relationships. Chapter 8 provides a unique view of how feelings and emotions affect and are affected by relationships. This section includes a special segment on male and female display rules and a thorough discussion of assertiveness. Chapter 9 examines types of interviews, with particular emphasis on the employment interview; it also provides practical guidelines for functioning as either interviewee or interviewer. In addition, this chapter contains suggestions for in-class role-playing and gives students a number of exercises to complete in preparation for a career search.
- **Part III.** Part III focuses on small-group communication and provides ample group experiences for in-class use. This part examines in detail the steps involved in problem solving; reviews the roles people play in groups; provides a career-oriented discussion of leadership; looks at how cooperation and competition, defensiveness and supportiveness, and conflict affect the climate of a work group; and compares how "groupthink" and "freethink" alter a group's ability to function effectively.
- **Part IV.** The chapters on speechmaking in Part IV provide students with a straightforward format—in effect, a speechmaking map—for preparing in-class and on-the-job presentations. Exercises, speechmaking checklists,

tryout sheets, and evaluation forms are included to help students as they research and develop their own speeches.

Epilogue. The last chapter, the Epilogue, provides techniques for continuing to improve communication in interpersonal, small-group, and public settings on the job, in school, at home, or with friends. *Communication Works* is still the only text that contains suggestions and strategies for developing communication skills *after* the course has ended.

As an additional resource for instructors, we have prepared a comprehensive instructor's manual. It includes, for each chapter of the text, test questions and answers, student self-assessment scales, and additional Skill Builders. The test questions will also be provided in computerized versions for Apple and IBM.

Several changes in the new edition clarify some important issues discussed in the first two editions and add to the text's usefulness. Among the most significant additions and revisions are the following:

- 1. Chapter 2, "Self-Concept," contains additional information on the Pygmalion effect and a new section on whether males and females perceive themselves in different ways.
- 2. We have expanded on our discussion of first impressions in Chapter 3, "Perception."
- 3. Chapter 4, "Language and Meaning," includes new sections on meaning and culture and meaning and power.
- 4. Chapter 5, "Nonverbal Communication," includes additional information on facial cues and touch in particular.
- 5. Our chapter on listening (Chapter 6) now follows rather than precedes the discussion of nonverbal communication to reflect the fact that we listen to both verbal and nonverbal messages. In addition, we have expanded our consideration of listening deficiencies.
- 6. Material on deception and relationship development has been added to Chapter 7, "Understanding Relationships." We have also included a consideration of judgments of vulnerability and their impact.
- 7. Chapter 8, "Person to Person," contains additional information on sex roles and the expression of emotion.
- 8. We have enlarged the scope of Chapter 9, "Interviewing," to include a consideration of a variety of interview types.
- 9. Part III, "Communicating in the Small Group," contains a section on questions for decision making (Chapter 10).
- 10. The chapters in Part IV, "Communicating to the Public," have

- been restyled to facilitate understanding, with particular attention to the chapters on speech organization and informative speaking.
- 11. New material reflecting new insights and emphases has been added throughout the text to enhance its meaningfulness to students.

The improvements reflect the experiences of students and the suggestions of our colleagues; they truly are the result of a team effort. Consequently, the efforts made by our editors, evaluators, and students merit special attention. Specifically, we would like to thank Roth Wilkofsky, our original acquiring editor, Hilary Jackson, our acquiring editor, Kathleen Domineg and Brian Henry, our manuscript editors, whose sensitivity to changing emphases and needs kept us on track; the book's designer, who saw to it that the visual design of the work supported the content; and the following reviewers, who willingly shared with us the insights and experiences that enabled us to create this work; Allan Broadhurst, Cape Cod Community College; Jerald Carstens, University of Wisconsin–River Falls; Sharon Condon, University of Kansas; Elizabeth Coughlin, Northern Virginia Community College; David Edgecombe, Marian College; Susan Holton, Bridgewater State College; Michael L. Lewis, Abilene Christian University; Don Wallace, Brewton-Parker College; and Samuel P. Wallace, University of Dayton.

Finally, of course, we would like to thank our children, Matthew and Lindsay; their love, patience, and communication instincts made it all worthwhile—again.

TERI KWAL GAMBLE
MICHAEL GAMBLE

Contents

Preface	xiii
PART I AN INTRODUCTION TO THE ESSENTIALS OF COMMUNICATION	1
1	
PART I AN INTRODUCTION TO THE ESSENTIALS OF COMMUNICATION Communication: The Starting Line Who Is the Communicator? How Good a Communicator Are You? A Look at Some Communication Look at Some Communication Models Characteristics of Communication: A Closer Look Characteristics of Communication: What Can It Do for You? Communication: Encountering Five Axioms Communication: Encountering Five Axioms Communication: Encountering Five Axioms Communication: Encountering Five Axioms Communication: Communication: Communication: Communication: Communication: Communication: Communication: Communication: Communication: Communication: Communication: Encountering Five Axioms Communication: Encountering Five Axioms Communication: Communication: Communication: Communication: Communication: A Closer Look Communication: A Closer Look Communication: A Closer Look Communication: Communication: Communication: A Closer Look Charcellook Charc	
Who Is the Communicator? How Good a Communicator Are You? Elements of Communication A Look at Some Communication Models Characteristics of Communication: A Closer Look Functions of Communication: What Can It Do for You? Communication: Encountering Five Axioms How to Improve Your Effectiveness as a Communicator: Are You Ready?	4 9 13 18 19 21
2	
— Self-Concept: Who Are You and How Do You Know?	31
Meet Your Self-Concept: A Definition Role Taking and Self-Exploration: Categorizing the Self Popular Culture and You: Through the Electronic Looking Glass The Self-Fulfilling Prophecy: Meeting Positive and	32 38 40
Negative Pygmalions	42 44 45 47
of Self and Others	51

3	
Perception: I Am More Than a Camera	55
What Is Perception? The "I" and the Eyes The "I" of the Beholder: Through a Glass Darkly Perceiving Others: What Are You, Please? How to Increase the Accuracy of Your Perceptions	56 58 65 75
4	
Language and Meaning: Helping Minds Meet	79
Language: What's That? The Triangle of Meaning: Words, Things, and Thoughts Measuring Denotative and Connotative Meaning Bypassing, and Bypassing the Bypass Word-Thing Confusions: "Label Madness" Improving Oral Language Abilities: A Call for Common Sense and Clarity How to Make Words Work for You: A Guide to Further Skill Development	80 80 82 88 89 92
5 Nonverbal Communication: Silent Language Speaks	101
Can You Hear What I'm Not Saying? Characteristics of Nonverbal Communication: Cues and Contexts "If You Could Read My" How to Assess Your Communication Effectiveness, Nonverbally Speaking	102 104 106 134
6 Listening: A Deliberate Process	139
Why Listen?	140 145 147 148
Improvement Program	155

x CONTENTS

Group Characteristics and Components Decision Making: Reaching Goals How to Improve Your Problem-Solving Skills	259 262 271
11	
Group Networks, Membership, and Leadership	275
Networks: Who Talks to Whom Member Responsibilities: Group Roles Approaches to Leadership: The Leader in You Group Interaction and the Social Environment: Are You Cooperative or Competitive, Defensive or Supportive? How to Improve Communication among Group Members	276 280 283 288 293
12	
Handling Group Conflict: How to Disagree without Becoming Disagreeable	297
How Do You View Conflict? "Groupthink" versus "Freethink" Combating the Win-Lose Syndrome: Cooperative versus	298
Competitive Conflict	302 308
PART IV COMMUNICATING TO THE PUBLIC	315
13	
The Speaker and the Audience	317
Preparing to Meet the Speechmaker's Challenge Turning the Spotlight on the Speaker Turning the Spotlight on the Audience	318 322 324
14	
The Occasion and the Subject	337
Consider the Occasion: Where Are We? Why Are We Here? How Long Will We Stay? Subject Selection: What's There to Say? How to Meet the Speechmaker's Challenge	338 345 354

15

Developing Your Speech: Gathering Support for Your Ideas	357			
How to Conduct Research Integrating Your Research: Types of Supporting Material Presentation Aids: Audio and Visual Support for Ideas How to Improve Your Ability to Support Your Ideas				
16				
Designing Your Presentation: The Organizer in You	379			
The Speech Outline: Building the Framework The Body of Your Presentation: Choosing the Right Approach Beginnings and Endings How to Tell How You Are Doing: The Tryout	380 381 391 398			
17	400			
Meeting Your Public: The Speechmaker Speaks	403			
A Guide to Handling Anxiety and Conquering Speech Fright Delivery Options	404 409 411			
and Final Tips	416 419			
18				
Informative Speaking	425			
Speaking Informatively	426 426			
Comprehension	432			
19				
Persuasive Speaking	443			
Speaking Persuasively	444 444 445			
How to Become a More Credible Persuader	458			

xii CONTENTS

EPILOGUE

Beyond the Book: Where Do You Go from Here?	469
How to Continue Improving Your Communication Effectiveness A Look at the Major Arenas of Your Life: Family, Friends,	470
Education, and Work	
Answer Key	

PART



AN INTRODUCTION TO THE ESSENTIALS OF COMMUNICATION

Communication: The Starting Line

Whether clear or garbled, tumultuous or silent, deliberate or fatally inadvertent, communication is the ground of meeting. . . . It is, in short, the essential human connection.

Ashley Montagu and Floyd Matson

CHAPTER PREVIEW

When you finish this chapter, you should be able to:

Define communication

Assess your own effectiveness as a communicator
List and explain the essential elements of communication
Provide examples of representative communication models
Create and explain an original model of communication
Describe the characteristics of communication
Identify and provide examples of Watzlawick's
communication axioms
Explain how you can improve your own communication
effectiveness

A college student. A corporate vice president. A teenager. An octogenarian. A man and woman in love. Parents. Children. Friends. Enemies. Decision makers. Speakers. You. All these people

share at least one thing—the need to communicate. This book is about you, your need to communicate, and how communication can help you relate more effectively to others. Whether or not you possess or develop the ability to communicate effectively to others is not only essential for your success, it is essential for the success of the organization you will work for, the groups you will become part of, and the people you will come to know. In today's world, job-specific talent, technical expertise, and graduation from a prestigious school do not carry with them any guarantees for goal attainment or upward mobility. Instead. the one common factor shared by people who are able to ascend both the professional and personal ladders of success is superior communication skills. These people are promoted more rapidly, have happier marriages and relationships, and in general view their lives as being richer and more fulfilling. That is why this book can be of value to you. The topics we cover in it will help you as you go about your usual business of making friends, informing and persuading others, solving problems, falling in or out of love, and making personal and professional relationships work.

We all depend on our communication skills to help us meet our needs, attain happiness, and find personal fulfillment. From birth to death, the many types of communication are an integral part of your life. Whatever your sex, your occupation, and your goals, communication of one form or another plays a major role. The challenge, however, is to communicate as effectively as possible—to build your communication skills so that communication works for you and not against you.

Whether you are 18 or 80, female or male, married or single, employed or unemployed, it is never too late to learn skills that will enrich and improve the quality of your life. Effective interpersonal, small-group, and public communication skills are not inborn. You have to develop them, and this development is a process that will continue throughout your life. That is why this book is designed to provide you with a program for lifelong learning. If you want to improve your ability to relate to people in your social life, your job, or your academic life, now is the time to start to make communication work.

WHO IS THE COMMUNICATOR? HOW GOOD A COMMUNICATOR ARE YOU?

Communicators are people who enter into relationships with other people. Without communication we would be unable to function. During the course of a single day we interact with others to share information and beliefs, exchange ideas and feelings, make plans, and solve problems. Sometimes