

3\_08225



## LEBANON

IN

### HISTORY

FROM THE EARLIEST TIMES

TO THE PRESENT

BY

#### PHILIP K. HITTI

PROFESSOR EMERITUS OF SEMITIC LITERATURE
PRINCETON UNIVERSITY





LONDON

MACMILLAN & CO LTD

NEW YORK · ST MARTIN'S PRESS

1957

## This book is copyright in all countries which are signatories to the Berne Convention

MACMILLAN AND COMPANY LIMITED

London Bombay Calcutta Madras Melbourne

THE MACMILLAN COMPANY OF CANADA LIMITED Toronto

ST MARTIN'S PRESS INC
New York

PRINTED IN GREAT BRITAIN

#### то

### BAYLY PHILIP WINDER

with the hope that when he is old enough to read he will find something worth studying about the native land of "Jiddi", and that he himself will make a contribution to the welfare of its people

#### PREFACE

THIS is a daring attempt to sketch for the first time the meaningful events that have been squeezed through the ages into the area now covered by the Lebanese Republic and to record the achievements and distinctive contributions of the successive peoples who occupied it. In part, if not in full, the area has maintained an individuality of its own conditioned by its mountainous nature, proximity to the sea, Westward orientation and the character of its people. Possible relevance to the contemporary scene and relationship to world events determined what was considered meaningful. Those general events therefore were selected and that part of the past interpreted that were deemed valuable in facing the modern problems of the area and understanding its current happenings, and that were considered important from the standpoint of relationship to world affairs. In their ancient aspects the historic events in themselves are involved with those of Egypt, Babylonia, Assyria, Chaldaea, Persia, Macedonia and Rome; in their medieval aspects with others of the Byzantines, the Arabians and the Moslems; and in modern times with still others of the Ottoman Turks and the French, thus making the story that of a large part of the civilized world in miniature. Nevertheless no period in the long and chequered history of Lebanon — the Phoenician excepted, and that mainly in its relation to the Old Testament has been adequately treated, least of all the modern period, to which a considerable part of this volume is devoted.

While the material was drawn largely from primary sources, enriched by the results of modern research, the presentation — as in the case of the author's *History of the Arabs* and *History of Syria*, of which this may be considered a companion — was aimed not at the specialist but at the student and general reader. The area is the one in which the author had spent his early days, to which he has since made repeated visits and with whose people he has kept in uninterrupted touch. If it is true that a knowledge of the past is indispensable for understanding the present, it must be equally true that first-hand acquaintance with the present is necessary for full appreciation of the past.

In the interest of brevity and clarity the author has consciously exercised a certain measure of liberty in dealing with controversial and complex episodes. In the footnotes he includes references to books which not only document the text but serve the interest of him who seeks further information. The reference to a book is given in full only the first time it occurs and the book is entered in the index under its author's name. Some books bear the Hijrah date (beginning A.D. 622) of publication.

The Reverend Father J. Franklin Ewing of Fordham University critically reviewed the material dealing with prehistoric times (Chapters IV-V); Professor Robert H. Pfeiffer of Harvard the chapters on the Canaanites (VI-VIII); the late Professor Allen C. Johnson of Princeton the section on the Greco-Roman period (Chapters XI-XVI); and my colleague Lewis V. Thomas the part dealing with the Ottoman period (Chapters XXIV-XXXVI). My sincere thanks are accorded to all these scholars, none of whom should be held responsible for any shortcomings in the material covered. My wife's assistance contributed to the improvement and acceleration of the work. Among other students in my seminar who offered valuable suggestions mention should be made of Caesar Farah, John Joseph, Robert W. Crawford, Ibrahim Abu Lughod, Richard N. Verdery, Norman R. Bennett, Peter B. Edmonds and George T. Scanlon. Through the kind offices of al-Amīr Maurice Shihāb of the department of antiquities of the Lebanese Government, of Professor Dimitri C. Baramki of the archaeological museum of the American University of Beirut and of Dr. George C. Miles of the American Numismatic Society, a number of photos were procured for reproduction in the book.

P. K. H.

### CONTENTS

# PART I IN PREHISTORY

| CHAPTER I  |      |
|--|------|
| DISTINCTIVE FEATURES: GEOGRAPHIC, HISTORICAL, CULTURAL | PAGE |
| CHAPTER II   |      |
| THE MOUNTAIN AND THE PLAIN                             | 11   |
| CHAPTER III  |      |
| CLIMATE, PLANT AND ANIMAL LIFE                         | 25   |
| CHAPTER IV   |      |
| IN PRE-LITERARY TIMES                                  | 42   |
| CHAPTER V  |      |
| THE METAL AGE  | 57   |

## PART II ANCIENT SEMITIC TIMES

#### CHAPTER VI

| PAGE |
|------|
| 67   |

THE CANAANITES: FIRST MAJOR COMMUNITY IN LEBANON

Dim beginnings — Land of Canaan — City-states — Relation with

Egypt — Egyptian suzerainty — Tale of Sinuhe — Hyksos domination

— Lebanon incorporated into the Egyptian empire — Mitannians in

Syria — A new world power, the Hittites — International mêlée —

Diplomatic double dealing — The pathetic case of Rib Addi — Final

settlement - Loss of Egypt's control.

#### CHAPTER VII

Period of Independence: Trade, Arts and Colonies.

Aramaeans—The Philistines—The Hebrews—The golden age: full independence—Political leagues—Sea and land routes—Sidon and Tyre—Economy: agriculture—Crafts and arts—Architecture—Music—Industry: glass—Textiles—Purple—Navigation—Africa circumnavigated—Colonies—In Iberia—In Greece—Carthage.

#### CHAPTER VIII

LITERATURE, RELIGION AND OTHER CULTURAL ASPECTS.

The alphabet — Literature — Ugarit — Fertility cult — Tammuz and Ishtar — Gods — Temples — Idols — "High Places" — Future life — Canaanite influence on the Hebrews.

#### CHAPTER IX

WITHIN THE SPHERE OF ASSYRO-BABYLONIAN INFLUENCE. 14
Relations: with early Babylonia — With Assyria — Tyre's heroic stand — Sidon and Tyre succumb — Neo-Babylonians replace Assyrians — Cultural radiation.

#### CHAPTER X

| A | PERSIAN              | Pro | VIN | ICE | 7.0 | •          |       |     |          |     |     | 150 |
|---|----------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|-------|-----|----------|-----|-----|-----|
|   | Sidon, c<br>depender |     |     |     |     | <br>Federa | ation | and | struggle | for | in- |     |

# PART III THE GRECO-ROMAN PERIOD

#### CHAPTER XI

|  | PAGE |
|--|------|
| ALEXANDER AND HIS SUCCESSORS, THE SELEUCIDS.  Persian rout at Issus — Phoenician cities open their gates — Tyre in ruins — An empire destroyed — East meets West — Between an upper and a nether millstone — Sidon again at the forefront — Under the Seleucids — Autonomy — Last convulsions of the Seleucid kingdom — Tigranes followed by Pompey. | 159  |
| CHAPTER XII  |      |
| $\label{eq:conomic_and_cultural} Economic \ \ and \ \ Cultural \ \ Aspects: \ Hellenization \\ Agriculture \ \ and \ \ industry Colonial \ \ activity Cultural interpenetration Philosophers and poets Zeno, founder of Stoicism.$   | 174  |
| CHAPTER XIII   |      |
| Under Roman Sway   | 185  |
| CHAPTER XIV  |      |
| INTELLECTUAL INTERESTS   | 201  |
| CHAPTER XV   |      |
| Lebanon Christianized  | 205  |
| CHAPTER XVI  |      |
| Heliopolis a Religious and Berytus an Educational Centre   | 213  |

# PART IV THE ARAB ERA

| CH   | AT  | T | TR  | Y  | (71 | T |
|------|-----|---|-----|----|-----|---|
| UII. | 777 |   | TIT | 41 | v ı |   |

| IN THE EMBRACE OF ISLAM   | PAGE<br>235 |
|---|-------------|
| Military operations — The Jābiyah conference — Military districts.  | -00         |
| CHAPTER XVIII   |             |
| MARONITES, DRUZES AND OTHER SECTARIANS.  Aramaic survivals — The Mardaites — Saint Maron — John Maron — The spread of Maronitism — The East Syrian Church — The West Syrian Church — The Melkites — A Christian island in a sea of Islam — Druzes — Spread of Druzism — Nuṣayris — Matāwilah.   | 244         |
| CHAPTER XIX   |             |
| Under the 'Abbāsid Caliphate and Successor States 'Abbāsids supersede the Umayyads — The decisive battle of al-Zāb — Uprising in Lebanon — Al-Awzā'i — Qusṭa ibn-Lūqa — Disintegration of the 'Abbāsid state — The Ṭūlūnid dynasty — The Ikhshīdid dynasty — The Fāṭimids — Byzantine incursions — Saljūq Turks — "Land of hermits and fruits". | 266         |
| CHAPTER XX  |             |
| WEST MEETS EAST — THE CRUSADES  | 281         |
| CHAPTER XXI   |             |
| LATIN-LEBANESE INTERRELATIONSHIP  | 310         |
| Economy — Cultural and social impact — Language and religion — Maronites, France and the pope — Indirect results: missionary activity — Mamlük reprisals.   |             |

| 00 |     |     | × 000 0 |   |
|----|-----|-----|---------|---|
|    | IN. | FEN | 11.5    | • |

| -  |    |     |     |    |    |   |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|----|---|
| TT | Λ. | DOT | TOD | 37 | VI | 7 |
|    | H  | P 1 | FR  | A  | A  |   |

| CHAPTER XXII   |     |
|--|-----|
| Life in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Centuries .   | 327 |
| Lebanon divided — The Buḥturs of al-Gharb — Feudalism in Lebanon — Tripoli, capital of a province — Agriculture — Industry and trade — Last Mongol onslaught — Intellectual aspects — Schools — Christian education — Intellectual output. |     |
| CHAPTER XXIII  |     |
| On the Eve of Ottoman Ascendancy   | 347 |
| All-sea route to India — Advent of Ottoman Turks — Duel with Persia — Marj Dābiq, a decisive encounter — Destruction of the Mamlūk régime — The caliphal episode.  |     |
| PART V   |     |
|  |     |
| UNDER THE OTTOMAN TURKS  |     |
| CHAPTER XXIV   |     |
| Under the Crescent and the Star  | 357 |
| Ottoman administration — Ra'iyah and millah — Capitulary rights — Zenith of Ottoman power — Inherent and acquired elements of weakness — Turkish culture.  |     |
| CHAPTER XXV  |     |
| THE PRINCES OF THE MOUNTAIN: THE MA'NS   | 371 |
| The 'Assāfs and Sayfas — Turkish invasion of Lebanon — Fakhr-al-<br>Dīn II, grand amīr of Lebanon — In Italy.  | 0,  |
|  |     |
| CHAPTER XXVI   |     |
| The Princes of the Mountain: The Shihābs   | 386 |
| The Shihābs succeed — New alignment of feudal aristocracy — Greater Lebanon re-established — Zāhir al-'Umar — Al-Jazzār, the butcher.  |     |
| CHAPTER XXVII  |     |
| Foreign and Domestic Relations   | 398 |
| Foreign trade — A Lebanese family of French consuls — Maronite students in Rome — Al-Sam'āni — The synod of al-Luwayzah — South Lebanon — Druze socio-religious organization — Matāwilah.  |     |

INDEX .

#### CHAPTER XXVIII PAGE THE NINETEENTH: A CENTURY OF CHANGE . 412 Bashīr the Great, second architect of Greater Lebanon — Ibrāhīm Pasha in Syria - Beirut takes the lead - Early British residents -Imperial attempts at reform. CHAPTER XXIX TWO DECADES OF CIVIL DISTURBANCE: 1840 TO 1860 433 The first outburst - Solutions that created more problems than they solved — A year that has lived in infamy — Pacification — Reorganization. CHAPTER XXX THE MUTASARRIFIYAH OF JABAL LUBNAN 442 Dā'ūd Pasha and Yūsuf Karam - Seven other mutaşarrifs - The silver lining. CHAPTER XXXI THE IMPACT OF THE WEST AND THE MODERN AWAKENING Educational work: Catholic and Protestant - The printing press -Libraries and bookshops — Indigenous modern schools — Pioneers in modern scholarship — Newspapers and magazines — Drama. CHAPTER XXXII ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL UPHEAVALS 470

| Transformation | in economy - | - Tensio | ons and    | dislocations — I | Lebanon |
|----------------|--------------|----------|------------|------------------|---------|
| the emigrant - | Nationalism  | and po   | litical de | emocracy — The   | Young   |
| Turks and Otto |              |          |            |                  |         |

#### CHAPTER XXXIII

| Two | WORLD      | Wars   | AND              | THE               | MANDATE                   | BETWEEN                     | ٠.             |                   | 483 |
|-----|------------|--------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----|
| (   | Deserted v | ominal | - Unde<br>indepe | er the<br>indence | French — C<br>e — Under n | Greater Leb<br>nartial law- | anon<br>— Full | resus-<br>l inde- |     |

#### CHAPTER XXXIV

| Under | THE                       | Cedar       | FLAG:                 | PROBLEMS                      | S AND             | Progress                      |                 |           | 497 |
|-------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----|
| East  | he pol<br>— Ag<br>lution. | riculture - | na — Trae<br>— Indust | de and trans<br>rial developn | it — Be<br>nent — | eirut, gatewa<br>An effective | y of t<br>peace | he<br>ful |     |
|       |                           |             |                       |                               |                   |                               |                 |           |     |

509

### LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

| The cedars of Lebanon                      |          |         | . Fr        | ontisp | rece |
|--|----------|---------|-------------|--------|------|
|  |          |         |             |        | PAGE |
| Mount Hermon on the present-day Lebe       |          |         | frontier    | -      | 17   |
| Fish fossils from Lebanon, Upper Creta     | ceous p  | eriod   |             | *      | 22   |
| Implements from the Old Stone Age          |          |         |             |        | 43   |
| Teeth and jaws of prehistoric animals      | •        | • ,     |             | 7.     | 45   |
| Implements from the Middle Stone Age       |          |         |             |        | 49   |
| Neolithic objects found at Ra's Beirut     |          |         |             | · *    | 54   |
| Bronze toggle pins found in Lebanon ar     | nd Syri  | a .     |             |        | 58   |
| Skeleton of a Chalcolithic man .           |          |         |             |        | 59   |
| The oldest documented relic of the ceda    | r of Le  | banon   |             | • .    | 69   |
| A royal bracelet from Byblus .             |          |         |             |        | 72   |
| A royal pendentive from Byblus .           |          |         |             |        | 74   |
| Earliest representations of Asiatics .     |          |         |             | facing | 74   |
| A pectoral bearing the cartouche of Am     | enemhe   | et III  | 9           |        | 75   |
| Obverse of a Tell al-'Amārinah tablet      |          |         |             | í.     | 85   |
| Relief of Ramses II at the Dog River sid   | e by sic | le with | that of     | the    |      |
| Assyrian Esarhaddon                        | •        |         |             | *      | 90   |
| Air view of Tyre                           | •        |         |             | •      | 98   |
| A jug of fine buff with a trefoil beak and |          |         |             |        | IOI  |
| A jug of light red ware belonging to the   | Early    | Iron A  | $_{ m Age}$ | •      | 102  |
| An Early Iron Age bowl from Cyprus         | •        |         |             |        | 103  |
| A royal collar in gold repoussé found in   |          |         |             |        | 104  |
| A Canaanite maiden of the twelfth or th    |          |         | ury         |        | 105  |
| Canaanite tribute bearers, from a Thebe    | es tomb  |         |             | •      | 108  |
| Shell of the Murex Trunculus, which yi     | elded t  | he pur  | ple dye     |        | 109  |
| Phoenician bireme                          |          |         | •           |        | 112  |
| A table of alphabets, including Ra's al-   | Shamra   | th cun  | eiform      |        | 123  |
| The Aḥīrām inscription of Byblus, ca. 1    | 000 B.C  | ·       | •           |        | 124  |
| Aḥīrām sarcophagus                         |          |         |             |        | 125  |
| The source of Nahr Ibrāhīm at Afqah        |          |         | •           |        | 129  |
| The Baal (Aliyan) of Ugarit (Ra's al-Sh    | namrah   | ) .     |             |        | 137  |
| Nahr al-Kalb at its mouth                  |          |         |             |        | 146  |
| The so-called sarcophagus of Alexander     |          |         |             |        | 164  |

|  |         |          |    | PAGE |
|--|---------|----------|----|------|
| Astarte crouching, Sidon, third century B.C.       | *       |          |    | 166  |
| Anthropoid sarcophagus of Eshmun-'Azar, king       | of Sido | n        |    | 168  |
| A bottle of Sidon glass, opaque, belonging to the  | first ( | Christia | n  |      |
| century  |         | •        |    | 177  |
| Bas-relief of a stone sarcophagus found at Sic     | don sh  | owing    | a  |      |
| sailing merchant ship                              | •       | •        | •  | 195  |
| Model of the temple of Ba'labakk                   |         |          |    | 215  |
| Hadad of Baʻlabakk, ca. 150 B.C                    | *       | •        |    | 219  |
| Γhe six columns of the temple of Jupiter .         | •       |          |    | 22I  |
| Gate of the temple of Bacchus, Ba'labakk.          |         |          |    | 222  |
| Title-page of a Druze epistle on Christianity by I |         |          |    | 259  |
| First page of a Druze commentary by al-Say         | ryid 'A | bdullā   | h  |      |
| al-Tanūkhi   |         | •        | ٠  | 261  |
| View of modern Ba'labakk with the temple ruins     | in the  | rear     | ٠  | 267  |
| Minaret of the mosque of al-Awzā'i, Bi'r Ḥasan,    | Beirut  |          |    | 271  |
| Ḥiṣn al-Akrād, one of the largest and strongest of | the Ci  | rusadin  | g  |      |
| castles  |         | •        | ٠  | 284  |
| The Crusading castle of Tripoli                    |         |          | •  | 288  |
| The Crusading castle of Jubayl                     | *       | •        |    | 292  |
| The Crusading castle of Sidon                      |         |          | ٠  | 293  |
| Qal'at al-Shaqīf (Belfort)                         |         |          |    | 294  |
| Air view of the islet of Arwād                     |         |          |    | 308  |
| Medieval castle, Beirut                            |         |          | ٠  | 313  |
| The Crusading cathedral of Saint John, Beirut      |         |          |    | 315  |
| Home of dancing dervishes, Tripoli .               |         |          |    | 343  |
| Al-Amīrah Khāṣkīyah, wife of Fakhr-al-Dīn II       |         |          | 4  | 378  |
| Al-Amīr Fakhr-al-Dīn II in Tuscany .               |         |          |    | 379  |
| Dayr al-Qamar, capital of Lebanon under the am     | nīrs    |          |    | 389  |
| Beirut and Mt. Ṣannīn                              |         |          |    | 392  |
| Aḥmad Pasha al-Jazzār of Acre condemning a cr      | iminal  |          | į. | 396  |
| Al-Amīr Bashīr al-Shihābi II, ruler of Lebanon     |         |          |    | 413  |
| Turkish seventy-gun ship, "Corona Ottomana"        |         |          |    | 415  |
| Palace built by al-Amīr Bashīr al-Shihābi II       |         |          |    | 419  |
| Inside entrance to the palace of Bashīr al-Shihābi | II, Bay | t al-Dī  | n  | 420  |
| Lebanese warriors mustered in the esplanade of t   |         |          |    |      |
| palace of Bashīr II                                |         |          |    | 422  |
| Dā'ūd Pasha, first governor of autonomous Lebar    | non, 18 | 61-186   | 8  | 443  |
| The ancient convent of Mār Anṭūniyūs (Sain         |         |          |    | . 10 |
| Qazhayya   | ,       |          |    | 456  |

| LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS  | xvii |
|--|------|
| A wood engraving ("Glory to God at all times") by Abdullāh<br>Zākhir | PAGE |
|  | 457  |
| The monastery of Mār Anṭūniyūs (St. Anthony) near Ihdin              | 459  |
| Beirut, capital of Lebanon, viewed from the American University      |      |
| campus   | 490  |
| Parliament Building, Beirut  | 491  |
| Inscription at the mouth of the Dog River commemorating the          |      |
| evacuation of the last foreign troops from Lebanese soil,            |      |
| December 31, 1946  | 496  |
| Flag of the Lebanese Republic  | 497  |
|  |      |

## LIST OF MAPS

|                              |          |          |          |          |           |      | PAGE |
|------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|------|------|
| Topographical map of Leba    | non an   | d adjac  | ent are  | ea       |           |      | 12   |
| Geologic map of Lebanon, S   | Syria aı | nd Sina  | i        |          |           |      | 20   |
| Sketch of the Mediterranear  | n regio  | n with   | the an   | cient se | ea of th  | ne   |      |
| Tethys superimposed          | ,        |          |          |          |           |      | 21   |
| Lebanon and neighbouring l   | ands il  | lustrati | ng arch  | naeolog  | ical site | es   | 47   |
| Ptolemy's map of Phoenicia,  | includ   | ing also | Syria    | and Pa   | lestine   |      | 62   |
| Phoenicia in the Tell al-'Am |          |          |          |          |           |      | 84   |
| Phoenician colonies .        |          |          |          |          |           |      | 115  |
| Lebanon and Syria, illustrat | ing the  | ancier   | it trade | routes   | and th    | ie   | -    |
| great international high     |          |          |          |          |           |      | 175  |
| Syria as a Roman province    |          |          | 184      |          |           |      | 186  |
| Byzantine Syria-Lebanon      |          |          |          |          |           |      | 191  |
| The Roman Empire at its he   | eight    |          |          |          |           |      | 198  |
| Moslem conquest of Syria ar  | nd Leb   | anon     |          |          |           |      | 240  |
| Northern Lebanon .           |          |          |          |          |           |      | 250  |
| Southern Lebanon .           |          |          |          |          |           |      | 263  |
| Crusader states of Syria and | Leban    | ion      |          |          |           |      | 290  |
| Lebanon in the Mamlūk kin    |          |          |          |          |           |      | 328  |
| Al-Gharb under the Banu-B    | -        |          |          |          |           |      | 330  |
| The Ottoman empire at its h  |          |          | 0        | •        | •         | . 26 | 56-7 |
| Lebanon under the Ma'ns ar   | -        | -        |          |          | •         | 30   | 44.0 |
|                              |          |          |          | · oont   | •         | ٠    | 388  |
| Lebanon and Syria, second l  | nan or   | me mm    | ereentr  | centu    | ı y       | ٠.   | 449  |

### LIST OF COINS

| A poin of Aradua              |          |            |         |          |        |   | PAGE |
|-------------------------------|----------|------------|---------|----------|--------|---|------|
| A coin of Aradus .            | •        | *          |         | ě        | •      |   | 79   |
| A Lichard the Coll            |          |            |         |          | •      |   | 99   |
| A Hebrew shekel of the fifth  | n pre-C  | hristia    | n centu | ıry      | •      |   | 100  |
| A coin of Gades .             |          | •          |         |          | •      |   | 116  |
| A coin of Byblus, A.D. 217/1  | 8        |            |         | •        |        |   | 130  |
| A coin of Tyre, 303 B.C.      | *        |            | •       |          |        |   | 134  |
| A coin of Aradus .            | •        |            | •       | ٠        |        |   | 150  |
| Phoenician coin of the Persi  | an peri  | od, $ca$ . | 340 B.  | C.       |        |   | 151  |
| Double shekel coin of Sidon   |          |            |         |          |        |   | 155  |
| A coin of Alexander the Gre   | eat stru | ck at A    | cre (Pt | tolemai  | s-Ake) |   | 159  |
| A Seleucid coin of Tyre       |          |            |         |          |        |   | 167  |
| A shekel of Tyre, 75/4 B.C.   |          |            |         |          |        |   | 169  |
| A coin of Beirut .            |          |            |         | •        |        |   | 170  |
| A coin of Marathus, 171/70    | B.C.     |            |         |          |        |   | 171  |
| A copper coin of Aradus, 17   | т/70 в.  | .C.        |         |          |        |   | 172  |
| A coin of Antiochus IX        |          |            |         |          |        |   | 173  |
| A coin of Sidon, A.D. 219/20  |          |            |         |          |        |   | 192  |
| An autonomous shekel of Si    |          | /30 B.C    | 2.      |          |        | • | -    |
| A coin of Alexander Severus   |          |            |         | k at Sid | don    | • | 194  |
| A coin of Berytus, A.D. 218-  |          |            |         |          | 1011   | • | 209  |
| Sketch coin of Berytus, first |          | v before   | e Chris | rt.      |        | • | 213  |
| A coin of Septimius Severus   |          | ,          |         |          | •      | • | 214  |
| A coin of Tyre .              |          | 70         | •       | •        | •      | • | 216  |
| Ā coin of Julia Maesa         |          |            |         | •        | •      | • | 216  |
| A coin of Byblus .            |          |            | ,       | •        | •      | • | 217  |
| A coin of Philip the Arab     |          | •          | •       | . •2     | •      | • | 217  |
| A coin of Berytus .           |          | •          | *       | •        | •      | • | 220  |
| A coin of Beirut .            | •        | •          | •       | •        | •      | • | 224  |
| An Umayyad coin of Ba'lab     | okk      | •          | •       | • ,      | 10.0   | • | 226  |
| A Fāṭimid dinar of Acre       | ann      | *          | •       |          | *      |   | 243  |
| A coin of al-Mustanșir Billā  | h        |            | •       |          |        | • | 276  |
|                               | 11       | •          |         |          |        | • | 277  |
| A coin of Ṣalāḥ-al-Dīn        |          |            | •       |          | •      | ٠ | 299  |
| A silver bezant with Arabic   |          |            |         | D. 1250  | )      |   | 301  |
| A Frankish dinar struck at '  |          |            |         |          | •      | • | 303  |
|                               | X1:      | X          |         |          |        |   |      |