

BRITISH WRITERS

SUPPLEMENT V

AYCKBOURN
BALLARD
BOLAND
DESAI
R. DOYLE
FITZGERALD
FRIEL
HARRIS
HARRISON
HIGHSMITH
HILL
JENNINGS
JHABVALA
KELMAN
KINSELLA
McGUCKIAN
MILNE
MURPHY
O'BRIEN
OKRI
ORTON
PHILLIPS
SELF
SILLITOE
G. SWIFT

CUMULATIVE INDEX FOR VOLUMES I-VII
AND SUPPLEMENTS I-V

BRITISH WRITERS

GEORGE STADE

SARAH HANNAH GOLDSTEIN

Editors

SUPPLEMENT V



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Introduction

The twenty-five articles in *British Writers, Supplement V* survey writers who for one reason or another are not represented in either the initial seven volumes of *British Writers* (1979–1984) or in supplements I (1987), II (1992), III (1996), or IV (1997). In Supplement V, as in its immediate predecessor, all but a couple of the writers came of age following World War II; they are not only moderns, but contemporaries, their careers still evolving.

From its inception, *British Writers* was designed as a companion to the ongoing *American Writers* (1974–). These two sets were followed by *Ancient Writers: Greece and Rome* (2 vols., 1982), by *European Writers* (14 vols., 1983–1991) and its three-volume redaction, *European Writers* (1992), by *Latin American Writers* (3 vols., 1989), and by *African Writers* (2 vols., 1996). These volumes constitute, so far, the Scribner World Literature series. And they are allied to works such as *Science Fiction Writers* (1982), *Supernatural Fiction Writers* (2 vols., 1985), *William Shakespeare: His World, His Work, His Influence* (3 vols., 1985), *Writers for Children* (1988), *The Books of the Bible* (1989), *Modern American Women Writers* (1991), *African-American Writers* (1991), and *American Nature Writers* (2 vols., 1996).

Each article in *British Writers, Supplement V* is devoted to a single writer; each is at least twelve thousand words long. Each article presents an account of the writer's works, life, and relations to his or her time, place, and literary context. But from article to article the emphasis varies, just as from writer to writer the relative interest of the life, the reading, the situation varies. Whatever the relative emphasis, the works come first; other matters are taken up to the extent that they form or inform the works.

In style and scope, the articles are expressly written for that mythical but inspiring figure, the general reader, rather than for the specialist. They are written, that is, for high school, college, and graduate students, as well as for their teachers; for librarians and editors; for reviewers, scholars, and critics; for literary browsers; for anyone who wants

to repair an erosion or gap in his or her reservoir of knowledge. The article that can at once inform the general reader and stimulate the specialist will have achieved its goal.

Above all, and in consultation with librarians, the editors asked themselves whether a writer under consideration for inclusion was someone that English-speaking readers were likely to look up—upon publication of Supplement V or twenty years later. The editors therefore took into account a shift in reader interest and critical activity and classroom attention that has not yet worked itself out. That shift, which is often thought of as a process of decanonization, includes a weakening of the distinction between popular literature and the other kind, whatever we call it. Thus earlier supplements include articles on such “popular” writers as Agatha Christie, John le Carré, Bram Stoker, H. Rider Haggard, Dorothy L. Sayers, Daphne du Maurier, Eric Ambler, and P. D. James. Thus Supplement V includes articles on Patricia Highsmith and J. G. Ballard.

In accordance with a practice that evolved early in the series, not all the writers represented in Supplement V are “British” in one or another restricted sense of the word. Anita Desai, for example, was born in Mussoorie, India; Patricia Highsmith was born in the United States; Eavan Boland, Medbh McGuckian, and Thomas Kinsella are very much Irish. But their relation to British literary culture was continuous and formative, if sometimes adversarial; their work shows up most vividly for what it is against the background of that British literary culture it enlarges or contests. In any case, the editors felt that readers would want to look up Desai and Boland, for example, but could not do so elsewhere in articles like the ones that make up this volume. This last justification, however, could apply to all the articles in this volume: they are all about writers who are well worth looking up.

GEORGE STADE
SARAH HANNAH GOLDSTEIN

Chronology

1901–1910 Reign of King Edward VII

1901 William McKinley assassinated; Theodore Roosevelt succeeds to the presidency

First transatlantic wireless telegraph signal transmitted

Chekhov's *Three Sisters*

Freud's *Psychopathology of Everyday Life*

Rudyard Kipling's *Kim*

Thomas Mann's *Buddenbrooks*

Potter's *The Tale of Peter Rabbit*

Shaw's *Captain Brassbound's Conversion*

1902

August Strindberg's *The Dance of Death*

Barrie's *The Admirable Crichton*

Arnold Bennett's *Anna of the Five Towns*

Cézanne's *Le Lac d'Annecy*

Conrad's *Heart of Darkness*

Henry James's *The Wings of the Dove*

William James's *The Varieties of Religious Experience*

Kipling's *Just So Stories*

Maugham's *Mrs. Craddock*

Christina Stead born

Stevie Smith born

Times Literary Supplement begins publishing

1903

At its London congress the Russian Social Democratic Party divides into Mensheviks, led by Plekhanov, and Bolsheviks, led by Lenin

The treaty of Panama places the Canal Zone in U.S. hands for a nominal rent

Motor cars regulated in Britain to a 20-mile-per-hour limit

The Wright brothers make a successful flight in the United States

Burlington magazine founded

Samuel Butler's *The Way of All Flesh* published posthumously

Cyril Connolly born

George Gissing's *The Private Papers of Henry Ryecroft*

Thomas Hardy's *The Dynasts*

Henry James's *The Ambassadors*

Alan Paton born

Shaw's *Man and Superman*

Synge's *Riders to the Sea* produced in Dublin

Yeats's *In the Seven Woods* and *On Baile's Strand*

1904

Roosevelt elected president of the United States

Russo-Japanese war (1904–1905)

Construction of the Panama Canal begins

The ultraviolet lamp invented

The engineering firm of Rolls-Royce founded

Barrie's *Peter Pan* first performed

Cecil Day Lewis born

Chekhov's *The Cherry Orchard*

Conrad's *Nostromo*

Henry James's *The Golden Bowl*

Kipling's *Traffics and Discoveries*

Georges Rouault's *Head of a Tragic Clown*

G. M. Trevelyan's *England Under the Stuarts*

Puccini's *Madame Butterfly*

First Shaw-Granville Barker season at the Royal Court Theatre

The Abbey Theatre founded in Dublin

1905

Russian sailors on the battleship *Potemkin* mutiny

After riots and a general strike the czar concedes to demands by the Duma for legislative powers, a wider franchise, and civil liberties

Albert Einstein publishes his first theory of relativity

The Austin Motor Company founded

Bennett's *Tales of the Five Towns*

Claude Debussy's *La Mer*

E. M. Forster's *Where Angels Fear to Tread*

Henry Green born

Richard Strauss's *Salome*

H. G. Wells's *Kipps*

Oscar Wilde's *De Profundis*

CHRONOLOGY

- 1906 Liberals win a landslide victory in the British general election
The Trades Disputes Act legitimizes peaceful picketing in Britain
Captain Dreyfus rehabilitated in France
J. J. Thomson begins research on gamma rays
The U.S. Pure Food and Drug Act passed
Churchill's *Lord Randolph Churchill*
William Empson born
Galsworthy's *The Man of Property*
Kipling's *Puck of Pook's Hill*
Shaw's *The Doctor's Dilemma*
Yeats's *Poems* 1899–1905
- 1907 Exhibition of cubist paintings in Paris
Henry Adams' *The Education of Henry Adams*
Henri Bergson's *Creative Evolution*
Conrad's *The Secret Agent*
Daphne du Maurier born
Forster's *The Longest Journey*
Christopher Fry born
André Gide's *La Porte étroite*
Shaw's *John Bull's Other Island* and *Major Barbara*
Synge's *The Playboy of the Western World*
Trevelyan's *Garibaldi's Defence of the Roman Republic*
- 1908 Herbert Asquith becomes prime minister
David Lloyd George becomes chancellor of the exchequer
William Howard Taft elected president of the United States
The Young Turks seize power in Istanbul
Henry Ford's Model T car produced
Bennett's *The Old Wives' Tale*
Pierre Bonnard's *Nude Against the Light*
Georges Braque's *House at L'Estaque*
Chesterton's *The Man Who Was Thursday*
Jacob Epstein's *Figures* erected in London
Forster's *A Room with a View*
Anatole France's *L'Ile des Pingouins*
Henri Matisse's *Bonheur de Vivre*
Elgar's First Symphony
Ford Madox Ford founds the *English Review*
- 1909 The Young Turks depose Sultan Abdul Hamid
The Anglo-Persian Oil Company formed
Louis Bleriot crosses the English Channel from France by monoplane
- Admiral Robert Peary reaches the North Pole
Freud lectures at Clark University (Worcester, Mass.) on psychoanalysis
Serge Diaghilev's *Ballets Russes* opens in Paris
Galsworthy's *Strife*
Hardy's *Time's Laughingstocks*
Eric Ambler born
Malcolm Lowry born
Claude Monet's *Water Lilies*
Stephen Spender born
Trevelyan's *Garibaldi and the Thousand*
Wells's *Tono-Bungay* first published (book form, 1909)
- 1910–1936 Reign of King George V**
- 1910 The Liberals win the British general election
Marie Curie's *Treatise on Radiography*
Arthur Evans excavates Knossos
Edouard Manet and the first post-impressionist exhibition in London
Filippo Marinetti publishes "Manifesto of the Futurist Painters"
Norman Angell's *The Great Illusion*
Bennett's *Clayhanger*
Forster's *Howards End*
Galsworthy's *Justice* and *The Silver Box*
Kipling's *Rewards and Fairies*
Rimsky-Korsakov's *Le Coq d'or*
Stravinsky's *The Firebird*
Vaughan Williams' *A Sea Symphony*
Wells's *The History of Mr. Polly*
Wells's *The New Machiavelli* first published (in book form, 1911)
- 1911 Lloyd George introduces National Health Insurance Bill
Suffragette riots in Whitehall
Roald Amundsen reaches the South Pole
Bennett's *The Card*
Chagall's *Self Portrait with Seven Fingers*
Conrad's *Under Western Eyes*
D. H. Lawrence's *The White Peacock*
Katherine Mansfield's *In a German Pension*
Edward Marsh edits *Georgian Poetry*
George Moore's *Hail and Farewell* (1911–1914)
Flann O'Brien born
Strauss's *Der Rosenkavalier*
Stravinsky's *Petrouchka*

CHRONOLOGY

- Trevelyan's *Garibaldi and the Making of Italy*
Wells's *The New Machiavelli*
Mahler's *Das Lied von der Erde*
- 1912 Woodrow Wilson elected president of the United States
SS *Titanic* sinks on its maiden voyage
Five million Americans go to the movies daily; London has four hundred movie theaters
Second post-impressionist exhibition in London
Bennett's and Edward Knoblock's *Milestones*
Constantin Brancusi's *Maiistra*
Wassily Kandinsky's *Black Lines*
D. H. Lawrence's *The Trespasser*
- 1913 Second Balkan War begins
Henry Ford pioneers factory assembly technique through conveyor belts
Epstein's *Tomb of Oscar Wilde*
New York Armory Show introduces modern art to the world
Alain Fournier's *Le Grand Meaulnes*
Freud's *Totem and Tabu*
D. H. Lawrence's *Sons and Lovers*
Mann's *Death in Venice*
Proust's *Du côté de chez Swann* (first volume of *A la recherche du temps perdu*, 1913–1922)
Barbara Pym born
Ravel's *Daphnis and Chloé*
- 1914 The Panama Canal opens (formal dedication on 12 July 1920)
Irish Home Rule Bill passed in the House of Commons
Archduke Franz Ferdinand assassinated at Sarajevo
World War I begins
Battles of the Marne, Masurian Lakes, and Falkland Islands
Joyce's *Dubliners*
Shaw's *Pygmalion* and *Androcles and the Lion*
Yeats's *Responsibilities*
Wyndham Lewis publishes *Blast* magazine and *The Vorticist Manifesto*
- 1915 The Dardanelles campaign begins
Britain and Germany begin naval and submarine blockades
The *Lusitania* is sunk
- Hugo Junkers manufactures the first fighter aircraft
Poison gas used for the first time
First Zeppelin raid in London
Brooke's 1914: *Five Sonnets*
Norman Douglas' *Old Calabria*
D. W. Griffith's *The Birth of a Nation*
Gustav Holst's *The Planets*
D. H. Lawrence's *The Rainbow*
Wyndham Lewis's *The Crowd*
Maugham's *Of Human Bondage*
Pablo Picasso's *Harlequin*
Sibelius' Fifth Symphony
- 1916 Evacuation of Gallipoli and the Dardanelles
Battles of the Somme, Jutland, and Verdun
Britain introduces conscription
The Easter Rebellion in Dublin
Asquith resigns and David Lloyd George becomes prime minister
The Sykes-Picot agreement on the partition of Turkey
First military tanks used
Wilson reelected president of the United States
Henri Barbusse's *Le Feu*
Griffith's *Intolerance*
Penelope Fitzgerald born
Roald Dahl born
Joyce's *Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man*
Jung's *Psychology of the Unconscious*
Moore's *The Brook Kerith*
Edith Sitwell edits *Wheels* (1916–1921)
Wells's *Mr. Britling Sees It Through*
- 1917 United States enters World War I
Czar Nicholas II abdicates
The Balfour Declaration on a Jewish national home in Palestine
The Bolshevik Revolution
Georges Clemenceau elected prime minister of France
Lenin appointed chief commissar; Trotsky appointed minister of foreign affairs
Conrad's *The Shadow-Line*
Douglas' *South Wind*
Eliot's *Prufrock and Other Observations*
Modigliani's *Nude with Necklace*
Sassoon's *The Old Huntsman*
Prokofiev's *Classical Symphony*
Yeats's *The Wild Swans at Coole*

CHRONOLOGY

- 1918 Wilson puts forward Fourteen Points for World Peace
Central Powers and Russia sign the Treaty of Brest-Litovsk
Execution of Czar Nicholas II and his family
Kaiser Wilhelm II abdicates
The Armistice signed
Women granted the vote at age thirty in Britain
Rupert Brooke's *Collected Poems*
Gerard Manley Hopkins' *Poems*
Joyce's *Exiles*
Wyndham Lewis' *Tarr*
Sassoon's *Counter-Attack*
Oswald Spengler's *The Decline of the West*
Strachey's *Eminent Victorians*
Béla Bartók's *Bluebeard's Castle*
Charlie Chaplin's *Shoulder Arms*
- 1919 The Versailles Peace Treaty signed
J. W. Alcock and A. W. Brown make first transatlantic flight
Ross Smith flies from London to Australia
National Socialist party founded in Germany
Benito Mussolini founds the Fascist party in Italy
Sinn Fein Congress adopts declaration of independence in Dublin
Eamon De Valera elected president of Sinn Fein party
Communist Third International founded
Lady Astor elected first woman Member of Parliament
Prohibition in the United States
John Maynard Keynes's *The Economic Consequences of the Peace*
Eliot's *Poems*
Maugham's *The Moon and Sixpence*
Shaw's *Heartbreak House*
The Bauhaus school of design; building, and crafts founded by Walter Gropius
Amedeo Modigliani's *Self-Portrait*
- 1920 The League of Nations established
Warren G. Harding elected president of the United States
Senate votes against joining the League and rejects the Treaty of Versailles
The Nineteenth Amendment gives women the right to vote in the United States
- White Russian forces of Denikin and Kolchak defeated by the Bolsheviks
P. D. James born
Karel Čapek's *R.U.R.*
Galsworthy's *In Chancery* and *The Skin Game*
Sinclair Lewis' *Main Street*
Katherine Mansfield's *Bliss*
Matisse's *Odaliques* (1920–1925)
Ezra Pound's *Hugh Selwyn Mauberly*
Paul Valéry's *Le Cimetière Marin*
Yeats's *Michael Robartes and the Dancer*
- 1921 Britain signs peace with Ireland
First medium-wave radio broadcast in the United States
The British Broadcasting Corporation founded
Braque's *Still Life with Guitar*
Chaplin's *The Kid*
Aldous Huxley's *Crome Yellow*
Paul Klee's *The Fish*
Brian Harris born
Patricia Highsmith born
D. H. Lawrence's *Women in Love*
John McTaggart's *The Nature of Existence* (vol. 1)
George Moore's *Héloïse and Abélard*
Eugene O'Neill's *The Emperor Jones*
Luigi Pirandello's *Six Characters in Search of an Author*
Shaw's *Back to Methuselah*
Strachey's *Queen Victoria*
- 1922 Lloyd George's Coalition government succeeded by Bonar Law's Conservative government
Benito Mussolini marches on Rome and forms a government
William Cosgrave elected president of the Irish Free State
The BBC begins broadcasting in London
Lord Carnarvon and Howard Carter discover Tutankhamen's tomb
The PEN club founded in London
The *Criterion* founded with T. S. Eliot as editor
Kingsley Amis born
Eliot's *The Waste Land*
A. E. Housman's *Last Poems*
Joyce's *Ulysses*
D. H. Lawrence's *Aaron's Rod* and *England, My England*
Sinclair Lewis' *Babbitt*

CHRONOLOGY

- O'Neill's *Anna Christie*
 Pirandello's *Henry IV*
 Edith Sitwell's *Façade*
 Virginia Woolf's *Jacob's Room*
 Yeats's *The Trembling of the Veil*
- 1923 The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics established
 French and Belgian troops occupy the Ruhr in consequence of Germany's failure to pay reparations
 Mustafa Kemal (Ataturk) proclaims Turkey a republic and is elected president
 Warren G. Harding dies; Calvin Coolidge becomes president
 Stanley Baldwin succeeds Bonar Law as prime minister
 Adolf Hitler's attempted coup in Munich fails
Time magazine begins publishing
 E. N. da C. Andrade's *The Structure of the Atom*
 Brendan Behan born
 Christine Brooke-Rose born
 Bennett's *Riceyman Steps*
 Churchill's *The World Crisis* (1923–1927)
 J. E. Flecker's *Hassan* produced
 Nadine Gordimer born
 Paul Klee's *Magic Theatre*
 D. H. Lawrence's *Kangaroo*
 Rainer Maria Rilke's *Duino Elegies* and *Sonnets to Orpheus*
 Sibelius' Sixth Symphony
 Picasso's *Seated Woman*
 William Walton's *Façade*
- 1924 Ramsay MacDonald forms first Labour government, loses general election, and is succeeded by Stanley Baldwin
 Calvin Coolidge elected president of the United States
 Noël Coward's *The Vortex*
 Forster's *A Passage to India*
 Mann's *The Magic Mountain*
 Shaw's *St. Joan*
- 1925 Reza Khan becomes shah of Iran
 First surrealist exhibition held in Paris
 Alban Berg's *Wozzeck*
 Chaplin's *The Gold Rush*
 John Dos Passos' *Manhattan Transfer*
 Theodore Dreiser's *An American Tragedy*
 Sergei Eisenstein's *Battleship Potemkin*
 F. Scott Fitzgerald's *The Great Gatsby*
 André Gide's *Les Faux Monnayeurs*
- Hardy's *Human Shows and Far Phantasies*
 Aldous Huxley's *Those Barren Leaves*
 Kafka's *The Trial*
 Sean O'Casey's *Juno and the Paycock*
 Virginia Woolf's *Mrs. Dalloway* and *The Common Reader*
 Brancusi's *Bird in Space*
 Shostakovich's First Symphony
 Sibelius' *Tapiola*
Elizabeth Jennings born
- 1926 Ford's *A Man Could Stand Up*
 Gide's *Si le grain ne meurt*
 Hemingway's *The Sun also Rises*
 Kafka's *The Castle*
 D. H. Lawrence's *The Plumed Serpent*
 T. E. Lawrence's *Seven Pillars of Wisdom* privately circulated
 Maugham's *The Casuarina Tree*
 O'Casey's *The Plough and the Stars*
 Puccini's *Turandot*
 John Berger born
- 1927 General Chiang Kai-shek becomes prime minister in China
 Trotsky expelled by the Communist Party as a deviationist; Stalin becomes leader of the party and dictator of the Soviet Union
 Charles Lindbergh flies from New York to Paris
Ruth Praver Jhabvala born
Richard Murphy born
 J. W. Dunne's *An Experiment with Time*
 Freud's *Autobiography* translated into English
 Albert Giacometti's *Observing Head*
 Ernest Hemingway's *Men Without Women*
 Fritz Lang's *Metropolis*
 Wyndham Lewis' *Time and Western Man*
 F. W. Murnau's *Sunrise*
 Proust's *Le Temps retrouvé* posthumously published
 Stravinsky's *Oedipus Rex*
 Virginia Woolf's *To the Lighthouse*
- 1928 The Kellogg-Briand Pact, outlawing war and providing for peaceful settlement of disputes, signed in Paris by sixty-two nations, including the Soviet Union
 Herbert Hoover elected president of the United States
 Women's suffrage granted at age twenty-one in Britain

CHRONOLOGY

- Alexander Fleming discovers penicillin
 Anita Brookner born
Thomas Kinsella born
Alan Sillitoe born
 William Trevor born
 Bertolt Brecht and Kurt Weill's *The Three-Penny Opera*
 Eisenstein's *October*
 Aldous Huxley's *Point Counter Point*
 Christopher Isherwood's *All the Conspirators*
 D. H. Lawrence's *Lady Chatterley's Lover*
 Wyndham Lewis' *The Childermass*
 Matisse's *Seated Odalisque*
 Munch's *Girl on a Sofa*
 Shaw's *Intelligent Woman's Guide to Socialism*
 Virginia Woolf's *Orlando*
 Yeats's *The Tower*
- 1929 The Labour party wins British general election
 Trotsky expelled from the Soviet Union
 Museum of Modern Art opens in New York
 Collapse of U.S. stock exchange begins world economic crisis
Brian Friel born
 Thom Gunn born
 Robert Bridges' *The Testament of Beauty*
 William Faulkner's *The Sound and the Fury*
 Robert Graves's *Goodbye to All That*
 Hemingway's *A Farewell to Arms*
 Ernst Junger's *The Storm of Steel*
 Hugo von Hoffmansthal's *Poems*
 Henry Moore's *Reclining Figure*
 J. B. Priestley's *The Good Companions*
 Erich Maria Remarque's *All Quiet on the Western Front*
 Shaw's *The Applescart*
 R. C. Sheriff's *Journey's End*
 Edith Sitwell's *Gold Coast Customs*
 Thomas Wolfe's *Look Homeward, Angel*
 Virginia Woolf's *A Room of One's Own*
 Yeats's *The Winding Stair*
 Second surrealist manifesto; Salvador Dali joins the surrealists
 Epstein's *Night and Day*
 Mondrian's *Composition with Yellow Blue*
- 1930 Allied occupation of the Rhineland ends
 Mohandas Gandhi opens civil disobedience campaign in India
- The *Daily Worker*, journal of the British Communist party, begins publishing
 J. W. Reppe makes artificial fabrics from an acetylene base
J. G. Ballard born
 John Arden born
 W. H. Auden's *Poems*
 Coward's *Private Lives*
 Eliot's *Ash Wednesday*
 Wyndham Lewis' *The Apes of God*
 Maugham's *Cakes and Ale*
 Ezra Pound's *XXX Cantos*
 Evelyn Waugh's *Vile Bodies*
- 1931 The failure of the Credit Anstalt in Austria starts a financial collapse in Central Europe
 Britain abandons the gold standard; the pound falls by twenty-five percent
 Mutiny in the Royal Navy at Invergordon over pay cuts
 Ramsay MacDonald resigns, splits the Cabinet, and is expelled by the Labour party; in the general election the National Government wins by a majority of five hundred seats
 The Statute of Westminster defines dominion status
 Ninette de Valois founds the Vic-Wells Ballet (eventually the Royal Ballet)
 Coward's *Cavalcade*
 Dali's *The Persistence of Memory*
 John le Carré born
 Fay Weldon born
 O'Neill's *Mourning Becomes Electra*
 Anthony Powell's *Afternoon Men*
 Antoine de Saint-Exupéry's *Vol de nuit*
 William Walton's *Belshazzar's Feast*
 Virginia Woolf's *The Waves*
- 1932 Franklin D. Roosevelt elected president of the United States
 Paul von Hindenburg elected president of Germany; Franz von Papen elected chancellor
 Sir Oswald Mosley founds British Union of Fascists
 The BBC takes over development of television from J. L. Baird's company
 Basic English of 850 words designed as a prospective international language
 The Folger Library opens in Washington, D.C.

CHRONOLOGY

- The Shakespeare Memorial Theatre opens in Stratford-upon-Avon
Geoffrey Hill born
Edna O'Brien born
 Faulkner's *Light in August*
 Aldous Huxley's *Brave New World*
 F. R. Leavis' *New Bearings in English Poetry*
 Boris Pasternak's *Second Birth*
 Ravel's *Concerto for Left Hand*
 Rouault's *Christ Mocked by Soldiers*
 Waugh's *Black Mischief*
 Yeats's *Words for Music Perhaps*
- 1933 Roosevelt inaugurates the New Deal
 Hitler becomes chancellor of Germany
 The Reichstag set on fire
 Hitler suspends civil liberties and freedom of the press; German trade unions suppressed
 George Balanchine and Lincoln Kirstein found the School of American Ballet
Joe Orton born
 Lowry's *Ultramarine*
 André Malraux's *La Condition humaine*
 Orwell's *Down and Out in Paris and London*
 Gertrude Stein's *The Autobiography of Alice B. Toklas*
- 1934 The League Disarmament Conference ends in failure
 The Soviet Union admitted to the League
 Hitler becomes Führer
 Civil war in Austria; Engelbert Dollfuss assassinated in attempted Nazi coup
 Frédéric Joliot and Irene Joliot-Curie discover artificial (induced) radioactivity
 Einstein's *My Philosophy*
 Fitzgerald's *Tender Is the Night*
 Graves's *I, Claudius* and *Claudius the God*
 Toynbee's *A Study of History* begins publication (1934–1954)
 Waugh's *A Handful of Dust*
- 1935 Grigori Zinoviev and other Soviet leaders convicted of treason
 Stanley Baldwin becomes prime minister in National Government; National Government wins general election in Britain
 Italy invades Abyssinia
 Germany repudiates disarmament clauses of Treaty of Versailles
 Germany reintroduces compulsory military service and outlaws the Jews
- Robert Watson-Watt builds first practical radar equipment
 Thomas Keneally born
 David Lodge born
 D. M. Thomas born
 Karl Jaspers' *Suffering and Existence*
 Ivy Compton-Burnett's *A House and Its Head*
 Eliot's *Murder in the Cathedral*
 Barbara Hepworth's *Three Forms*
 George Gershwin's *Porgy and Bess*
 Graham Greene's *England Made Me*
 Isherwood's *Mr. Norris Changes Trains*
 Malraux's *Le Temps du mépris*
 Yeats's *Dramatis Personae*
 Klee's *Child Consecrated to Suffering*
 Benedict Nicholson's *White Relief*
- 1936 Edward VII accedes to the throne in January; abdicates in December
- 1936–1952 Reign of George VI**
- 1936 German troops occupy the Rhineland
 Ninety-nine percent of German electorate vote for Nazi candidates
 The Popular Front wins general election in France; Léon Blum becomes prime minister
 Roosevelt reelected president of the United States
 The Popular Front wins general election in Spain
 Spanish Civil War begins
 Italian troops occupy Addis Ababa; Abyssinia annexed by Italy
 BBC begins television service from Alexandra Palace
 A. S. Byatt born
 Auden's *Look, Stranger!*
 Auden and Isherwood's *The Ascent of F-6*
 A. J. Ayer's *Language, Truth and Logic*
 Chaplin's *Modern Times*
 Greene's *A Gun for Sale*
 Aldous Huxley's *Eyeless in Gaza*
 Keynes's *General Theory of Employment*
 F. R. Leavis' *Revaluation*
 Mondrian's *Composition in Red and Blue*
 Dylan Thomas' *Twenty-five Poems*
 Wells's *The Shape of Things to Come* filmed
- 1937 Trial of Karl Radek and other Soviet leaders
 Neville Chamberlain succeeds Stanley Baldwin as prime minister
 China and Japan at war

CHRONOLOGY

- Frank Whittle designs jet engine
 Picasso's *Guernica*
 Shostakovich's Fifth Symphony
 Magritte's *La Reproduction interdite*
Anita Desai born
Tony Harrison born
 Hemingway's *To Have and Have Not*
 Malraux's *L'Espoir*
 Orwell's *The Road to Wigan Pier*
 Priestley's *Time and the Conways*
 Virginia Woolf's *The Years*
- 1938 Trial of Nikolai Bukharin and other Soviet political leaders
 Austria occupied by German troops and declared part of the Reich
 Hitler states his determination to annex Sudetenland from Czechoslovakia
 Britain, France, Germany, and Italy sign the Munich agreement
 German troops occupy Sudetenland
 Caryl Churchill born
 Edward Hulton founds *Picture Post*
 Cyril Connolly's *Enemies of Promise*
 du Maurier's *Rebecca*
 Faulkner's *The Unvanquished*
 Graham Greene's *Brighton Rock*
 Hindemith's *Mathis der Maler*
 Jean Renoir's *La Grande Illusion*
 Jean-Paul Sartre's *La Nausée*
 Yeats's *New Poems*
- 1939 Anthony Asquith's *Pygmalion* and Walt Disney's *Snow White*
 German troops occupy Bohemia and Moravia; Czechoslovakia incorporated into Third Reich
 Madrid surrenders to General Franco; the Spanish Civil War ends
 Italy invades Albania
 Spain joins Germany, Italy, and Japan in anti-Comintern Pact
 Britain and France pledge support to Poland, Romania, and Greece
 The Soviet Union proposes defensive alliance with Britain; British military mission visits Moscow
 The Soviet Union and Germany sign non-aggression treaty, secretly providing for partition of Poland between them
 Germany invades Poland; Britain, France, and Germany at war
 The Soviet Union invades Finland
 New York World's Fair opens
- 1940 Eliot's *The Family Reunion*
Alan Ayckbourn born
 Margaret Drabble born
 Seamus Heaney born
 Isherwood's *Good-bye to Berlin*
 Joyce's *Finnegans Wake* (1922–1939)
 MacNeice's *Autumn Journal*
 Powell's *What's Become of Waring?*
 Churchill becomes prime minister
 Italy declares war on France, Britain, and Greece
 General de Gaulle founds Free French Movement
 The Battle of Britain and the bombing of London
 Roosevelt reelected president of the United States for third term
 Betjeman's *Old Lights for New Chancels*
 Angela Carter born
 Bruce Chatwin born
 Chaplin's *The Great Dictator*
 Disney's *Fantasia*
 Greene's *The Power and the Glory*
 Hemingway's *For Whom the Bell Tolls*
 C. P. Snow's *Strangers and Brothers* (retitled *George Passant* in 1970, when entire sequence of ten novels, published 1940–1970, was entitled *Strangers and Brothers*)
- 1941 German forces occupy Yugoslavia, Greece, and Crete, and invade the Soviet Union
 Lend-Lease agreement between the United States and Britain
 President Roosevelt and Winston Churchill sign the Atlantic Charter
 Japanese forces attack Pearl Harbor; United States declares war on Japan, Germany, Italy; Britain on Japan
 Auden's *New Year Letter*
 James Burnham's *The Managerial Revolution*
 F. Scott Fitzgerald's *The Last Tycoon*
 Aldous Huxley's *Grey Eminence*
 Shostakovich's Seventh Symphony
 Michael Tippett's *A Child of Our Time*
 Orson Welles's *Citizen Kane*
 Virginia Woolf's *Between the Acts*
- 1942 Japanese forces capture Singapore, Hong Kong, Bataan, Manila
 German forces capture Tobruk
 U.S. fleet defeats the Japanese in the Coral Sea, captures Guadalcanal

CHRONOLOGY

- Battle of El Alamein
 Allied forces land in French North Africa
 Atom first split at University of Chicago
 William Beveridge's *Social Insurance and Allied Services*
 Albert Camus's *L'Étranger*
 Joyce Cary's *To Be a Pilgrim*
 Edith Sitwell's *Street Songs*
 Waugh's *Put Out More Flags*
 1943 German forces surrender at Stalingrad
 German and Italian forces surrender in North Africa
 Italy surrenders to Allies and declares war on Germany
 Cairo conference between Roosevelt, Churchill, Chiang Kai-shek
 Teheran conference between Roosevelt, Churchill, Stalin
 Pat Barker born
 Eliot's *Four Quartets*
 Henry Moore's *Madonna and Child*
 Sartre's *Les Mouches*
 Vaughan Williams' Fifth Symphony
 1944 Allied forces land in Normandy and southern France
 Allied forces enter Rome
 Attempted assassination of Hitler fails
 Liberation of Paris
 U.S. forces land in Philippines
 German offensive in the Ardennes halted
 Roosevelt reelected president of the United States for fourth term
 Education Act passed in Britain
 Pay-as-You-Earn income tax introduced
Eavan Boland born
 Beveridge's *Full Employment in a Free Society*
 Cary's *The Horse's Mouth*
 Aldous Huxley's *Time Must Have a Stop*
 Maugham's *The Razor's Edge*
 Sartre's *Huis Clos*
 Edith Sitwell's *Green Song and Other Poems*
 Graham Sutherland's *Christ on the Cross*
 Trevelyan's *English Social History*
 1945 British and Indian forces open offensive in Burma
 Yalta conference between Roosevelt, Churchill, Stalin
 Mussolini executed by Italian partisans
 Roosevelt dies; Harry S. Truman becomes president
 Hitler commits suicide; German forces surrender
 The Potsdam Peace Conference
 The United Nations Charter ratified in San Francisco
 The Labour Party wins British general election
 Atomic bombs dropped on Hiroshima and Nagasaki
 Surrender of Japanese forces ends World War II
 Trial of Nazi war criminals opens at Nuremberg
 All-India Congress demands British withdrawal from India
 De Gaulle elected president of French Provisional Government; resigns the next year
 Betjeman's *New Bats in Old Belfries*
 Britten's *Peter Grimes*
 Orwell's *Animal Farm*
 Bertrand Russell's *History of Western Philosophy*
 Sartre's *The Age of Reason*
 Edith Sitwell's *The Song of the Cold*
 Waugh's *Brideshead Revisited*
 1946 Bills to nationalize railways, coal mines, and the Bank of England passed in Britain
 Nuremberg Trials concluded
 United Nations General Assembly meets in New York as its permanent headquarters
 The Arab Council inaugurated in Britain
 Julian Barnes born
James Kelman born
 Frederick Ashton's *Symphonic Variations*
 Britten's *The Rape of Lucretia*
 David Lean's *Great Expectations*
 O'Neill's *The Iceman Cometh*
 Roberto Rossellini's *Paisà*
 Dylan Thomas' *Deaths and Entrances*
 1947 President Truman announces program of aid to Greece and Turkey and outlines the "Truman Doctrine"
 Independence of India proclaimed; partition between India and Pakistan, and communal strife between Hindus and Muslims follows
 General Marshall calls for a European recovery program
 First supersonic air flight

CHRONOLOGY

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|------|--|------|---|
| | Britain's first atomic pile at Harwell comes into operation | | Cary's <i>A Fearful Joy</i> |
| | Edinburgh Festival established | | Arthur Miller's <i>Death of a Salesman</i> |
| | Discovery of the Dead Sea Scrolls in Palestine | 1950 | Orwell's <i>Nineteen Eighty-four</i> |
| | Princess Elizabeth marries Philip Mountbatten, duke of Edinburgh | | Korean War breaks out |
| | David Hare born | | Nobel Prize for literature awarded to Bertrand Russell |
| | Salman Rushdie born | | Medbh McGuckian born |
| | Auden's <i>Age of Anxiety</i> | | R. H. S. Crossman's <i>The God That Failed</i> |
| | Camus's <i>La Peste</i> | | T. S. Eliot's <i>The Cocktail Party</i> |
| | Chaplin's <i>Monsieur Verdoux</i> | | Fry's <i>Venus Observed</i> |
| | Lowry's <i>Under the Volcano</i> | | Doris Lessing's <i>The Grass Is Singing</i> |
| | Priestley's <i>An Inspector Calls</i> | | C. S. Lewis' <i>The Chronicles of Narnia</i> (1950–1956) |
| | Edith Sitwell's <i>The Shadow of Cain</i> | | Wyndham Lewis' <i>Rude Assignment</i> |
| | Waugh's <i>Scott-King's Modern Europe</i> | | George Orwell's <i>Shooting an Elephant</i> |
| 1948 | Gandhi assassinated | | Carol Reed's <i>The Third Man</i> |
| | Czech Communist Party seizes power | 1951 | Dylan Thomas' <i>Twenty-six Poems</i> |
| | Pan-European movement (1948–1958) begins with the formation of the permanent Organization for European Economic Cooperation (OEEC) | | Guy Burgess and Donald Maclean defect from Britain to the Soviet Union |
| | Berlin airlift begins as the Soviet Union halts road and rail traffic to the city | | The Conservative party under Winston Churchill wins British general election |
| | British mandate in Palestine ends; Israeli provisional government formed | | The Festival of Britain celebrates both the centenary of the Crystal Palace Exhibition and British postwar recovery |
| | Yugoslavia expelled from Soviet bloc | | Electric power is produced by atomic energy at Arcon, Idaho |
| | Columbia Records introduces the long-playing record | | Paul Muldoon born |
| | Truman elected president of the United States for second term | | W. H. Auden's <i>Nones</i> |
| | Ian McEwan born | | Samuel Beckett's <i>Molloy</i> and <i>Malone Dies</i> |
| | Greene's <i>The Heart of the Matter</i> | | Benjamin Britten's <i>Billy Budd</i> |
| | Aldous Huxley's <i>Ape and Essence</i> | | Greene's <i>The End of the Affair</i> |
| | Leavis' <i>The Great Tradition</i> | | Akira Kurosawa's <i>Rashomon</i> |
| | Pound's <i>Cantos</i> | | Wyndham Lewis' <i>Rotting Hill</i> |
| | Priestley's <i>The Linden Tree</i> | | Anthony Powell's <i>A Question of Upbringing</i> (first volume of <i>A Dance to the Music of Time</i> , 1951–1975) |
| | Waugh's <i>The Loved One</i> | | J. D. Salinger's <i>The Catcher in the Rye</i> |
| 1949 | North Atlantic Treaty Organization established with headquarters in Brussels | | C. P. Snow's <i>The Masters</i> |
| | Berlin blockade lifted | 1952 | Igor Stravinsky's <i>The Rake's Progress</i> |
| | German Federal Republic recognized; capital established at Bonn | | Reign of Elizabeth II |
| | Konrad Adenauer becomes German chancellor | | At Eniwetok Atoll the United States detonates the first hydrogen bomb |
| | Mao Tse-tung becomes chairman of the People's Republic of China following Communist victory over the Nationalists | | The European Coal and Steel Community comes into being |
| | Martin Amis born | | Radiocarbon dating introduced to archaeology |
| | Graham Swift born | | Michael Ventris deciphers Linear B script |
| | Simone de Beauvoir's <i>The Second Sex</i> | | Dwight D. Eisenhower elected president of the United States |
| | | | Beckett's <i>Waiting for Godot</i> |
| | | | Charles Chaplin's <i>Limelight</i> |

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- Ernest Hemingway's *The Old Man and the Sea*
 Arthur Koestler's *Arrow in the Blue*
 F. R. Leavis' *The Common Pursuit*
 Lessing's *Martha Quest* (first volume of *The Children of Violence*, 1952–1965)
 C. S. Lewis' *Mere Christianity*
 Thomas' *Collected Poems*
 Evelyn Waugh's *Men at Arms* (first volume of *Sword of Honour*, 1952–1961)
 Angus Wilson's *Hemlock and After*
- 1953 Constitution for a European political community drafted
 Julius and Ethel Rosenberg executed for passing U.S. secrets to the Soviet Union
 Cease-fire declared in Korea
 Edmund Hillary and his Sherpa guide, Tenzing Norkay, scale Mt. Everest
 Nobel Prize for literature awarded to Winston Churchill
 General Mohammed Naguib proclaims Egypt a republic
 Beckett's *Watt*
 Joyce Cary's *Except the Lord*
 Robert Graves's *Poems 1953*
- 1954 First atomic submarine, *Nautilus*, is launched by the United States
 Dien Bien Phu captured by the Vietminh
 Geneva Conference ends French domination over Indochina
 U.S. Supreme Court declares racial segregation in schools unconstitutional
 Nasser becomes president of Egypt
 Nobel Prize for literature awarded to Ernest Hemingway
 Kazuo Ishiguro born
 Kingsley Amis' *Lucky Jim*
 John Betjeman's *A Few Late Chrysanthemums*
 William Golding's *Lord of the Flies*
 Christopher Isherwood's *The World in the Evening*
 Koestler's *The Invisible Writing*
 Iris Murdoch's *Under the Net*
 C. P. Snow's *The New Men*
 Thomas' *Under Milk Wood* published posthumously
- 1955 Warsaw Pact signed
 West Germany enters NATO as Allied occupation ends
 The Conservative party under Anthony Eden wins British general election
- Cary's *Not Honour More*
 Greene's *The Quiet American*
 Philip Larkin's *The Less Deceived*
 F. R. Leavis' *D. H. Lawrence, Novelist*
 Vladimir Nabokov's *Lolita*
 Patrick White's *The Tree of Man*
- 1956 Nasser's nationalization of the Suez Canal leads to Israeli, British, and French armed intervention
 Uprising in Hungary suppressed by Soviet troops
 Khrushchev denounces Stalin at Twentieth Communist Party Congress
 Eisenhower reelected president of the United States
 Anthony Burgess' *Time for a Tiger*
 Golding's *Pincher Martin*
 Murdoch's *Flight from the Enchanter*
 John Osborne's *Look Back in Anger*
 Snow's *Homecomings*
 Edmund Wilson's *Anglo-Saxon Attitudes*
- 1957 The Soviet Union launches the first artificial earth satellite, *Sputnik I*
 Eden succeeded by Harold Macmillan
 Suez Canal reopened
 Eisenhower Doctrine formulated
 Parliament receives the Wolfenden Report on Homosexuality and Prostitution
 Nobel Prize for literature awarded to Albert Camus
 Beckett's *Endgame* and *All That Fall*
 Lawrence Durrell's *Justine* (first volume of *The Alexandria Quartet*, 1957–1960)
 Ted Hughes's *The Hawk in the Rain*
 Murdoch's *The Sandcastle*
 V. S. Naipaul's *The Mystic Masseur*
 Eugene O'Neill's *Long Day's Journey into Night*
 Osborne's *The Entertainer*
 Muriel Spark's *The Comforters*
 White's *Voss*
- 1958 European Economic Community established
 Khrushchev succeeds Bulganin as Soviet premier
 Charles de Gaulle becomes head of France's newly constituted Fifth Republic
 The United Arab Republic formed by Egypt and Syria

CHRONOLOGY

- The United States sends troops into Lebanon
 First U.S. satellite, *Explorer 1*, launched
 Nobel Prize for literature awarded to Boris Pasternak
Roddy Doyle born
Caryl Phillips born
 Beckett's *Krapp's Last Tape*
 John Kenneth Galbraith's *The Affluent Society*
 Greene's *Our Man in Havana*
 Murdoch's *The Bell*
 Pasternak's *Dr. Zhivago*
 Snow's *The Conscience of the Rich*
 1959 Fidel Castro assumes power in Cuba
 St. Lawrence Seaway opens
 The European Free Trade Association founded
 Alaska and Hawaii become the forty-ninth and fiftieth states
 The Conservative party under Harold Macmillan wins British general election
Ben Okri born
 Jeanette Winterson born
 Brendan Behan's *The Hosten*
 Golding's *Free Fall*
 Graves's *Collected Poems*
 Koestler's *The Sleepwalkers*
 Harold Pinter's *The Birthday Party*
 Snow's *The Two Cultures and the Scientific Revolution*
 Spark's *Memento Mori*
 1960 South Africa bans the African National Congress and Pan-African Congress
 The Congo achieves independence
 John F. Kennedy elected president of the United States
 The U.S. bathyscaphe *Trieste* descends to 35,800 feet
 Publication of the unexpurgated *Lady Chatterley's Lover* permitted by court
 Auden's *Hommage to Clio*
 Betjeman's *Summoned by Bells*
 Pinter's *The Caretaker*
 Snow's *The Affair*
 David Storey's *This Sporting Life*
 1961 South Africa leaves the British Commonwealth
 Sierra Leone and Tanganyika achieve independence
 The Berlin Wall erected
 The New English Bible published
Will Self born
 Beckett's *How It Is*
 Greene's *A Burnt-Out Case*
 Koestler's *The Lotus and the Robot*
 Murdoch's *A Severed Head*
 Naipaul's *A House for Mr Biswas*
 Osborne's *Luther*
 Spark's *The Prime of Miss Jean Brodie*
 White's *Riders in the Chariot*
 1962 John Glenn becomes first U.S. astronaut to orbit earth
 The United States launches the spacecraft *Mariner* to explore Venus
 Algeria achieves independence
 Cuban missile crisis ends in withdrawal of Soviet missiles from Cuba
 Adolf Eichmann executed in Israel for Nazi war crimes
 Second Vatican Council convened by Pope John XXIII
 Nobel Prize for literature awarded to John Steinbeck
 Edward Albee's *Who's Afraid of Virginia Woolf?*
 Beckett's *Happy Days*
 Anthony Burgess' *A Clockwork Orange* and *The Wanting Seed*
 Aldous Huxley's *Island*
 Isherwood's *Down There on a Visit*
 Lessing's *The Golden Notebook*
 Nabokov's *Pale Fire*
 Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn's *One Day in the Life of Ivan Denisovich*
 1963 Britain, the United States, and the Soviet Union sign a test-ban treaty
 Britain refused entry to the European Economic Community
 The Soviet Union puts into orbit the first woman astronaut, Valentina Tereshkova
 Paul VI becomes pope
 President Kennedy assassinated; Lyndon B. Johnson assumes office
 Nobel Prize for literature awarded to George Seferis
 Britten's *War Requiem*
 John Fowles' *The Collector*
 Murdoch's *The Unicorn*
 Spark's *The Girls of Slender Means*
 Storey's *Radcliffe*
 John Updike's *The Centaur*

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- 1964 Tonkin Gulf incident leads to retaliatory strikes by U.S. aircraft against North Vietnam
Greece and Turkey contend for control of Cyprus
Britain grants licenses to drill for oil in the North Sea
The Shakespeare Quatercentenary celebrated
Lyndon Johnson elected president of the United States
The Labour party under Harold Wilson wins British general election
Nobel Prize for literature awarded to Jean-Paul Sartre
Saul Bellow's *Herzog*
Burgess' *Nothing Like the Sun*
Golding's *The Spire*
Isherwood's *A Single Man*
Stanley Kubrick's *Dr. Strangelove*
Larkin's *The Whitsun Weddings*
Naipaul's *An Area of Darkness*
Peter Shaffer's *The Royal Hunt of the Sun*
Snow's *Corridors of Power*
- 1965 The first U.S. combat forces land in Vietnam
The U.S. spacecraft *Mariner* transmits photographs of Mars
British Petroleum Company finds oil in the North Sea
War breaks out between India and Pakistan
Rhodesia declares its independence
Ontario power failure blacks out the Canadian and U.S. east coasts
Nobel Prize for literature awarded to Mikhail Sholokhov
Robert Lowell's *For the Union Dead*
Norman Mailer's *An American Dream*
Osborne's *Inadmissible Evidence*
Pinter's *The Homecoming*
Spark's *The Mandelbaum Gate*
- 1966 The Labour party under Harold Wilson wins British general election
The Archbishop of Canterbury visits Pope Paul VI
Florence, Italy, severely damaged by floods
Paris exhibition celebrates Picasso's eighty-fifth birthday
Fowles's *The Magus*
Greene's *The Comedians*
- 1967 Osborne's *A Patriot for Me*
Paul Scott's *The Jewel in the Crown* (first volume of *The Raj Quartet*, 1966–1975)
White's *The Solid Mandala*
Thurgood Marshall becomes first black U.S. Supreme Court justice
Six-Day War pits Israel against Egypt and Syria
Biafra's secession from Nigeria leads to civil war
Francis Chichester completes solo circumnavigation of the globe
Dr. Christiaan Barnard performs first heart transplant operation, in South Africa
China explodes its first hydrogen bomb
Golding's *The Pyramid*
Hughes's *Wodwo*
Isherwood's *A Meeting by the River*
Naipaul's *The Mimic Men*
Tom Stoppard's *Rosencrantz and Guildenstern Are Dead*
Orson Welles's *Chimes at Midnight*
Angus Wilson's *No Laughing Matter*
- 1968 Violent student protests erupt in France and West Germany
Warsaw Pact troops occupy Czechoslovakia
Violence in Northern Ireland causes Britain to send in troops
Tet offensive by Communist forces launched against South Vietnam's cities
Theater censorship ended in Britain
Robert Kennedy and Martin Luther King, Jr., assassinated
Richard M. Nixon elected president of the United States
Booker Prize for fiction established
Durrell's *Tunc*
Graves's *Poems 1965–1968*
Osborne's *The Hotel in Amsterdam*
Snow's *The Sleep of Reason*
Solzhenitsyn's *The First Circle* and *Cancer Ward*
Spark's *The Public Image*
- 1969 Humans set foot on the moon for the first time when astronauts descend to its surface in a landing vehicle from the U.S. spacecraft *Apollo 11*
The Soviet unmanned spacecraft *Venus V* lands on Venus