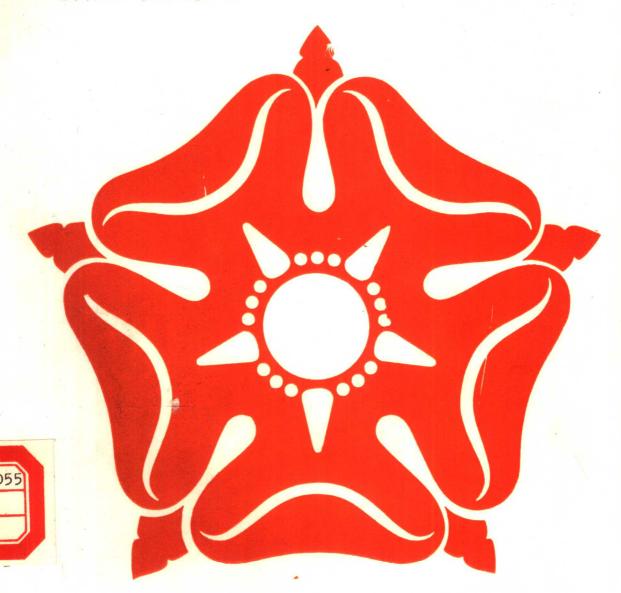
# THINKING ENGLISH WORKBOOK

DAVID CHRISTIE



# Thinking English Workbook

**David Christie** 

CASSELL LTD 1 St Anne's Road, Eastbourne East Sussex BN21 3UN

#### © Cassell Ltd, 1984

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior permission in writing of the Publishers.

First published 1984 Reprinted 1984 ISBN 0 304 31154 5

Illustrations by Trevor Waugh
Designed by Jacky Wedgwood
Edited by Louise Aylward
Phototypesetting by Multiplex medway ltd
Printed and bound in Great Britain by
Anchor Brendon Ltd, Tiptree, Essex

#### Introduction

This is Book 4 in a series of four Workbooks designed to accompany Cassell's Foundation English course.

Each Workbook contains lively, interesting exercises designed specifically to give practice in the main structural, lexical and functional areas covered in the Coursebooks.

Areas of particular difficulty – such as modal and phrasal verbs – are high-lighted, and all the exercises are organized on a unit-by-unit basis to facilitate their use in conjunction with the Coursebooks.

The Workbooks are equally suitable for use in class or at home; and it is hoped that the varied range of imaginative, stimulating exercises will encourage and help students to consolidate their learning in a practical and enjoyable way.

The Workbooks have been written by experienced, practising teachers, in close collaboration with the authors of the Coursebooks.

#### Contents

Introduction	
Unit 1 The family	1
Unit 2 Pop music	5
Unit 3 Holidays	10
Unit 4 School	14
Unit 5 Ancestors	18
Unit 6 The news	22
Unit 7 Crime and punishment	27
Unit 8 It's all in the mind	32
Unit 9 It's not good enough!	37
Unit 10 Sales and auctions	42
Unit 11 Talking to people	48
Unit 12 Taking chances	52
Unit 13 The right to be equal	56
Unit 14 Ghosts and spirits	61
Unit 15 The experience of being a twin	65
Unit 16 Making decisions	70
Unit 17 Remembering and forgetting	74
Unit 18 The police at work	79
Unit 19 Love and marriage	83
Unit 20 Ireland	88

## **UNIT 1** The family

Exercise 1	Here are definitions of words from the Reading pas being defined?	sage. Which words are
	la rich	
	b lucky	
	c calm (of a person)	
	d someone who always thinks about himself is a — - — person	
٠.	e someone with no brothers or sisters is an — child	was a second and a second a second and a second a second and a second
	2a the edge of a town	
	b where you go to see a doctor	
	c being alone and undisturbed	
	3a to do (something wrong) without being punished for it	with
	b to be able to solve (problems) without worrying	with
	c to try out new ideas (on)	(on)
	d to find out (something new)	
	e to talk about something until you reach a decision	
Exercise 2	Some words can change their meaning in different Exercise C).	contexts (see Vocabulary
	Use the words below to complete the sentences. Yo word twice and each time it will have a different me the word if necessary.	ou will need to use each leaning. Change the form of
	condition(s) consider occupy attend escape	
	1 Sally's parents allowed her to go to the disco but that she should be home at 11 o'clock.	it they made it a
	2 I that it is important to allow child pace.	ren to grow up at their own
	3 Can you to this job for me? I'm to	busy to do it myself.
	4 Mr and Mrs Wilton and their two children	
	5 Here is a police announcement. A man last night. He is dangerous.	from a London prison

	6 How can you work in such dreadful?	
	7 That was very unfriendly! You should other people's feelings	
	before you say such things.	
	8 This large new supermarket nearly all the street.	
	9 A nurse the doctor when he visits the patients.	
	10 Who is she? Her name me at the moment.	
Exercise 3	Which of the underlined words in this text are adjectives and which are adverbs? Write ADJ or ADV in each set of brackets.	
	My brother Cliff is small ( ), energetic ( ) and extremely	
	( ) talkative. A telephone conversation with him is quite ( )	
	interesting, but it can last a long time and he invariably ( ) telephones	
	me when I'm busy ( ) or am eating a meal. It's fortunate ( ) that	
	my wife is a <u>comparatively</u> ( ) <u>placid</u> ( ) person. If Cliff telephones	
	during a meal, she just tells me quietly ( ) but firmly ( ) that my	
	food is on the table and that it's getting cold. Half an hour later, though, I'm	
	usually still talking.	
Exercise 4	Maria Carlos is Spanish. She is studying English at a language school in England. This is how she describes her day:	
	'I get up every morning at 7.30. After a cup of coffee, I go to the language school. I usually go by bus, but when the weather is very nice I sometimes walk there. The lessons always begin at 9 am. We have lunch at 1 pm and I often go to a restaurant with the other students. I never have a large lunch, because we have lessons in the afternoon and if I eat too much I invariably want to go to sleep. In the evenings I often go out to a cinema or a disco.'	
	Now write six sentences about your day. Use the adverb in brackets.	
	1 (sometimes)	
	2 (always)	
	3 (never)	
	4 (often)	
	5 (usually)	
	6 (invariably)	

Exercise 5	Look at this.	
	Adjective Adverb slow slowly effective effectively dreadful dreadfully busy busily energetic energetically good well	
	Write the adverbs:	
	1 extreme	5 final
	2 beautiful	
	3 quiet	
	4 happy	8 clumsy
	Example Peter is a patient listener (psychiatrist) Peter would listens patient	d be the best psychiatrist because he
	JOAN is an accurate typist.  BILL is a good tennis-player.  MARY is a clear speaker.  HELEN speaks fluent French a PAUL is a logical thinker.  SUSAN is a beautiful singer.  HARRY is a persuasive talker.  DIANA is an efficient manager  NORMAN is a careful driver.  BRUCE is a brilliant writer.  1 (taxi-driver)	nd Italian.
	7 (computer-programmer)	
	= (Mrojeccional Charleman)	

	9 (salesman)	
	10 (author) _	•
Exercise 7	Look at this.	
	very good too tolerably pleasa	big quite nice comparatively easy extremely boring nt
	What do you th	ink?
		el about modern pop music? Do you find it 'extremely interestd' or just 'quite pleasant'?
	Write what you	think:
	1 Pop music is	3
	2 Learning En	glish is
	3 The town w	here I live is
	4 Camping ho	lidays are
	5 Television is	
	2 Have you re 3 Did you hea 4 She recovere 5 'Leave this of	lot in that old car!  covered from your cold yet?  r? Marion passed her driving test first time.  cd her handbag - but the money in it was gone.  office immediately!' he shouted.  his key so he entered the house through the bathroom window.
		4
		5
	3	
Exercise 9	Use words from	the list to complete this interview:
	limited impro presumably	vements private increasing average indeed
	INTERVIEWER	Julia, how long have you been a nurse in an old people's home?
	JULIA	Three years now.
	INTERVIEWER	What would you say was the biggest problem in your job?

JULIA	I think the main one is just the l	arge number of old people,
	today. You see, because of 1	in medical science,
	life-expectancy is <sup>2</sup>	That means more old people
	but the number of places in hon	nes provided by the State
	is strictly 3 The situ	ation is becoming very
	difficult 4	
INTERVIEWER	5 there are 6	nursing homes, too?
JULIA	Yes, there are. But the cost of the	nem is out of reach of the
	<sup>7</sup> family.	

## UNIT 2 Pop music

Exercise 1	Here are definitions of words from the reading passage. Which words are being defined?
	la another word for a 'flat'
	b a large envelope in which you keep a record
	c the ten most successful records each week
	d a person who has a million pounds
	e the people who listen to a concert
	f two people working together
	g a person whose job is to play or sing music
	2a good but not fantastic
	b very, very clever
	c interesting, unusual, a little old-fashioned
	d very slight (of hope)
	e not copied from anyone (of a song or a book, for example)
Exercise 2	Use appropriate words from the list to complete the sentences. Use each word once.
	autograph sign published issued competent efficient concerned disturbed discovered manufactured imitate copy cultural backgrounds important positions
	1 Their first record was in 1976.
	2 This morning I a little shop in town where you can buy delicious bread.
	3 The actor in the film was very clever: he was able to the American president exactly.
	4 The little boy asked the famous footballer to his programme.
	5 I am about Ruth: she seems very unhappy every time I meet her. I think she must have a problem.
	6 His new book was last week.
	7 The company several hundred cars a day in its factory.
	8 Excuse me, sir. You have forgotten to this cheque.
	9 Don't you sometimes feel by all the news of war and poverty that you see on television and in the newspapers?

	10 The teacher told the children to find a pencil and to the picture on page 27.
•	11 She's not a brilliant singer, but you might describe her as '
	12 Susan is from England; Su Wan is Chinese. The two girls have very different
	13 James is a secretary. He always does jobs quickly and at the right time and he never forgets anything. He is very
	14 Mr and Mrs Evans both go out to work and have in their firms.
Exercise 3	1 Look at this.
	Question Have you ever seen a pop-star?  Answers No, I haven't.
	or Yes, I have. I saw Rod Stewart last year.
	Paul and Anne are asking each other questions about all the different things that they have done in their lives and when they did them. Complete their conversation:
	PAUL Have you ever seen a pop-star?
	ANNE Yes,
	PAUL Have you ever visited a foreign country?
	ANNE Yes, I (Greece, two years ago)
	PAUL And have you ever spoken to the Queen?
	ANNE No,
	PAUL Have you ever eaten French food?
	ANNE Yes, (in a French restaurant in London last week)
	2 Now write another conversation between Paul and Anne. This time Anne
	asks questions. She asks about:
	<ul> <li>playing in a pop-group</li> <li>taking a photo of a wild animal</li> <li>acting in a play</li> <li>asking a famous person for his autograph.</li> </ul>
	Think of Paul's answers for yourself.

Exercise 4

	•	
	ANNE	?
	PAUL	
	ANNE	
	PAUL	
	ANNE	?
	PAUL	
	ANNE	
	PAUL	
ho		
T' Sa	eaview Hotel, Brighton wo minutes from the sea andy beaches where you can sit ancing every night	Glen Hotel, Inverness, Scotland Near hills and woods where you can walk River where you can fish Traditional music at night
	they go to the Seaview Hotel they able to swim in the sea if they go	' <u>ll be able to</u> swim in the sea. They won't to the Glen Hotel.
1	Write down three things that Ma to the Seaview Hotel.	ggie and Sheila will be able to do if they go
	If	
	If	
	If	
2	Write down three things that the Hotel.	y will be able to do if they go to the Glen
	If	
	If	
	If	
3	Write down one thing that they v	
	They	
	Thev	

Exercise 5	The history of Waynflete Hall Sir Roger Waynflete was a man of wealth and power in the seventeenth century. He built Waynflete Hall in 1680. Sir Roger's grandson made the house bigger in the eighteenth century and created the beautiful gardens that you can see today. We know what the house looked like at this time because a famous artist painted a picture of it. 1805 was a year of bad luck for the Waynfletes: fire destroyed parts of the building in that year and killed two members of the family. Today, the Waynfletes still own the house. It is very beautiful and over 20000 people visit the Hall and its gardens every year.		
	Write sentences about Waynflete Hall like this: The Hall was built by Sir Roger Waynflete in 1680.		
	1 It was made bigger by		
	2 The gardens		
	3 A picture of the house		
	4 Parts of the building		
	5 Two members of the family		
	6 The house is still		
	7 Every year, it		
Exercise 6	Use words from the list to complete this text:		
	companies hit extraordinarily promotion number charts appeal themes		
	Is pop music getting worse or am I just getting older? Ten years ago, I knew all		
	the songs in the 1 and I bought every number one 2 The		
	songs had instant 3 for me and the 4 seemed interesting		

and important. Today, I listen to a new <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ and then forget it instantly. They all sound the same! I even find it <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_ difficult to remember the names of the groups playing them. I believe that the records only sell at all because the record- <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_ spend so much money on <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_.

# UNIT 3 Holidays

Exercise 1	1 Here are words from the reading passage – but the letters are mixed up. Can you recognise them? All the words have something to do with travel or holidays.
	rriapot gageglu
	ettick thilfg
	leoth natir
	2 Do you remember these words from the reading passage?  a The newspapers at the moment are full of a for holidays.  b He got on the plane, for nd s number 12A and sat down.  c We couldn't see anything because the v was so poor.  d Paul and Elizabeth had to spend the night in the l at the airport because the flights were c  e The weather r say that conditions will get worse.  3 Find words in the reading passage that mean:  a something you don't expect a b the opposite of cheap  c to make (a room) tidy to d large, comfortable bus for long journeys a e angry, in a bad temper  f to take (a train) to to to to to to to
Exercise 2	Use words from the list to complete the sentences. Use each word once.  called (my) attention to arranged provided informed instructed (put) away (put) off (put) back information news climate atmosphere  1 The girl at the desk me to wait in the departure lounge. 2 The British is colder and wetter than that of countries in Southern Europe. 3 Have you heard the latest ? The price of petrol is going up again!
	4 The airline company free meals for all the passengers who had to wait at the airport.

	5 As soon as Jane noticed the advertisement in the magazine she it and we read it again together.
	6 Until the 1960s, London's used to be dirty and foggy because of all the coal fires in the city. It's not like that any more.
	7 I'm sorry, I'll have to put our meeting until tomorrow.
	8 Most towns have an office where tourists can get about the town, its history, what to see there, and so on.
	9 After the party, they washed the glasses and put them all in the cupboard where they were kept.
	10 The girl at the desk me that the plane would be delayed for about 50 minutes.
	11 'I've everything,' he said. 'I telephoned the taxi firm and a car will be here for you in five minutes.'
	12 Sam picked up the book, looked at it and then put it on the table where he had found it.
Exercise 3	Look at this. 'Meg is a nurse'. She said (that) Meg was a nurse. She told Peter (that) Meg was a nurse.
	Meg is a friend of Elizabeth's. Peter has never met Meg, so one evening he asked Elizabeth to tell him about her. Read the information about Meg and
	write down 7 things that Elizabeth told Peter.
	write down 7 things that Elizabeth told Peter.  Meg is a nurse. She lives in Manchester. She is a very cheerful person. She likes music and skiing. She can also play the piano very well. Meg is learning
	write down 7 things that Elizabeth told Peter.  Meg is a nurse. She lives in Manchester. She is a very cheerful person. She likes music and skiing. She can also play the piano very well. Meg is learning to speak Japanese. She has a very old car which she calls 'Harry'.
	write down 7 things that Elizabeth told Peter.  Meg is a nurse. She lives in Manchester. She is a very cheerful person. She likes music and skiing. She can also play the piano very well. Meg is learning to speak Japanese. She has a very old car which she calls 'Harry'.  1 Elizabeth told Peter that
	write down 7 things that Elizabeth told Peter.  Meg is a nurse. She lives in Manchester. She is a very cheerful person. She likes music and skiing. She can also play the piano very well. Meg is learning to speak Japanese. She has a very old car which she calls 'Harry'.  1 Elizabeth told Peter that
	write down 7 things that Elizabeth told Peter.  Meg is a nurse. She lives in Manchester. She is a very cheerful person. She likes music and skiing. She can also play the piano very well. Meg is learning to speak Japanese. She has a very old car which she calls 'Harry'.  1 Elizabeth told Peter that
	write down 7 things that Elizabeth told Peter.  Meg is a nurse. She lives in Manchester. She is a very cheerful person. She likes music and skiing. She can also play the piano very well. Meg is learning to speak Japanese. She has a very old car which she calls 'Harry'.  1 Elizabeth told Peter that

#### Exercise 4 Look at this.

She would feel happier if she lived in a flat.

People often want what they haven't got. Take Jane, for example. She lives in a nice house – but she would feel happier if she lived in a flat. Her friend Charlotte lives in a flat – but, of course, she would feel happier if she lived in a house!

Write sentences about these pairs of people:

1	Ben lives in a town. Janet lives in the country.	
	Ben would feel happier if	
	Janet	
2	Peter has a car. Steve has a bike.	
3	Ron works in an office. Sally works on a farm.	
4	Jenny is a student. Pauline has a job in a newspaper office.	
•		

#### Exercise 5 Look at this.

If I were you, I'd stay at home today.

Read these horoscopes and give the people advice.

ARIES	Danger! Accidents! Don't go out today!
TAURUS	A good day for visiting old friends.
GEMINI	This is your day! Everything you do will bring you good luck!
CANCER	You may forget something important today.
LEO	Are you looking for a new job? Today is a good day!
VIRGO	Be very careful with your money today.
LIBRA	You have a problem at the moment. You should talk to someone about it.
COORDIO	You work too hard!
SCORPIO	
SAGITTARIUS	If you are planning to go somewhere by car today – don't! Find another way to travel.
CAPRICORN	It's your lucky day. You will get some money.
AQUARIUS	A friend is worried because you haven't written for a long time.
PISCES	The colour red will bring you luck today.