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THE LINGUISTICS ENCYCLOPEDIA

Second Edition

EDITED BY
KIRSTEN MALMKJÆR

The Linguistics Encyclopedia, Second Edition

Edited by Kirsten Malmkjær

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The Linguistics Encyclopedia, Second Edition



The Linguistics Encyclopedia has been thoroughly revised and updated and a substantial new introduction, which forms a concise history of the field, has been added.

This volume offers comprehensive coverage of the major and subsidiary fields of linguistic study. Entries are alphabetically arranged and extensively cross-referenced, and include suggestions for further reading.

New entries include:

- Applied linguistics
- · Contrastive linguistics and cross linguistic study
- Cognitive linguistics
- · Forensic linguistics

Recommissioned or substantially revised entries include:

- Bilingualism and multilingualism
- · Grammatical models and theories
- Critical linguistics / critical discourse analysis
- · Language acquisition
- Morphology
- Discourse analysis and conversation analysis
- Psycholinguistics
- Sociolinguistics
- · Generative phonology
- Stratificational linguistics
- · Genre analysis
- Stylistics

For anyone with an academic or professional interest in language, *The Linguistics Encyclopedia* is an indispensable reference tool.

Kirsten Malmkjær is Professor of Translation Studies and Chair of the Language and Literatures Academic Group at Middlesex University.

For John Sinclair

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Preface

You are reading something, or listening to a lecture, or taking part in a conversation about language. You notice an unfamiliar term, or realize that you don't know enough about what is being said to understand. At this point, you should seek out this encyclopedia. Strategies for the use of encyclopedias differ, but this one is designed to allow you to proceed in one of three ways:

- You can consult the index at the back of the book, where you will find the term or subject in question appearing in its alphabetically determined place, with a page reference, or several, which will tell you where in the main body of the work it is defined, described and/or discussed.
- If you are looking for a major field of linguistic study, you can consult the List of entries immediately before this Preface.
- You can simply dive into the body of the work.

The entries are designed to be informative and easy to access. They do not provide as much information as you will find in a full book on any given topic, but they contain sufficient information to enable you to understand the basics, and to decide whether you need more. Each entry ends by listing some suggestions for further reading, and draws on many more works than those listed as further reading. These are mentioned in the text by author and year of publication, and a full reference can

be found in the Bibliography at the end of the book. Almost all the entries contain cross-references to other entries.

This book has lived through ten successful years. However, no work of reference to a developing discipline can remain at its cutting edge unless it, too, absorbs these developments. So, in this second edition of The Linguistics Encyclopedia, all but a very few entries - mostly those dealing with historical matters - have been extensively revised to take account of new developments in the fields they cover. The material on grammars has been rearranged, and there are brand-new entries on applied linguistics, cognitive linguistics, contrastive linguistics and cross-linguistic studies, and forensic linguistics. In addition, there is a comprehensive, new Introduction to the discipline, written by Tony Howatt from Edinburgh University, a leading authority on the history of linguistics.

This volume demonstrates the many-faceted face of linguistics and the new Introduction provides a view of its history. But it is likely that people have taken a theoretical interest in language for much longer than the timespan covered there. Having language is probably concomitant with wondering about language, and so — if there is one thing that sets linguistics apart from other disciplines — it is the fact that its subject matter must be used in the description. There is no metalanguage for language that is not translatable into language, and a metalanguage is, in any case,

also a language. According to some, language is literally all there is. According to others, it reflects, more or less adequately, what there is. What seems certain is that we use it prolifically in creating and changing our momentary values, and that, in

seeking to understand language, we are seeking to understand the cornerstone of the human mentality.

> Kirsten Malmkjær Cambridge, 2000

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René Dirven studied Germanic Philology at the Catholic University of Leuven from 1952 till 1956, and taught in the secondaryschool sector until 1958, when he became a lecturer in two Brussels training colleges. In 1965, he was appointed to a lectureship in the Higher Institute for Translators and Interpreters Marie Haps in Brussels. He obtained his Ph.D. in Germanic Philology in 1971 and was appointed Professor in English Linguistics at the University of Trier, Germany, in 1972. Here he set up the Linguistic Agency University Trier (LAUD), organizing annual linguistic symposia and publishing linguistic pre-prints. In 1985 he was offered a full professorship at the University of Duisburg, Germany, where he stayed till 1995, when he retired from teaching. As Professor Emeritus, he continues his research and work in international projects and organizations such as LAUD, LICCA (Languages in Contact and Conflict in Africa) and Icla (International Association of Cognitive Linguists), of which he was President from 1995 till 1997. The group project EUROPILL, which aims at producing introductions to language and linguistics in the most important European languages, was completed in 2000, and a Cognitive English Grammar and a project in electronic bibliographies, E-Bib, was begun. René Dirven's publications include (with Wolf Paprotté) The Ubiquity of Metaphor: Metaphor in Language and Thought (1985), (with V. Fried) Functionalism in Linguistics (1987) and Fillmore's Case

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