 全国名校实验教学效果

捷达方略

——新中考英语模拟卷

东方出版中心

捷 达 方 略

——新中考英语模拟卷

主 编 盛焕华

编 委 李 萌 顾中行 蒋辉明

王三才 夏忠飞 孟惠玲

文 健 陈学恩 奚 萍

史道群 陈健仕 周秀清

张英霞

东方出版中心

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

捷达方略——新中考英语模拟卷/盛焕华主编.
上海:东方出版中心,2002.10
ISBN 7-80627-812-5
I.捷… II.盛… III.英语课-初中-试题-升学参
考资料 IV.G 634.415
中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2002) 第 062665 号

捷达方略——新中考英语模拟卷

责任编辑:邵 勇
出版发行:东方出版中心
地 址:上海市仙霞路 335 号
电 话:62417400
邮政编码:200336
经 销:新华书店上海发行所
印 刷:浙江省临安市曙光印务有限公司
开 本:787×1092 毫米 1/16
字 数:240 千
印 张:10.5
版 次:2002 年 10 月第 2 版第 1 次印刷
ISBN 7-80627-812-5/G·310
定 价:11.00 元

版权所有,侵权必究。

前言

《捷达方略——新中考模拟卷》包括语文、数学、英语、物理和化学四册。每册均为科学、准确地揭示中考命题规律,快速传递中考命题最新信息,科学、全面预测全国各地中考命题走向的最佳资料。

本套丛书特点之一,各分册中考模拟卷在领会新《教学大纲》和分析把握近年中考试题的基础上,整体策划,全面涵盖了某一方面的所有知识及能力考查要点和所示中考题型,从而最大限度地避免了考查点、题型设计、选用材料的重复或疏漏,构建了一套严密而完整的训练体系,使难易分级提升,基础与综合并重。**其目标是,提高考生所学相关课程基础知识、基础技能的掌握程度。**

特点之二,中考改革的核心是逐步加大对考生创新能力和实践能力的考核。为此,我们研究和开发了一定数量的开放性、能力型试题。**其目标是,有助于学生主体意识的形成,有助于考生体验成功,树立自信心,为培养学生创新精神奠定基础。**

特点之三,大量选用鲜活、灵动的新话题、新材料,关注社会热点和生活实际,创设了新情景,充盈着浓郁的时代气息,符合新中考内容改革的要求,以激发学生的训练情趣,使学生变苦练为乐练。**其目标是,提高考生综合运用所学知识分析、解决实际问题的能力。**

特点之四,力求全真模拟与前瞻预测相结合。**其目标是,在质量上成为全国新中考综合能力测试最具权威的模拟试题。**欲知全国各地新中考综合能力测试动态,本套丛书就是最佳的捷径。可以说,它是你冲刺中考的助跑器。

本套丛书由东方出版中心精心策划,诚邀全国对新中考综合能力测试富有经验的老师编写而成。最顶尖的编写队伍为创品牌、出精品、服务考生提供了最有力的保证,真正体现权威风范,凸现新中考迎考模拟新理念。

在编写过程中,我们本着对考生、对科学、对教育事业高度负责的态度,做到卷卷推敲、道道把关,使其更扣大纲、更系统、更全真,力求做到完美。东方出版中心各学科的专家参加本套丛书的审订工作。在编写过程中,我们得到国内著名教育专家、学者、老师和考试职能部门领导的关心和支持,并参考了有关专家、老师设计的部分科研测试题,吸收了对本套丛书有益的内容,在此一并表示衷心的感谢。最后,衷心期待使用本套丛书的广大师生,能最大程度地得益于全国二十多所名校名师实验教学成果的传播!

盛焕华

目 录

2002 年中考英语模拟试卷一(北京大学附中)	1
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷二(中国人民大学附中)	11
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷三(湖北黄冈市教研室)	21
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷四(湖北武汉中学)	31
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷五(江苏启东中学)	41
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷六(浙江杭州十五中)	49
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷七(湖南长沙一中)	55
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷八(广东深圳教育学院附中)	63
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷九(江苏常州中学)	71
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷十(江苏华罗庚中学)	79
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷十一(湖南双牌二中)	87
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷十二(山西偏关二中)	93
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷十三(江苏如皋中学)	99
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷十四(湖北黄冈中学)	107
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷十五(河南实验中学)	115
2002 年中考英语模拟试卷十六	123
参考答案与解题提示	129

2002 年中考英语模拟试卷一

命题人：北京大学附中 李 萌

第 I 卷 听力测试

一、根据所听到的内容,选出正确的图画。(5分)

() 1. A



B



C



() 2. A



B



C



() 3. A



B



C



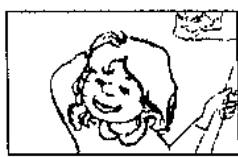
() 4. A



B



C



() 5. A



B



C



二、听句子,选择恰当的答语。(5分)

- () 1. A. That's great. B. All right. C. I'm sorry to hear that.
- () 2. A. Have a good time. B. Good evening. C. Good night.
- () 3. A. It's nothing. B. Thank you. C. Don't say so.
- () 4. A. Please. B. Yes, I'm fine. C. Yes, I think so.
- () 5. A. He's gone home.
- B. Yes, I have.
- C. I wish you have a good journey home.

三、听对话和对话后的问题,选择正确答案。(5分)

- () 1. A. In front of a school library.
B. Outside a shop.
C. At a cinema.
- () 2. A. She felt tired.
B. She didn't like school.
C. She was ill.
- () 3. A. 20 *yuan*. B. 15 *yuan*. C. 5 *yuan*.
- () 4. A. Have a meal. B. Read English. C. See a doctor.
- () 5. A. Sixteen. B. Thirty-three. C. Fifteen.

四、听短文和短文后的问题,选择正确答案。(5分)

- () 1. A. Four. B. Two. C. One.
- () 2. A. They were angry with each other.
B. They didn't understand each other.
C. They spoke different languages.
- () 3. A. Cleaned the dinner things.
B. Read the newspaper.
C. Left a message on the table.
- () 4. A. She did some washing and sewing.
B. She had a good rest.
C. She went to bed immediately(立刻).
- () 5. A. Before 6:00. B. About 7:00. C. Nearly 8:00.

五、听短文和短文后的问题,写出简要回答。(10分)

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

第Ⅱ卷 笔答测试

一、下列各组单词中,有一个单词划线部分的读音与其他三个单词划线部分的读音不同,请选出。(6分)

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| () 1. A. wish | B. <u>g</u> ive | C. win | D. <u>h</u> igh |
| () 2. A. <u>d</u> ance | B. <u>a</u> nswer | C. <u>a</u> sk | D. <u>a</u> ngry |
| () 3. A. <u>r</u> ed | B. <u>r</u> est | C. <u>e</u> ven | D. <u>t</u> ext |
| () 4. A. <u>en</u> ough | B. <u>y</u> oung | C. <u>cl</u> oud | D. <u>to</u> uch |
| () 5. A. <u>e</u> ast | B. <u>w</u> eak | C. <u>h</u> eavy | D. <u>l</u> eave |
| () 6. A. <u>c</u> old | B. <u>r</u> ice | C. <u>c</u> lock | D. <u>c</u> all |

二、词汇。

(A) 根据句意,选择与划线部分意思相同或相近的解释。(5分)

- () 1. We have to look after the baby tiger when its mother is ill.
A. look for B. look over C. take care of
- () 2. We visited the scientist at his workplace.
A. go to see B. looked at C. went to see
- () 3. He had a good time at the party yesterday.
A. enjoyed himself B. had enough time C. spent much time
- () 4. Don't worry. I will finish the work in a minute.
A. in time B. soon C. at the same time
- () 5. Have you heard from your penfriend yet?
A. got a letter from B. heard of C. written a letter to

(B) 根据句意,用括号中所给的单词的适当形式填空。(5分)

1. Is this her bike? No, it isn't _____. (she)
2. Can you see the words on the blackboard _____. (clear)
3. Our headmaster is talking with the _____. (win)
4. Li Lei is the _____ in our class. (tall)
5. April is the _____ month of the year. (four)

三、选择填空。(20分)

- () 1. There was _____ meat in the fridge. She wanted to buy some.
A. a little B. little C. a few D. few
- () 2. You can see lots of high buildings on _____ sides of the street.
A. all B. both C. each D. every
- () 3. Not only the students but also the teacher _____ in it.
A. are interesting B. are interested
C. is interesting D. is interested
- () 4. Mother _____ a letter when I came into the room.
A. has written B. is writing C. was writing D. wrote

- () 5. I prefer beef _____ pork.
A. from B. to C. with D. than
- () 6. Can you _____ me how to _____ this in French?
A. tell, say B. tell, speak C. say, talk D. say, speak
- () 7. I stopped _____ a rest because I _____ for three hours.
A. having, had worked B. having, have worked
C. to have, have worked D. to have, had worked
- () 8. My father enjoys _____ music.
A. to listen B. listen to C. to listening D. listening to
- () 9. The children _____ go home until the rain stopped.
A. not B. can't C. could D. couldn't
- () 10. Have you done your homework yet?
Yes. I _____ it at home last night.
A. have done B. was doing C. did D. do
- () 11. He listened _____, but he could hear _____.
A. careful, something B. carefully, anything
C. careful, nothing D. carefully, nothing
- () 12. — _____ do I have to take the medicine?
— Twice a day.
A. How long B. How often C. How much D. How far
- () 13. Rose looks _____ than the other two girls.
A. more younger B. much younger
C. the youngest D. as young as
- () 14. Mr Shute _____ Australia for ten years.
A. has been to B. has gone to
C. has been in D. went to
- () 15. He works in a school library, _____?
A. isn't he B. hasn't he C. don't he D. doesn't he
- () 16. She didn't tell me _____.
A. where she lived B. where did she live
C. where she lives D. where does she live
- () 17. He has lost his pen. Can you lend him _____?
A. your B. yours C. yourself D. you
- () 18. We arrived a minute after the train set off. We were _____ for it.
A. late B. in time C. on time D. at times
- () 19. There _____ be someone in the room. You can see the light is on.
A. will B. can C. need D. must
- () 20. Have you known Miss Gao for long?
Yes, since she _____ here.

A. comes

B. came

C. has come

D. had come

四、根据汉语意思完成下面各句。每线只填一词,缩写词算一词。(10分)

1. 过马路要当心。

_____ careful when you _____ the road.

2. 为什么那个小孩哭得越来越厉害?

Why is the little boy crying _____ and _____?

3. 吉姆不再是个学生了。

Jim is _____ a student.

4. 我喜欢物理胜过数学。

I _____ physics _____ maths.

5. 他每天晚上完成作业后才看电视。

He _____ watch TV _____ he finishes his homework every evening.

五、补全对话。

(A) 根据对话内容,在每个空白处填入一个适当的词,使对话完整,合乎情景。(10分)

A: Can I 1 _____ you?

B: Yes, please. I'm looking for a shirt for my son.

A: What about the white one?

B: 2 _____ 3 _____ is it?

A: It's ninety-five *yuan*.

B: That's too 4 _____, I'm afraid.

A: What about the blue one? It's 5 _____ than the white one. It's only forty-five *yuan*.

B: What 6 _____ is it?

A: It's "L" size.

B: It looks a bit large. Have you 7 _____ "M" size?

A: Yes. Here you are.

B: All right, then. I'll 8 _____ it. 9 _____ is the money.

A: 10 _____ you. Bye.

B: Bye.

(B) 根据对话内容,选用方框中适当的句子补全对话。(10分)

A: 1. _____

B: I shall be sixteen.

A: 2. _____

B: The earth will be much too crowded in 2000.

The air will be very dirty. 3. _____

A: No, it won't be like that. 4. _____ Everybody will carry a pocket computer, and the computer will help us learn. Children won't have to go to school, and machines will do most of our work for us. What do you think of that?

B: 5. _____

- A. We shall be very happy in the future.
- B. How old will you be in the year 2000?
- C. What will the world be like then?
- D. Most of the plants and wild animals will be dead.
- E. May we shall have a great time.

六、阅读理解。阅读短文,选择最佳选项。(24分)

(A)

11 Oxford Road
London, N.W. (2)
15 September, 1998

Dear Frieda,

I've been in England for three months now. I hope you don't think I've forgotten you. There are so many places to see and so many things to do that I've not had much time for writing letters.

I shall soon be starting my studies at King's College. So far I've been learning about England and British ways of living. I won't tell you about London. There are many good books and a lot of pictures you can look at. I am sure you'll be more interested to know what I think about life here.

I find some of the customs(风俗) new and interesting. People here do not shake hands as much as we do in Europe. During the first few weeks I was often surprised because people did not put out their hands when I met them. Men raise their hats to women but not to each other. When you go to a friend's house for a meal, it's not the custom to say "Thank you" at the end of the meal as in our country. Here you wait until you are leaving to go home, and then you say "Thank you" for having been asked to come.

Everybody here is kind to me, but there are times when I think of home and I am rather sad. Then I turn the radio on and listen to programmes from home in my own language.

I must stop and say "Good-bye" to you now. Please write and tell me how you are and what you and your friends are doing.

Love from
Natalie

- Where does the writer come from?
A. England. B. America. C. Europe. D. China.
- Why does the girl come to England?
A. She comes to learn English.
B. She comes to learn British ways of living.
C. She is very interested in Britain and travelling here.
D. She comes to college.
- People in London do not always shake hands when they meet don't they?
A. Yes, they do. B. No, they don't.

- C. Yes, they don't. D. No, they do.
4. If you go to a friend's house in England for a meal, when will you say "Thank you"?
- A. At the end of the meal. B. Before the meal.
- C. Before leaving your friend's house. D. After you come back home.
5. Which statement is TRUE?
- A. She was too busy to write to her family.
- B. Everybody in London was kind to Natalie. She never thought of home and felt sad.
- C. The programmes are played in English.
- D. The customs in England are the same as the customs in Europe.

(B)

I have a confession(坦白) to make, *I don't drive a car.*

Americans are broad-minded people. They'll accept the fact that a person can be an alcoholic(酒精), a dope fiend(烟鬼), a wife beater, and even a newspaperman, but if a man doesn't drive, there is something wrong with him.

Through the years I've found it very embarrassing(尴尬) to admit(承认) it to anyone, and my best friends tend to view me with suspicion and contempt.

But where I really run into trouble is when I go into a store and try to make a purchase with a check.(支票)

It happened again last week when I went to a discount house at a large shopping center in Maryland. I wanted to buy a portable typewriter, and the salesman was very helpful about showing me the different models.

I decided on one, and then I said, "May I write out a personal check?"

"Naturally," he said kindly. "Do you have any identification(身份证明)?"

"Of course," I said. I produced an American Express credit card(美国运通卡), a Diner's Club credit card, a Bell Telephone credit card, and my pass to the White House.

The man inspected(检查) them all and then said, "Where's your driver's license?"(执照)

"I don't have one," I replied.

"Did you lose it?"

"No, I didn't lose it. I don't drive a car."

He pushed a button under the cash register(收银机), and suddenly a floor manager came rushing over.

The salesman had now become surly. "This guy's trying to cash(兑付) a check, and he doesn't have a driver's license. Should I call the store detective?" "Wait a minute I'll talk to him," the manager said. "Did you lose your driver's license for some traffic offense(违规)?"

"No, I've never driven. I don't like to drive."

"Nobody likes to drive," the floor manager shouted. "That's no excuse. Why are you trying to cash a check if you don't have a driver's license?"

"I thought all the other identification was good enough," I explained.

By this time the president of the store had arrived on the scene(出事地点). Fortunately, he recognized(认出) my name and okayed the check. He was very embarrassed by the treatment(对待) I had received and said, "Come on, I'll buy you a drink."

"I forgot to tell you," I said. "I don't drink, either."

This was too much, even for him, and he pushed me toward the door.

"Get out of here," he said, "and don't come back!"

1. The title of this passage is _____.
 - A. There are some things you can't get away without.
 - B. There is something nice to tell you.
 - C. There is something wrong with him.
 - D. There are some things I can show you.
2. In the writer's opinion(观点) what must be owned in America?
 - A. American Express credit card and a Bell Telephone credit card.
 - B. Credit cards and a pass.
 - C. Car and newspaper.
 - D. Driver's license and drink.
3. The writer's profession(职业) is _____.
 - A. detective
 - B. manager
 - C. businessman
 - D. official(政府官员)

七、完形填空。(20分)

(A)

One day a farmer 1 _____ at a woman's house. He borrowed a pan 2 _____ her. Very soon he returned to her. He gave her another small one and said it was a 3 _____. The woman was pleased and took it.

A few days _____, the farmer had visitors. He asked the woman to 5 _____ him the pan again. He didn't return it until the woman came to 6 _____ for it. He played a joke with her and said the pan 7 _____. But 8 _____ 9 _____, he gave it 10 _____ her at last.

1 _____	2 _____	3 _____	4 _____	5 _____
6 _____	7 _____	8 _____	9 _____	10 _____

(B)

How are things with you? Since I saw you last, I've been very ill. By the time I arrived home after seeing you on Monday, I 1 _____ an awful headache.

I thought that perhaps my eyes were tired 2 _____. I'd been working so hard, so I took some aspirins and went to bed. However, when I woke up the next morning the headache was 3 _____ than ever, and my throat was sore. I tried to get up but my arms and legs 4 _____ stiff.

I saw the doctor and she told me I had a temperature. She 5 _____ I probably had flu. She advised me to take some medicine and 6 _____ in bed. The medicine tasted horrible and it didn't make 7 _____ feel any better. I felt sick and I didn't want to eat anything at all, although I was very 8 _____. I have almost 9 _____ now, and I'm going to start work again tomorrow, I still have a slight cold and a cough, but my chest doesn't hurt when I 10 _____.

Can we meet on Saturday? I'm looking forward to seeing you.

- | | | | |
|----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. A. felt | B. had | C. was | D. caught |
| 2. A. as | B. though | C. while | D. during |
| 3. A. worse | B. hard | C. more | D. painful |
| 4. A. sensed | B. moved | C. felt | D. looked |
| 5. A. examined | B. told | C. denied | D. said |
| 6. A. stay | B. stayed | C. staying | D. stays |
| 7. A. some | B. me | C. them | D. its |
| 8. A. ill | B. heavy | C. hungry | D. thirsty |
| 9. A. improved | B. decided | C. recovered | D. succeeded |
| 10. A. breathe | B. ache | C. cure | D. bleed |

八、根据所给的中文情景和英文提示词语,写出语法正确、意思连贯的句子。(10分)

今天是九九重阳节(Double Ninth Day),你的爸爸妈妈去看望你的祖父母了,你独自一人 在家,做了很多事,现在利用等你父母回家的间隙,你正在写一篇日记。

1. today, Double Ninth Day, go to visit

2. after school, I first, clean and tidy, then, begin to cook,

3. find, it not easy to do, everything, good,

4. take, me, one and a half hour, get the supper ready.

5. I think, mum and dad, be happy, when, return home

2002 年中考英语模拟试卷二

命题人：中国人民大学附中 顾中行

第 I 卷 听力测试

一、根据所听到的内容,选出正确的图画。(5分)

() 1. A



B



C



() 2. A



B



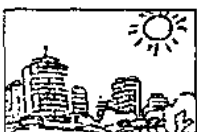
C



() 3. A



B



C



() 4. A



B



C



() 5. A



B



C



二、听句子,选择恰当的答语。(5分)

() 1. A. Not at all.

B. No, it isn't.

C. Thank you.

() 2. A. You're welcome.

B. Thank you all the same.

C. It's very kind of you.

- () 3. A. Yes, who's that? B. Yes, who are you? C. Yes, it's.
() 4. A. It's Tuesday. B. It's a sunny day. C. It's May 20.
() 5. A. It's a pleasure. B. I'm glad to hear it. C. You're very kind.

三、听对话和对话后的问题,选择正确答案。(5分)

- () 1. A. He is a doctor. B. He is a worker. C. He is a teacher.
() 2. A. A tea party. B. A birthday party. C. An English party.
() 3. A. No, he isn't. B. Yes, he is. C. Jim is.
() 4. A. Tomorrow. B. On Sunday morning. C. Next Saturday.
() 5. A. The red one. B. The Black one. C. The blue one.

四、听短文和短文后的问题,选择正确答案。(5分)

注: hook 钩

- () 1. A. A big fish. B. A fisherman. C. A pan.
() 2. A. Fishing. B. Cooking. C. Watching.
() 3. A. No, he didn't. B. Yes, he did. C. We don't know.
() 4. A. One. B. Two. C. Three.
() 5. A. He liked eating the small one.
B. He didn't have a knife.
C. He has only got a small pan.

五、听短文和短文后的问题,写出简要回答。(10分)

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____

第II卷 笔答测试

一、下列各组单词中,有一个单词划线部分的读音与其他三个单词划线部分的读音不同,请选出。(6分)

- () 1. A. lively B. arrive C. five D. driven
() 2. A. many B. lazy C. cake D. name
() 3. A. teach B. please C. team D. break
() 4. A. love B. come C. some D. both
() 5. A. bard B. dark C. war D. card
() 6. A. game B. change C. girl D. glass