

1-4 级

# 大学英语大纲 词汇活用手册



中国致公出版社

# 大 学 英 语

## 大纲词汇(1—4 级)活用手册

崔海建                      主编  
吴 骅    李长兰    审订

中国致公出版社

主 编 崔海建

编 委:

曹建社 崔海建 尹 俊 吴旭光 甘正东 李长兰  
明海威 朱铭传 王大林 李护义 周朴景 吴庆元  
莫柄权 王向国 罗海潮 向阳红 洪巧云 林 楨  
胡庆元

审 订 吴 骅 李长兰

大学英语大纲词汇(1—4 级)活用手册

崔海建 主编

中国对外出版发行

北京市西城区太平桥大街4号 邮编:100034)

新华书店经销

三河市新燕印刷厂印刷

开本:787×1092 1/32 印张:24.75 字数:660 千字

1997 年 7 月第 1 版 1997 年 7 月第 1 次印刷

印数:1—5000 册

ISBN 7-80096-099-4/G·43

定价:26.00 元

## 前 言

本书是以《大学英语教学大纲通用词汇表 1—4 级》(下称《词表》)为蓝本编写的。《词表》合并了实行多年的理工科本科和文理科本科两份《大学英语教学大纲》中 1—4 级的词汇,又补充了 52 个四级以外的词汇,形成了一份文理科通用的 4000 词的词汇表。《词表》的出台是英语界诸多知名专家学者一年多辛勤研究的结果。它为今后的大学英语四级考试的命题提供了新的标准和依据,意味着今后四级考试的总体难度会有适当的提高。

为了帮助学习者更有效地熟悉和掌握《词表》的内容,我们为词目中的各义项及短语编配了例句及汉译,并在保持《词表》所列词条的前提下,适当增补了一些实用、常见的义项及短语。选用的例句要求准确,简洁,尽量展现所释义项的实际用法及常见的搭配,并力求使之具有鲜明的时代感(如例句中包括了 information highway, intellectual property 等时新的词汇),以便使用者在学习大纲词汇的同时也能了解和掌握一些实用的新词,从而提高他们的学习英语的兴趣,使其更具现实意义。

参加本书编写的有中国科技大学的崔海建、曹建社、尹俊、吴旭光、甘正东及李长兰等同志。此外还有刘卫星、戴传裕、刘少林、李川、王建民等同志。全书由崔海建统稿,吴骅审订。囿于编者的水平,书中谬误之处在所难免,敬请外语界前辈及同仁和广大读者批评指正。

编 者

## 体例说明

一、词条后斜线内为该词的国际音标注音。注音一般放在该词条后；多音词的注音则分别置于各义项后。

二、注音以英音为主，对少数英、美音差别较大的词，在英音之后加注美式读音。

三、不同拼法的词，若它们拼写形式相近则列为一词，如：*labor/labour*；若拼法异较大，则分列两处，其中的一处用“见”表示参见，如：*gym* 见 *gymnasium*。

四、意义差别较大的同形异义词分列词条，在右上角处标 1. 2……数码，如：

*bear*<sup>1</sup> *n.* 熊

*bear*<sup>2</sup> *vt.* 1. 忍受…

五、词性的缩写如下：

*verb.* 动词（兼指及物动词和不及物动词）

*vi.* 不及物动词

*vt.* 及物动词

*aux. v.* 助动词

*n.* 名词

*a.* 形容词

*ad.* 副词

*num.* 数词

*pron.* 代词

*art.* 冠词

*prep.* 介词

*conj.* 连词

*int.* 感叹词

六、[*pl.*]或[常 *pl.*]表示该名词使用时用复数或常用复数。

七、符号说明:

( ) 括号内为可省略的英、汉词语或部分释义;对释义的补充说明;  
动词、形容词、名词等常用的搭配关系。

[ ] 用于对词汇用法方面的说明。

/ 用于表示其前后两部分内容可以互换。

\* 表示中学阶段已学过的词,共 1600 条。

## 主 要 参 考 书 目

- ① *Collins Cobuild English Language Dictionary*, Collins, 1987
- ② *Longman Dictionary of Contemporary English*, Longman, 1978
- ③ *Longman Modern English Dictionary*, Longman, 1976
- ④ *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary of Current English (Revised Edition)*, Oxford University Press, 1980
- ⑤ 英华大词典, 商务图书馆, 1984
- ⑥ 远东英汉大词典, 远东图书公司, 1977
- ⑦ 现代英语用法词典, 上海译文出版社
- ⑧ 新英汉词典, 上海译文出版社, 1978

## 目 次

---

---

前言·····	1
体例说明·····	1
正文·····	1—784

## A

**a** /ei;ə/, /æn /æn;ən/

*art.* 1. (个) a kilo of potatoes 一公斤的马铃薯 2. (同类事物中的)任何一个 It was just a tree. 那不过是一棵树而已。 3. 每一(个) John works part-time at a supermarket at 3 dollars an hour. 约翰在一家超级市场打零工, 每小时 3 美元。

**abandon** /ə'bændən/

*vt.* 1. 丢弃, 离弃, 抛弃 The criminal abandoned his motorcycle on the road and ran to the woods. 罪犯将摩托车丢在路上, 朝树林跑去。 Never would he abandon his family. 他绝不会抛弃自己的家人。 2. 放弃 The police abandoned their search. 警方放弃了搜索。 My work has kept me busy and I have abandoned the idea of writing a book. 因工作缠身, 我已经打消了写书的念头。

**ability** /ə'biliti/

*n.* 1. 能力 A philosopher must have the ability to think logically. 哲学家必须具备逻辑思维的能力。 His ability as a salesman is highly appreciated by his boss. 他的推销能力很受老板赏识。 2. 能耐 He is a man of ability. 他是个有能耐的人。

**able** /'eibl/

*a.* 1. 有能力的 This young man is able to speak several languages. 这个年青人会说好几种语言。 2. 出色的 Sherlock Holmes is an extremely able detective. 夏洛克·福尔摩斯是一位十分出色的侦探。

**aboard** /ə'bɔ:d/

*ad. / prep.* 在船(或飞机、车)上, 上船(或飞机、车) She recognized the robber the minute he stepped aboard the plane. 抢劫犯刚登上飞机她就认出了他。 Ladies and gentlemen, welcome aboard. 女士们先生们, 欢迎您乘坐本次航班(列车、汽车)。 The plane crashed, killing all the



people aboard. 飞机坠毁了,机上所有人员均遭不幸。

\* **about** /ə'baʊt/

*prep.* 1. 关于,对于 He seems quite worried about his son's financial difficulties. 他对他儿子的经济困难似乎很是担忧。2. 在...周围 I was so excited that I wanted to throw my arms about him. 我太激动了,真想张开双臂去拥抱他。

*ad.* 1. 大约 He waited about ten minutes. 他等了大约 10 分钟。2. 周围。附近,到处 That's his bike. He must be about here. 那是他的自行车,他一定在这附近。He kept looking about. 他不停地环顾四周。

*be about to* 刚要,即将 I was about to leave when Mary called. 我刚要走玛丽就打电话来了。Come on! The play is about to begin! 快点! 戏快开演了!

\* **above** /ə'biːv/

*prep.* 在...之上,高于 That mountain rises 1000 meters above sea level. 那座山高于海平面 1000 米。

*ad.* 在上面,以上 I think I will have to appeal to the court above. 我想我必须向上一级法院提出申诉。Have you read the article mentioned above? 上面提到的文章你读过吗?

*a.* 1. 上面的,上述的 The above facts indicate that he did commit the crime. 上述事实表明他的确犯下此罪。2. 超过...之范围 He is above talking like this. 他是不会这样说话的。

**abroad** /ə'brɔ:d/

*ad.* 1. 国外,海外 He is planning to work abroad. 他打算去国外工作。She'd like to take a holiday abroad. 她想出国度假。2. 传开,广而 A rumor is abroad. 一条谣言在传播。There is a rumor abroad that the manager is going to resign. 有谣传说经理要辞职。

**absence** /'æbsəns/

*n.* 1. 缺席,不在 There are 5 absences from class today. 今天有五个

人没来上课。His long absence from work delayed his promotion. 他长时间的缺勤耽误了他的晋升。2. 缺乏, 不存在 He enjoyed everything about country life except the absence of electricity. 除了没电以外, 他对乡间生活的一切都喜欢。

**absent** /'æbsənt/

a. 1. 缺席, 不在 No one was absent without excuse. 没有人无故缺席。He was absent on business. 他因事外出。2. 心不在焉的, 恍惚的 He had an absent look on his face. 他脸上有一付心不在焉的表情。

**absolute** /'æbsəlu:t/ /'æbsə'lu:t/

a. 绝对的, 完全的 He is a man of absolute honesty. 他是个绝对诚实的人。absolute zero 绝对零度。

**absolutely** /'æbsəlu:tli/ /'æbsə'lu:tli/ ✓

ad. 1. 完全地, 极其 You should remain absolutely motionless when a gorilla appears because it will run away at the slightest sound. 当大猩猩出现时你一动也不能动, 因为稍有动静它就会逃之夭夭。2. 肯定的, 绝对的 There is absolutely no way to calm him down. 绝对没有办法使他安静下来。

interj. (表示完全同意, 赞成) 对, 是, 当然 Are you sure it was Tom? Absolutely! 你肯定那是汤姆吗? 那当然!

**absorb** /əb'sɔ:b/

vt. 1. 吸收 Pure-cotton underwear is popular because it absorbs sweat. 纯棉内衣因其吸汗而受欢迎。During his short stay in the U. S., he travelled to many places, absorbing as much as he could about the country and the people. 在美国短期停留期间, 他去了很多地方, 尽可能多了解这个国家及其人民的情况。2. 吸引...的注意, 使全神贯注 He was so absorbed in what he was reading that he didn't hear me come in. 他全神贯注地在读书, 没注意到我进来。The circus absorbed the children. 马戏团使孩子们神往。3. 理解, 消化 She needs

some time to absorb what she learned today. 她需要一些时间来消化今天所学的内容。

**abstract**

a. 抽象的 /æbstr'ækt/ Sweetness is abstract while sugar is concret.

“甜”是抽象的，而“糖”则是具体的。abstract thought 抽象思维

n. 摘要，梗概 /'æbstrækt/ Whoever wants to attend the conference should submit an abstract of his or her paper by the end of the month. 欲参加会议者须于月底前递交一份论文摘要。

**abundant** /ə'bʌndənt/

a. 大量的，充足的，丰富的 China is abundant in natural resources. 中国有丰富的自然资源。

**abuse** /ə'bju:z/

n. /vt. 1. 辱骂 The foreman abused his workmen in the foulest language. 工头用最肮脏的语言辱骂了他的工人。She ran away in a hail of abuse. 她在一片辱骂声中逃开。2. 虐待 The doctor was accused of abusing his patients. 有人指控这位医生虐待病人。He is guilty of child abuse. 他犯有虐待儿童罪。3. 滥用 He was criticized for abusing his power as the managing director. 他因滥用总经理职权而受到指责。This book is about the uses and abuses of power. 这本书写的是权力的使用与滥用。

**academic** /,ækə'demik/

a. 1. 学院的，大学的 academic year 学年 an academic degree 学位 2. 学术的 He is very interested in academic research. 他对学术研究很感兴趣。He was a giant academically but a dwarf in everyday matters. 在学术上他是个巨人，但在日常生活中却是个矮子。

**accelerate** /ək'seləreit/

v. (使)加快，(使)增速 The publication of this book accelerated his promotion to full professorship. 这本书的出版加速了他晋升正教授

的进程。Chemical fertilizers accelerate the growth of crops. 化肥促进庄稼的生长。

**accent** /'æksənt / /'æksent/

*n.* 1. 口音,腔调 She speaks English with a French accent. 她说英语带法国腔。2. 重音,重音符号 The accent of this word should be on the second syllable. 这个词的重音应该在第二音节上。3. 强调,注重 (on) They responded warmly to the accent on building more apartment buildings. 他们对加强住宅楼的建设反响热烈。

**accept** /ək'sept/

*v.* 1. 接受,领受 The president accepted his resignation. 总统接受了他的辞职。2. 认可 The court accepted his account of the accident. 法庭认可了他对事故的陈述。

**acceptance** /ək'septəns/

*n.* 1. 接受,接纳 His acceptance by Harvard University was on everyone's lips. 大家都在谈论他被哈佛大学录取的事。We've received rejections as well as acceptances. 我们收到了拒绝函也接到了接收函。2. 承认 Darwin's theory met with cold acceptance at first. 达尔文的理论开始时受到冷遇。

**access** /'ækses/

*n.* 1. (to)接近(或进入)的机会,享用机会 By bribing her, he won/gained access to the files. 通过向她行贿他得以阅读这些案卷。Professors have free access to the library. 教授们可自由使用图书馆。We all have the right of access to the Prime Minister. 我们都有接近首相的权利。2. 通道,入口 That trail is the only access to the fortress. 那条小路是通向要塞的唯一途径。

be easy/hard/difficult of access 容易/难以接近的 That painter is not easy of access. 那位画家不易接近。

**accident** /'æksɪdənt/

*n.* 1. 意外的事,偶然的事 It was through a series of accidents that they got to know each other. 他们是通过一连串的意外的事情才彼此相识的。I met him by accident. 我偶然地遇见了他。2. 事故,车祸 Her son was killed in a car accident last year. 她儿子去年在一次车祸中丧生。

by accident 偶然 It was quite by accident that we met downtown. 我们在城里相遇纯属偶然。

**accidental** /'æksɪ'dentl/

*a.* 1. 意外的,偶然(发生)的 It was an accidental death. 这是一起意外死亡。Only accidentally did I get it right. 我只是碰巧做对了。

**accommodation** /ə'kɒmə'deɪʃən/

*n.* 住宿,膳宿 Accommodation is provided to freshmen by the University. 学校为新生提供住宿。Excuse me, where's the Accommodation Office, please? 对不起,请问房管办公室在哪儿?

**accompany** /ə'kɒmpəni/

*vt.* 1. 陪伴,陪同 The first lady accompanied the president during all his visits to other countries. 总统出访他国时,第一夫人总是陪伴同行。2. 伴随,和...一起发生 A set of exercises always accompanies a text. 一篇课文总是配有一套练习。3. 为...伴奏 The man who accompanied the singer was a famous pianist. 为歌手伴奏的那位男子是一位著名的钢琴家。

**accomplish** /ə'kɒmplɪʃ/

*vt.* 完成,实现 He accomplished his mission successfully. 他成功地完成了自己的使命。At such a young age, he's accomplished more than an average person could not do in a lifetime. 他小小年纪就已经做到一个普通人一辈子都完成不了的事情。

**accordance** /ə'kɔ:dəns/

*n.* 一致,符合 in accordance with 与...一致,按照,依据 The results of

the experiment are in accordance with the theoretical predictions. 实验的结果与理论预测相吻合。The sentence was decided on in accordance with the existing laws. 这项刑罚是依据现有的法律判定的。

**according to** /ə'kɔ:diŋ tu/

*prep.* 按照, 依据 According to the newspapers, the congressman was murdered. 根据报纸所述, 议员是被谋杀的。

**accordingly** /ə'kɔ:diŋli/

*ad.* 1. 因此, 于是 I have been good to his wife and children. Accordingly, he has a happy family. 他对太太和孩子们一直很好, 因此, 他有一个幸福的家庭。2. 照看, 相应地 We may have a few more guests. Make the arrangements accordingly, please. 我们可能会多来几位客人。请做出相应安排。

**account** /ə'kaunt/

*n.* 1. 叙述, 说明 His account of the accident is different from those of other witnesses. 他对事故的叙述又与其他证人的不同。2. 帐户, 帐 I'd like to open an account with you. 我想在你这开个帐户。

*vt.* (for) 说明(原因等) Then how do you account for your absence from work that day? 那你又如何解释你那天缺勤呢?

on account of 因为, 由于 Do you think the professor will cancel classes on account of the conference? 你认为教授会因为会议而取消上课吗?

take into account 考虑 When we plan a new factory, we must take into account the impact it will have on the environment. 筹建一家工厂时, 我们必须要考虑它将对环境产生的影响。

take account of (= take ...into account) Did the plan take account of the costs? 计划里考虑到费用了吗?

**accumulate** /ə'kju:mjuleit/

*vt.* 积累, 积聚 He accumulated a lot of experience in finance while

working abroad. 在海外工作期间他积累了许多金融方面的经验。

vi. 累积, 聚积 Her resentment against John accumulated over the years. 在过去的几年里她对约翰的怨恨愈积愈深。

**accuracy** /'ækjurəsi/

n. 准确(性), 精确(性) The secretary can type at a great speed and with high accuracy. 这位秘书打字极快极准。All those present admired the accuracy of the new weapon. 所有在场的人都对新式武器的准确性表示赞赏。

**accurate** /'ækjurit/

a. 准确的, 精确的 These figures are not accurate. 这些数字不够准确。

**accuse** /ə'kju:z/

vt. 1. 指责 The French often accuse the British of being conservative. 法国人常指责英国人保守。Mary accused her husband of snoring too loudly. 玛丽指责她丈夫打呼噜太响。2. 指控 They accused him of robbery. 他们指控他犯有抢劫罪。We all know that he committed the crime, but no one has accused him. 我们都知道他犯有此罪, 但是还没有人指控他。

the accused 被告 Are you familiar with the accused? 你与被告熟悉吗?

**accustomed** /ə'kʌstəmd/

a. (to) 习惯的, 惯常的 I'm not accustomed to talking with strangers. 我不习惯与生人交谈。Gradually her eyes became accustomed to the dim light. 渐渐地她的眼睛习惯了昏暗的灯光。The study is his accustomed place of rest. 书房是他惯常休息的地方。

**ache** /eik/

vi. /n. 痛, 疼痛 Her entire body ached after working all day. 工作一整天她全身都疼。The ache in my left side started again. 我左肋下又开始疼了。

**achieve** /ə'tʃi:v/

*vt.* 1. 完成, 实现 After years and years of hard work, he achieved his goal. 经过许多年的艰苦努力, 他终于实现的自己的目标。2. 达到, 得到 Success is not achieved without sweat. 不流汗水就不会获得成功。She achieved global fame by starring in that film. 她因主演那部电影而举世闻名。

**achievement** /ə'tʃi:vmənt/

*n.* 1. 成就, 成绩 Landing on the moon is one of man's greatest achievements in this century. 登上月球是人类在本世纪所取得的最伟大的成就之一。2. 完成, 达到 That task is impossible of achievement. 那项任务不可能完成。

**acid** /'æsid/

*n.* 酸, 酸性物质 Acids and bases neutralize each other. 酸与碱彼此中和。nitric acid 硝酸。

*a.* 1. 酸的 Industrial pollution brings about acid rain. 工业污染会产生酸雨。2. 尖酸的, 尖刻的 He is never short of acid remarks. 他总会说出尖刻的话来。

**acquaintance** /ə'kweintəns/

*n.* 1. 认识, 了解 Your acquaintance with the history of that country will help you in your work there. 你对那个国家的历史的了解将对你在那里工作有帮助。2. 相识的人, 熟人 He has a large circle of acquaintances in the government. 他在政府里有许多熟人。He is only a nodding acquaintance of mine. 他和我只是点头之交而已。

**acquire** /ə'kwaɪə/

*vt.* 取得, 获得, 学到 Children acquire their mother tongue unconsciously. 儿童在不自觉的状态中学会母语。The museum recently acquired an original Picasso. 博物馆新近获得了一幅毕加索的原作。

**acre** /'eɪkə/



*n.* 英亩(=43.560 平方英尺)

(*pl.*) 大量,甚多 Beijing Library has acres of ancient books. 北京图书馆里有大量的古书。

**across** /ə'krɒs/

*prep.* 1. 横过,穿过 The teacher led the pupils across the street. 老师将学生们带过马路。2. 在...对面 She works across the river. 她在江对岸上班。

*ad.* 1. 横过,穿过 There was a big river in our way and we needed a boat to get across. 一条大河拦住了我们的去路,我们需要一条船渡过去。2. ...宽 Some parts of the Amazon are miles across. 亚马逊河的一些河段有好几英里宽。

**act** /ækt/

*vi.* 1. 行动,做 He acted kindly to his employees. 他对他的雇员很客气。We've waited too long. It's time to act. 我们已经等得太久,现在该行动了。2. 起作用 Poison doesn't act on her. 毒药对她不起作用。3. 表演 She once acted in a school play. 她曾在学校上演的戏剧中表演过。

*vt.* 扮演(角色) Madona is said to want to act Monroe. 据说麦当娜想演梦露。

*n.* 1. 行为,动作 Saving the drowning child was a brave act. 抢救溺水儿童是一种勇敢的行为。2. 法令,条例,法案 The Congress has passed a new act. 国会已通过一项新法案。3. (一)幕 The play consisted of four acts. 这台话剧共分四幕。

act upon/on 遵行,依照...行动 We must act upon orders. 我们必须依命行事。

**action** /'ækʃən/

*n.* 1. 行动,行动过程 She supports all his actions, good or bad. 她对他的行动不论好坏一律支持。It will restrict our freedom of action. 这