

考试虫



考试虫英语学习体系

大学英语四级考试 优化训练试卷

COLLEGE ENGLISH TRAINING TEST
PAPERS FOR BAND FOUR

主编：黄淑琳 王若平

CET-4

大学英语四级考试
优化训练试卷 (第6套)

(1997年12月, 2001年6月题型)

试卷一

(75分钟)

Part I Listening Comprehension (20 minutes)

Section A

Directions: In this section, you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A, B, C and D, and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example: You will hear:

You will read:

- A) At the office.
- B) In the waiting room.
- C) At the airport.
- D) In a restaurant.

From the conversation we know that the two were talking about some work they had to finish in the evening. This is most likely to have taken place at the office. Therefore, A) "At the office" is the best answer. You should choose [A] on the Answer Sheet and mark it with a single line through the centre.

Sample Answer ~~[A]~~ [B] [C] [D]

1. A) He doesn't need an umbrella.
B) He left the umbrella in the school.
C) He is the only one who doesn't have an umbrella.
D) He doesn't want to take it because the bus is crowded.

2. A) To a department store. B) To a restaurant.
C) To a grocery store. D) To a cafeteria.
3. A) She doesn't agree with the man. B) She completely agrees with the man.
C) She can't sleep any more. D) She will stay in the hotel.
4. A) He is angry. B) He is not angry.
C) He wants something to eat. D) He didn't tell them what he wanted.
5. A) To go to the town earlier. B) To take a longer tour.
C) To hire a guide. D) To rest for the day.
6. A) Some money to buy presents. B) Some Christmas presents.
C) A pocket to hold presents. D) A present for his 25th birthday.
7. A) Customer and tailor. B) Doctor and nurse.
C) Manager and secretary. D) Husband and wife.
8. A) Down stairs. B) Opposite the laboratory.
C) At the end of the corridor. D) On the left side of the corridor.
9. A) They have already overcome their fears.
B) The woman is still afraid of high places.
C) Both of them prefer high places nowadays.
D) Both of them are trying to overcome their fears.
10. A) He has changed his mind.
B) Everybody advised him to do so.
C) He rearranged his art work a while ago.
D) He sometimes considers changing his major.

Part II

Reading Comprehension

(35 minutes)

Directions: There are 4 passages in this part. Each passage is followed by some questions or unfinished statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should decide on the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Passage One

Questions 11 to 15 are based on the following passage:

Sex refers to the biological differences between males and females, especially the visible differences in the sexual organs and the related differences in the role each sex plays in the reproductive process. Gender refers to the social classification of masculine and feminine. Every society recognizes the sexual division of the species into male and female, but cultures differ in terms of what they consider masculine and feminine. However, some male/female differences in behavior appear to be quite widespread. For example, males have been observed in various cultures to be more likely to initiate (发起) activity. Females have been observed to be more altruistic, that is, more helpful to others, than males. Again, however, we must be careful about assuming that most of these qualities typically associated with either men or women are "natural," that is, biologically based and universal. In

American culture, for example, it is assumed that men are more "naturally" objective than women, that they can look at problems logically, without emotions distorting their views. Thus, it is argued, men are natural sex to be scientists, lawyers, or historians, because they are comfortable dealing with "facts," with "objective reality." On the other hand, women in the United States are frequently perceived of as "naturally" subjective, emotional, and illogical, relying on their feelings to solve the problems and handle difficulties in the "real world," as they supposedly do their "natural" sphere of the home. Women are considered "naturally" vain about their appearance and "naturally" possessed with a maternal instinct, the inclination to nurture and protect children. In fact, there is nothing at all natural and universal about these stereotyped (固定模式的), sex-linked characteristics. They are, as are so many other deeply ingrained traits, the product of a specific cultural upbringing.

11. Gender is a term that refers to _____.
 - A) the biological differences between men and women
 - B) the natural differences between men and women
 - C) the social differences between men and women
 - D) the physical differences between men and women
12. The word "however" (line 5) signals that this sentence _____.
 - A) contradicts the idea previously stated
 - B) continues the idea previously stated
 - C) results from the idea previously stated
 - D) agrees with the idea previously stated
13. American culture views women as _____.
 - A) objective
 - B) logical
 - C) aggressive
 - D) person-centered
14. The main idea of this passage is that _____.
 - A) some sex-linked characteristics are universal
 - B) some sex-linked characteristics are developed by culture
 - C) women are naturally more emotional than men
 - D) men are naturally objective
15. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage?
 - A) Sex-linked behavior is genetic.
 - B) Gender identity is patterned by culture.
 - C) It is assumed that men are naturally fitted to be lawyers and scientists.
 - D) American women seem to be more helpful to others than men.

Passage Two

Questions 16 to 20 are based on the following passage:

UAL (United Air Liners) last week announced plans to acquire U.S. Airways, the sixth-largest U.S. carrier, for \$4.3 billion. Analysts have said the move could prompt a wave of combination in the U.S. airline industry and leave American Airlines facing strategic problems, which is generally

considered the second largest airline in the world after United Air Liners.

"I like to say that there are lots of different potential avenues we could take, given the range of interested parties. And it is fair to say that we are very, very actively engaged with lots of different parties on all fronts," Vice President for Europe Jeff Campbell said. He warned that steps in response to the proposed UAL-U. S. Airways deal might not be immediate. "This is a battle, and a set of developments in the industry, that will take a very long time to finish playing out because of the complexity of all the issues and all the various sides that have very strong feelings about what the outcome should be," he said.

American Airlines has said that a large group of supporters were monitoring the UAL-U. S. Airways deal with interest, such as labor unions, regulatory bodies, elected officials as well as customers. Campbell was speaking at a joint news conference with Swissair to promote a new joint non-stop, code-shared flight between Zurich and American's Dallas/Fort Worth hub (中心). The daily service will begin on June 1.

16. What is the best title for the passage?
 - A) Combination of Airlines.
 - B) Competition among Airway Companies.
 - C) Fierce Competition Leads to Better Air Services.
 - D) American Airlines Prepares for Fight to Maintain Position.
17. Which of the following is cannot be learned from the passage?
 - A) Many other air companies will look for chance to combine.
 - B) The competition between American Airlines and UAL-U. S. Airways is a long run battle.
 - C) The combining suggestion given by UAL will set an example to all other airlines.
 - D) Many groups of people are keeping an eye on the development of the UAL-U. S. Airways.
18. By mentioning the new service promoted by American Airlines the author suggests that _____.
 - A) American Airlines has taken steps to protect its market position
 - B) American Airlines provides better service than other air companies
 - C) American Airlines thinks that UAL should improve its service
 - D) the author emphasizes on service rather than combination of companies
19. Jeff Campbell's words "I like to say... on all fronts," (Lines 1~3, Para. 2) mean that _____.
 - A) UAL-U. S. Airways has many cooperative partners in different business fields
 - B) many business parties have common interests in different respects
 - C) American Airlines is busy making friends in many highly-developed fields
 - D) American Airlines is competitive in the market
20. What is the author's opinion about the combination?
 - A) Concerned.
 - B) Interested.
 - C) Optimistic.
 - D) Objective.

Passage Three

Questions 21 to 25 are based on the following passage:

Over the past fifteen years, information technology (IT) has become an essential part of the

managerial vocabulary for a great many businesses. Today, however, telecommunications are rapidly becoming as important as the computer industry. This can be attributed to the liberalization of world markets, which has created an explosion in the development and availability of advanced communications services.

In many instances, communications systems are being used to enable companies to implement new strategies. One such strategy is the move towards more globalized business. Obviously, setting up an office overseas is not simply a matter of identifying potential markets. Logistics (后勤), such as establishing links for the vital flows of information between a company's head office and its overseas subsidiaries and suppliers, are equally important. Not surprisingly, sophisticated communications systems play a fundamental role in connecting business operations.

One such system is the Integrated Digital Services Network (ISDN), which enables companies to send and receive high speed data, fax transmissions and ordinary voice calls, as well as images for video-conferences, over international digital telephone networks. The network also enables businesses to offer their services on a worldwide scale. One such offering is the new International Dealerlink. This is a voice — only, private circuit service jointly offered by British Telecom and France Telecom. It can meet the special communications needs of the financial community by providing a fast and cost-effective link between the two financial centers. The service was first established between the UK and the Netherlands at the end of January.

21. The best title for this passage would be _____.
 - A) Computer Industry
 - B) World markets
 - C) International Dealerlink
 - D) High-Tech Communications
22. Rapid development in advanced communications has resulted from _____.
 - A) liberalization of world markets
 - B) implementation of new strategies
 - C) identification of potential markets
 - D) connection of business operations
23. What does "such system" (Line 1, Para. 3) refer to ____?
 - A) connecting business operations
 - B) sophisticated communications system
 - C) playing a fundamental role
 - D) logistics
24. The purpose of the last paragraph is to _____.
 - A) describe telephone networks
 - B) give further description
 - C) illustrate with an example
 - D) introduce a new idea
25. How many countries have access to the International Dealerlink?
 - A) 2.
 - B) 3.
 - C) 4.
 - D) 5.

Passage Four

Questions 26 to 30 are based on the following passage:

We have presented enough evidence to show that the provision of television is the major leisure provision in Australia. Is it, however, a sad commentary upon the Australian way of life that this form of leisure is so popular?

What is often forgotten by commentators who criticize the extent and nature of television viewing is the depth of demands made upon adults in the daily routine of living. Although Australians have not been passionate (热情的) devotees to the work ethic (道德规范), a significant number of Australians are increasingly spending long hours, and the bulk of their energies, on the job and/or management of a household. As the complexity of Australia expands, more individuals (executives, businessmen, salesmen, public servants, politicians, and academics) devote the major part of their energies to very demanding work. Not only that, but parents bringing up children and managing a household find that these demands burn up most of their available energy. Participation in voluntary organizations often places additional demands upon adults.

It is not surprising then that large proportions of the adult population need undemanding, evening relaxation — a time to wind down from the *rigours* imposed by the work and domestic world. The stress imposed upon individuals as a result of the accelerating pace of living is just beginning to be recognized as structural properties of the industrial world rather than individual incapacity. Jones (1982) for instance refers to the vast increase in stress-induced diseases such as mental breakdowns, suicide, alcoholism and obesity.

Heavy work and domestic responsibility create a need for replacing experiences that television brings so adequately, conveniently and cheaply. Perhaps it is difficult to conceive of a means to relax people so efficiently as does television.

26. It can be inferred from the passage that _____.
 A) TV is giving too much influence over our minds
 B) one's incapability results in his stress
 C) TV interferes with family life
 D) some commentators ignore the psychological needs of TV viewers
27. Which of the following statements can't be learned from the passage?
 A) Many Australians are spending more time on their jobs.
 B) Participation in some organizations leads to more pressure.
 C) The majority of TV programs do not stimulate our minds.
 D) The pace of living is accelerating.
28. According to the passage, people watch TV because _____.
 A) it is the most popular form of leisure
 B) it is an efficient means to relax
 C) it prevents people from committing suicide
 D) it is cheap
29. The word "rigour" (Line 2, Para. 3) most probably means _____.

- A) hardship B) demand C) energy D) relaxation
30. What is the author's attitude towards television viewing?
A) Objective. B) Critical. C) Neutral. D) Positive.

Part III

Vocabulary and Structure

(20 minutes)

Directions: There are 30 incomplete sentences in this part. For each sentence there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). Choose the ONE answer that best completes the sentence. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

31. Submarines run by computers can also be used to _____ deeper parts of the ocean.
A) explore B) discover C) exploring D) discovering
32. The workers _____ the pagoda to its original form by the end of next year.
A) have restored B) are restoring
C) will have restored D) are going to restore
33. The war with France _____ England much money. England was in debt and could not pay all the money she had borrowed.
A) spent B) charged C) used D) cost
34. I'll never forget _____ my mother singing cradle-songs when I was a baby.
A) to hear B) hearing C) heard D) having been heard
35. The chairman _____ the end of the conference, the delegates left the meeting hall.
A) announces B) was announced C) having announced D) being announced
36. Paul's stupid, but it's different _____ Mary, she's just crazy.
A) in case B) a case in point C) in the case of D) in case of
37. He spent a lot of time _____ me to study business and finance while I was working virtually full time.
A) persuading B) assuring C) informing D) insisting
38. I was to _____ video games last night, but the video machine was switched off by my mother.
A) have played B) playing C) play D) played
39. "How did you pay the workers?"
"As a rule, they were paid _____."
A) by an hour B) by the hour C) by hours D) by hour
40. She resisted my suggestion that she _____ the mile or so from her apartment to her office.
A) walked B) walks C) walk D) walking
41. "Why didn't anybody come to the airport to meet us?" "I don't know. They _____ our telegram."
A) didn't receive B) didn't know
C) may not have received D) should not have received
42. People have always been curious to _____ more about the Earth, but for thousands of years we have known very little.
A) inspect B) explore C) invent D) discover

43. _____ weather forecast was made on prime time television, plenty of delicate machines had sent out weather information from weather stations and satellites.
A) In time B) On time C) By the time D) At times
44. We'll say goodbye to the century of physics, the one _____ we split the atom and turned silicon into computer power.
A) where B) which C) in it D) in which
45. She was one of the victims of the traffic accident and her kidneys and liver were _____ seriously.
A) effecting B) affecting C) effected D) affected
46. The most urgent tasks are to make sure that the people _____ by the flood can survive the winter.
A) discovered B) displaced C) destroyed D) dispatched
47. China will continue to grow rapidly if it deals successfully with its internal and external issues. China's growth will slow down if _____ is unfavorable.
A) neither B) either C) nor D) or
48. A rich country depends _____ a great extent on its natural resources, such as oil, gold, water supply and so on.
A) to B) on C) upon D) in
49. It was _____ Mary to leave without notifying her family.
A) usual as B) likely of C) used for D) typical of
50. Athletes have to be _____ to endure all kinds of flesh pain and spirit pain.
A) tough B) rough C) brave D) touchy
51. The president told the student that he would let him return to university _____ he could strictly follow the rules of the university.
A) in order that B) on condition that
C) even if D) as if
52. She explained why she had stayed out so late _____ he should misunderstand her.
A) in order that B) unless C) in case D) so that
53. The environmental conditions would get better, but _____ they are getting worse.
A) as many as B) as much as C) as it were D) as it is
54. We have _____ an objective and certain modes of conduct applicable to our company.
A) set aside B) set forth C) set in D) set off
55. The government of the People's Republic of China resumed the exercise of sovereignty over Macao from 20 December 1999, thus _____ the long-cherished common aspiration of the Chinese people.
A) fulfills B) being fulfilled C) fulfilling D) to fulfill
56. The mean man declared that he was not _____ his brother's debts.
A) liable for B) liable to C) liable on D) liable with
57. _____ rich, he should not be so rude to others.
A) As he is B) Even if he C) As though D) Be a man ever so
58. Women, _____ men, are playing great role in developing high technology.
A) not less than B) no less than C) much than D) as much

59. She played the prominent role in making the decision that the company _____ its business in west China.
 A) builds up B) will build up C) build up D) would build up
60. A well-written composition _____ good choice of words and clear organization among other things.
 A) calls for B) calls on C) calls up D) calls off

Part IV

Cloze

(15 minutes)

Directions: There are 20 blanks in the following passage. For each blank there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D) on the right side of the paper. You should choose the ONE that best fits into the passage. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

The old idea that anyone with a little money can start a business and operate it successfully is no longer 61. An equally important factor is business relations with 62.

It is necessary to know what people want and to make it 63 to them in a pleasant and convenient way. With personal effort you will understand your buyer's needs, and know how to 64 him and make him appreciate the good points of your 65. Knowing how to 66 to customers is the secret of successful selling. They appreciate it when you show a genuine, friendly interest in helping them to get the best goods 67 their purpose.

All customers have the desire to get value in 68. Smart people are price-and-value 69. They will not insist 70 lower-priced goods if they can be shown that higher-priced goods will give them better value 71 use. Your function, as a 72, is to help the buyer get the best 73 his money. This means that you must know your goods, be able to discuss their construction and performance in an intelligent way and be confident when you 74 the special qualities of your product or 75. If you cannot tell the facts about these qualities, you should say, "I don't know", and find out.

Before approaching prospects with the idea of turning them into customers, you need to gain

- | | |
|------------------|----------------|
| 61. A) useless | B) valid |
| C) invalid | D) following |
| 62. A) customers | B) sellers |
| C) merchant | D) businessmen |
| 63. A) nice | B) go |
| C) available | D) attractive |
| 64. A) get | B) attract |
| C) cheat | D) approach |
| 65. A) offer | B) dress |
| C) store | D) good |
| 66. A) please | B) supply |
| C) appeal | D) adapt |
| 67. A) in | B) for |
| C) with | D) of |
| 68. A) clothes | B) selling |
| C) food | D) exchange |
| 69. A) knowing | B) ignorant |
| C) conscious | D) dependent |
| 70. A) in | B) upon |
| C) concerning | D) with |
| 71. A) in | B) at |
| C) with | D) before |
| 72. A) customer | B) buyer |
| C) merchandise | D) salesman |
| 73. A) for | B) beyond |
| C) above | D) against |
| 74. A) stresses | B) display |
| C) emphasize | D) mentioned |

their confidence, as many articles are bought because of our faith in people as because of our faith in the 76.

Now we are ready to invite visitors. Who shall they be? Personal 77 is the best way to learn the present and probable market for what you have to offer.

Recommendation by friends is also an excellent way to get in touch 78 prospects. That is why it is important to maintain customers. Tell them of your appreciation every time they send in a prospect. Drop 79 at their offices or phone them at their homes. Tell them about things that may interest or 80 them.

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| 75. A) help | B) service |
| C) personality | D) repair |
| 76. A) merchant | B) salesman |
| C) future | D) merchandise |
| 77. A) attraction | B) contact |
| C) ability | D) traveling |
| 78. A) with | B) through |
| C) by | D) on |
| 79. A) out | B) in |
| C) across | D) letters |
| 80. A) disinterest | B) cheat |
| C) fool | D) benefit |

大学英语四级考试 优化训练试卷 (第6套)

试卷二

注意事项

- 一、将校名、姓名、学校代号填入本页左面各项内, 准考证号填入右下角。
- 二、试卷二为两部分: Compound Dictation 和 Writing, 注意不要漏做。
- 三、答案直接做在试卷二上, 用钢笔或圆珠笔书写。

Part I Section B

Compound Dictation

Directions: In this section, you will hear a passage three times. When the passage is read for the first time, you should listen carefully for its general idea. Then listen to the passage again. When the passage is read for the second time, you are required to fill in the blanks numbered from S1 to S7 with the exact words you have just heard. For blanks numbered from S8 to S10 you are required to fill in the missing information. You can either use the exact words you have just heard or write down the main points in your own words. Finally, when the passage is read for the third time, you should check what you have written.

Football is, I suppose, the most popular game in England: one has only to go to one of the important matches to see this. Rich and poor, young and old, one can see them all there, (S1) _____ and cheering for one side or the other.

S1 _____

One of the most (S2) _____ things about football in England to a stranger in the great (S3) _____ of the game which even the smallest boy seems to have. He can tell you the names of the players in most of the important teams, he has (S4) _____ of them and knows the results of a large number of matches. He will tell you, with a great air of (S5) _____, who he expects will win such and such a match, and his

S2 _____

S3 _____

S4 _____

S5 _____

(S6) _____ is usually as valuable as that of men three or four times his age.

S6 _____

Most schools in England take football seriously — much more seriously than nearly all

(S7) _____ schools, where lessons are all-important, and games are left for private arrangements. In England, it is believed that education is not only a matter of filling a boy's mind with facts in the classroom; education also means character training; and (S8) _____

S7 _____

_____, where the boy has to learn to work with others for his team, instead of working selfishly for himself alone. (S9) _____

S8 _____

S9 _____

Football is a good team game. It is good exercise for the body. It needs skill and a quick brain. It is popular and it is cheap; (S10) _____

S10 _____

Part V

Writing

(30 minutes)

Directions: For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write a composition on the topic "Competition and Cooperation". You should write at least 100 words and base your composition on the outline below.

1. 竞争的重要性。
2. 合作的重要性。
3. 竞争与合作的辩证关系。

责任编辑 王战航
封面设计 朝 晖

考试虫



考试虫学习体系

● 本书试题的命制经命题、初审、预测、试卷项目分析、审题和构卷等多个流程完成，具有很高的信度、效度和很强的科学性。



ISBN 7-80183-061-X
G·007

定价：15.00 元