

大学英语

同步辅导教材

(下册)

何绍贤 主编



成都科技大学出版社

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内 容 提 要

本书是为配合《大学英语》教材而编写的一套(分上、下两册)辅导教材。它旨在以《大学英语教学大纲》为主线,以四级统考为目标,指导学生进行学习的课外读物。本书把“大纲”和“教材”有机地结合起来,指出教材中1—4级的内容,同时也指出5—6级和“大纲”以外的部分,并把“大纲”中有要求而教材中又没有反映出来的部分补充进去,让学生集中精力,学好4级以内的东西,去迎接全国统考。本书主要供学习《大学英语》的学生使用,也可供教《大学英语》的教师参考。

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前 言

高等学校教材《大学英语》(上海外语教育出版社出版)自一九八六年开始在全国许多学校使用以来,受到了广大师生的欢迎。但由于统编教材与目前很多学生的英语实际水平尚有一定距离,加之内容多、学时少,给教学带来了一定困难。采用统编教材后,各校英语教师都在努力提高学生的语言能力,以求达到“大纲”的要求,通过四级统考。这套“辅导教材”就是我们努力的一部分。它旨在以教学大纲为主线,以四级统考为目标,指导学生进行学习。“辅导教材”有机地把课文和其它部分与“教学大纲”紧密地结合起来,指出教材中 1—4 级的内容,同时也指出属于 5、6 级和“大纲”以外的部分,并将“大纲”中有要求而教材中没有反映出来的内容补充进去,帮助学生在有限的时间内,集中精力,学好四级以内的东西。

“辅导教材”分为上、下两册。上册包括第一级和第二级,分别与《大学英语》第一册和第二册同步。下册包括第三级和第四级,分别与《大学英语》第三册和第四册同步。每级仍为 10 个单元(unit),每单元含八个部分:一、生词、词组分级——把每单元的生词和词组分为[E](预备级)、[I](1—4 级)、[A](5—6 级)和[*]级(“大纲”以外的部分),让学生根据“大纲”要求,结合自己情况,有选择地学习;二、“大纲”词汇表中要求领会掌握而教材词汇表(Glossary)中没有出现的[E]、[I]级单词和词组及其意项;三、同义词、近义词辨析——结合本单元词汇,讲明学生容易混淆的一些词语,减少用时出错,以利对“词汇”和“完形填空”中一些考题进行正确选择;四、本单元中出现的一些词组与搭配——将其摘录下来,供学生记忆使用;五、语法——鉴于有的院校没有订购“语法教材”,根据“大纲”,对语法教材中相应章节的内容加以归纳、简化或补充,使之概念明确,重点突出;六、写作——介绍写作知识,练习写作技能;七、功能意念(参看上册第 130 页功能意念表说明)——根据“大纲”

附表的功能意念,每单元列出一、二个功能意念项目的多种表达方式,供学生学习使用,以提高听、说(交际)能力;八、练习与测试——第一级分单元转载《大学英语教学大纲》及几个附表,第二、三、四级为各种练习和测试题,并适当介绍一些应试技巧,以增强学生的信心,去迎接全国统考。

“辅导教材”侧重打好语言基础,同时也安排了测试题和模拟题(不含“听力”),以帮助学生巩固所学知识。

“辅导教材”不涉及教师课堂授课内容,是课外的一个补充。希望它能为学生英语“达纲”,顺利通过四级统考作出微薄贡献,也希望它能成为教师的一个助手。

下册第三级 1—10 单元“同义词、近义词辨析”及第三级 1—5 单元“语法”由杨崇伦编写;第三、四级各单元“写作”由李五全编写;第三级 6—10 单元“语法”及第四级第五单元(“写作”除外)由叶从容编写;第四级 1—2 单元的“Reading Comprehension I”及第四级第四单元(“写作”除外)由杨宜渝编写;第四级第六和第八单元(“写作”除外)由赵南编写;其余均由何绍贤编写并统编。在上册或下册中未承担具体编写工作的编委,参与了本套辅导教材的内容和体例的研讨。

限于编者水平,错误难免,欢迎广大读者批评指正,并恳切希望提出宝贵意见,以便再版时修订改正,使它更符合读者的需要。

编 者
一九九二年三月

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第三级

第一单元 (Unit One)

A Brush with the Law

一、生词、词组分级

[E] [I] 级

brush [brʌʃ] *v.* 刷, 擦, 擦亮; 掠过; 掠过 || brush aside difficulties 不顾困难; brush away tears with one's sleeve 用袖子拭去眼泪; brush the dust off the table 擦掉桌子上的尘土; brush up one's English 重新复习英语; brush pass (by) sb. 同某人擦肩而过 / *n.* 刷, 毛刷, 画笔 || a paint brush 画笔; give shoes a brush 把鞋子刷一下

process ['praʊsɪs] *n.* 过程, 历程, 工序, 工艺 || process engineers 工艺工程人员; in process 进行中; in process of 在...的过程中; in the process of time 逐渐地, 随着时间的推移; manufacturing process 加工工艺 / *v.* 加工, 处理 || process polluted water 处理污水; a processing workshop 加工车间

court [kɔ:t] *n.* 法院, 法庭, 宫廷, 朝廷, 院子, 球场 || a civil court 民事法庭; a local (the supreme) court 地方(最高)法院; appear in court 出庭, 到案; be brought to court for trial 被提上法庭受审; report to court 投案; tennis court 网球场 / courtroom ['kɔ:tru:m] *n.* 审判室

circumstance ['sɜ:kəmstəns] *n.* 情形, 环境, 状况 || act according to circumstances 随机应变; in adverse (favourable) circumstances 在逆(顺)境中; in (under) no circumstances 决不, 无论如何; under all circumstances 无论如何; under the circumstances [A] 在这种情况下, 情况既然如此

due [dju:] *adj.* 应付的, 到期的; [A] 应有的, 充分的 || be due in at ten (火车等) 应于十点钟到达; be due to last two days (会谈) 将进行两天; pay (give) due attention to economic results 讲求经济效益; after due consideration 经过适当的考虑后; before due date 提前; in due form 正式(地) / *n.* 应得物, 当然权利 || give sb. his due 给某人应得之物, 公平对待某人; trade union (Youth League) membership dues 工会会(青年团)费

due to 由于 || The flight was cancelled due to the fog. 班机因雾停航。

temporary ['tempərəri] *adj.* 暂时的 || temporary needs 暂需要; a temporary office 临时办公室; a temporary job 临时工作

obvious ['ɒbvjəs] *adj.* 明显的, 显而易见的 || be obvious to everyone 是每个人所能明了的; It is (quite) obvious that... (很)显然..., ...是显而易见的。

employment [im'plɔimənt] *n.* 职业, 就业, 雇用 || an employment agency 职业介绍所; ask sb. for employment 向某人讨份工作; be in employment 受雇, 有工作; be out of employment 失业; give employment to sb. 使某人就业;

- take sb. into employment 雇用某人
- commit** [kə'mit] *v.* 犯,干(错事) || commit an offence 犯罪; commit bloody (heinous) crimes 犯血腥(滔天)罪行; commit the regulation of 违反...规定; commit oneself to 专心致志于
- arrestable** [ə'restəbl] *adj.* 应该逮捕(拘留)的
- straight face** 板着脸孔,不露笑容 || keep a straight face during 在...时总是一本正经的
- regard** [ri'ga:d] *v.* 考虑,认为,看作; 注视,注重; 留意 || regard sb. as a friend 把某人看作朋友; regard sth. as easy 认为某事是容易的; regard sb. highly 尊敬某人; regard sb.'s advice 把某人的劝告放在心上 / *n.* (pl.) 敬重; 问候 || have a regard for sb.'s opinion 尊重某人的意见; hold sb. in high regard 十分尊敬某人; take no regard of 不注意,不考虑; Give my regards to your sister. 代我向你妹妹致意。
- conversational** [kɒnvə'seɪʃənəl] *adj.* 会话的,交谈的,健谈的 || conversational English 口语英语; in conversational style 用口语体
- belief** [bi'li:f] *n.* 信仰,信条; 相信,信念 || beyond belief 难以置信; firm belief 坚定的信念; have (no) belief in sb. (不)信任某人,对某人(没)有信心; in the belief that 相信...; religious beliefs 宗教信仰
- charge** [tʃɑ:dʒ] *v.* (参看第二级第八单元)
- conduct** [kən'dʌkt] *v.* 引导,指挥; 传电,传热 || conduct a friend over the university 引导朋友参观学校; conduct a visitor in 把客人领进; conduct an orchestra 指挥管弦乐队; conduct electricity 导电; conduct heat 传热; conduct to the city (路) 通向市区 / *n.* 行为,品行 || good (bad) conduct 好(坏)品行; His conduct is inexcusable. 他的行为是不能宽恕的。
- defence** [di'fens] *n.* 防御,保卫; (pl.) 防务,工事 || as a defence against 作为...的防御物; civil defence exercise 民防演习; in defence of 保卫,捍卫; coast defences 海防工事
- witness** ['wɪtnɪs] *n.* 目击者,见证人; [A] 证明,证据 || be a witness to sth. 是某事的目击; bear witness to sb. 作某人的证(明)人; bear sb. witness 为某人作证; in witness of 作为...的证据 / *v.* 目击,目睹 || witness against the accused 证明被告有罪; witness to sth. 为某事作证; witness the battle 亲眼目睹了那场战斗
- trial** ['traɪəl] *n.* 审讯; 试验 || at the trial 在试验时; during the trial 在试验(审讯)中; be trial for 因...而受审; give it a trial 拿它试一下; have (make) a trial 试一试; go through (stand) many trials 经受许多考验
- case** [keɪs] *n.* 案件,病例 || case history 病历; a case in point 一个适当的例子; a case of murder 一件谋杀案件; a civil (criminal) case 民事(刑事)案件; accept (hear) a case 受理(审理)案子
- cost** [kɒst] *n.* 成本,费用,代价 || at a low cost 花低的成本; at a minimum (reasonable) cost 以最小(合理)的代价; bear the cost of 负担...的开支; share

the cost of 分摊…的费用/v. 值,花费||cost a lot of money 值很多钱,价格昂贵;It costs too much. 这东西价钱太贵。

at all costs 不惜任何代价,无论如何||The border should be defended at all costs. 必须不惜一切代价守卫边界。The bridge must be repaired within three days at all costs. 无论如何要在三天内把桥修好。

award [ə'wɔ:d] n. 奖,奖品||the first (second, third) award 一(二,三)等奖;get the award 得到奖(学金);give sb. proper award 适当奖励某人;The award will go to him. 这奖品将发给他。/v. 授予,奖给||award sb. a medal 授予某人勋章;award sb. the degree of MA 授予某人文学硕士学位;award sb. the title of 授予某…称号;be awarded for 因…获奖

record ['rekɔ:d] n. 唱片;(最高)记录,记载;经历,履历||a matter of record 有记录的事实,有案可查的事件;academic (school) records 学业成绩;break (beat) a record 打破记录;cut a record 灌唱片;make (set up) a record 创记录;have a fine record at school 品学兼优/[rɪ'kɔ:d] v. 记录,记载||be recorded in history (被)记入史册;be recorded in the official files (被)记录在案;The thermometer recorded 90°. 温度计指明温度为90°。

accent ['æksənt] n. 腔调,口音;重音,重音符号||a cockney accent 伦敦土音;a primary (secondary) accent 主(次)重音;with a strong Shanghai accent 带有很重的上海口音

reliable [rɪ'laɪəbl] adj. 可靠的||a reliable successor 可靠的接班人;a reliable pair of boots 一双经穿的靴子

give [gɪv] v. 给,提供,授予;举行,举办;交给,托付;传授,进行,做||give a check-up to sb. 给某人作检查;give milk (牛)产奶;be given the title of 被授予…称号;give a party (concert) 举行宴会(音乐会);Give him your bag. 把包让他拿吧。give sb. one's cold 把感冒传染给某人/given ['gɪvn] adj. 给予…的,假设的||Given health, this can be done. 假设身体健康,这是做得到的。

give away 泄露,暴露,出买,赠送,捐献||That remark gave away his real opinion on the matter. 那句话泄露了他对这件事的真实想法。He gave away his books to a circulating library. 他把自己的书籍捐赠给一家流通图书馆。

give in 投降,让步,认输;交上去,呈上||Please give in your exercise books now. 现在请把你们的练习簿交上来。They fought desperately, but finally they had to give in. 他们拼命挣扎,但是最后不得不投降。

give back 送还,恢复||Has he given back the book he borrowed from you? 他向你借的书归还了没有?

give up 放弃,辞去、投降,屈服||Many students give up their day off to do voluntary labour. 许多学生放弃休息日去参加义务劳动。Many enemy troops gave up their arms and were taken captive. 许多敌军缴枪被俘。

give way to 让位于,被…代替,给…让路,对…让步。||As winter gives way to spring the day begin to lengthen. 冬去春来,白天渐渐变长了。A dead-

lock was reached in the discussion when neither side would give way to the other. 双方各不相让,因此讨论会陷入了僵局。

give oneself away [A] 泄露,露马脚

give oneself up [A] 自首,投降,投案

guilty ['gɪlti] *adj.* 有罪的,犯罪的;自觉有罪的,负疚的||be guilty of a crime 有罪,犯罪;find sb. guilty of murder 判某人有杀人罪;have a guilty conscience 问心有愧

brilliant ['brɪljənt] *adj.* 辉煌的,灿烂的;杰出的,有才华的||a brilliant scientist 卓越的科学家;a brilliant example 光辉的榜样;brilliant leadership 英明的领导

gloomily [glu:'mɪli] *adv.* 沮丧地,忧伤地

complain [kəm'pleɪn] *v.* 抱怨,诉苦,申诉||complain of (about) sth. to sb. 向某人诉说(控诉)某事;complain that... 抱怨说...

reproach [rɪ'prəʊtʃ] *v.* 责备,指责||reproach sb. for (with)... carelessness 指责某人粗心大意||*n.* 责备,指责||beyond (above) reproach 无可指责地,无可非议地;heap reproaches on sb. 痛责某人||reproachfully [rɪ'prəʊtʃfʊli] *adv.* 责备地

a couple of 一对,一双||a couple of players 一对选手;in a couple of days 在两三天内

take one's time 不急不忙,从容进行

'turn out 证明是,结果是;生产,制造;驱逐,使离开||Everything turned out all right in the end. 结果一切都很好。The school has turned out some first-rate scholars. 这所学校培养出了一些第一流的学者。I'll have you turned out if you make any more trouble here. 如果你们再在这里捣蛋,我就把你们赶出去。

call on (upon) 访问,拜访;[A] 号召,呼吁

[A] 级

subsequent ['sʌbsɪkwənt] *adj.* 随后的,后来的

offence [ə'fens] *n.* 犯罪,犯规,过错;冒犯,触怒

confirm [kən'fɜ:m] *v.* 证实,确认,批准

absure [əb'skjʊə] *adj.* 阴暗;模糊

presumably [prɪ'zju:məbli] *adv.* 据推测,大概

stroll [strəʊl] *v. / n.* 散步,闲逛

petty ['petɪ] *adj.* 细小的,次要的

casual ['kæʒʊəl] *adj.* 偶然的,碰巧的

respectable [rɪs'pektəbl] *adj.* 可敬的,人格高尚的

revolve [rɪ'vɒlv] *v.* 旋转

apologize [ə'pɒlədʒaɪz] *v.* 道歉

[头] 级

arbitrary ['ɑ:bitrəri] *adj.* 任意的,武断的

doorstep ['dɔːstɛp] *n.* 门前石阶
 unconcerned ['ʌnkən'sænd] *adj.* 漠不关心的, 不感兴趣的
 au fait [au'fei] *adj.* [法] 熟悉的
 solicitor [sə'lisitə] *n.* (初级) 律师
 save up 存(钱), 储蓄
 revolve around 绕... 旋转
 downfall ['daʊnfɔːl] *n.* 垮台(原因); (城市) 陷落
 counterculture ['kaʊntə/kaltʃə] *n.*

反主流文化
 disreputable [dis'repjʊtəbl] *adj.* 声名狼藉的
 worldly ['wɜːldli] *adj.* 世间的, 老于世故的
 magistrate ['mædʒɪstreɪt] *n.* 地方官
 outrage ['aʊtreɪdʒ] *v.* 引起... 的气愤
 stand a chance 很有可能, 大有希望
 turn against 使反对, 使成敌对

二、“教学大纲”词汇表中要求领会掌握而教材词汇表中没有出现的 E、I 级生词和词组

all [ɔːl] *adj.* 全部的, 所有的 || all day 整天; all one's life 生平; all the year round 整年/*n.* 全部, 一切 || all of us 我们大家; for all I know (care) 谁知道, 也未可知/*adv.* 完全, 都 || all alone 独自地, 独立地; all along 一直地, 沿途

after all 毕竟, 虽然这样 || Although they met with difficulties, I hear that they succeeded after all. 他们虽然碰到了困难, 但我听说他们毕竟成功了。

at all 完全, 根本 || He doesn't know French at all. 他根本不懂法语。

all over 到处, 遍及 || She has been looking all over for her fountain pen. 她到处在找她的钢笔。

in all 总共, 共计 || In all, there were twelve persons in the room. 房间里一共有十二个人。

best [best] *adj.* 最好 || best man 男傧相; best seller 畅销书; make the best use of 充分利用/*adv.* 最, 最好 || as best as one can 尽量努力, 尽力; work best 工作最好/*pron.* 最好的东西 || at (the) best 最好, 充其量 do one's best 尽全力 || They did their best to help us and we ought to thank them. 他们尽了自己的最大努力来帮助我们, 我们应该感谢他们。

get the best of 从中得到最大的益处 || You can't get the best of both worlds 你不能两全其美。

catch [kæʃ] *v.* 捕, 捉; 赶上; 感染, 传染疾病 || catch cold (a chill) 感冒; catch hold of 抓住, 捉住; catch the bad habit of 染上... 的坏习惯

catch up with 追上, 赶上 || We must strive to catch up with and surpass advanced world levels in science and technology. 我们必须努力赶超世界先进科技水平。

labo(u)r ['leɪbə] *n.* 工作, 劳动, 劳力, 劳方 || Labour Day 劳动节; labour power 劳动力; divide labour 分工; mental (manual, physical) labour 脑力(体力)劳动/*v.* 劳动, 苦干 || labour along 费力地沿着... 前进; labour at 非常努力地(孜孜不倦地)干; labour by brain (by hand) 从事脑力(体力)劳动;

- labour for 努力争取; labour through a book 费力地读完一本书
- lace [leis] *n.* 花边; 带子, 鞋带 || a pair of shoe-laces 一双鞋带; undo the lace of one's shoes 解开鞋带/[A] *v.* 系带, 扎带
- lack [læk] *n.* 缺乏, 没有 || for (by, through) lack of 因缺..., 因没有; have no lack of 不缺乏/*v.* 缺乏, 缺少 || aed courage (perseverance) 缺乏勇气(毅力); lack for nothing 什么也不缺; be lacking in decision (enthusiasm) 缺乏果断(热情)
- ladder [ˈlædə] *n.* 梯子 || fall from (off) the ladder 从梯子上掉下来; kick down (away) the ladder 过河拆桥; step down (get up) the ladder 走下(爬上)梯子
- lag [læɡ] *n.* 落后, 滞后 || a time lag 时滞, 时间滞差; without lag 毫不延迟地/*v.* 落后, 滞后 || lag behind the others 落在别人后面; lag 45° behind B (A) 滞后 B 45°
- lake [leik] *n.* 湖 || around the lake 在湖的周围; boat on the lake 在湖上划船; take a walk along the lake 沿湖边散步
- lamb [læm] *n.* 羔羊, 小羊; 羊肉 || like a lamb 顺从地, 乖乖地, 天真烂漫的; a wolf in lamb's skin 披着羊皮的狼; roast lamb 烤羊肉; a leg of lamb 羔羊腿肉
- lame [leim] *adj.* 跛的, 瘸的 || a lame excuse 站不住脚的借口; be lame in the left leg 左腿跛; go lame 变成瘸子; walk lame 一瘸一拐地走
- landing [ˈlændɪŋ] *n.* 登陆, 着陆; 楼梯平台 || a landing-craft 登陆艇; effect a soft landing 作软着陆; make an emergency landing 作紧急着陆
- landlady [ˈlændleɪdi] *n.* 女房东, 女地主 || owe one's landlady a month's rent 欠女房东一个月房租
- lane [leɪn] *n.* 小路, 小巷; 行车道 || by the lane 走小路; lane 1 第一跑道, 第一泳道; the inside (outside) lane 内(外)车道; travel through the lanes 走街串巷
- language [ˈlæŋɡwɪdʒ] *n.* 语言 || a language laboratory 语言实验室; arrive at a common language on 在...上有共同语言; native language 民族语言; spoken (written) language 口(书面)语; the language of the street corner 通俗语言
- lantern [ˈlæntən] *n.* 灯, 灯笼 || a palace lantern 宫灯; a signal lantern 信号灯
- lap [læp] *n.* 膝盖 || hold a child in (on) one's lap 把孩子抱在膝上; live in the lap of luxury 过着奢侈的生活; with a book on one's lap 膝上放着一本书
- large [lɑːdʒ] *adj.* 大, 广大; 大规模的, 众多的 || a large lady 肥胖的女人; a large family 多子女的家庭; large-scale operations 大规模的军事行动; a man with large ideas 思想开阔的人; unusually large 特别大
- largely [ˈlɑːdʒli] *adv.* 大部分, 基本上; [A] 大规模地 || largely because 主要因为; largely depend on 主要取决于; be largely due to 在很大程度上是由于
- laser [ˈleɪzə] *n.* 激光 || laser technique (theory) 激光技术(理论); a laser beam (gun) 激光束(炮)
- last [lɑːst] *adj.* 最后的 || last but not least 最后的但非最不重要的; last month

(night, year) 上月(昨晚, 去年); the week before last 上上星期; the night before last 前天晚上 / *adv.* 最后, 最近 || last of all 在最后; speak last at the meeting 在会上最后发言 / *n.* 最后 || last but one 倒数第二; at long last 好不容易才; from first to last 自始至终; to the last 直到底, 至终

at last 最终, 终于 || For a long time he hesitated, but at last he decided to go. 他犹豫了好一阵子, 但最后还是决定去了。

last² [last] *v.* 持续, 持久 || last sb. for a couple of months (食物) 够某人吃两个月; last from dawn till dark 从黎明一直持续到天黑; last out the winter (煤) 够用一个冬天; not last long (东西) 不经用

late [leit] *adj.* 迟, 晚, 晚期的, [A] 已故的, 过世的 || late afternoon 近傍晚(时); of late years 近年来; at the latest 最迟, 最晚; be late for school 上课迟到; the latest news 最新消息; of late 近来, 最近不久 / *adv.* 迟, 迟到 || late in the autumn 在晚秋时节; late in the day 为时已晚; as late as yesterday 直到昨天(还); early and late 从早到晚; early or late 迟早, 早晚; stay up late 夜深不睡

lately ['leɪtli] *adv.* 近来, 最近 || stay as lately as October 呆到十月; It is only lately that... 还是最近的事. until lately 直到最近

laugh [la:f] *n.* 笑 || break into a laugh 突然笑起来; laugh a hearty laugh 放声大笑; with a laugh 笑着 / *v.* 笑 || laugh a merry laugh 愉快地笑了笑; laugh away sb.'s fear 用笑来消除某人的恐惧; laugh one's head off 笑掉大牙, 笑破肚皮; laugh sb. out of his depression 笑得某人不再沮丧; laugh in one's face 当面嘲笑某人

laugh at 讥笑, 嘲笑 || It's unkind to laugh at a person who is in trouble. 嘲笑一个陷入困境的人是不和善的。

laughter ['laɪtə] *n.* 笑; 笑声 || burst into laughter 哈哈大笑起来; break into roars of laughter 突然哄堂大笑起来; roar with laughter 哄堂大笑

lavatory ['lævətəri] *n.* 盥洗室, 厕所

lawn [lɔ:n] *n.* 草地, 草坪 || lawn mower 割草机; on the lawn 在草地(草坪)上; walk over a lawn 走过草地

lay [lei] *v.* 放, 搁, 下(蛋); 铺设, 敷设 || lay a book on the desk 把书放在书桌上; lay the table 摆餐具; lay a railway track 铺路轨; lay a cable 敷设电缆; lay hands on 抓住, 得到, 找到; lay the blame for... on 把... 归咎于...

lay off (临时) 解雇, 休息 || The doctor told me to lay off for a few days, but I didn't think it necessary. 医生叫我休息几天, 但我认为没这个必要。With less orders coming in, many workers were laid off. 由于定货少, 许多工人被解雇了。

lay down 放下, 拟订, 铺设 || The enemy laid down their arms. 敌人放下了武器。These are the principles laid down at the recent conference. 这些原则是在最近一次会议上定下来的。

lazy ['leɪzi] *adj.* 懒惰的 || be lazy in the study of 懒于学习...; be getting lazy 越来越懒; a lazy afternoon 令人懒散的下半

- lead**¹[li:d] *v.* 领导,率领;领先;引导,带领||lead a government delegation 率领一个政府代表团;lead the way 领路;lead in a race 赛跑中领先;lead sb. astray 把某人引入歧途
- lead to 通向,导致,引起||This kind of discussion will certainly lead to still greater differences between the two parties. 这样的讨论,必将导致双方更大的分歧.His words led to an argument. 他的话引起了一场争论.All roads lead to Rome. 条条道路通罗马(或殊途同归)。
- lead**²[led] *n.* 铅||a lead pipe 铅管;sharpen the lead 削铅笔芯
- leading** ['li:diŋ] *adj.* 指导的,领导的;第一位的,最主要的||leading bodies (cadres, positions) 领导班子(干部,岗位);a leading school 第一流的学校;the leading article 社论
- leader** ['li:deɪ] *n.* 领袖,领导者||the leader of the Labour Party 工党领袖;the leader of an orchestra 管弦乐队的首席(通常为第一小提琴手);a leader plane 长机;a group leader 小组长
- leadership** ['li:deɪʃɪp] *n.* 领导||give correct leadership to 对...实行正确领导;under the leadership of 在...的领导下
- leaf** [li:f] *n.* 叶,叶子;页,张||burst (come) into leaf 长叶;turn a new leaf 翻开新的一页,揭开新篇章;turn over a new leaf 悔过自新,重新做人
- leak** [li:k] *n.* 漏洞||a leak in the roof 屋顶的漏洞;a leak in a paper bag 纸袋的漏洞/*v.* 渗漏,泄漏||leak in two or three places (屋顶) 有两、三处漏雨;leak gas (管子) 漏气;leak the news out to the press 把消息泄漏给新闻界
- lean** [lin] *v.* 倾斜;屈身;倚,靠;依赖||lean against the wall 靠在墙上;lean on others for guidance 依靠别人的指导;lean over the table 伏在桌子上;lean to (towards) 倾向,偏向
- leap** [li:p] *n.* 跳跃,飞跃||by leaps and bounds 飞跃地,迅速地;give a leap (心) 发跳,(心)跳起来;make a leap in the air 向空中一跃;be a great leap forward 是个大跃进/*v.* 跳跃,飞跃||leap forward 跃进;Look before you leap. 三思而行。
- learn** [lɜ:n] *v.* 学习,学会;听到;获悉||learn history 学习历史;learn sth. by heart 记住某事;learn the news from sb. 从某人那里得知此消息;learn about (of) it from sb. 从某人那里听到此事;learn from others 向别人学习
- learning** ['lɜ:nɪŋ] *n.* 学习,学问||a man of great learning 学问高深的人;book learning 书本知识
- least** [li:st] *adj.* 最小的,最少的||not to have the least thought of 丝毫不考虑;the least distance 最小距离/*adv.* 最小,最少||be the least conservative (年轻人) 最不保守 at least 最低限度,至少||It requires at least two days. 这至少需要两天时间。
- leather** ['leðə] *n.* 皮革,皮革制品||patent leather 漆皮
- leave** [li:v] *v.* 离开,动身;留下,剩下;忘带;让,听任||leave a deep impression on sb.'s mind 在某人心里留下深刻的印象;leave a message (note, address)

for sb. 给某人留句话(条子,地址); leave one's wife 和妻子离婚; leave sth. as it is 听其自然; leave for England 动身去英国; leave one's gloves in the office 把手套忘在办公室(了)

lecture ['lektʃə] *n.* 演讲,讲课||a lecture tour 演讲旅行; cut a lecture 旷课; go to lecture 去听课(听报告)/*v.* 演讲,讲课||lecture on one's discovery 就其发现发表演讲; lecture in (on) English Literature 讲授《英国文学》; lecture to sb. 给某人上课

leg [leg] *n.* 腿,腿脚||be all legs 是瘦高个子; have not a leg to stand on (论点等)站不住脚; stretch (extend) one's legs 伸腿,外出散步

legal ['li:ɡəl] *adj.* 合法的; 正当的; 法律的||legal adviser 法律顾问; legal person 法人; legal status 合法地位; in legal form 用法律形式

lemon ['lemən] *n.* 柠檬||lemon squash 柠檬(苏打)水,柠檬汽水; lemon yellow 柠檬色

lend [lend] *v.* 出借,借给||lend sb. a dictionary 借给某人一本词典; lend a helping hand to sb. 向某人伸出援助的手; lend itself to 有助于,适宜于

lens [lens] *n.* 透镜,镜头||lens opening (照相机的)快门; adjust the opening of the lens 调镜头的孔径(光圈); converging (diverging) lens 会聚(发散)透镜; convex (concave) lens 凸(凹)透镜

less [les] *adj.* 较少,更少||be less importance than 不如...重要; of less value 价值较少的/*adv.* 较少,更少||be less and less satisfied with 对...越来越不满; be less interesting than 比...乏味; none the less 依然,仍旧; not less than 不少于,不亚于; nothing less than 只有,唯有,不外是,简直是

lessen ['lesn] *v.* 减少,变少||lessen production costs 减少生产成本; lessen tensions 缓和紧张局势; lessen the sentence of 给(罪犯)减刑

lesson ['lesn] *n.* 课,课程,功课; 教训||be a lesson to sb. 对某人是个教训; give (prepare) lessons 授(备)课; go over (review) one's lessons 复习功课; study many different lessons 学习许多不同的课程

lest [lest] *conj.* 唯恐,以免,免得

let [let] *v.* 让,允许; 出租; 放任,听任||let AB equal CD 设 AB 等于 CD; let sb. try 让某人试一下; let sb. a room 租给某人一个房间; let come what may 听天由命; let go of the rope 放开绳子; let loose 释放,放出,吐出

let in 让...进入,放...进来||Please open the window and let in some fresh air. 请把窗子打开,透透新鲜空气. let him in on the act. 让他参加此项行动。

Let down 放下,降低; 使失望||Please let down the blind. 请把窗帘放下来. I won't let you down. 我不会辜负你的期望。

let off 放(炮,烟火); 开(枪)||They let off strings of firecrackers to welcome the visitors. 他们放了许多鞭炮欢迎来访者。

let out 放出,发出||The wounded man let out a cry of pain. 那伤员发出一阵痛苦的叫喊声. Mother won't let us out when it rains. 下雨时,母亲不让我

们出去。

letter ['letə] *n.* 信, 函件; 字母 || letter by letter 一个字母一个字母地; a letter for (to) sb. 给某人的信; a letter of consolation (congratulation, thanks) 慰问(贺, 感谢)信; answer (reply) sb. 's letter 回某人的信

liable ['laɪəbl] *adj.* 有...倾向的, 易于...的(to); [A] 有责任的, 有义务的 || be liable to break (玻璃) 容易碎; be liable to fits of temper 动不动就发脾气; be liable for 负有...的责任

liar ['laɪə] *n.* 说谎的人 || be a good liar 很会说谎

liberal ['lɪbəərəl] *adj.* 慷慨的, 大方的; 丰富的, 充足的; 自由的; 思想开明的 || a liberal point of view 开通的看法; a liberal table 一桌丰盛的酒席; be liberal in giving 施舍慷慨; be liberal of (with) one's money 花钱大方

liberate ['lɪbəreɪt] *v.* 解放, 释放 || liberate little birds out into the sky 把小鸟放到天空; liberate productive forces 解放生产力; liberate the mind from prejudice 解除头脑里的偏见

library ['laɪbrəri] *n.* 图书馆, (个人) 藏书; 丛书, 文库 || library hours 图书馆开放时间; a library card 借书证; a good (rich) library 藏书多的图书馆; program library 程序库

licence (-se) ['laɪsəns] *v.* 准许, 许可, 认可 || license sb. to do sth. 允许某人做某事; shops licenced to sell tobacco 特许专卖烟草的商店 / *n.* 执照, 许可证 || a license for the sale of sth. 卖某物的特许证; a license to practise as a doctor 医生开业执照; a driving license 行车(驾驶)执照; deal with licenses 办理执照; suspend sb. 's license 吊销某人的执照

lick [lɪk] *v.* 舐 || lick it clean 把它舐干净; lick sb. 's boots 拍某人马屁, 巴结某人; lick jam off one's lips 舐掉唇上的果酱

lie [laɪ] *v.* 说谎 || lie to sb. 对某人撒谎; lie oneself into other's confidence 用谎言骗取别人的信任 / *n.* 谎言 || a bare-faced lie 当面撒谎; a pack of lies 一套谎言; be used to telling lies 惯于说谎

lieutenant [leɪ'tenənt] *n.* 陆军中尉, 海军上尉; 副职官员, 代理官员

life [laɪf] *n.* 生活; 寿命; 一生; 生命; 生计 || life force 生命力; life history 生活史; expectation of life 估计寿命; live a simple (normal, single) life 过简朴(正常, 单身)生活; true to life 逼真的

trip [trɪp] *v.* 绊倒, 失足 || trip sb. up 绊倒某人; trip on the steps 跌倒在阶梯上; trip over a stone 绊倒在石头上 / *n.* 旅行, 远足 || a hiking trip 徒步旅行; go on a trip 去旅行; make a special trip to 专程到...去

triumph ['traɪəmf] *n.* 胜利, 成功 || achieve great triumph 取得很大的成功; return home in triumph 凯旋; win a triumph over 击败; in triumph 胜利地

troop [stru:p] *n.* (pl.) 部队, 军队; [A] (一) 群, (一) 队 || despatch (station, withdraw) troops 派(驻, 撤)兵; pull the troops out of 从...撤军

trouble ['trʌbl] *n.* 苦恼, 麻烦, 困难, 辛苦, 费心 || ask for trouble 自讨苦吃; be a trouble to 对...是个麻烦; get in (run into) trouble 遇到麻烦; No trouble. 不

费事, go to the trouble of doing sth. 不辞劳苦做某事/v. 麻烦, 打扰 || trouble oneself about 为...而烦恼, 为...担心; trouble about 为...费心
 trousers ['trauzəz] n. 裤子 || a pair of trousers 一条裤子
 true [tru:] adj. 真实, 确实; 忠实, 可靠 || true to life (nature) 逼真, 和原物一模一样; true to one's name 名副其实; as true as steel 绝对忠实可靠
 trumpet ['trʌmpɪt] n. 喇叭, 小号 || blow one's own trumpet 自吹自擂
 trunk [trʌŋk] n. 大衣箱, (汽车后部) 行李箱; 树干, 躯干 || trunk line 干线; trunk road 干道

三、同义词、近义词辨析

1. circumstances, environment, surroundings n.

这三个词都含有“环境”的意思。

circumstances 指某种事件或动作发生时的“情况、形势或环境”, 一般用复数。例如:

Circumstances alter cases. 形势改变事态。

Under no circumstances will China be the first to use nuclear weapons. 在任何情况下, 中国决不首先使用核武器。

environment 是“环境”的总称, 与 **circumstances** 不同, 更强调环绕着某一特定的事物或人, 并对其产生影响。例如:

A child's character is greatly influenced by his home **environment**. 孩子的性格很大程度上受其家庭环境的影响。

surroundings “周围事物, 环境”与 **environment** 的区别在于①只指具体的物质的东西; ②范围较窄; ③用复数形式。例如:

The students live happily in these beautiful **surroundings**. 学生们在这样优美的环境里过得很快活。

2. because of, due, owing to, thanks to prep.

这四个短语都表示“由于”或“因为”, 起前置作用, 其后不可接句子。

because of 只能引导状语。例如:

We must not get discouraged **because of** such a minor setback. 我们决不可因这样一个小小的挫折就灰心丧气。

due to 现在的用法只能引导表语(或用来修饰它前面的名词; 不能引导状语。或修饰动词。例如:

The accident was **due to** his careless use of the gun. 事故是因为他使用枪支不小心而造成的。

owing to 多引导状语, 修饰全句, 因此要用逗号和主句隔开; 也可引导表语。例如:

They decided to postpone the trip, **owing to** the change of weather. 由于天气改变, 他们决定推迟动身。

thanks to 引导状语, 可用于正面意思, 也可用于讽刺口吻中, 近于原意“感谢”。例如:

Thanks to your advice, much trouble was saved. 多亏有你出主意, 才省了许多麻烦。