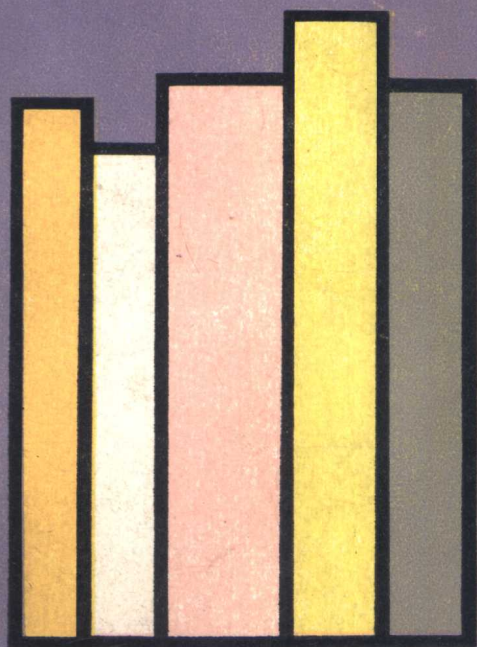


新编

高中英语第一册  
学习参考

ENGLISH • SENIOR I



上海译文出版社

新 编  
高中英语第一册  
学 习 参 考

周 令 仪 编写

供使用现行统编教材《高级  
中学英语课本第一册》参考

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## 编写说明

本书配合现行全国统编教材高级中学英语课本第一册，是以练习形式编写的学习参考书。为了能较好地达到“加强基础、发展智力、培养能力”这一目的，本书为广大中学师生和英语自学者提供了大量形式多样的双基训练和综合提高练习，力求做到激发学生兴趣，开拓学生思路，启发学生积极思维，促使并帮助学生不断归纳整理知识，使用已学知识。

本书的内容分成以下几个部分：

**一、试卷** 试卷(1)安排在本书的开头，是根据初中英语课本1—6册的主要内容命题的。读者可以自测对初中阶段课本内容掌握的情况，便于顺利进入高中阶段的学习。试卷(2)安排在本书的最后，是根据高中英语课本第一册的要求命题的。读者可以自测学完第一册后的水平。

### 二、课文练习

**1. 理解题** 理解题是根据课文设计的，读者应该在看完全文课文后做这项练习，以训练自己掌握全文主要内容的能力，和根据上下文猜测部分生词、词组意义的能力。

**2. 词汇学习** 这部分练习包括构词、课文生词和词组操练、常用词汇学习等内容。读者要注意单词的读音、词形(拼写)、词义和搭配关系。

**3. 句型学习** 就课文中出现的常用句型套用操练。

#### 4. 语法学习

**5. 补充读物** 本书尽量选用了与课文内容、体裁相近的读物。读者阅后可做文后的理解测试题，以检查自己的阅读理解能力。

**6. 看图说话** 每篇课文后都配上了几幅图画。读者可以用学过的语言知识，用自己的话看图复述课文，以提高口头表达能力。也可看图作文，锻炼写作能力。

**7. 想象** 读者可以充分发挥自己的想象力，用口头或笔头形式完成此题。

**三、复习练习** 根据语法项目，把全册分成四个单元，分别有四个复习练习。每个复习练习都包括语音(单词)、词汇、句型和语法几方面的内容。既有句的练习，也有篇的练习。

对于高中英语课本第一册中出现的语言要点和难点，本书还根据中学生的实际水平作了注释。本册练习中打△号的题目属较高要求，读者可选择使用。

本学习参考另配答案一本，其中有些答案不是唯一答案，仅供参考。

本书编写过程中，蒙上海市教育局教研室陈少敏同志关心和指导，谨在此致以深切的谢意。

由于编者水平有限，书中不免有错误不当之处，欢迎读者批评指正。

编 者

1985年4月于上海

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## TEST PAPER (1)

(本试卷根据初中英语课本 1—6 册的主要内容命题, 目的在于使读者在使用本书之前, 先自测对初中课本的掌握情况, 以顺利进入高中阶段的学习。)

I. Pick out the words that contain the sounds of italicized letters. (10%)

斜体的

- |              |             |              |
|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. clothing: | a) mouth    | b) month     |
|              | c) thousand | d) their     |
| 2. told:     | a) modern   | b) known     |
|              | c) crowd    | d) sorry     |
| 3. return:   | a) learn    | b) born      |
|              | c) dirty    | d) sharp     |
| 4. ask:      | a) accept   | b) success   |
|              | c) always   | d) refuse    |
| 5. ache:     | a) bread    | b) breakfast |
|              | c) break    | d) great     |
| 6. much:     | a) huge     | b) sunny     |
|              | c) mountain | d) country   |
| 7. cool:     | a) cough    | b) though    |
|              | c) thought  | d) through   |



II. Complete the sentences according to the given ones.

One word for each blank. (20%)

1. Have you decided yet?

Have you \_\_\_\_\_ up your mind yet?

2. Do you know how to pronounce the word?

Do you know the \_\_\_\_\_ of the word?

3. He is absent only when he is ill.

He is never absent \_\_\_\_\_ he is ill.

4. I spent two hours going over these lessons.

It \_\_\_\_\_ me two hours to go over these lessons.

5. He draws better than I.

I don't draw as \_\_\_\_\_ as he.

6. Tom was forced to do hard work.

They \_\_\_\_\_ Tom do hard work.

7. It was so cold that we couldn't stay outside throughout the night.

It was \_\_\_\_\_ cold \_\_\_\_\_ us to stay outside throughout the night.

8. What is he here for?

\_\_\_\_\_ is he here?

9. How ugly the monkey is!

What \_\_\_\_\_ monkey!

10. Everybody knows that computers can store information.

It is \_\_\_\_\_ that information can \_\_\_\_\_ in computers.

11. Xiao Ma asked Helen to get him a ticket.

Xiao Ma said, "\_\_\_\_\_, get \_\_\_\_\_ a ticket, please."

12. She works more diligently than any of the other three students.

She is the \_\_\_\_\_ diligent student of the four.

- ✓13. There isn't anything in the bottle.

There is \_\_\_\_\_ in the bottle.

14. This jacket is as large as that one.

This jacket is the same \_\_\_\_\_ as that one.

{'daiaibg} 对话

III. Complete the following dialogues. (10%)

- ✓ 1. A: John, this is Mr. Smith.

J: How \_\_\_\_\_ ?

- ✓ 2. A: My father is ill.

B: I'm \_\_\_\_\_ to hear that.

3. A: May I use your bike?

B: \_\_\_\_\_. Here's the key.

- ✓ 4. A: \_\_\_\_\_ me, sir, could you tell me where I can find a public phone?

B: Just round the corner.

5. A: Oh, I'm sorry.

B: That's all \_\_\_\_\_.

- ✓ 6. A: Another cup of tea?

B: No, \_\_\_\_\_.

7. A: Could you call for me at six?

B: \_\_\_\_\_, but I'll have to fetch Professor White.

8. A: Do we have to get there before dark?

B: I'm \_\_\_\_\_ we do.

9. A: Shall I go and see him now?

B: You'd \_\_\_\_\_ not.

10. A: Will you please help me with my English?

B: I'll be glad \_\_\_\_\_.

{mætʃ} 匹配

IV. Match the following and give the Chinese equivalents.

(5%)

A

B

go

ready

make

quiet

get

hands

shake

friends

keep

hungry

1. \_\_\_\_\_ ( )

2. \_\_\_\_\_ ( )

3. \_\_\_\_\_ ( )

4. \_\_\_\_\_ ( )

5. \_\_\_\_\_ ( )

V. Multiple-choice questions. (7%)

1. \_\_\_\_\_ book is this? It's \_\_\_\_\_.

a. Who ... mine      b. What ... mine

c. Which ... his      d. Whose ... his

2. A car was waiting in front of the hotel and we were asked to go \_\_\_\_\_.

a. in    b. into    c. on    d. onto

3. The doctor told my father \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. don't work too hard  
b. not work too hard  
c. not to work too hard  
d. didn't work too hard
4. Which runs \_\_\_\_\_, a horse or a cow?  
a. more quickly      b. quickly  
c. quicker            d. more quicker
5. The foreign friends asked me \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. how many books I had written yet?  
b. how many books I had written?  
c. how many books had I written.  
d. how many books I had written already.
6. He has stayed in his office \_\_\_\_\_ six in the morning.  
a. for    b. at    c. since    d. on
7. My father doesn't work there. My mother doesn't \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. neither    b. either    c. too    d. also
8. 'He decided to take my side' means \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. he decided to stand by me  
b. he decided to hit me in the side  
c. he decided to do away with me  
d. he decided to take me away
9. (1) Have you got anything particular to tell us?  
(2) Have you got anything particular for us?  
(3) Have you got anything particularly for us?

- (4) Have you got to tell us anything particular?
- All the sentences are correct except (1).
  - All the sentences are correct except (2).
  - All the sentences are correct except (3) and (4).
  - All the sentences are correct.
10. (1) They had another space station sent up the year before last.
- (2) They had another space station send up the year before last.
- (3) They had the scientists send up another space station.
- (4) Another space station was sent up the year before last.
- (1) is incorrect.
  - (2) is incorrect.
  - (3) is incorrect.
  - All the sentences are correct.
11. Suddenly all the lights \_\_\_\_\_ and we were left in darkness.
- broke out
  - went out
  - came out
  - carried out
12. There's no room for you here in the life-boat. It means that \_\_\_\_\_.
- there is no spare room in the boat
  - the life-boat is very much crowded and there is no space for you

- c. there is no work for you to do in the boat  
d. you have to stand if you take the life-boat
13. The workers \_\_\_\_\_ strike for three weeks.  
a. have been on      b. have gone on  
c. have taken      d. have begun
14. You must \_\_\_\_\_ spelling.  
a. put more attention to  
b. put more attention for  
c. pay more attention for  
d. pay more attention to

**VI. Fill in the blanks with proper words. One word for each blank. (10%)**

I hate housework and I usually let my wife \_\_\_\_\_ it all. I earn the money, so washing up and making the beds \_\_\_\_\_ not my jobs. \_\_\_\_\_ couple of weeks ago, though, my wife \_\_\_\_\_ ill and had to go into hospital. I had to cook, wash clothes and clean the place \_\_\_\_\_ top to bottom.

Cooking wasn't too bad and I felt quite proud \_\_\_\_\_ my soup, but \_\_\_\_\_ other things I had to do \_\_\_\_\_ really hard work. I was really pleased \_\_\_\_\_ my wife came home \_\_\_\_\_ hospital.

**VII. Put the following sentences into English. (15%)**

1. 小刘到博物馆去了。她要到午饭后才回来。你可以在今天下午再来。

2. 别发出声音。阅览室里你们不可以谈话。看，人人都在专心看书。
- 3 我们应该讲究礼貌，这可以使人们之间的关系变得友好愉快。

VIII. Fill in the blanks with the given words in their correct forms. Some of them can be used more than once. (13%)

student	give	copy	far
if	empty	be	small
smell	need	go	do

1. The \_\_\_\_\_ the star is away from the earth, the \_\_\_\_\_ it appears.
2. One of my \_\_\_\_\_ now holds an important position at a chemical works.
3. The dustbin \_\_\_\_\_ yet. It \_\_\_\_\_ terribly.
4. You \_\_\_\_\_ go back for the book. There are several \_\_\_\_\_ in our library and you may go and borrow one.
5. I don't know \_\_\_\_\_ he \_\_\_\_\_ to the Children's Palace.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ he says that, he means that.
7. We \_\_\_\_\_ our best if the work \_\_\_\_\_ to us.
8. I was surprised to find that they \_\_\_\_\_ nothing at all.

### IX. Reading. (10%)

My wife and I spent a few weeks in London last year. We went there in the autumn. We think it is the best season to visit England. The weather is usually quite good and there aren't too many tourists in October.

We stayed in a small hotel in the West End. We did most of our sightseeing on foot. We went to look at the places which all tourists see. We went shopping and spent too much money. What we liked most, though, was going to the theatre. We don't have the chance to see such wonderful plays at home. A lot of people say English food is very bad. We didn't think so. It's true that most of the restaurants are French or Italian or Chinese, but we had some very good meals.

In fact, we enjoyed our holiday so much that we have already decided to go there again this year. We are going to take our umbrellas, though. I'm sure we'll need them sometimes.

A. Complete the following sentences. One word for each blank.

1. It was in \_\_\_\_\_ that they passed their holiday last autumn.
2. They thought English food was quite \_\_\_\_\_.
3. However, they enjoyed the \_\_\_\_\_ most.
4. They have decided to go to the same country for this year's holiday \_\_\_\_\_ they \_\_\_\_\_ their stay



there so much.

5. They are going to take \_\_\_\_\_ this time

**B. Choose the correct answers.**

1. We went shopping and spent too much money.  
a. They didn't enjoy shopping because they spent too much money.  
b. This means prices are high in England.  
c. There were so many good things in the shops that they bought a lot.
2. We don't have the chance to see such wonderful plays *at home*.  
a. in their small hotel  
b. in their small home town  
c. in their own country
3. You can get \_\_\_\_\_ in a restaurant.  
a. meals   b. clothes   c. books
4. I'm sure we'll need them (their umbrellas) some-  
times.  
a. Umbrellas can be very good presents for their friends in England.  
b. Umbrellas are necessary in England because it often rains there.  
c. The English people have the strange habit of carrying umbrellas.