

21世纪

大学英语读写教程

同步辅导

(一)

主编 / 朱章华
审订 / 恩波



— 突出重点
— 全面辅导
— 链接考试

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21世纪大学英语读写教程 同 步 辅 导

第 一 册

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前 言

复旦大学出版社、高等教育出版社联合推出的国家重点教材《二十一世纪大学英语》(读写教程)受到高校教师和广大英语学习者的普遍关注和厚爱。根据这套教材“内容新”、“范围广”、“层次多”、“起点高”等特点,结合大学英语课堂教学和学生课外自主学习的具体要求,我们编写了与本教材相配套的《二十一世纪大学英语读写教程同步辅导》。参编者都是大学英语教学第一线的教师,具有较丰富的英语教学理论素养和实际教学经验。编书时充分考虑了大学英语教学规律、学习者的需求,一方面,全面覆盖教材每单元 Text A、Text B 和 Text C 的内容,同时又力求突出重点、突出难点、突出考点,有利于读者全面、充分把握课本所展示的语言知识,进而提高语言应用能力。本套辅导教材的编写分以下几个部分:

一、课文导读 从课文中心思想、语篇结构特征及语言文化背景等方面,以简短的篇幅、简练的文笔,点击课文中的精彩之处;

二、要点复习 从每篇课文中选取部分已学重点词汇或语法结构进行自测。读者对照答案,在学习新课文前进行复习巩固性的“热身”训练;

三、关键词汇 以最新大学英语教学大纲的要求为总背景,以“释义”、“举例”、“辨析”、“搭配”、“助记”和“说明”等形式,全方位地详细阐述生词表中的复用式核心词汇及相关语法知识;

四、重要词组 对课文中的重要词组或短语进行释义并结合词义及词组结构特征进行丰富的联想;

五、难句辨析 挑选课文中的疑难句子或典型句型进行剖析,扫清课文学习中的障碍;

六、难点提示 补充列出每单元 Text C 中有一定难度的单词、词组和句子并释义,便于读者更有效地对 Text C 进行自学;

七、考试链接 从历年的四、六级英语考试及研究生入学考试试卷中选出与本单元所学词汇、结构有关的全真考题,一方面让读者及时了解本单元语言知识的掌握情况,另一方面向他们提供一个模拟实战的机会;

八、课文译文与练习答案 每单元还配有课文的参考译文和部分练习答案,为读者学习提供很大的方便。

由于编者水平有限,书中疏漏不足之处恳请广大读者批评指正!

编 者

2001 年 8 月

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Unit One

Text A Secrets of A Students

I. 课文导读

本文以剑桥大学的优等生阿历克斯为例,着重探索了优等生如何在发展自己的兴趣爱好的同时保持优秀的学习成绩。根据作者的观点,在大学学习中出类拔萃不仅仅在于脑子聪明或刻苦勤奋,成功的秘诀就在于科学的学习方法。这些基本的技巧包括:集中注意力,随时随地学习,准备好学习资料,安排好学习时间,学会阅读,做好笔记,善于提问,共同学习等。只要掌握了这些技巧,每个人都有机会成为一名优等生。

本文可分为两个部分。前三段说明了优等生的成功在于学习方法,第二部分则阐述了如何掌握这些学习方法。全文语言生动活泼,常运用不同的措辞方法来表达同一个意思。如:好学生“A students”,“top students”,“high-achieving students”;解决方法:“approaches”,“solutions”。

II. 要点复习

ability manage master stick to go through necessarily according to hand in rather than direct
--

Complete the following sentences with the words and phrases in the box.

1. _____ the weather report, it will rain tomorrow.
2. He is a writer _____ a teacher.
3. The _____ to be clearly heard is important for newsreaders.
4. He never _____ anything for long.
5. The general _____ that the prisoners should be set free.
6. We _____ to get what we wanted, anyhow.
7. Each student has to _____ a composition once a week.
8. Rich people are not _____ happy.
9. If a student wants to _____ a language, he must practice it.
10. I'd like to have you _____ the book.

Key: 1. According to 2. rather than 3. ability 4. sticks to 5. directed 6. managed 7. hand in 8. necessarily 9. master 10. go through

III. 关键词汇

perform concentrate ignore focus assign recall essential schedule stretch irrelevant
content retain scan participate intellectual curiosity economics graduate
approach solution

1. perform

【释义】*v.* 1) 做,履行,完成:He performed his experiment over and over, working till midnight. 他一次又一次地做实验,直到午夜。

One should always perform what one promises. 一个人应该履行自己的诺言。

2) 演出,表演:They will perform the play of Shakespeare tonight. 他们今晚将要上演莎士比亚的戏剧。

【固定搭配】perform a part 扮演角色;perform one's promises 信守诺言;perform an experiment 做实验;perform one's duty 履行职责;perform the task 执行任务

【助记】performance *n.* 演出,表演;(sing.) 履行,执行;工作情况,表现,(机器)等工作性能;同义词:表演 act;执行,实行,履行,完成 accomplish, achieve, fulfill.

2. concentrate

【释义】*vi.* 1) 全神贯注,全力以赴:I'm never able to concentrate so early in the morning. 清早我永远也无法集中注意力。

2) 集中,聚集:The crowds concentrated in the center of the town. 人群集中在小镇的中心。

vt. 1) 集中,聚集:If you concentrate all your energies on the study of English, you will master the language soon. 假如你把所有的精力都集中在英语学习上,你很快就会掌握这门语言。

The typist's whole being was concentrated in the tips of her fingers. 打字员的整个身心都集中在她的手指尖上。

2) 浓缩:Many people prefer to buy the concentrated juice in the supermarket. 许多人喜欢在超市购买浓缩果汁。

【固定搭配】concentrate one's attention/efforts/thoughts on/upon sth. 集中注意做某事

【助记】concentration *n.* 专注,专心;集中;浓缩,浓度;concentrated *adj.* 集中的,加强的

3. ignore

【释义】*vt.* 不顾,不理,忽视:It is not a question that can be ignored. 这是一个不可忽视的问题。

Because he doesn't like me, he ignores me when we meet. 他一点也不喜欢我,每次遇见我时总是对我不理不睬。

【辨析】neglect, omit, disregard, ignore, overlook

neglect 指有意或无意地没有给予足够的或适当的注意,特别是当人家提出要求注意的情况下,可在后面加 to do 或 doing。如:neglect duties 玩忽职守 neglect one's friends 怠慢了朋友 He neglected to hang his clothes last night. 昨晚他一时疏忽,没有把衣服挂起来。

omit 指从整体或一个系列中彻底忽略有关事物的一些重要细节或方面。如:omit two chapters 删掉两个章节 She got up late and omitted breakfast. 她起来晚了,没有吃早餐。

disregard 指故意的疏忽。如:She disregards the wishes of her mother. 她无视母亲的意愿。
ignore 通常指对那些不愿意承认的事实视而不见,明显地不予关注。如:To those who agree with me I am uttering commonplaces and to those who disagree with me I am ignoring the necessary foundations of thought. 对那些支持我的人我就讲些家常话,对那些不同意我的观点的人我不屑一顾。

overlook 指由于轻率,不小心而导致疏忽。如:overlooked an item in an account. 他忽略了帐目中的一个项目。

【固定搭配】completely/entirely/utterly ignore He 完全无视;firmly ignore 坚决不予理睬;ignore personal danger 不顾个人安危

【助记】ignorance *n.* 无知,愚昧;ignorant *adj.* (of) 不知道的,无知的,愚昧的;同义词 disregard, overlook, neglect, omit,

4. focus

【释义】*v.* (on) (使)聚集,(使)集中,聚焦:His eyes gradually focused after he entered the dark room. 走进光线很暗的屋子以后,他慢慢看清了东西。

Please focus your mind on this question. 请集中注意考虑这个问题

n. 1) 焦点,焦距,聚焦:He took out the camera and adjusted the focus. 他拿出相机调整焦距。

2) (*sing.*) (注意,活动等的)中心:Beautiful and clever, she is always the focus of attention. 长得漂亮,人又聪明,她一向很惹人注目。

【固定搭配】adjust the focus 调整焦距;in (out of) focus 焦点对准(没对准);bring into focus 把...对准在焦点上,使明朗化;the focus of an earthquake 震源;the focus of the world's attention 世界注意的中心;focus on (使)聚焦,集中

【助记】同义词:center,centralize,concentrate

5. assign *vt.*

【释义】*vt.* 1) 指派,选派:The captain assigned two soldiers to guard the gate. 上尉指派了两名士兵来看守大门。

The reporter was assigned to cover international news. 那位记者被指派报导国际新闻。

2) 指定(时间,地点等):We assigned a day in July for the performance. 我们指定了七月的一天来进行表演。

3) 分配,给予,布置(作业):The problem was assigned to a commission. 问题被留给了委员会。

How many chapters did the master assign for homework? 老师留了多少章节作为家庭作业?

【固定搭配】assign sth. to sb. 给某人分派工作/任务等;assign sb. sth. 把某事交给某人去做;assign sb. to do sth. 指派某人做某事;assign the special problems for research 分配研究的特殊课题;assign the cause for a disease 确定病因

【助记】assignment *n.* (分派的)任务,(指定的)作业;[U] 分配,指派;同义词:allot, allocate

6. recall

【释义】*vt.* 1) 回忆起, 回想起 *recall sth. / recall doing sth. / recall + that*; I can recall stories that my mother told me years ago. 我能想起几年前母亲给我讲的故事。

I can still recall your telling me that you were going to be a lawyer. 我仍然记得你曾告诉我你想成为一名律师。

I can't recall where I met him. 我想不起来在哪里见过他。

2) 收回, 撤消: The factory recalled all the cars which were supposed to be of poor quality. 工厂收回了被认为是质量很差的汽车。

【辨析】remember, remind, recollect, recall:

remember 指所有形式的回忆, 包括自觉和不自觉的, 不需要费很大的劲。通常用 *sb. + remember + sth. / remember + that*。如: He remembers clearly what happened to him on his first day to school. 他很清楚地记得他第一天上学时发生的事情。

remind 通常用来描述自己对某事的回忆, 尤指突然唤起的对某事的回忆。 *sb. / sth. + remind + sb. of sth. / remind + that*。如: He reminds me of my school life. 他让我想起了在校时的生活。The car accident reminded him of another and similar one. 车祸让他想起了另一桩类似的事情。

recollect 指回忆那些在记忆中已模糊的事情, 大都指愉快平静的回忆, 既可指自己在内心的回忆, 也可指向他人指出, 可用 *recollect sth. / recollect oneself*。如: I can not recollect the name for the present. 我现在一时想不出那名字。He sat down and began to recollect those battles in the war that he had witnessed first-hand. 他坐下来, 开始回忆战争中他亲身经历过的诸次战役。

recall 比 remember 正式, 常指有意识地努力回忆已忘却的事情 可用 *recall sth. 或 recall sth. to...* 指现在某种相似的事情唤起了人们对过去的回忆。如: I remember her face, but I can't recall where I met her. 我记得她的面孔, 但想不起在哪儿见过。Forty years later, Mr. Wilson recalled this circumstance to my memory. 四十年后, 威尔逊先生让我想起了那件事情。

【固定搭配】recall sb. home 召回国; recall a scene 回忆起一个场景; recall the army 撤回军队; recall sth. to the mind 想起某事; recall sb. 想起某人; recall sb. to life 使某人苏醒

【助记】同义词: recollect, remember, remind

7. essential

【释义】*n.* (常 pl.) 要素, 要点, 必需品: He earns only \$ 12 a week and has little or no money for anything except essentials. 他每个星期才挣 12 美元, 除了每日必需品以外就什么也买不起了。

A student majoring in astronomy needs essentials of mathematics and physics. 天文专业的学生必须要有数学和物理的基础知识。

adj. 1) 本质的, 实质的, 基本的: Her most essential quality is kindness. 她最基本的品质是善良。

There was no essential difference between the two jobs. 那两份工作之间并没有本质的区别。

2) 必不可少的, 绝对必要的, 非常重要的: Discipline is essential in an army. 纪律在

军队中是绝对必要的。

He respected every opinion his friend held; to do this is essential in friendship. 他尊重他的朋友的每一个观点,这样做对友谊是非常重要的。

【固定搭配】be essential to 对…是必不可少的;grasp the essentials of the problem 抓住问题的本质;outline the essentials 概括要点;an absolute essential 绝对的必需品;basic essentials 基本要素;living essentials 生活必需品;essentials to success 成功的要素

【助记】essentially *adv.* 主要地,本质地,从根本上说;essence *n.* 本质,要素,精髓;同义词:necessary, important, vital, fundamental, crucial, critical

【说明】It is essential that 句型中用虚拟语气 should + 动词原形,类似用法有 It is important/vital/necessary/urgent/desirable/insistent + that, 如: It is necessary that some immediate effort should be made. 必须立即采取行动。

8. schedule

【释义】*n.* 1) 时刻表,日程安排表:He planned his work schedule for the next month. 他计划了下一个月的工作日程。

A train schedule is needed for a long journey. 长途旅行需要有火车时刻表。

2) 清单,明细表:Retailers have several price schedules. 零售商们有一些价格明细单。

vt. 安排,排定:The airline scheduled additional flights because of the holiday. 由于假期的缘故,航空公司安排了额外的航线。

【固定搭配】ahead of schedule 提前;behind schedule 落后于预定时间;on schedule 按时间表,及时,准时;be scheduled to do sth. 已定做某事;as previously scheduled 按照先前制定的计划;schedule a match 安排一次比赛

【助记】scheduled *adj.* 预先安排的,预定的,定期的;scheduling *n.* 列入计划,安排,调度;同义词:timetable, calender, list, plan, program

9. stretch

【释义】*vi.* 伸展,延伸,延续:The road stretched away for many miles. 道路延伸了好几英里。

Canada stretched from the Atlantic to the Pacific. 加拿大从大西洋一直延伸到太平洋。

vt. 1) 拉长,拉紧,伸展:If you stretch a piece of elastic, it becomes much longer. 如果你拉紧一根橡皮带,它就会变得越来越长。

He stretched his arm up as far as he could but still could not reach the shelf. 他尽可能地伸长他的胳膊,但仍然够不着架子。

2) 使倾注全力,使紧张,尽力发挥:They will have to stretch their intelligence to solve the problem. 他们将不得不尽力发挥自己的聪明才智来解决问题。

n. 1) 一段时间,一段路程,连绵的一片:They still remembered him after a stretch of 20 years. 经过了20年,他们仍然记得他。

The stretch of water between Britain and Europe is called the North Sea. 英国和欧洲之间的水域被称之为北海。

2) 伸展,延伸,延续,伸懒腰:He stood up with a stretch and a yawn. 他站起来,伸了个懒腰,又打了个哈欠。

10. irrelevant

【释义】*adj.* 不对题,没有关系,不关正题:Your answer to my question is irrelevant. 你的回答和我的问题没什么关系。

Questions about arithmetic would be irrelevant to a spelling lesson. 关于数学的问题与拼写课无关。

【固定搭配】be irrelevant to 和...无关;an irrelevant remark 不相关的话

【助记】irrelevance *n.* 不相关,不切题,不中肯;irrelevantly *adv.* 不相关地;同义词 irrelated, irrelevant;反义词 relevant

11. content

【释义】*n.* 1) (pl.) (书等)的内容,目录:Look up the contents at the beginning of the book. 查一下卷首的目录。

Would you please empty the bottle of its contents? 你能否把瓶子倒空?

2) (pl.) 所容纳的东西,所含之物:the contents of a safe 保险箱里的东西;manipulate the contents of the reader's mind 操纵读者的思想

3) (sing.) 含量,成分:Oranges have a high vitamin C content. 橙子的维生素C含量很高。

4) [U] 满足,满意:He takes content in nothing. 他从不知足。

adj. 满意的,满足的:I am content with the life of being a teacher. 我对于教师的生活心满意足。

vt. 使满意,使满足:Simple praise is enough to content him. 他只要听到实事求是的表扬就满足了。

【固定搭配】to one's heart's content 尽情地,心满意足地;give sb. full content 让某人心满意足;live in peace and content 安宁而满足地生活;net content 净含量;a table of contents 目录,目次;the content of the article 文章的要旨 be content to do sth. 愿意做某事;be content with 满意于,满足于;content oneself (with) 满意(于),满足(于)

【助记】contented *adj.* 满意的,满足的;同义词:satisfied, contented, pleased

12. retain

【释义】*vt.* 保留,保持:I want to retain the right to reply. 我想要保留答复的权利。

The village girl retained the simplicity and shyness even after she came to the big city. 即使来到了大城市,那个乡村女孩仍保持了一份单纯和羞怯。

【固定搭配】always retain youthful vitality 永葆青春活力;retain heat 保温;retain a clear memory of ...对...记得很清楚;retain one's interest in sth. 保持对...的兴趣

【助记】同义词:keep, preserve, maintain

13. scan

【释义】*vt.* 1) 浏览:He is so busy that he can only scan the headlines of the newspapers every day. 他是如此的忙碌以致于每天只能浏览报纸的大标题。

It is important to scan the articles to find the information needed. 浏览文章找到所需的信息是很重要的。

2) 扫描:The area was scanned by radar for signs of enemy aircraft. 该空域由雷达扫描以发现敌机踪迹。

3) 细看, 审视: The patient scanned the doctor's face for a sign of hope. 病人细察医生的神色看是否还有希望。

【固定搭配】scan the field 了望战场; scan the field of 探索…的领域; scan the want ads 浏览招聘广告; scan the horizon 观察海天交界之处

【助记】scanner *n.* 审视者, 扫描仪; scanning *n.* 细看, 快读, 电子光束扫描; 同义词: examine, inspect

【说明】browse scan 的过去分词和现在分词都需双写 *n*, 如: scanned, scanning

14. participate

【释义】*vi.* 参与, 参加: To participate in the class discussion is a good way to improve your oral English. 参与课堂讨论是提高英语口语的好方法。

In a modern democracy, people want to participate more fully. 在现代民主政体中, 人们要求更多的参与。

【辨析】join, take part in, attend, participate

join 用作及物动词时, 表示“参加”或“加入”某个组织或群体, 成为其中一员, 或表示“和其他人一起参加”, “联合起来做”某事, 后面常加 join sb. in doing sth. / to do sth; 用作不及物动词时, 常和 in 连用, 表示“参加进来”。如: When did he join the army? 他何时参军的? Will you join us in a walk? 我们一起散步好吗? Mr. Black joined in the discussion. 布莱克先生参加了讨论。

take part in 指参加某种工作, 事业, 活动, 并积极发挥自己的作用, 后面直接加表示活动的名词。如: Are you going to take part in the celebration? 你打算参加庆祝会吗?

attend 专指参加会议等, 如: Who will attend the meeting? 谁会来参加会议?

participate 不及物动词, 必须与介词 in 连用, 多指参加团体活动, 较正式。如: How many countries will be participating in the Olympic Games? 有多少个国家将参加奥林匹克运动会?

【固定搭配】actively participate in 积极参加; willingly participate in 乐意参加…; participate in a conference/discussion/war 参加会议/讨论/战争; participate in the profits 分享利润; participate of 带有…的性质; participate with sb. in sth. 和某人分享, 分担

【助记】participation *n.* 参与, 参加; participant *n.* 参与者, 参加者

15. intellectual

【释义】*adj.* 智力的, 善于思维的, 用脑力的: Teaching is an intellectual occupation. 教书是一种用脑力的职业。

n. 知识分子: Intellectuals are being highly respected at present. 目前, 知识分子受到了高度的重视。

【固定搭配】intellectual curiosity 求知欲; intellectual powers 智力; intellectual integrity 健全的理智; intellectual work 脑力劳动; intellectual class 知识阶层

【助记】intellect *n.* 智力, 理解力, 才智非凡的人; intelligence *n.* 智力, 智慧, 理解力, 情报, 消息; intelligent *adj.* 聪明的, 有才智的; intelligible *adj.* 可理解的, 明白易懂的, 清楚的

16. curiosity

【释义】*n.* 1) (sing.) 好奇(心): He opened his sister's letter out of curiosity. 他出于好奇而拆开了姐姐的信。

A successful scientist is always full of curiosity about everything in his field. 一名成功的科学家总是对其领域中的一切都充满了好奇。

- 2) 奇物, 奇事, 古玩: Both of them wanted to buy the old desk which was quite a curiosity. 他们俩都想买那张旧桌子。它的确是希奇之物。

【固定搭配】arouse sb. 's curiosity about sth. 引起某人对某事物的好奇心; excite the curiosity 激起好奇心; satisfy/feed sb. 's curiosity 满足...好奇心; show one's curiosity 显示出好奇心; historical curiosities 历史珍品; out of curiosity 出于好奇

【助记】curious *adj.* 好奇的, 好求知的; 奇特的, 希奇的

17. economics

【释义】*n.* 1) (用做单数) 经济学; I majored in economics in the university. 我在大学的专业是经济学。

- 2) (pl.) 经济状况, 经济因素, 经济意义: What are the economics of such a project? 这样一个工程的经济意义是什么?

【固定搭配】farm economics 农业经济; home economics 家政学; socialist economics 社会主义经济学; wartime economics 战时经济; economics of commerce 商业经济学; economics of management 管理经济学

【助记】economic *adj.* 经济的, 经济上的, 经济学的; economical *adj.* 节约的, 节省的, 经济的; economy *n.* 经济, 经济制度, 经济情况, [C, V] 节俭, 节约, 充分利用

18. graduate

【释义】*adj.* 研究生的; a graduate student 研究生; a graduate course 研究生课程

- n.* 1) 研究生: Her dream came true when she finally became the graduate of Qinhua University. 她的美梦成真, 终于成为了清华大学的研究生。

- 2) (尤指大学) 毕业生: Have you ever seen the movie "The Graduates"? 你有没有看过“毕业生”这部电影?

- v.* (使) 毕业: If you want to graduate with honors, you must study hard in the school. 如果你想以优异的成绩毕业, 在校时你就必须努力学习。

【固定搭配】graduate assistantship 研究生奖学金; graduate school 研究生院; college and middle school graduates 大、中学校毕业生

【助记】graduation *n.* 毕业

19. approach

【释义】*n.* 1) 方式, 方法: You may have different approaches to the same problem. 处理同一个问题可以用不同的方法。

With the approach of final exams, students study harder than usual. 随着期末考试的临近, 学生们比平时更加努力学习。

- 2) 靠近, 接近, 临近: A good boss is easy of approach. 好的老板总是平易近人。

- 3) 途径: The best approach to the mayor lay through a mutual friend. 要接近市长的最佳途径是找到一个双方都认识的朋友。

- v.* 靠近, 接近: With the summer vacation approaching, he is more and more eager to go home. 暑假越来越近了, 他急于回家。

【固定搭配】常在后面加介词 to; make approaches to sb. 与某人亲近, 引人注目; an approach to

perfection 接近完美; a correct approach to the problem 研究问题的正确方法; scientific approach 科学的态度; be easy/difficult of approach 易于/难于相处

20. solution

【释义】n. 1) 解答, 解决办法: The solutions to the questions are at the back of the book. 问题的答案见书后。

Burning the mid-night oil before the exam is not a good solution to your problem. usually studying hard is what really counts. 考试前赶夜车并不是解决问题的好办法。平常努力学习才是最重要的。

2) 解决; achieve a peace solution 达成和平解决

3) 溶液; a solution of... 的溶液

【辨析】resolution, dissolution, solution

resolution n. 坚决, 刚毅, 决议, 提案如: The board passed a resolution to establishing a branch store. 董事会通过了一项建分店的决议。

dissolution n. 分解, 解散。No one knows the exact cause of the dissolution of the empire. 没有人知道帝国解体的确切原因。

solution n. 解决方法, 答案。如: Have you thought of the solution yet? 你想出答案了吗?

【固定搭配】常在后面加介词 to, of, for; bring about a satisfactory solution 导致满意的解决; seek a solution 寻找解决方法; reach/arrive at/come to/work out a solution 得出解决方法; problems awaiting solution 尚待解决的问题; a correct/partial/prompt solution 正确/部分/及时的解决

【助记】solve v. 解决, 解答; soluble adj. 可溶的, 可解决的; 同义词: answer, key, explanation

IV. 重要词组

make the most of count for much/little put in/get/lay one's hands on hand in cut down on
stick to work wonders go through lead to write up put down put away

1. make the most of

【释义】充分利用: We must make the most of the chance to study. 我们必须充分利用学习的大好机会。

We can only stay in Beijing for one day. We should make the most of it. 我们在北京只能待一天。我们应该充分利用这段时间。

【联想】make the full use of; get the best use of 充分利用

2. count for much/little

【释义】很有/没有多少价值或重要性:

Education counts for much in today's society. 教育在当今社会十分重要。

Talking about stratagems on paper counts for little. 纸上谈兵是没什么用的。

【联想】be of much/little importance (不)重要; make little of 使显得不重要, 觉得没什么了不起; mean nothing/everything to... 对...不(很)重要

3. put in

【释义】1) 花费(时间或金钱)投入(精力进行某种活动): He put in an hour a day reading English

newspapers. 他每天花一个小时的时间阅读英文报纸。

2) 正式提出, 申请: Are you going to put in for that job? 你准备申请那个工作吗?

【联想】It takes sb. some time/energy/money to do sth. ; Sb. spend time/money in doing sth. / on sth. ; Sth. cost sb. time/money... 花费时间(精力, 金钱)做某事

4. get/lay one's hands on

【释义】把...弄到手, 得到, 找到: He was unable to lay his hands on the record needed for the graduation party. 他无法得到毕业舞会所需要的唱片。

I know I have received your Christmas card; but I just cannot get my hands on it now. 我知道曾收到过你的圣诞卡片, 但现在就是找不到。

5. hand in

【释义】交上, 提交: The student was asked to hand in the composition before June 1. 学生被要求在六月一日以前交作文。

The manager told the secretary to hand in the document in the afternoon. 经理要求秘书在下午把文件交上来。

【联想】turn... over to; submit... to... 把...交给..., 上交; hand back 交还; hand down 传下来, 传给; hand out 发给大家, 散发; hand over 移交, 拿给(另一人)

6. cut down on

【释义】减少: Because of the increased taxation, I have to cut down on many things; cigarette, records and so on. 因为税收的上涨, 我不得不缩减许多开销, 如香烟, 唱片等等。

The old man decided to cut down on drinking and smoking. 那位老人决定要少抽烟, 少喝酒。

【联想】fall off 减少; cut down 削减, 压缩, 砍倒; cut back 削减, 缩减

7. stick to

【释义】坚持, 不放弃: As a communist, you should stick to the truth. 作为一名共产党员, 你应该坚持真理。

If you have made up your mind, stick to it until you succeed. 如果你决定去做了, 你就应该坚持到底直到胜利。

【联想】persist or persevere in; insist on; adhere to; abide by; cling to; hold on; keep up; keep to 坚持

8. work wonders

【释义】创奇迹, 产生奇妙作用: The new medicine has worked wonders for cancer. 新的药物对癌症的治疗有奇效。

She was exhausted after a day's work, but the praise from the customer worked wonders in her. All the tiredness disappeared at once. 经过一天的工作, 她已经筋疲力尽, 但来自顾客的称赞却在她身上产生了奇迹。所有的疲劳立刻都消失了。

【联想】It's a wonder that... 真奇怪, 真是令人惊奇; It's no wonder that... 难怪

9. go through

【释义】1) 从头到尾看, 遍查: Go through the test paper before handing it in. 交卷子以前仔细检查一遍。

Mother went through all the drawers looking for the scissors. 母亲翻遍了所有的抽屉寻找剪刀。