HALLER

尖峰英语

应考阅读训练



内容简介。

英语阅读在英语学习中占有非常重要的地位。英语水平如何,在很大程度上取决于英语阅读能力。阅读理解是检测英语能力的主要部分。因此,这部分是学习和考试中的难点之一。在教学中,我们发现有相当一部分同学开始对此发怵,感觉进步不快。本书就是根据初一学生对英语知识的掌握程度,筛选了一些适合他们的阅读材料,并作了注释,旨在使学生养成良好的阅读习惯,掌握阅读技巧,提高阅读能力。本书有以下几个特点:

- 1. 根据新教学大纲对英语阅读的要求和初中生英语学习的特点精心编写而成。
- 2.选材注重知识性与趣味性的结合,内容新颖,覆盖面广。分趣味故事、日常生活、文化教育、科学、自然、风俗、娱乐、应用文体等八个部分,每部分都按难易程度排序。这样使学生在不断扩大知识面的同时,也逐渐学到了阅读理解的技巧,提高了阅读能力。
- 3.实用性强。对每个选项都进行了详细的分析、语言 尽可能通俗易懂、所用的语言知识点尽可能限制在初中生 应该掌握的范围之内。
- 4.针对我国中学生的学习和思维特点、在讲解过程中、着重分析选项的思路和解题的方法、在培养学生的阅读能力、逻辑推理与判断能力以及语言知识的综合能力上下工夫、使学生每阅读一篇文章、每做一个练习、都能总结出规律、从而达到举一反三的效果。
- 5.对于文中出现的超出教学大纲要求的生词和短语等都做了详细的注解。

本书适合于初中一年级使用。

。目录。

Chapter One	Funny stories	1
	1	
Passage	2	3
	3	
	4	
Passage	5	7
	6	
	7	
	8	
	9	
	10	
	11	
Passage	12	16
Passage	13	17
Passage	14	19
_	15	
Passage	16	22
Passage	17	23
	18	
-	19	
	20	
Chapter Two	Daily life3	31
Passage	21	31
Passage	22	32
Passage	23	34
-	24	
Passage	25	36
	26	
Passage	27	39

Passage 28	40
Passage 29	42
Passage 30	43
Passage 31	45
Passage 32	47
Passage 33	48
Passage 34	49
Passage 35	51
Passage 36	53
Passage 37	54
Passage 38	56
Passage 39	57
Passage 40	58
Passage 41	60
Passage 42	61
Passage 43	63
Passage 44	65
Passage 45	67
Passage 46	69
Passage 47	70
Passage 48	72
Passage 49	74
Passage 50	77
Chapter Three	Culture & Education 79
Passage 51	79
Passage 52	81
Passage 53	82
Passage 54	84
Passage 55	85

Passage 5687
Passage 5790
Passage 5891
Passage 5993
Passage 6095
Passage 6196
Chapter Four Science99
Passage 6299
Passage 63 100
Passage 64 102
Passage 65 104
Passage 66 105
Passage 67 106
Passage 68 108
Passage 69 110
Passage 70 112
Chapter Five Nature 115
Passage 71 115
Passage 72 116
Passage 73 118
Passage 74 120
Passage 75 122
Passage 76 123
Passage 77 125
Chapter Six Custom 127
Passage 78 127
Passage 79 129
Passage 80 130
Passage 81 132

	Passage 82		133
	Passage 83		135
	Passage 84		137
	Passage 85		139
	Passage 86		140
	Passage 87		142
	Passage 88		144
Chapte	r Seven E	ntertainment	147
	Passage 89		147
	Passage 90		148
	Passage 91		150
	Passage 92		152
	Passage 93		153
	Passage 94		155
Chapte	r Eight Ap	oplied Styles	159
	Passage 95		- 159
	Passage 96		160
	Passage 97		162
	Passage 98		164
	Passage 99		166
	Passage 100 -		167



Chapter One 趣

Funny stories



A father asks his son, "How many letters are there in the Alphabet (字 母表)?" "I don't know," says his son. His father says, "You don't know? You are in school for many years and you don't know how many letters there are in the Alphabet!" He gets angry (生气).

His son says, "No. But let me ask you a question. Dad, you often go to the post office, please tell me how many letters there are in the post office?"

根据短文内等选择最佳答案。



B. the son is doing well in English

D. the son doesn't study well

B. two years

D. less than a year

- 1. From the story, we know
 - A. the son is good at maths
 - C. the son studies well
- 2. The son studies at school for
 - A. one year
 - C. more than a year
- 3. The father gets angry because _____.
 - A. the son asks him a difficult question
 - B. the son doesn't answer his question
 - C. the son is not polite (礼貌)to him



- D. he doesn't like his son
- 4. Are the "letters" in this passage same?
 - A. Yes, it is.

B. No, it isn't.

C. Yes, they are.

D. No, they aren't.

- 5. Which of the following is right?
 - A. There are twenty-six letters in the Alphabet.
 - B. The father knows how many letters there are in the post office.
 - C. The father goes to the post office every day.
 - D. There are twenty-six letters in the office.



- ① 在这篇故事里,父亲问儿子:"How many letters are there in the Alphabet?在字母表里有多少个字母?",儿子回答说:"I don't know."。由此可以看出:儿子学习不好。所以选择《 D 》。
- ② 根据父亲在故事中说的话: You are in school for many years. 你在学校有好几年了。此题选 B. two years 合适。所以选 择【B】。
- ③ 从故事中我们知道: 儿子没有回答出父亲的问题,父亲很生气。他生气地说: "You are in school for many years and you don't know how many letters there are in the Alphabet!你上学多年,可你不知道字母表里有多少个字母!"所以选择【B】。
- ④ 故事中的letters有两种含义。一是"字母表", 二是指"信"。 所以故事中的 letters 不一样, 再者 letters 是复数形式, 所 以选 D. No, they aren't. 所以选择 (D)。
- ⑤ 选项A. "There are twenty-six letters in the Alphabet. 字母表里有26个字母。"是正确的。其它三个选项都与原文或事实不符。所以选择《A》。



Father: How many words (字)do you know now?

Son: I know numbers 1 to 10.

Father: You are a silly (愚蠢的) boy! What will you do when you grow

up(长大)?

Son: I will be OK. I will write music (作曲). Music writers (作曲家) only use one, two, three, four, five, six, and seven. But I know mare(更多).

根据短文内等判断下列各句的正(T)强(F)-



- 1. Father knows only numbers 1 to 10.
- 2. The boy will write numbers when he grows up.
- 3. The boy will write music.
- 4. Music writers use numbers 1 to 7.
- 5. The boy will be OK.



- ① 此题的意思是 "Father knows only numbers 1 to 10. 父亲只知道数字从1至10。",而原文中的儿子说: "I know numbers 1 to 10. 我知道数字从1至10。" 所以,此题是错的。所以选择【下】。
- ② 该题的意思是: 当孩子长大后,他写数字。原文说: I will write music, Music writers only use one, two, ... 所以选择 【T】。
- ③ 这个男孩的父亲问他: "What will you do when you grow up (长大)? 长大后你将做什么? "他对他父亲说: "I will write music. 我将作曲。" 所以选择【T】。
- ④ 此题是"Music writers use numbers 1 to 7. 作曲家使用数字 1~7。" 与原文 "Music writers only use one, two, three, four, five, six, and seven. 作曲家只使用1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7。"



D.

的意思相符。所以选择【丁】。

(3) 此题的 "The boy will be OK." 与男孩对其父亲说: "I will be OK." 相符。所以选择【 T 】。

Passage 3

Look, the bus is stopping at a small bus-stop. A man is looking out of the window and seeing a woman. She is selling cakes. The man is very hungry and wants to buy a cake, but the woman isn't near here. It's raining and the man doesn't want to go out in the rain.

Soon, the man sees a boy near the window. "Come here, boy!" the man says. "Do you know how much the cake is?" "Twenty fen," the boy says. The man gives the boy forty fen and asks him to buy two cakes. "One is for you and one is for me," he says to the boy.

After a while (过了一会儿) the boy comes back. He's eating a cake. He gives the man twenty fen and says, "Sorry, there is one cake left. I'm eating the last one."

松锡维文内带判断下列专句的正(T)张(F)



- The bus is stopping at a big bus-stop.
- 2. A woman is selling cake in the bus.
- 3. The man in the bus wants to buy a cake.
- 4. He sees a boy near his bus.
- 5. The man wants to ask the boy to buy forty cakes.
- 6. The man has no cake to eat.

答案提示



① 文章第一句话告诉我们: the bus is stopping at a small busstop. 汽车停在一个小汽车站。而不是 a big bus-stop 大汽车站。所以选择【F】。



- ② 从文章的上下文来看:一位妇女在车外站台上卖饼,而不 是在车里。所以选择【下】。
- ③ 从文章中我们知道: The man is very hungry and wants to buy a cake. 这位先生很饿,想要买一块饼。所以选择【下】。
- ④ 文章说: the man sees a boy near the window. 他看见一个男孩在车窗旁。也就是在他的车旁。所以选择【丁】。
- ⑤ 原文是: The man gives the boy forty fen and asks him to buy two cakes. 这个人给那个男孩40分,让他买两块饼。而不 是40块饼。所以选择《下》。
- ⑥ 那个男孩买饼回来,对这个人说 "Sorry, there is one cake left. I'm eating the last one." 对不起,只剩一块饼了。我在吃最后一块。所以,这个人就没有饼吃了。所以选择【丁】。

In the morning Mr. Smith comes into the garden at the back of his house. He sees so much snow in the garden. Mr. Smith wants to take his car out, so he asks a man to clean the road from his garage to the gate. He says to the man: "Don't throw any snow on that side, it will damage (损害) the flowers in my garden; and don't throw any on the other side for it will damage the wall. And don't throw any into the street, or the policeman will come." Then he goes out.

When he comes back, the path is clean. There is no snow on the flowers, on the wall or in the street. But when he opens the garage to get his car out, he sees: the garage is full of snow, the snow from the path, and his car is under the snow!

根据短字内书题排录住书案



1. In the morning Mr. Smith finds ______ is full of snow.



B. his garage A. his garden

C. his house 2. He wants a man to clean the road. He

A doesn't like snow at all

B. likes the clean road

C. wants to take his car out of the garage

D. often asks the man to do something

3. Where does Mr. Smith tell the man to throw the snow in the garden?

A. On the flowers.

B. Into the street

D. his car

C. On the wall

D. We don't know

4. He opens the garage ______.

A. and takes his car out

B. and finds it is full of snow

C. and finds there is no car in it D. and takes snow out

5. Where is Mr. Smith's car?

A Under the snow from the road. B. In the street.

C. Near the road.

D. In front of his house.



- ① 这是一篇幽默故事。在故事的开头,我们知道: Mr. Smith 在早晨来到房后的花园。He sees so much snow in the garden. 他看见花园有很多雪。即: 他发现他的花园充满了雪。所 以选择【A】。
- ② 因为Mr. Smith wants to take his car out. Mr. Smith想要取出 车,所以,他想要一个人来清扫路上的雪。所以选择【C】。
- (3) 他告诉扫雪的人不要把雪扔在花园里、墙上、街上,也没 有说出具体的地点。所以选择【D】。
- (4) 故事说: But when he opens the garage to get his car out, he sees: the garage is full of snow. 但当他打开车库取车时, 他 看见:车库充满了雪。所以选择【B】。
- (5) 最后Mr. Smith发现; his car is under the snow! 他的车在雪 的下边。所以选择【A】。



A woman is ill, so she goes to see the doctor. He is a new doctor and doesn't know her, so he asks her, "How old are you?"

The woman says, "I don't know, doctor, but let me think about it." She thinks for a minute and says, "Yes, I know now, doctor! When I got married, I was eighteen, and my husband was twenty. Now my husband is forty. And that is twice twenty. So I am twice eighteen. That's thirty-six, isn't it?"

旗攀缝实内奢判断下到各有的证(T)器(F)。



- 1. The woman goes to see her husband.
- 2. The doctor doesn't know the woman.
- The doctor wants to know the woman first.
- 4. The woman doesn't want to tell the doctor her age.
- 5. The woman is thirty-six years old.



- (1) 从这篇故事的第一句: A woman is ill, so she goes to see the doctor. 我们知道: 她不是去看她的丈夫,而是去看医生。所以选择。下。。
- ② 根据原句: He is a new doctor and doesn't know her. 他是一位新来的医生, 他不认识她。此题是对的。所以选择【T】。
- ③ 正因为这位医生不认识她, 所以问她: 多大年龄了?以了解这位女士。所以选择《T》。
- ④ 这位女士绕来绕去地回答医生的问题,就是不想告诉他自己的年龄。所以选择【 T 】。
- (5) 女士的真实年龄应该 38 岁。所以选择 (F)。



A friend of mine gives English lessons to a class of people. They are here to find work in Australia. In one of his lessons, my friend puts some everyday things on a table and asks some of the students to give him some of them—the ruler, the book, the pen, the pencil and the keys. He turns to an Italian student and asks, "Give me the keys." The man is surprised. Then my friend says, "Give me the keys!" the Italian student goes to his teacher and gives him a good kiss.

根据短字内容选择最佳答案



1. The writer's friend is a			
A. student	B. a teacher	C. a woman	
2. The students of the	class		
A. don't like the things on the table			
B. can't see the things on the table			
C. often use the things on the table			
3. The writer's friend wants to know if the class			
A. can hear him	B. can understand him	C. all listen to him	
4. The sounds of the	words "keys" and "kiss	" are	
A. new	B. old	C. the same	
5. No one in the class is			
A. English	B. Italian	C. Chinese	
、答案提示			



- ① 从原句: "A friend of mine gives English lessons to a class of people. 我的一位朋友给一班人上英语课。" 可知: 作者的朋友是一名老师。所以选择【B】。
- ② 根据原句: my friend puts some everyday things on a table



and asks some of the students to give him some of them我的朋友把日常东西放在桌上,并让一些学生给他。说明班里学生每天都用这些东西。所以选择【C】。

- ③ 这位老师为了想要了解班里的学生是否明白他的意思,他 反复说 "Give me the keys!" 所以选择【B】。
- ④ 正因为 "keys" 和 "kiss" 发声有些相似, 所以选择 (C)。
- ⑤ 因为这位老师是教英语课的,所以,在他班里不太可能有 英国人。所以选择(A)。

Passage 7

John is six years old. He can read and write quite well, but he can't tell the time. He doesn't say eight o'clock, twelve o'clock or four o'clock in the afternoon. He says "breakfast-time," "lunch-time" or "tea-time".

His aunt thinks she can teach him.

"Can you count, John?"

"Yes. One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve..."

"That's fine. Now I put the long hand on twelve and the short one on one—that is one o'clock. If (如果)I put the short hand on two, What's that?"

"Two o'clock."

"Good. And on three?"

"Three o'clock."

It is four o'clock in the afternoon, and John's aunt looks at him and asks, "What time is it now, John?"

"Tea-time, Auntie, and I'm hungry."



推掘鑑定内等选择原律等案 -

— Too	

1.	When it is eight o'clock, John says it is	
	A. breakfast-time	B. lunch-time
	C. tea-time	D. supper time

2. John can _____.

A. tell the time
C. not tell the time

3. The long hand is

A. the hour hand
C. the short hand

4. Mary thinks _____.

A. she can't teach John

C. John can tell the time

B. not count

D. not read or write

B. the minute hand D. the right hand

A. she can't teach John B. John can learn to count

D. John can tell the time if she teaches him

5. After his aunt teaches him, John ______.

A. can count
C. can read and write

B. can't tell the time

D. can't count



- ① 从文章中我们知道: He doesn't say eight o'clock, ...He says "breakfast-time,"... 他不说8点, · · · 。他说: "早餐时间," · · · 。 所以选择《A》。
- ② 可从原句he can't tell the time.直接得出答案。所以选择 C 。
- ③ 众所周知,钟表上的长针是分针,短针是时针。所以选择 { B }。
- ④ 根据原句: His aunt thinks she can teach him. 他的姨妈认为 她能教会他。即:如果她教他,他能说出时间。所以选 择《D》。
- ⑤ 最后在一天下午4点钟时,当他姨妈问他几点的时候,他仍然回答 "Tea-time, Auntie, and I'm hungry." 喝茶时间,姨妈,我饿了。所以选择【B】。



One day little Mike's mother goes to the river to do some washing. Before she leaves, she says to him, "Mike, while I am away, stay near the door and watch it all the time!" She says this because she is afraid of the thieves (小偷).

Mike sits down beside the door. After an hour, one of his uncles comes. He asks Mike, "Where is your mother?" "She has gone to the river to do some washing," Mike answers. "Well," says his uncle, "Now it is a quarter to two. Three hours later we are going to visit your family. Go and tell her about it, for I'm too busy. I have to hurry..."

After his uncle is away, Mike begins to think: Mother asks me to watch the door all the time and my uncle tells me to go and tell my mother.

"What shall I do?" he thinks and thinks. Finally he pulls down the door, puts it on his back and goes to the river with it.

根据您产内特选择最佳省案:



- 1. What does Mike's mother ask him to do while she is away?
 - A. To wait for her.
- B. To watch the house.
- C. To look after the door.
- D. To wait for his uncle.
- 2. How many uncles does Mike have?
 - A. One.

B. Two.

C. Three.

- D. We don't know.
- 3. What time does Mike's mother go to the river?
 - A. 1:15.

B. 2:15.

C. 12:45.

- D. 1:45.
- 4. When will Mike's uncle come to see them?
 - A. In the evening.
- B. In the morning.
- C. In the afternoon.
- D. At night.
- 5. What should Mike do?
 - A. He should lock the door before he went to the river.
 - B. He should ask his uncle to tell his mother.