



如何写好英语作文

How to Write Compositions in English

英语作文练笔起步



海豚出版社



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练: 紧扣重点,强化写作训练,注重实效。

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英语练笔起步大全





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前言

最新英语教学大纲的要求重点培养学生的听、说、读、写能力。自 1990年以来,高考英语试题中新增加了书面表达试题即英语"作文",以考查学生的语言综合运用能力。为此,同学们必须在平时广泛阅读,勤学多练,趁早着手持之以恒。为了给同学们提供一个练兵的机会,我们编写了这本"初中英语作文起步"。

本书共分三部分,即记叙文、说明文、应用文。每一文题分别包括写作要求、思路导航、要点提示、学生习作、旁批、失分点评、范文、画龙点睛,模拟训练等栏目。从写作要求到思路导航,从学生习作到旁批博引的范文,从灵活多变的题型训练,到精辟的画龙点睛,都从基本知识和基本技能方面着重提高。

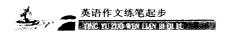
本书共收录习作范文 160 多篇,既提供了一些学生亲手写就的习作,又精选了一部分上乘的范文,内容涉及引人入胜的人文自然景观、科学、教育、风俗人情、习惯等等,以期学生在写作练笔的同时,受到热爱祖国、热爱自然、热爱环境的情感教育,从而在推进素质教育方面略尽微薄之力。

本书集知识性、趣味性、实用性于一体,相信对学生的英文写作能力会起到一定的推动作用。但由于时间仓促,书中瑕疵难免, 恳请广大读者批评指正。

> 编 者 2002.9



记叙文第一章





「 1. 我的学校



假如你是某中学的一名学生,请你写一篇 100 字左右的短文,介绍一下你的学校,内容要包括学校、老师、同学、校园、个人学习及生活情况。

思路导航

本短文属于记叙文。写作时应注意用第三人称、一般现在时,在人称与数上要保持一致。文中将可能用到这些短语: get up, have breakfast/lunch/supper, go to school, play games, go home, like doing sth. 等。



1. 句型

like doing sth. 喜欢做某事like to do sth 喜欢去做某具体事

- 2. 固定短语
- a friend of 名词/名词所有格/名词性物主代词
- 3. 一般现在时谓语动词的第三人称单数形式



My School

Our school compus is very clean and beautiful. There is a playground and many beautiful flower ① in it. My school's teachers ② are very friendly and busy. I study hard. I usually gets up early. Then I has ③ breakfast and go to school at about 7:00. Classes begin at 8:00. At 12:00 I go home and have lunch. In the afternoon I play games with my classmates. I like reading and watching TV very much in the evening. At 10:00 I go to bed.

- ① flower 应加 s, 因为前边 有 many 修饰。
- ② My school's teachers 不符 合英文表达习惯应改 为 My teachers。
- ③ has 也应改为 have。

注释:

compus 校园

失分点评

本文满分 10 分,作者得 7 分,文中有 5 处错误。flower 没有变为复数 flowers;school's teachers 不常用,应改正。全文流畅,思路清晰,只是忽略了中、英文语言间的不同,尤其是英文的时态问题。



My School

I am a student of Hope Middle School. My school campus is big and beautiful. There are many tall trees and beautiful flowers. There is also a playground in our school.

Our teachers are all very kind and friendly. They work hard and teach us very well. They take good care of us and they are strict with us.

There are about 60 students in our class. We get on well with each other. We often study and play together.



文章结构严谨,语言简练,用词及短语搭配恰到好处,没有任何语法错误。连词 and 几处使用,上下连接较好,突出了英语的特点。

模拟训练

- 1. 用所给词的正确形式填空。
- 1) He is a friend of (my).
- 2) She is a friend of (he).
- 3) They are friends of (we).
- 4) They_____(study) English hard now.
- 5) The boy_____(like) reading newspapers.



6) The girl(like) singing and dancing.				
7) The old man(like) playing chess with others.				
8) She always (go) home late.				
9) The young student often(help) the old granny.				
10) The boy(want) to go to Beijing.				
2 . 判断正误,正确的打" \checkmark "号,错误的打" $ imes$ "号。				
1) The girl likes watching TV.				
2) Their parents want to live in Hebei.				
3) Who know the news?				
4) How many people are there in your family?				
5) Does he likes to play chess?				
6) How often does your mother go shopping?				
7) The students likes swimming.				
8) He is a friend of her.				
9) How long did he work there?				
10) Does the boys like to help the old granny?				
3. 用含首字母的单词完成下列句子。				
1) They often go to work bbus.				
2) The old woman always g up early.				
3) That pencil is m				
4) These coats are t				
5) Does the young man like r books?				
6) How fis it from here?				
7) Do you want to m dumplings on Sunday?				
8) How f time flies!				



「 2. 植树

写作要求

根据中文设置的情景和英文提示词语,写出语法正确、意思连贯的句子,所给的英文提示词语必须都用上,共10分。

上周六下午,我们骑自行车去东湖种树,一些学生种树,其他 学生……

- 1. it, sunny, last Saturday afternoon
- 2. we, go, East Lake, by bike
- 3. some, plant trees, other, dig holes
- 4. work hard, feel happy, tired
- 5. know, stop...from, blow sand, make, beautiful

2

思路导航

该作文已将时间、地点、事件(始末或因果)给出,这符合记叙文中记事的要素与主题(记事=时间+地点+事)。根据以上素材,将5个句子按正确的时态及句子结构连贯起来就是一篇好作文。

要点提示

- 1. 因记叙的是上周六发生的事,故应用一般过去时态。
- 2. 一些词组,如 by bike(骑自行车), work hard(努力工作), plant trees(植树),应巧妙应用。
 - 3. 文中要用上连词 though, 以增添文章的韵味。
 - 4. 疑难词组 **stop**...**from + v ing**(动名词)+······更是重



点,意思是"阻止……怎么样"。

5. make + sb.(sth.) + 其它, 意思是使某人(某事物)……, 是英语中常见结构。



Planting Trees

It sunny① on last② Saturday afternoon.

We go ③ to East Lake by bike. We want ① to plant trees there. Some students planted trees, but others dig ⑤ holes very busily. We all worked hard. Though we were all tired, we feel ⑥ very happy. We knew trees can stop the wind from blowing the sand, and they also can make our city beautiful.

① sunny 前应加 be 的过去时 was,这是中学生常犯的错误。

② 此处 last 构成的短语前 边不用介词 on, 如 last week/month/year 等, 而 具体某一天则用 on。如 on Monday。

③④因本文是写的上周六的事情,故均应改为 go 的过去式 went, want 的 过去式 wanted。

⑤⑥情况同③④,为 dug,而 feel 则应改为 felt。

注释:

East Lake 东湖



本文语言通顺,意思表达清楚,连词 though 和副词 also 为文章 添色,是一篇好文章。文中不足的是,没有形成强烈的语感,几处失分大都在时态问题上,对动词过去式的运用掌握不好,略有遗憾,应得7分。



Planting Trees

Today is March 12, Friday. It's Tree Planting Day. It is sunny.



My sister and I planted a tree in our garden in the morning.

First, I dug a hole for the tree. Second, my sister put the tree into the hole. Third, we knocked a stick into the earth next to the tree and tied the young tree to the top of the stick to keep it straight. And then I put the earth back into the hole again and pushed it down hard with my feet several times. After that, my sister got some water and watered it well. Though we got tired after work, we felt quite happy.

画龙点睛

文章语句流畅,叙事清楚,语言结构合理,语法正确,用词符合英文表达习惯,如 first, secend, third, then 等一连串的词使整个文章一气呵成,读来有味,是一篇力作。

模拟训练

- 1. 选择填空。
- 1) Xiao Wang_____(go, went) to Beijing yesterday.
- 2) They____(help, helped) the old woman find her husband.
- 3) The boy____ (play, played) chess with his friend the day be fore yesterday.
- 4) Where ____ they ___ (do, live; did, live) before?
- 5) Who _____ (want, wanted) to speak at the meeting last time?
- 2. 判断正误。
- 1) The girl loved her mother very much now.
- 2) They came here yesterday.
- The old worker stopped the thief from stealing the machines of the factory.
- 4) We wanted to stop the wind from blowing sand towards us very

much.

- 5) Do you want make yourself rich?
- 3. 根据句意填出每一个单词,第一个字母已给出。
- 1) It w fine yesterday.
- 2) The girl f very happy when she saw her mother.
- 3) What m her so sad?
- 4) Why didn't you s him from running away?
- 5) The little boy was so thin t he wanted to eat much food.

↑ 3. 抓追章者



请依据下列要点,记叙你的一段亲身经历,可适当增减细节, 使其连贯完整,词数 100 左右。



思路导航

可按照如下一条线索写这篇短文: ① 我的好朋友带我一起去看电影。② 一男一女拦住了我们。③ 他们因骑车带人被罚款。④ 警察让他们抓下一个违章者。⑤ 我们被罚,接他们的班。

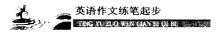


要点提示

1. go to the cinema 看电影

They usually go to the cinema.

他们经常看电影。



- 2. come to a crossroads 来到十字路口 We came to a crossroads. 我们来到了一个十字路口。
- 3. made to catch the next offender 被要求抓下一个违章者 We were also made to catch the next offender.



Catching the Offender

At about half past ten yesterday morning my friend and I were going to the cinema. He was riding his bicycle while I was sitting him ①. As we came to a crossroads, a young man and a girl came up and stopped us. "We've been waiting for you for quite a while!" they said. But we didn't know them at all. Pointing to a policeman not far away, the young man explained that they had been stopped by the policeman about half an hour before and were made to catch the next offenders ②. They said we had become offenders of traffic rules. So we were also made to catch the next offender.

① him 一词前边应该加一个介词 behind. 整句话的意思是: 他正骑着自行车, 而我在后边坐着。

② offender 根据上下文看 应该用单数,这里需要 去掉"s"。



文章突出描写了现实生活中的事例。语言简练、生动、形象,特别是 He was riding his bicycle while I was sitting behind him 更能说明这一点,只是在表达时仍需要细心,注意上下文。失分点共 2 处,应得 9 分。





My Spring Vacation

In spring vacation everybody wishes to travel. The weather is warm and pleasant, neither too hot nor too cold. One moring some of us went to Wuxi by train at eight o'clock. After about two hours we reached there. We left the station and engaged a room in the New World Hotel. Then we walked to the park. We saw many tall trees and beautiful flowers there. There was a bird singing in a tree. We sat on a chair enjoying its music. We returned to the hotel for dinner. After dinner we went to see a movie. That night we slept very early, for we planned to climb the Weishan Mountain the next day. Early next morning, we started on our journey. The Weishan Mountain is very high. We climbed up till we reached its top. We stood there and could see the Taihu Lake clearly. It is like a large pond. When we looked down at the city of Wuxi, we found it looked smaller but more beautiful.

The next day, we returned.

注释:

engage 预定

Wuxi 无锡



这篇反映学生春游生活的短文,极好地描写了他们那种渴望游玩的心理。语法结构和用词也较适当,文中还有些词句给我们留下深刻的印象,连词 and, for, till 更使短文增色。只是wish 一词如改为 hope 更好。

模拟训练

160		
	1. 选择埠	
	1) They_	(go,v
		ey(c
		ате ир
	4) How d	id the boy r
	5) The old	lman told u
sun.		
	2. 判断]	三误,正确的
	1) They v	ent out for
	2) Has he	gone to ci
	3) Have t	hey been to
	4) The do	ctor told us
	5) My fat	her enjoyes
	6) I think	the mount
	7) The y	oung men a
whea		
		acher told u
		houses fell
		you seen y
		合首字母的
	_	rl's mother
		easants are
	-	is
		are afraid of
	5) The <u>b</u>	ma