

# HOW TO TEACH JUNIOR ENGLISH Book 2

## 如何教初中英语

(中)



外语教学与研究出版社

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(中册)

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## 编者的话

当前师资培训任务重，培训力量不足，影响了教学水平的提高。为了适应当前英语师资培训的需要，今年二月国家教委师范司与中国高校外语电教协会邀请英语专家、教授对公开发行并经过试用的三套英语教材进行了审查和研究。三月十五日国家教委师范司发出关于推荐英语电教教材的通知(86教师司字 005 号)，推荐三套公开发行的英语教材，请有关学校和办学单位组织订购。《如何教初中英语》就是其中的一套，由外语教学与研究出版社出版。

《如何教初中英语》(上、中、下三册)是分别根据初中英语课本一二册、三四册和五六册的内容和教学要求编写出版的。内容包括课堂用语、语音、语法、词汇、句型等各方面的练习，课文讲解和课文朗读示范，为初中英语教学提供大量的、比较标准的教学资料，可供教师结合自己的教学实际应用，是初中英语教师必备的教学参考书。

《如何教初中英语》这套教材分别由北京外国语学院英语系教师吴青、屠蓓同志编写和吴明亮、林生香同志编写、北京外国语学院英语系教授夏祖奎同志和副教授李品伟同志审校。这套书是由不同的作者分别编写的，所以整套书的风格和体例也不尽相同，另外在编写过程中，还难免会有其它许多不足之处，望广大教师通过使用提出批评意见，以便再版时改进。

《如何教初中英语》这套教材的录音共 37 盒，由北京外语音像教材出版社出版，北京市新华书店发行。北京外语音像教材出版社的通讯地址：北京 8110 信箱 27 分箱。

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## Book 3 Lesson 1

1.1 Good morning, everybody. I'm very glad to see you back at school again. I think you're glad to see me, too, aren't you? Let me have a good look at you. You all look fine. You must have had a good time in July and August, haven't you? Now the summer holidays are over and the new school year begins. You will work harder at your English, won't you?

Today we're going to begin the first lesson of English Book III. Have you got your new text books? You have? That's good. Please take good care of your book. You're going to use it every day, and you are going to learn a lot from it.

Please put your books on your desks, in front of you. Now, open your books at Lesson One.

In this lesson we're going to learn

- some new words and expressions,
- a new pattern in grammar, “be going to”, and
- a new text. The new text is called “The New School Year” .



**2.1** Now, look at page four. please. Look at the new words and expressions. I'm going to say the new words and expressions for you to listen to. Please only listen to me carefully. Don't say them after me yet. Now please say the new words and expressions after me. Say them slowly and carefully. Don't shout.

have a swim, work hard at, September, cinema, last, again, go to the cinema, last year, subject, film, always, need, geography, more, newspaper, term, do one's lessons, classmate, tomorrow, volleyball, do one's best, physics, tennis

**2.2** Now we're going to learn the new words and expressions.

**2.3** Let's look at the expression "have a swim". In summer, when it's very hot, people often go to a river or a lake. They go into the water. They *swim* in the water. They have a swim in the water. When people have a swim in the water, we also say they go for a swim, or they go swimming.

— Do you often go swimming in summer? Can you swim?

— Yes, I can. I can swim. I often go swimming in summer.

There is a river near my home. I often go

swimming there. I often have a swim in the afternoon. Sometimes, when it is very hot, I go for a swim in the morning, too. My friends and I go swimming very often. I'll go for a swim this afternoon. Swimming is a good exercise.

**2.4** There are many expressions with the verb 'have'. What other expressions with the verb 'have' do you know? You know:

have a rest, have breakfast, have lunch, have supper, have lessons, have classes, have sports, have meetings, and so on.

- What do you do after you get up and wash?
- We have breakfast.
- What do you do at school?
- We have lessons. We have classes.
- What do you do at 12 o'clock?
- We have lunch.
- Do you often have sports in the afternoon?
- Yes, we do. We often have sports.
- What do you do at 6 o'clock in the afternoon?
- We have supper.
- What do you do when you are tired? Do you have a rest?
- Yes, we do. When we are tired, we have a

rest.

- How many lessons do you have every day?
- We usually have six lessons every day.
- Do you often have meetings?
- Not very often. We have one or two meetings a week.

2.5 Now let's look at another expression — go to the cinema. What's a cinema? You see films at a cinema. In a cinema people show films. When you want to see a film, you go to the cinema.

- Do you often go to the cinema?
- No, I don't.
- Is there a cinema near your home?
- No, there isn't. There is no cinema near my home.
- What do you do in the evenings at home? Do you watch TV?
- Yes, I do. I often watch TV. Do you often go to the cinema to see films?
- Yes, I do. There is a cinema near my home. There is going to be a new film at the cinema on Sunday. I'll get two tickets. We can go together. Will you come?
- Yes, I will. I'll go to the cinema with you on Sunday.

- Good. Please come to my home after lunch.
- Please come by bus.
- All right. Thank you very much.

2.6 Now we'll learn another expression. It's 'have a subject', such as geography. We say 'have geography'.

- How many subjects do you have this term?
- Oh, we have a lot. We have Chinese, English, maths, history, geography, physics and drawing.
- Is geography an easy subject?
- No, it isn't. I think it's a difficult subject.

2.7 Here are three expressions with the verb 'do'. They are *do one's lessons*, *do well in (a subject)*, and *do one's best*.

- When do you usually do your lessons?
- I usually do my lessons after classes in the afternoon.
- How do you do your lessons?
- I read my lessons. I do the exercises. I try to understand everything.
- What do you do when you have questions?
- When I have questions, I write them down. I think hard. When I still don't understand, I ask

my parents or my classmates. In class, I listen to the teacher carefully. Then I read the lesson again. I do my homework carefully, too. I always do my best. I do well in many subjects.

— Do you do well in English?

— No, I don't. But I'm working hard at it.

**2.8** Now let's learn the expressions 'work hard at' and 'be good at'.

— Do you have any new subjects this term?

— Yes, we have two new subjects. They are physics and geography.

— Are these subjects easy?

— No, they aren't. They are quite difficult. I'm going to work hard at them.

— Are you good at singing?

— No, I'm not. But I'm good at drawing.

— Who's good at singing?

— My sister is. She's good at singing and dancing. I'm good at table-tennis.

**2.9** Look at the word *classmate*. There are two words in it. They are *class* and *mate*. now let's look at the word *volleyball*. There are two words in it too. They are *volley* and *ball*. What about the word *newspaper*?

Yes, it is made up of two words, too. They are *news* and *paper*. What other words like these have you learned? Do you know the word *blackboard*? There are again two words in it. They are *black* and *board*. And the word *playground* is made up of *play* and *ground*. This is very interesting, isn't it?

3.1 There is a new pattern in this lesson. It is 'be going to'. Now we'll learn this pattern. Please listen to me carefully.

- When do you get up every day?
- I usually get up at six.
- But tomorrow is Sunday. Are you going to get up at six tomorrow?
- No. I'm going to get up at half past six tomorrow.

- When do you usually have breakfast?
- I usually have breakfast at 6.30.
- But what about tomorrow?
- Oh, I'm going to have breakfast at 7 tomorrow.

- What do you usually do after breakfast?
- I go to school. But tomorrow is Sunday. I'm not going to go to school tomorrow.

- What are you going to do then?
- I'm going to help my mother with the housework.
- What are you going to do?
- I'm going to help her clean up the rooms. I'm going to mop the floor and clean the windows.
- Who's going to clean the tables and chairs?
- My sister is.
  
- You're going to watch TV tomorrow evening, aren't you?
- Yes, I am. There is going to be a good film on TV at half past seven.
- Do you often watch TV in the evening?
- No, not very often. I'm too busy.

### 3.2 Now, let's look at Drill A on Page 1.

First I'm going to say the drill, and you're going to listen only. Then you're going to say the drill after me.

- Do you often go to the cinema?
- No, but I'm going to see a film this afternoon. I'm not going to have any lessons.
  
- Do they often go to the cinema?
- No, but they're going to see a film this

afternoon. They aren't going to have cinema?

- Does Mary often go to the cinema?
- No, but she's going to see a film this afternoon. She isn't going to have any lessons.

**3.3** We can also do this drill in another way. Please listen.

- I don't often go to the cinema. I usually have lessons in the afternoon. But I'm not going to have any lessons this afternoon. So I'm going to see a film in the cinema near our school.
- They don't often go to the cinema. They usually have lessons in the afternoon. But this afternoon they aren't going to have any lessons. So they're going to see a film in the cinema near their school.
- Mary doesn't often go to the cinema. She usually has lessons in the afternoon. But this afternoon she isn't going to have any lessons. So she is going to see a film in the cinema near her home.

**4.1** Now please turn over the page. Look at Drill B. First you're going to listen to me. Then you're going to



say the drill after me. Please speak carefully.

— Are you going to have geography this year?

— Yes, I am.

— Is Kate going to have geography, too?

— Yes, I think so.

— Are you going to have geography this term?

— Yes, I am.

— Are they going to have geography, too?

— No, I don't think so.

— Are you going to have geography next year?

— Yes, I am.

— Is your brother going to have geography, too?

— No, I don't think so.

**4.2** We can do this drill in another way, too. Listen to me, please.

— I'm going to have some new subjects this term.

I'm going to have geography. I like geography very much. I'm going to have it next term, too. I'm going to work hard at it.

— Mary isn't going to have geography this year. She's going to have maths and physics. She's very good at doing maths.