

方洲新概念

英语作文系列

主编：方洲

英语

高中

精批作文

ENGLISH

An Explanation
of Senior Middle School
Students' Compositions in
English

外语教学出版社



高中英语精批作文

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记叙文
Narrative Writing

人物素描

(一)

写作提示

1. 爸爸和常人不一样,白天上班晚,晚上工作到深夜。
2. 爸爸从不吃早饭,半夜经常听到他吃面条声。
3. 明天要去北京游乐园玩。
4. 爸爸决定今晚不熬夜写作了。

采用考试
题型,给学生提
供实战演练的
机会与思路。

一般文

Ordinary

My Father Is A Night Owl

My father is different from others. ① All my friend's father go to work at daytime and go to sleep at night. But my father is on the contrary(相反). He goes to work later than others but he often works overnight. So he seldom has breakfast. Sometimes when I wake up at midnight I often hear my father eat noodles. ② When I ask him what does he do at night. He says that he writes novels.

Tomorrow we'll go to Beijing Amusement Park. We'll start off at six early in the morning. So after supper, my father said, "I'll go to bed earlier, or I can't wake up at time tomorrow."

I cheered, "Oh, great! Dad won't be a 'night owl' today."

③ "You have no manner." Mum said, patting on my head.

I hope we'll have a good time there.

将学生
习作中常出
现的错误用
色字标出。

将文中错误
进行详细解释,并
给出正确答案。

一般文的错误与不足

- ① my friend's father 中 friend's 应改为 friends', father 应改为复数形式 fathers。
- ② 宾语从句应为正常语序,应改为 what he does。
- ③ 根据上下文可知此句意为“别不礼貌”,应用其复数形式 manners。

优 等 文

excellent

My Father Is A "Night Owl"

My father is somewhat different from others. He never appears at our breakfast table because he is still sleeping. But you'll find that the light is on even when it is midnight. That is because my father is still busy writing. So he has a nickname(绰号) "Night Owl".

My father goes to work later than others and also goes to sleep later at night. Sometimes when I wake up at midnight, I often hear my father eat noodles. Once I saw him still working when it was two o'clock in the night. My father often tells me, "If you really want to make progress, you have nothing to do but work hard." I am moved by my father's hard-working.

Tomorrow we'll go to Beijing Amusement Park. My father lit a cigarette after supper, saying, "I'll have a rest earlier tonight."

"Oh, great!" I couldn't help crying out. "We have no 'Night Owl' tonight."

"Naughty boy," Mother smiled, patting on my head lightly.

每篇习作后提供一篇示范作文，供学生借鉴模仿。

把范文中用得好的部分摘录出来，供学生熟练掌握并模拟写作。

名师精解

这篇文章覆盖所有的要点，描写细致，增加了不少情节，使文章丰满充实，并运用了较多词组和句型。

be different from... 与...不同

be busy doing 忙于做.....

have nothing to do but 只有.....

be moved by 被.....所感动

couldn't help doing 禁不住做某事

语法结构：时间状语从句 when, sometimes when, once 等引导。

将范文中出现的精彩句型、短语，举一反三，熟记熟练。

思路扩展

天下无难事，只要有心人：

Nothing is impossible to a willing heart.

Nothing is difficult for a man who has a strong will.

前 言

目前的各种考试,无论是高考,还是大学的四、六级考试,研究生考试,甚至 TOEFL 考试,都要涉及到英语写作。近几年高考英语写作的分值逐渐提高,而且题型逐渐变难,范围也在扩大和加深。但很多考生对英语写作仍是望而生畏。因此,我们精心编写了这本《高中英语精批作文》,本书具有以下特点:

1、题材广泛,取材新颖。本书克服了同类书取材陈旧,内容脱离学生现实生活的缺点。多为学生喜闻乐见的事物,或为社会较关注的热点。

2、一题多篇,对比鲜明。一个题目下有两篇文章,一般文和优等文,从一般文中,学生可以看到自己在写作中常犯的错误。优等文中,根据新的评分标准,可以明显感受到自己哪些方面需要提高。

3、开拓思路,曲意变通。学生在写作中常常会遇到一些相对较难表达的句子,而不知所措,影响了整篇的写作效果。这种情况下,学生就要学会变通表达,尝试换一种表达方式,同样能达到写作目的。“思路扩展”将引导学生逐步掌握这项技能。

编 者

2002 年 8 月

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Part

How to Improve Writing Ability?

怎样提高英语写作能力

1

多写多练,提高英语写作能力

《中学英语教学大纲》在一级目标“写”的要求中提出:能根据提示,仿照学过的题材在30分钟内写60~80个词的简单书信和短文等。在二级目标中提出:能根据提示,在30分钟内写80~100个词的简单书信、便条、通知,填写简单个人简历表等。

有些同学认为英语写作很难。其实,只要训练得法,持之以恒,英语写作是能够写好的。

那么,怎样提高自己的写作能力呢?笔者认为应做到以下几点:

首先,要多读。唐代大诗人杜甫说过:“读书破万卷,下笔如有神。”美国作者舒伯特也指出:“Reading is writing.”这就是说,熟读成诵对写作是很重要的。要根据自己的程度,多读一点东西,从课本到报刊杂志到简易读物,不断增加阅读量。对于课文或其他精彩文章,要力争熟读并能背诵一些篇章或文中精彩的段落、好的句子等。这些对于提高英语读写水平是很重要的。

其次,要多写多练。多提笔练习是写作走向成功的必由之路。

用词造句。千里之行始于足下,要学写作应从词、句练起。对新学词、词组,最好的记忆效果是在使用中记忆。所以要通过口头和笔头作造句练习,也可仿照课本例句进行模仿造句或替换练习,特别注意英语句意的多种表达法,如同义词、反义词的互换、句型结构的转换等,这些都是加强记忆和提高书面表达能力的好方法。

另外,我们还应结合课文学习,通过概括文章中心思想、简述文章内容、编写提纲梗概以及仿写、缩写、改写等来练习写作。

总之,英语写作是积词成句,积句成篇(文)的过程,只要我们多读,多积累,敢于写,勤动笔,写作水平定会大有提高。

怎样使用丰富的词汇

以下是学生在各种文体中经常用的比较单调的词汇,以及与之相对应的地道、丰富的词汇。

熟悉并掌握以下 20 种变通后的表达方式

1. They swam to the bank of the river.
toward
2. My best friend is very beautiful.
pretty
3. I like listening to popular music.
enjoy
4. I like swimming best.
My favorite sport is swimming.
5. You can find my house easily.
You' ll have no trouble finding my house.
6. Today I received a letter from one of my friends.
heard from
7. I hope you can write me back soon.
I am looking forward to hearing from you.
8. Ladies and Gentlemen, listen to me, please.
May I have your attention, please?

9. Suddenly I thought out a good idea.
came upon
10. In our school, there are twenty six classrooms.
Our school is made up of 26 classrooms.
11. I decided to be a doctor when I grow up.
have made up my mind
12. That boy doesn't like to clean his room.
is unwilling to
13. We all think he is a great man.
think highly of him
14. The students there needn't pay for their books.
Books are free for the students there.
15. Women are more important than before in society.
are playing a more important part
16. My hometown is in the south of China.
is located in
17. Jack thanked me a lot.
was very thankful to me
18. They welcome us warmly.
gave us a warm welcome
19. There are many trees and flowers in our school.
Our school is covered with many trees and flowers.
20. We had the meeting for two hours.
The meeting lasted two hours.

怎样使句式更加丰富

运用得当的句子结构可以给文章增色不少，从而使整篇文章因此而生辉。高中句子结构的种类是有限的，学会使用并不难。

熟悉并掌握以下 10 种变通后的句子结构。

被动语态

1. We will hold the party on Saturday afternoon.

The party will be held on Saturday afternoon.

强调句

2. My brave dog saved my little sister.

It was my brave dog that saved my little sister.

伴随状语

3. We sang and danced, we told jokes and stories. We had a good time.

We had great fun singing and dancing, telling jokes and stories.

倒装句

4. We can only do this in order to get good mark.

Only in this way can we get good mark.

后置定语

5. They have a cat. The cat's name is MiMi.

They keep a dog called MiMi.

伴随状语

6. One summer holiday, my parents went to Shanghai. They took my sister with them.

One summer holiday, my parents went to Shanghai, taking my sister along.

get... done 句型

7. To improve our life, we have to work hard.

We have to work hard to get our life improved.

介词短语做状语

8. My father sat in the sofa. He was smoking and reading a newspaper.

My father was smoking in the sofa with a newspaper in his hand.

非限制性定语从句

9. We love our library. It gives us a good place to learn more knowledge.

We love our library, which gives us a good place to learn more knowledge.

Unless 句型

10. If you don't study hard, you will not make rapid progress.

You can't make rapid progress unless you study hard.
