

[英] 罗纳德·里德特

斯坦利·梅森 著

现代英语 句型与结构

RONALD RIDOUT
STANLEY MASON

Modern English
Structures

BOOK

1 / 2

辽宁人民出版社

0574687

[英] 罗纳德·里德特 斯坦利·梅森 著

41.683

0102

汪榕培 贾建民 顾雅云 译

现代英语句型与结构

· 上 册 ·

辽宁人民出版社

1982年·沈阳

Ronald Ridout & Stanley Mason
MODERN ENGLISH STRUCTURES
BOOK 1/2

根据英国麦克米伦教育图书有限公司1973和1974年版译出

现代英语句型与结构

(上)

[英] 罗纳德·里德特 斯坦利·梅森 著

汪榕培 贾建民 顾雅云 译

*

辽宁人民出版社出版

(沈阳市南京街6段1里2号)

辽宁省新华书店发行

沈阳新华印刷厂印刷

*

开本: 787×1092 1/32 印张: 21 插页: 2

字数: 470,000 印数: 1—12,700

1982年11月第1版 1982年11月第1次印刷

统一书号: 7090·203 定价: 1.55元

译 者 的 话

本书是为结构教学法编著的一套完整的句型英语语法书。全书共收入 382 个结构，由浅入深地介绍英语的主要句型及其用法。每个结构重点突出，解说简明扼要，所选例句及练习题内容丰富，紧密联系日常生活，而且词汇重现率高；既为英语初学者提供了循序渐进的练习材料，又为有一定英语基础的同志提供了各种程度的复习材料，同时也为教师提供了大量补充讲课材料。故本书不失为初高中学生、中小学英语教师和英语自学者良好的参考书。

在本书翻译过程中，已将解释部分原有的若干术语略作调整，以适应我国读者的实际情况。例句的汉译，尽可能做到既接近原文又符合汉语的表达习惯。此外，原书分装四册，现为方便读者，中译本将第一、二册和第三、四册分别合订成上、下册。我们衷心希望本书对提高广大读者英语水平有所裨益，但翻译之中难免有不到之处，尚希读者批评指正。

一九八一年十月

第一册

序 言

本书是全套四册中的第一册，四册书合起来构成一部完整的英语语法书。这部语法书基本上是为教学编写的，符合目前广为采用的现代方法，其安排构成当代语法结构项目的顺序跟教授学生的顺序相同。

因此，这套语法书可用作初学语言的自学参考书，也可供随时补习之用，同时，每个结构后面都附有启发活用的练习，可用作完整的教程。下面阐述本书的目标和宗旨时还要更详细地谈到这套语法书的各种可能用途。

本书有时可与其它读本或辅助练习册并行使用，介绍结构时似乎最好遵循一个公认的教学大纲。因此，本书遵循了A.S. 霍恩比在《结构词和句型的教学》一书中使用的教学大纲，但在必要之处稍事更动。

各结构开头的标题把每个结构或句型简要地归纳成公式。标题下面的解释先要由教师讲授，但过后可由学生自行复习和阅读。解释部分力求简洁，但并未完全排斥语法术语，因为对于学过其它语言从而熟悉这些术语的学生来说是有用的。解释下面是在适当的语言情境中展示有关词的用法或句型的例句。学生仔细阅读这些例句后，即可牢记基本句型，在遇到类似的语言情景时能脱口而出。

正文后面的练习可以由学生口头做或者用笔做，充分练习所学的句型。设计这些练习并非纯属考查学生，而是使学生能正确地活用语言。这些练习帮助学生避免错误，引导学生正确地应答，因为经验和实践都已证实，大量的正确练习可使学生最快最好地掌握外语。

本教程主要供年龄较大的儿童或成年人使用，但在能干的教师指导下也可供年龄较小的学生使用，尤其可以把解释译成学生的本族语言。（希望与当地出版商联系出版译本，便利学习。）例句即将灌制成录音带，供应读者。本书虽然不教授发音，从而需要教师讲授，但最大程度地应用了自学原则。这样，中等智力的学生认真地学习时，可以不用多少外界帮助，就有充分的机会得到正确的练习，学完整个教程。解释部分是超越初学者自学能力的，但每个结构即使不用解释也可不言自明，还在后面的练习中一再复习。这种自学原则具有双重意义：给予学生自信心，并鼓励学生采用高速全面掌握日常英语的深入学习方法。

这套语法书既可用作教本，又可用作参考书。本书作为一本参考书，由浅入深地收纳了整个语言的各种结构。每个结构中的例句充分说明该结构的用法，但是仅限于把本书用作教本的学生已经达到的程度。匆忙查阅某个结构的学生可以不看练习，尽管事实上这些练习不仅活用了所学的结构，而且提供了宝贵的补充例句。一个结构必要时还会在更高的水平上再次出现。这样，每册书都可以由仅达到那个程度的学生使用，而全套书则可供高级程度的学生或教师想复习和学习各种程度的结构时用作综合参考书。

一九六七年于瑞士

结构 1

- a This is... That is(That's)... It is(It's)...
This (That/It) is not... This (That/It) isn't ...
That's (It's) not
- b a/an (不定冠词)
- c 形容词 + 名词 (a big house, my book)
-

a **This** (用作指示代词) 用来指近处的人或事物, **that** 则指较远的人或事物。 **It** 用于已经提及过的事物。

否定式: 动词 'to be' 一般时态的否定式是在后面加上 **not**。

简略式: 在口语和非正式文章中, **is** 中的 **i** 可以略去而把 **'s** 接在前面的词上, 前面的词以咝音结尾者除外。同样, **not** 中的 **o** 也可以略去, 而把 **n't** 接在前面的动词上。

b **A** (不定冠词) 用于辅音前面, **an** 用于元音前面。

c 形容词不作任何变化, 置于名词前面。形容词性物主代词 (**my, your**) 置于形容词前面。

This is David. That is John. (或: That's John.)

这位是戴维。那位是约翰。

That is not Mr Brown. It is Mr Green. (或: That isn't

Mr Brown. It's Mr Green./That's not Mr Brown.
It's Mr Green.)

那位不是布朗先生，是格林先生。

This is a camera. That is a camera, too.

这是照相机。那也是照相机。

This is not a camera. That is not a camera, either.

(或: This isn't a camera. That isn't a camera, either.)

这不是照相机。那也不是照相机。

This is not a pen. It is a pencil.

这不是钢笔，是铅笔。

That is not a cat. It is a dog.

那不是猫，是狗。

This isn't an orange. It's an apple.

这不是桔子，是苹果。

This is my bicycle. That is your bicycle.

这是我的自行车。那是你的自行车。

This is not my book. It is your book.

这不是我的书，是你的书。

This isn't your umbrella. It's my umbrella.

这不是你的雨伞，是我的雨伞。

This is a big house. That's a small house.

这是大房子。那是小房子。

This is my left hand. This is my right hand.

这是我的左手。这是我的右手。

That isn't your left hand. It's your right hand.

那不是你的左手，是你的右手。

This is not my new shirt. It is my old shirt. That

is my new shirt.

这不是我的新衬衣，是我的旧衬衣。那是我的新衬衣。

练习

A. 请把下表中两部分里的词按前后顺序分别加在一起，造二十四个子。例如：

1. *This is John Brown.*

2. *This is a duck.*

This is	
This is not	John Brown.
That is	a duck.
That is not	your chair.
It is	my new hat.
It is not	

B. 请把下列句子改成否定句。例如：

1. *It is not your pen.*

1. It is your pen.

9. This is my left hand.

2. That is a bus.

10. It is an old coat.

3. This is an apple.

11. That is Susan White.

4. It is my camera.

12. This is my brother.

5. That is an orange.

13. It is your right hand.

6. It is my orange.

14. That is my uncle.

7. That is your book.

15. This is an egg.

8. This is my house.

16. It is my bicycle.

C. 请把下列句子排列成正确的顺序。例如：

1. *This isn't a square. It's a star.*
1. * This isn't a letter. It's a comma.
 2. 9 This isn't a comma. It's a full stop.
 3. M This isn't a star. It's a word.
 4. □ This isn't a letter. It's a number.
 5. — This isn't a square. It's a star.
 6. not This isn't a star. It's a letter.
 7. , This isn't a number. It's a square.
 8. . This isn't a square. It's a line.

结构 2

- a These are... Those are... They are(They're)...
These(those/they)are not...These (those/they)
aren't
- b ...and...
- c 不加冠词的复数名词 (cups, trees)

- a **These** 和 **those** (用作指示代词) 分别用来指近处或较远的人和事物。**They** 用于已经提及过的人或事物。
否定式: 见结构1a。
简略式: 见结构1a。**Are** 仅跟代词构成简略式, 跟 **they** 构成 **they're**。
- b 并列的词或短语用 **and** 连接起来。
- c 统指一类人或事物的复数名词不需要冠词。

This is a cup and this is a cup. = These are cups.

这是一只茶杯，这是一只茶杯。= 这些是茶杯。

That is a tree and that is a tree. = Those are trees.

那是一棵树，那是一棵树。= 那些是树。

These are pens. Those are pencils.

这些是钢笔。那些是铅笔。

These are girls. Those are boys.

这些是女孩。那些是男孩。

These are not cows. They are horses. (或: They're horses.)

这些不是母牛，是马。

These are shoes. Those are shoes, too.

这些是鞋。那些也是鞋。

These are not shoes. Those are not shoes, either.

(或: These aren't shoes. Those aren't shoes, either.)

这些不是鞋。那些也不是鞋。

These are socks. They are not stockings. (或: They aren't stockings./They're not stockings.)

这些是短袜，不是长袜。

These are my shoes. Those are your shoes.

这些是我的鞋。那些是你的鞋。

These are not my books. They are your books.

这些不是我的书，是你的书。

Those are my gloves. They're not your gloves.

这些是我的手套，不是你的手套。

These are new trousers. Those are old trousers.

这些是新裤子。那些是旧裤子。

These are pens and pencils. Those are tables and

chairs.

这些是钢笔和铅笔。那些是桌子和椅子。

These are hills and those are mountains.

这些是小山，那些是大山。

These are pens and those are pens. They are my pens.

这些是钢笔，那些是钢笔。它们是我的钢笔。

This is a pencil and that's a pencil. They're my pencils.

这是枝铅笔，那是枝铅笔。它们是我的铅笔。

These are my hands, and these are my feet.

这是我的两手，这是我的两脚。

Those are red flowers, and these are blue flowers.

那些是红花，这些是蓝花。

Those are aeroplanes. They aren't birds.

那些是飞机，不是鸟。

练习

A. 请用下表造三十个句子：

These are	bananas.
These are not	your clothes.
They are	my new socks.
They are not	your shoes and socks.
Those are	my hammer and nails.
Those are not	

B. 请把下列句子改成否定句。例如：

1. *Those are not my sweets.*

1. Those are my sweets.
2. They are your books.
3. These are apples.
4. Those are aeroplanes.
5. These are my old socks.
6. They are cows.
7. Those are your clothes.
8. They are your shoes.
9. These are my pens and pencils.
10. They are brown shirts.
11. Those are your knife and fork.
12. They are my brother and sister.
13. These are your hat and coat.
14. They are hens and ducks.

C. 请把下列句子排列成正确的顺序。例如：

1. *These aren't full stops. They're commas.*

1. , , , , These aren't numbers. They're letters.
2. These aren't letters. They're numbers.
3. 6 8 3 These aren't full stops. They're commas.
4. **MRK** These aren't commas. They're full stops.
5. □□□ These aren't stars. They're words.
6. ——— These aren't squares. They're stars.
7. * * * These aren't words. They're lines.
8. **my not** These aren't lines. They're squares.

结构 3

What is...? What are...?

疑问代词what只能用于事物。①

What is this? It is a cat.(或: What's this? It's a cat.)

这是什么? 是只猫。

What's this? It's a pen.

这是什么? 是枝钢笔。

What is that? It is a sheep.

那是什么? 是只绵羊。

What's that? It's a pencil.

那是什么? 是枝铅笔。

What's this? It's my desk.

这是什么? 是我的书桌。

What's that? It's your car.

那是什么? 是你的汽车。

What are these? They are small letters.

这些是什么? 是小写字母。

What are those? They are capital letters.

那些是什么? 是大写字母。

What are these? They are your sweets.

① 但在询问别人有关职业、特征、特质等情况时，what也可用来代替人
(参见结构7和结构8中的例句) ——译者

这些是什么？ 是你的糖果。

What are those? They are my sweets.

那些是什么？ 是我的糖果。

This is not a table. What is it, then? It is a desk.

这不是桌子。 那么是什么呢？ 是书桌。

That isn't a tree. What is it, then? It's a bush.

那不是树。 那么是什么呢？ 是灌木。

These are not cups. What are they, then? They are glasses.

这些不是茶杯。 那么是什么呢？ 是玻璃杯。

Those aren't birds. What are they, then? They're aeroplanes.

那些不是鸟。 那么是什么呢？ 是飞机。

Those are not cats and dogs. What are they, then? They are pigs and goats.

那些不是猫和狗。 那么是什么呢？ 是猪和山羊。

These aren't apples and pears. What are they, then? They're oranges and lemons.

这些不是苹果和桃子。 那么是什么呢？ 是桔子和柠檬。

This is not a table, and it is not a chair. What is it, then? It is a desk.

这不是桌子， 不是椅子。 那么是什么呢？ 是书桌。

That's not a car, and it's not a lorry. What is it, then? It's a bus.

那不是小汽车， 不是卡车。 那么是什么呢？ 是公共汽车。

Those are not cups, and they are not glasses, either.

What are they, then? They are jugs.

那些不是茶杯，也不是玻璃杯。那么是什么呢？是小水罐。
Those aren't cows, and they aren't sheep, either.

What are they, then? They're goats.

那些不是母牛，也不是绵羊。那么是什么呢？是山羊。

This is a tree. What's that? It's a bush.

这是棵树。那是什么？是灌木。

Those are pins. What are these? They're needles.

那些是别针。这些是什么？是针。

These are commas. What are those? They're full stops.

这些是逗号。那些是什么？是句号。

That's a number. What's this? It's a letter.

那是数字。这是什么？是字母。

练习

A. 请回答下列问题。从下表中选择答语：

It is a question.	They are question marks.
It is a number.	They are words.
It is a word.	They are small letters.
It is a sentence.	They are capital letters.
It is a small letter.	They are stars.
It is a capital letter.	They are numbers.

1. 8 What is this?
2. That is a chair. What is this?
3. eghm What are these?

- | | |
|------------------|--|
| 4. LMNO | What are these? |
| 5. they | What is this? |
| 6. F | What is this? |
| 7. p | This is not a capital letter.
What is it, then? |
| 8. 6 3 7 | What are these? |
| 9. What is that? | What is this? |
| 10. * * * | What are these? |
| 11. cat my it | These are not stars. What are
they, then? |
| 12. ? ? ? | These are not words. What are
they, then? |

B. 下面是一些问题的答语。请用简略式提出问题。例如:

1. *What's this? It's a number.*

- | | |
|----------|------------------------|
| 1.? | It's a number. |
| 2.? | It's an aeroplane. |
| 3.? | They're mountains. |
| 4.? | It's a tree. |
| 5.? | They're your books. |
| 6.? | They're white houses. |
| 7.? | It's your left hand. |
| 8.? | They're small letters. |

结构 4

Is this (that/it) a...or a...?

Are these (those/they)...or...?