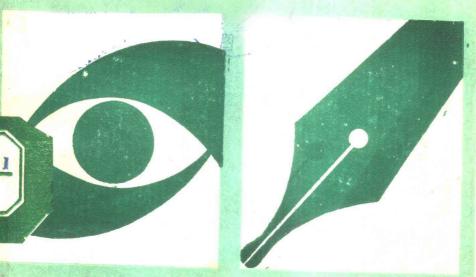
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# 英语完形填充

# 一如何提高读与写能力

张宝祥 彭岷胜 何东兵 吴仲湛 编



中山大学出版社

#### 英语完形填充 —如何提高读与写能力

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## 前言

完形填空(Cloze Test)是高等院校入学英语考试(MET)的一项综合测试形式(它占卷面总分的25%),主要目的在于测试考生对语言的理解程度和综合运用能力。据考生普遍反映:这种测试题难度较大,不易对付。为了帮助学生排忧解难,作好应试准备,我们精选了36篇英美短文,并针对考生常犯的词汇、语法错误,设计了这本单项练习小册子,每篇有25个空白,共计900题,取名为《英语完形填充一如何提高与写能力》(English Cloze Test — how to improve your abilities to read and write),让大家试前多做这类练习。只要我们通过大量有效的训练,不断总结解题的经验,就一定能较快地提高选对率的。与此同时,我们如果能判断该填充的词语是什么,就会锻练和培养自己对语言的阅读理解尤为与综合运用能力,能根据上下文搭配猜测词义、能掌握遭调造句的规律,能分析句子的结构,能通晓分段成章的道理及理解大意等,换句话说,也就能提高读与写能力。

本书单项训练,主要为参加MET考生以及其他类似这种 考试的人员提供自测使用,旨在帮助读者巩固和加深英语基础知识,迅速而有效地提高他们的综合解题能力以及运用 语言能力。编写原则遵循国家教委新颁的中学英语教学大纲 要求。全书文章均选自国外报刊和书籍,题材广泛,内容丰 富,语言规范,注意科学性、知识性、趣味性和实用性,编 排由浅人深,篇幅长短适度。书末附有参考答案。

解完形填空题,除必须具备应有的基础知识之外,关键

在于方法,一般可分三个步骤:首先,快速阅读全文一两遍,要求初步掌握文章大意。然后,边读句子边考虑答案(既要联系上下文搭配关系去理解句子的意思,选择正确的词汇意义,包括音似词、形似词、同义词、反义词、近义词等,又要从整个句子结构去分析句子的成分,选择正确的语法形式,包括词法和句法两部分。例如,选择什么词类:名词还是动词,形容词还是副词,选择什么动词形式:带to或不带to不定式,一ing形式,还是一ed分词,选择什么时态、语态、语气,选择什么连词、介词、关系词/连接语等。可在四个给定的选择中考虑,先排除那些意思对而语法错或语法对而意思错的不正确的答案)。要选择一个内容上切合原句上下文搭配所需的词儿以及语法上切合原句句子结构所要求的形式。最后,边填充边检查,检查已经选择的答案是否切合原句的词义和语法要求。不妨把整个句子读一读;发现不妥,就该马上另选。

本书可作高中生、大专院校本科一年级生、英语培训中级班学员以及广大英语自学者的辅助教材或泛读材料。

本书经中山大学外语系廖世健教授审阅定稿,特此致以 衷心的感谢。

由于我们教学工作比较繁重,且水平有限,本书虽经反 复修改,错漏仍在所难免,敬请读者批评指正。

> 编者 一九八八年八月八日

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Carl Commence

#### Cloze Test 1

Late one night, Nasreddin 1 by a terrible 2 in the street outside his house. It 3 as if a terrible fight 4, and as Nasreddin loved nothing 5 to watch a fight in the street, he opened his window and looked out. He saw two young men 6 just outside his front door, 7 when they saw him watching them, they went round the corner of the house and 8 to shout at 9 and to hit each other there.

Nasreddin 10 to miss anything, 11 he ran down and opened his front door, but, as it was a cold night, he wrapped 12 in a blanket before he went out.

He walked to the corner of his house and 13 it. The two men were 14 shouting and 15. Nasreddin 16 them, 17 to see the fight better and to try to find out what the men were fighting about. But as soon as he was 18 easy reach of the men, they stopped 19, attacked him, seized his blanket and 20 the darkness with it.

Nasreddin was 21 to run after them, so he could do nothing but 22 sadly back to bed without his blanket.

'Well', said his wife. 'What were they fighting 23?'

'24 they were fighting about my blanket,' answered

Nasreddin, 'because as soon as they got it, their 25 ended.'

( ) 1. A. woke up

B. was woken up

D. kept awake C. is awake B. noisy ( ) 2. A. noise D. noiselessly C. noiseless C. sounded D. looked ( ) 3. A. smelled B. tasted B. was going on ( ) 4. A. going on C. continuing to go on D. continued to go on ( ) 5. A. more than B. no more than " C. not more than D. better than ( ) 6. A. having fought B. fought for D. fighting against C. fighting ( ) 7. A. yet B. but C. or D. while ( ) 8. A. continued B. continuous C. continuously D. continuation B. each other ( ) 9. A. another D. the others C. one after another B. did want ( ) 10. A. wanted D. wanted very much C didn't want C. therefore D. such ( ) 11. A. so B. thus C. he D. himself ( ) 12. A. him B. his B. looked after ( ) 13. A. looked round C. looked to D. looked up C. already D. still ( ) 14. A. yet B. again B. struggled ( ) 15. A. struggle C. to struggle D. struggling B. went closely to ( ) 16. A. went close to D. went more close to C. went closer to C. neither D. none ( ) 17. A. both B. all

C. within D. during ( ) 18. A. in B. with B. fighting ( ) 19. A. to fight D. fight C. fought B. ran away for ( ) 20. A. ran away into D. ran away onto C. ran away to B. enough old ( ) 21. A. old enough D. old too C. too old ( ) 22. A. to go B. go C. going D. gone C. against D. with ( ) 23. A. about B. for ( ) 24. A. It seemed that B. It seems that D. It seems why C. It seems as B. quarrelled ( ) 25. A. quarrelling

G. quarreling

D. quarrel

#### Cloze Test 2

#### (A)

The sun is about 93 million miles away 1 Earth. The radiant energy (辐射能) from the sun travels out into space 2 of 186,000 miles a second. This means that it 3 about 8.33 minutes for sunlight to travel 4. The light from 5 stars far out in space takes even 6 to reach Earth.

7 the vast (很大的) distances in space, scientists have used the speed of light 8 a measurement of distance. This measurement 9 a light year and is the distance that light can travel in one year. A light year is obtained by multiplying (乘) 186,000 (miles, the speed at which light travels in a second) times 60 (seconds) times 60 (minutes) times 24 (hours) times 10 (days). The distance 11 that light 12 in one year is about 6 trillion (火) miles.

- ( ) 1. A. from B. on
- C. in D. to

( ) 2. A. by a speed

- P. in a speed
- C. at a speed
- D. with great speed
- ( ) 3. A. spends B. pays
- C. costs D. takes
- ( ) 4. A. from Earth to the sun
  - B. from the sun to Earth
  - C. from cloud to cloud
  - .D. from stars to the moon

B. another ( ) 5. A. others C. the other D. other B. long time ( ) 6. A. longer time C. a longer time D. for a long time ( ) 7. A. As well as B. For D. Since C. Because of ) 8. A. for B. as C. like D. at ( ) 9. A. is called B. is named C. called D. named ( ) 10. A. 360 C. 300 B. 365 D. 365.25 ( ) 11. A. in miles B. for miles C. on miles D. at miles ( ) 12. A. to travel B. traveling C. should travel D. travels

#### (B)

The stars that 13 in the night sky are far beyond the Solar System (太阳系). 14 star to Earth is Proxima Centauri (比邻星), 15 can only be seen from the Southern Hemisphere (半球). This star is about 16 trillion (兆) miles, or about 4.5 light years, from Earth. The nearest star visible 16 the help of a telescope from most parts of 17 is the bright star Sirius (天狼星). It is about 50 trillion miles, or about 8.5 light years, away. There are about 55 18 stars within 16 light years of Earth.

The North Star is over 400 light years 19 from Earth.

The light you see 20 the North Star tonight 21 the star about the time 22 Christopher Columbus 23 America.

Farther out in the universe are more stars. Only 24 powerful telescope can record the light from these 25 stars. The light from these stars took many millions of years to reach Earth.

(	) 13. A. to see	B. seeing
•		
	C. whom you see	D. you see
(	) 14. A. the nearest	B. the nearer
	C. nearest	D. nearer
(	) 15. A. where	B. why
	C. when	D. which
(	) 16. A. with	B. within
	C. without	D. not
(	) 17. A. United States	B. the United States
	C. the united states	D. U. S.
(	) 18 .A. knowing	B. knew
	C. known	D. knows
(	) 19. A. away B. out	C. farther D. over
(	) 20. A. coming out of	B. coming from
	C. coming of	D. going from
(	) 21. A. leaves B. leave	C. left D. leaving
(	) 22. A. who	B. whom
	C. that	D. no matter when
(	) 23. A. sailing for	B. sailed to
	C. sailed for	D. sailing to

- ( ) 24. A. most
  - C. the best
- ( ) 25. A. distant C. distances

- B. the more
- D. the most
- B. distant away
- D. distance

.

#### Cloze Test 3

This was our second day of sight-seeing in Washington.

We got up early this morning and took a long walk 1 breakfast. We walked through the business section of the city. I told you yesterday that the city was 2 I thought it would be. Well, the business section is smaller than I thought it would be. I suppose 3 Washington is a special kind of city. Most of the people in Washington 4 the government.

About 9:30 we went to the White House. It's con to the public 5, and there was a long line of people or get in. We didn't have to wait very long, because the line moved 17.

The White House is really white. It 3 every year. And it seems very 9, because it's got beautiful lawns (草地) all around it, with many trees and shrubs (灌木). The grounds 10 about four square blocks. I mean, they're about two blocks long 11.

Of course, we didn't see the whole building. The part 12 the President lives and works is not 13 the public. But the part 14 was beautiful. We went through five of the main rooms. One of them was the library, on the ground floor. 15, there are three rooms 16 after colors 17 in them: the Red Room, the Blue Room, and the Green Room. The walls 18 silk cloth. There are many pieces of old furniture

standing there 19 when the White House was first built. And everywhere there are paintings and statues of former presidents and other famous people from history.

20 room, to me, was the East Room. This is a very large room. It is very beautifully decorated (装饰). It is used for concerts, dances, and large receptions (接待). It would hold 21 people 22. As we went through it, I wondered how many famous people from all over the world had been in that room. But Washington 23 places that make you think of history and world affairs (事务).

This afternoon we visited Congress (国会). We saw many of the men and women 24 in the papers, and we heard two or three of them speak. They were 25 vote (投票) on a law on farming. I didn't understand exactly what it was about.

This is what we saw today.

( ) 1	A. at B. until	C. after D. after the
( ) 2	. A. the largest of	B. the more larger than
	C. the larger than	D. larger than
( ) 3.	A. that's because	B. that's how
	C. that's what	D. that's the reason
( ) 4.	A. work on	B. work out
	C. work for	D. work in
( ) 5:	A. from 10 up 12	B. from 10 till 12
	C. since 10 until 12	D. from 10 by 12
( ) 6.	A. waiting for	B. waiting on
	C. waiting at	D. waiting to

B. more quickly ( ) 7. A. quickly C. quicklier D. the most quickly B. were painted ( ) 8. A. was painted C. is painted D. paints ( ) 9. A. white B. black C. blue D. green ( ) 10. A. are B. cover C. take D. stand B. on both sides of ( ) 11. A. on either side of C. on neither side D. on each side ( ) 12. A. which B. where C. when D. why B. opening to ( ) 13. A, to open to D. open to C. opened ( ) 14. A. that we had seen B. we saw C. which we are seeing D. where we saw ( ) 15. A. On the next floor B. On next floor C. Under the next floor D. Near the next floor ( ) 16. A. namely B. name C. named D. were named ( ) 17. A. they are used B. they used C. that is used D. that are used B. were covered with ( ) 18. A. were covered by C. are covered with D. are covered by ( ) 19. A. at a time B. for a time

D. from the time

C. from time to time

( ) 20. A. The most interesting

- B. The more interesting
- C. The best interesting
- D. The very good interesting
- ( ) 21. A. two and three hundred
  - B. two or three hundred
  - C. two and three hundreds
  - D. two or three hundreds
- ( ) 22. A. in no time B. all the time
  - C. at a time D. at all times
- ( ) 23. A. are full of B. are filled with
- C. is full of D. is filled of
- ( ) 24. A. we read B. we read about
- C. we read from D. which we read
- ( ) 25. A. getting ready to B. prepared for
  - C. make preparations for D. get ready for