

托福聽力模擬測驗

Listening Comprehension
of the TOEFL Test

Volume 1



托福聽力模擬測驗

Listening Comprehension of
The TOEFL Test

美語雜誌外語中心

胥 宏 達 編著

美語雜誌
編輯叢書

TOEFL 簡介

托福是由美國普林斯頓 ETS (Educational Testing Service) 所主辦，其主要目的在測驗非英語國家學生赴美求學應具有的英文程度，是美國大學認可的正式英語能力證明，亦是美國領事館籤核學生簽證的必要證明。

托福測驗可分三部分：

I Listening Comprehension

II Structure and Written Expression

III Reading Comprehension and Vocabulary

本專集研討的部份是(I) Listening Comprehension 聽力測驗，這一部分顧名思意是以聽的方式來測驗，考題由麥克風播放至各考區，試題答案在測驗卷上由考生憑英語聽力作答。

聽力測驗通常為 Part A, Part B, Part C 三部份

Part A: 二十題，四選一，題目簡短較容易。

Part B: 十五題，四選一，為會話聽力，題目形態是兩人對話。

Part C: 十五題，四選一，為短文聽力，題目形態是一小段短文後接四或五個問題，短文內容有科學報導，新聞廣播，名人傳記，簡短會話等。

本專集計分十二回，為了達到模擬的效果，全部採用歷年之考古題，如此不但可以幫助應試者領悟考題的形態，同時亦能增進對考題的理解能力，讀者能反覆練習，臨場時，自然能得心應手。

胥宏達 謹識

目 錄

UNIT 1	試 題 稿 紙.....	1
UNIT 1	錄 音 原 文.....	13
UNIT 2	試 題 稿 紙.....	21
UNIT 2	錄 音 原 文.....	33
UNIT 3	試 題 稿 紙.....	41
UNIT 3	錄 音 原 文.....	53
UNIT 4	試 題 稿 紙.....	61
UNIT 4	錄 音 原 文.....	72
UNIT 5	試 題 稿 紙.....	80
UNIT 5	錄 音 原 文.....	91
UNIT 6	紙 題 稿 紙.....	99
UNIT 6	錄 音 原 文.....	111
UNIT 7	試 題 稿 紙.....	119
UNIT 7	錄 音 原 文.....	131
UNIT 8	試 題 稿 紙.....	137
UNIT 8	錄 音 原 文.....	149
UNIT 9	試 題 稿 紙.....	156
UNIT 9	錄 音 原 文.....	167
UNIT 10	試 題 稿 紙.....	174
UNIT 10	錄 音 原 文.....	185
UNIT 11	試 題 稿 紙.....	193
UNIT 11	錄 音 原 文.....	204
UNIT 12	試 題 稿 紙.....	211
UNIT 12	錄 音 原 文.....	223

Unit 1 試題稿紙

LISTENING COMPREHENSION

Time — 40 minutes

In this section of the test, you will have an opportunity to demonstrate your ability to understand spoken English. There are three parts to this section, with special directions for each part.

Part A

Directions: There are two kinds of problems in Part A. One kind is answering a short question; the other is understanding a short statement. These questions and statements will be spoken just one time. They will not be written out for you, so you will have to listen carefully in order to understand what the speaker says.

When you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the problem and fill in (blacken) the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Look at Example I.

Sample Answer

You will hear: *When did Tom come here?*

A B C D

You will read: (A) By taxi.
(B) Yes, he did.
(C) To study history.
(D) Last night.

The best answer to the question, "when did Tom come here?" is (D), "Last night." Therefore, you should choose answer (D).

When you hear a statement, read the four sentences in your test book and decide which one best gives the meaning of the statement you have heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the problem and mark your answer.

Look at Example II.

Sample Answer

You will hear: *James relaxed with a sigh of relief when he heard the news.*

A B C D

- You will read:
- (A) The news was very disappointing.
 - (B) The news made James very sad.
 - (C) The news was better than expected.
 - (D) The news made James extremely nervous.

Sentence (C), "The news was better than expected," is closest in meaning to the sentence "James relaxed with a sigh of relief when he heard the news. Therefore you should choose answer (C).

Part A

1. (A) He's studying
(B) He spends more time teaching
(C) He studies longer than I do
(D) I study more time than he does.
2. (A) Henry's a baker
(B) Henry's a drummer
(C) Henry's at the door
(D) Henry's a batter.
3. (A) She is a banker
(B) She is a merchant
(C) She is a teacher
(D) She is a chemist.
4. (A) The magazines are in the basket
(B) The magazines are on the floor
(C) The magazines are on the table
(D) This is about furniture.
5. (A) I like monkeys but not lions
(B) I like cats but not lions
(C) I like lions but not cats
(D) I like lions but not monkeys.
6. (A) It's only eleven o'clock
(B) It's time for lunch
(C) Our lunch time is ten o'clock
(D) I'm hungry but it's too early for lunch.
7. (A) The blue car is not worth buying
(B) The green car is expensive
(C) Both cars are expensive
(D) The green car is cheaper than the blue car.
8. (A) She arrived at 11:00
(B) She arrived at 11:30
(C) She arrived at 12:00
(D) She arrived at 12:30.
9. (A) The two girls are standing there
(B) They're not relatives
(C) The two girls are relatives
(D) They are sisters.
10. (A) Dorothy was late for the train
(B) Dorothy was trying to catch the train
(C) The train had left before Dorothy came
(D) Dorothy made them late for the train.
11. (A) Bob always makes girls nervous
(B) The girls before Bob are always nervous
(C) Girls always make Bob nervous
(D) Both the girl and Bob are nervous.

12. (A) We're on diet
(B) We eat more than we usually do
(C) We don't eat very much for we take vitamin pills
(D) It is important to care for the balance of our diet.
13. (A) Ten days ago, the people were trying to leave the town
(B) The flood made fifty families homeless
(C) I was by the river ten days ago
(D) The river was situated near the town.
14. (A) They went on honeymoon right away
(B) They did go on honeymoon immediately after their wedding
(C) They spent a week having honeymoon
(D) They went on their honeymoon a week after their wedding.
15. (A) Jean was too busy to go shopping
(B) Jean's sister has no time to buy dresses
(C) Jean and her sister have a lot of time to spend
(D) Jean wasn't a good buyer of dresses like her sister.
16. (A) The monkey made fun of Laura
(B) Laura's monkey couldn't dance
(C) Her monkey made funny faces
(D) The monkey danced and laughed.
17. (A) She decides to stop smoking, because cigarettes are harmful
(B) She's afraid of gaining weight if she quits smoking
(C) She doesn't like to gain weight
(D) She's not aware of the consequences of smoking.
18. (A) Mr. Scott didn't come
(B) Mr. Scott attended the meeting
(C) Mr. Scott almost attended all meetings
(D) Mr. Scott was late for the meeting.
19. (A) Nobody was missing
(B) Several people were missing
(C) One person couldn't be found
(D) Several people couldn't be found.

20. (A) He left after he got all the answers
(B) He left as soon as he asked him all the questions
(C) Nobody answers Eddie's questions
(D) He left after he answered all the questions.

Part B

Directions: In part B you will hear fifteen short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, a third voice will ask a question about what was said. The question will be *spoken* just one time. After you hear a conversation and the question about it, read the four possible answers and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the problem and mark your answer.

Look at Example III.

You will hear:

(man) "Hello, Mary, This is Mr. Smith at the office. Is Bill feeling any better today?"

(Woman) "Oh, yes, Mr. Smith. He's feeling much better now. But the doctor says he'll have to stay in bed until Monday."

(third voice) "Where is Bill now?"

You will read: (A) At the office.

(B) On his way to work.

(C) Home in bed.

(D) Away on vacation.

Sample Answer

A B C D

From the conversation, we know that Bill is sick and will have to remain in bed until Monday. The best answer, then, is (C), "Home in bed." Therefore, you should choose answer. (C).

Part B

21. (A) At the department store
(B) At the church
(C) In the garden
(D) At the grocery.
22. (A) He doesn't have any money to buy the lamp
(B) He has a lot of money to buy the lamp
(C) If he lends her money, she will buy the lamp
(D) If she lends him money, he can buy the lamp.
23. (A) Repairman
(B) Taxi driver
(C) Salesman
(D) Car dealer.
24. (A) 10 A.M.
(B) 12 A.M.
(C) 2 P.M.
(D) 4 P.M.
25. (A) He's going to find an apartment.
(B) He's helping his brother look for an apartment
(C) He already found an apartment
(D) He's looking for an apartment with a girl
26. (A) The big parties are more impersonal than small ones
(B) She likes big parties better
(C) She likes small parties
(D) The party is nonsense.
27. (A) He is satisfied with driving from his home to work
(B) The distance is about 20 miles
(C) The road is good but there's a lot of traffic
(D) He lives very far from his work.
28. (A) The temperature dropped below freezing
(B) It was very cold
(C) It was mildly cold in the early winter last year
(D) It was very cold during X'mas time.
29. (A) 50 C
(B) \$2.00
(C) \$2.50
(D) \$3.00
30. (A) \$19,500
(B) \$20,000
(C) \$25,000
(D) \$40,000

31. (A) The story was good
(B) The movie was good
(C) Reading novels is more entertaining
(D) The photography was good.
32. (A) Children have already left for their grandmother's home
(B) Children will leave for their grandmother's home
(C) Children will leave for their grandmother's after school
(D) Children will play with their grandmother in the school.
33. (A) She's careless
(B) She likes George very much
(C) She's not concerned with George's health.
(D) She doesn't care what George said.
34. (A) He hears well
(B) He hears poorly
(C) He's deaf
(D) He's dead.
35. (A) There's another cat that looks like him
(B) He never loosens the dog
(C) She has mistaken it for his dog
(D) The dog likes to walk on the leash.

Part C

Directions: In this part of the test you will hear a short talk and a conversation. After each, you will be asked some questions. The talks and questions will be *spoken* just one time. They will not be written out for you, so you will have to listen carefully in order to understand and remember what the speaker says.

When you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the problem and fill in (blacken) the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

You will hear: People who search for unusual rocks and semiprecious stones are sometimes called "rock hounds." Rock hounding is becoming more and more popular as a hobby in the United States. There are over 1,600 rock hound clubs around the nation, and their membership represents only about 7 per cent of the people who participate in the hobby.

The state of New Mexico has devoted a unique state park to the rock hounds. People who visit the park can take samples of rocks away with them. Most parks forbid the removal of any rocks or other materials. Among the rocks found in the New Mexico park are amethysts, opals, and agates.

Now look at Example I.

You will hear: <i>What is the topic of the talk?</i>	Sample Answer
You will read: (A) A popular hobby.	A B C D
(B) The State of New Mexico.	
(C) An unusual kind of animal.	
(D) New kinds of clubs to join.	

The best answer to the question "What is the topic of the talk?" is (A), "A popular hobby." Therefore you should choose answer (A).

Now look at Example II.

Sample Answer

You will hear: *Which of the following is the best description of a rock hound?*

A B C D

- You will read:
- (A) A person who likes to join clubs.
 - (B) A person who works in a state park.
 - (C) A person who finds and steals unusual rocks.
 - (D) A person who likes to look for unusual rocks

The best answer to the question "Which of the following is the best description of a rock hound?" is (D). "A person who likes to look for unusual rocks." Therefore you should choose answer (D).

Part C

36. (A) Declined
(B) Depleted
(C) Limited
(D) Unlimited.
37. (A) Because it is important for food resources
(B) Because the great fisheries are to be exhausted
(C) Because the noted biologist insisted on it
(D) Because fishes are fewer than Indian Tigers.
38. (A) Europe and Asia
(B) The whole world
(C) Asia and America
(D) America.
39. (A) The land and the air
(B) Important species for conservation
(C) Indian Tigers and the American Eagle
(D) The African Elephant.
40. (A) The Indian Tiger and the American Eagle are important
(B) None of the great sea fisheries are to be exhausted
(C) Fish supply has no effects on people
(D) Sea resources are important to people.
41. (A) The resources of the sea were unlimited
(B) The threats to Animals and Birds
(C) Sea resources will continue as important food supplies
(D) We must love fish.
42. (A) Paris
(B) Copenhagen
(C) New York
(D) London.
43. (A) 1
(B) 2
(C) 3
(D) Never.
44. (A) London and Paris
(B) U.S.A.
(C) Paris
(D) Paris and Copenhagen.
45. (A) The Natural Gas Company
(B) Fuel Shortage
(C) The Gas Industries
(D) A warm winter.
46. (A) It was very cold
(B) It had snows
(C) It was a little cold
(D) It was unusually warm.

47. (A) Curiosity about canned sea food
(B) Sincerity and Persuasion
(C) Anger about canned sea food
(D) Ordering canned sea food.
48. (A) Toxic and poison
(B) A clear crystalline substance
(C) Chips of glass
(D) Sea food.
49. (A) Boil them in water
(B) Boil them in warm vinegar
(C) Throw them away
(D) Eat them.
50. (A) Complain to the Federal Food and Drug Administration
(B) Ask for refund of your money from the canner
(C) Place them in vinegar for a few minutes
(D) Let the particles dissolve.

Unit 1 錄音原文

Part A

1. He spends more time studying than I do. (C)
2. When Henry finished the cake batter, he started the dough for the rolls. (A)
3. The balance in your checking account is 200 dollars only and the check in the amount of 300 dollars was returned "Insufficient Deposit" (A)
4. These magazines belong on the table, not in the basket. (A)
5. Of all the animals in the zoo, I like the lions best and the monkeys least. (D)
6. I feel as though it's time for lunch, even though it's only 10 o'clock. (D)
7. The blue car is more expensive than the green one, but it is a better buy. (D)
8. Evelyn had expected to arrive at noon, but her train was half an hour early that day. (B)
9. When I saw the two girls standing next to each other, I thought they must be related but they are not. (B)
10. I'm sure we wouldn't have been late for the train, if it hadn't been for Dorothy. (D)
11. The presence of a girl always makes Bob so nervous that he can't speak. (C)
12. There is no need for us to take vitamin pills, if we eat well-balanced meals. (D)
13. 10 days ago, the river flooded the town and forced 50 families out of their homes. (B)