

高三卷

北大附中英语题库

丁沪生 王 谛 余国英 沈信予
梁 华 金 蓉 周 伟 李国光 叶春光

编



英语题库

北京大学出版社

北大附中英语题库

高三卷

丁沪生 王 谛 余国英
沈信予 梁 华 金 蓉 编
周 伟 李国光 叶春光

北京大学出版社

• 北 京 •

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

北大附中英语题库·高三卷/丁沪生等编. —北京: 北京大学出版社, 2000. 5

ISBN 7-301-037

I . 高 … I . 丁 … III . 英语课-高中-习题
IV . G634. 41

书 名: 北大附中英语题库·高三卷

著作责任者: 丁沪生等编

责任编辑: 汪晓丹

标准书号: ISBN 7-301-02900-4/G · 0325

出版者: 北京大学出版社

地址: 北京市海淀区中关村北京大学校内 100871

网址: <http://cbs.pku.edu.cn/cbs.htm>

电话: 出版部 62752015 发行部 62754140 编辑室 62752028

电子信箱: zpup@pup.pku.edu.cn

排版者: 兴盛达激光照排中心

印刷者: 北京大学印刷厂印刷

发行者: 北京大学出版社

经销者: 新华书店

787毫米×1092毫米 32开本 13.25印张 284千字

2000年7月第1版 2000年7月第1次印刷

定 价: 18.00元

内 容 提 要

本书在深刻理解“减负”精髓的基础上，从实用的角度考虑，尤其是从高三学生的实际情况出发，根据新编高三英语教材编写，以辅助高中英语的教学，巩固、加强课堂所学知识，尤其是强化高考复习与高考冲刺。

前 言

根据国家教委颁发的“全日制高级中学英语教学大纲”及人民教育出版社新编高中英语教材(Senior English for China 3)我们编写了这本书。

本书的练习内容紧密配合课文。既重视了对基础知识的训练也突出对重、难点知识的强化训练。其目的在于使学生在巩固所学知识的基础上,能举一反三,触类旁通,提高综合运用语言的能力。

本书题型与历年会考、高考题型一致。

为了加强听力,加强语言的交际能力,更是为了适应英语高考改革的新形势,我们还特意编写了听力训练,并配有录音带。

本书从实战的角度出发,编写了四套高考模拟试卷,以方便考生演习,提高应试能力,掌握应试技巧,积累答题经验,增强必胜信念。

书后附有各练习的参考答案。

希望本书对您的高中复习、高考冲刺助一臂之力。

编 者

2000 年 7 月

目 录

Unit 1	Madame Curie	1
Section A	Listening Comprehension	1
Section B	Written Exercise	3
Unit 2	Captain Cook	22
Section A	Listening Comprehension	22
Section B	Written Exercise	24
Unit 3	Australia	45
Section A	Listening Comprehension	45
Section B	Written Exercise	46
Unit 4	Feed the world	67
Section A	Listening Comprehension	67
Section B	Written Exercise	68
Unit 5	Advertising	89
Section A	Listening Comprehension	89
Section B	Written Exercise	90
Unit 6	Mainly revision	111
Section A	Listening Comprehension	111
Section B	Written Exercise	113
高考英语模拟试卷一	134
高考英语模拟试卷二	155
Unit 7	Angkor Wat	176
Section A	Listening Comprehension	176

Section B Written Exercise	179
Unit 8 A person of great determination	198
Section A Listening Comprehension	198
Section B Written Exercise	200
Unit 9 Gymnastics	219
Section A Listening Comprehension	219
Section B Written Exercise	222
Unit 10 The trick	241
Section A Listening Comprehension	241
Section B Written Exercise	244
Unit 11 The Member of Venice	264
Section A Listening Comprehension	264
Section B Written Exercise	266
Unit 12 Mainly revision	287
Section A Listening Comprehension	287
Section B Written Exercise	290
高考英语模拟试卷三	310
高考英语模拟试卷四	331
参考答案	352
听力材料原文	374

Unit 1 Madame Curie

Section A Listening Comprehension

I. 从 A、B、C、D 中找出一个与你所听到的句子意思相同的选项。

1. A. The doctor was worried about me.
B. The doctor told me not to be worried.
C. The doctor told me it was easy.
D. The doctor told me to hurry up.
2. A. Christmas Day will last for two weeks.
B. Christmas Day will come in two weeks.
C. After two weeks' time, Christmas Day came.
D. Christmas Day will come in two weeks' away.
3. A. Don't go to the cinema with me.
B. I'm sure you'll go to the cinema with me.
C. Why did you go to the cinema with me?
D. Will you go to the cinema with me?
4. A. I'd like something to drink.
B. I don't know what to drink.
C. Nobody gives me something to drink.
D. I'm not thirsty now.
5. A. I don't know which pen I should choose.
B. You can pick up the pen for me.
C. Without your help, I can't get the pen.
D. I'll give you a pen if you help me.

II. 听对话及问句,从 A、B、C、D 中找出与你所听到的句子意思相符合的选项。

6. A. She wants to have a bath in it.
B. She's going to keep some fish in it.
C. She wants to buy some goldfish.
D. She catch some fish next Saturday.
7. A. She'll build a lab for herself.
B. He'll build a lab for himself.
C. She'll put them in her goldfish tank.
D. He'll put them in his goldfish tank.
8. A. It's made of wood.
B. It's made of plastic.
C. It's made for holding the plastic pipes.
D. A smaller box ought to be made to hold the pipes.
9. A. They're anxious about their children.
B. It might be in the town.
C. It's returned to the mountains.
D. The police are after it now.
10. A. They'll go to visit the milu deer.
B. They'll ring up the police.
C. They'll telephone the park.
D. They'll look for the milu deer.

Section B Written Exercise

I. 单项填空

一、从 A、B、C、D 中找出画线部分与所给单词的画线部分读音相同的选项。

1. admire

A. madame

B. ray

C. balloon

D. gram

2. bench

A. chemistry

B. change

C. stomach

D. Christmas

3. institute

A. cure

B. difficult

C. juice

D. musical

4. permission

A. determination

B. television

C. decision

D. question

5. almost

A. half

B. calm

C. false

D. along

二、从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

6. Finally, the thief handed everything _____ he had stolen to the police.

A. after

B. what

C. whatever

D. that

7. He became fatter and fatter. The doctor told him to

eat _____.

A. much B. little C. a little D. few

8. Boiling water _____ off steam.

A. gives B. cuts C. leaves D. shows

9. A lot of books and articles have been published in _____ of this great historic event.

A. need B. honour C. demand D. front

10. —The test wasn't easy for them, was it?

— _____. Many of them failed.

A. No, it was B. Yes, it was
C. Yes, it wasn't D. No, it wasn't

11. —Do you know my friend, Tom?

—Yes. He is _____ great fun.

A. × B. a
C. the D. an

12. Not long _____ she had found the door of the university was closed to her, she decided to go to a hospital to be a nurse.

A. ago B. before
C. after D. since

13. No one but her parents _____ it.

A. know B. knows
C. is knowing D. are knowing

14. _____ think will take care of the children?

A. Who you B. Who do you
C. Whom you D. Whom do you

money.

- A. at condition B. under a condition
C. on condition D. in the condition
22. _____ it rain tomorrow, we would have to put off the visit to the Yanpu Bridge.
A. Will B. Were
C. Would D. Should
23. The students are busy _____ the coming exam.
A. prepared for B. preparing for
C. prepared with D. to prepare for
24. The bicycle _____ he often rides needs repairing.
A. on which B. in which
C. by which D. with which
25. The reason _____ he gave us was unacceptable.
A. which B. why
C. where D. to which

II. 完形填空

In ancient Rome, the people often asked a question: What is the earth's weight? 26 several centuries had passed, it was still a 27. Till more than 200 B. C. a lot of people 28 to ask Archimedes, a famous ancient 29, "Can you have the earth 30?"

Archimedes said, "If you give me a 31, I can move it. Thus I can 32 know its weight."

33 that time, more than 2000 years 34. The weight of the earth 34. The weight of the earth 35 the people

had been living on was still 36 number, but since ancient time the scientists haven't 37 searching for this star's weight.

38 of the 17th century, Issac Newton made hundreds of 39, and then he discovered that any two 40 in the universe attract 41. In 1687, Issac Newton made 42 the law of universal gravitation: $F=G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$ (G is a constant).

It was 43 that the constant (常数) of the universal gravitation had not been 44 out yet then. People could only 45 the earth's weight in theory but not in 46.

In 1798, Henry Carendis 47 his equipment. With the help of a 48 of balances in his lab, he was the 49 to work out the 50 of the universal gravitation and the first to calculate the weight of the earth.

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 26. A. During | B. Although |
| C. When | D. If |
| 27. A. reply | B. matter |
| C. design | D. puzzle |
| 28. A. decided | B. went |
| C. hoped | D. used |
| 29. A. official | B. professor |
| C. scientist | D. businessman |
| 30. A. weighed | B. weight |
| C. studied | D. measured |
| 31. A. balance | B. theory |

- | | | |
|-----|-------------------|---------------------|
| | C. way | D. supporting-point |
| 32. | A. also | B. usually |
| | C. correctly | D. properly |
| 33. | A. At | B. From |
| | C. By | D. Since |
| 34. | A. passed | B. past |
| | C. flowed | D. disappeared |
| 35. | A. where | B. there |
| | C. which | D. what |
| 36. | A. a large | B. a small |
| | C. an unknown | D. a surprising |
| 37. | A. imagined | B. finished |
| | C. practised | D. stopped |
| 38. | A. At eight | B. In the eighties |
| | C. In the forties | D. In the thirties |
| 39. | A. machines | B. balances |
| | C. tests | D. achievements |
| 40. | A. objects | B. subjects |
| | C. stars | D. matters |
| 41. | A. another one | B. many things |
| | C. the earth | D. each other |
| 42. | A. possible | B. public |
| | C. clearly | D. necessary |
| 43. | A. sorry | B. a pity |
| | C. bad | D. an excuse |
| 44. | A. worked | B. put |

- | | | |
|-----|--------------|---------------|
| | C. turned | D. though |
| 45. | A. count | B. prove |
| | C. calculate | D. suppose |
| 46. | A. fact | B. practice |
| | C. action | D. laboratory |
| 47. | A. bought | B. discovered |
| | C. supplied | D. improved |
| 48. | A. piece | B. couple |
| | C. pair | D. suit |
| 49. | A. earliest | B. successful |
| | C. last | D. inventor |
| 50. | A. problem | B. a weight |
| | C. law | D. constant |

III. 阅读理解

一、阅读下列短文。从每题中所给的四个选项中,选出一个最佳答案。

Passage 1

The office has always been a place to get ahead. Unfortunately, it is also a place where a lot of natural resources start to fall behind. Take a look around next time you're at work. See how many lights are left on when people leave. See how much paper is being wasted. How much electricity is being used to run computers that are left on. Look at how much water is being wasted in the restrooms. And how much solid waste is being thrown out in the rubbish cans.

We bet it's a lot.

Now, here are some simple ways you can produce less waste at work. When you are at the copier, only make the copies you need. Use both sides of the paper when writing something less important. Turn off your lights when you leave. Use a lower watt bulb in your lamp. Drink your coffee or tea out of your mugs instead of single-use cups. Set up a recycling box for cans and one for bottles. And when you're in the bathroom brushing your teeth or washing your face, don't let the tap run. Remember, if we use fewer resources today, we'll save more for tomorrow.

51. The main purpose of the passage is to tell people _____.
A. the disadvantages of working in an office
B. the waste produced in an office
C. to save resources when working in an office
D. how to save water in a restroom
52. How many kinds of waste are mentioned in the passage?
A. Two B. Three
C. Four D. Five
53. From the passage we can infer that in the office _____.
A. using computers is a waste of resource
B. many people don't turn off the computers after using them
C. computers are run by electricity
D. a computer is not a must for working