

一课一练

全国中小学素质教育能力检测丛书

初三英语

● 修订本 (全一册)

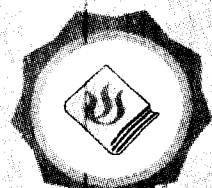
● 供初三年级 全年使用

本书编写组 编



中国少年儿童出版社

同步·单元
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134466/00

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出版发行：中国少年儿童出版社

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印刷：陕西省印刷厂

开本：787×1092

1/16

印张：6

2001年11月北京第4版

2001年11月陕西第13次印刷

字数：120千字

印数：1-10000

ISBN 7-5007-2836-0/G·1632

定价：6.30元

图书若有印装问题，请随时向印刷厂退换。

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《全国中小学素质教育能力检测丛书》(同步单元·一课一练)是根据国家教育部对中小学进行素质教育的指示精神,以最新教学大纲和教材为依据,由蜚声教坛的特级和高级教师紧密结合教学实践,悉心编写而成的。

为适应教育改革和教材的变化,本丛书在全国各地连续使用六年的基础上,2001年进行全面修订更新。丛书各册均与人教版九年义务教育“六·三”制教材配套使用。

本丛书的编写原则是

1. 在题型和内容的总体设计上,注重体现各年级、各学科的教学和升学试题特点,将教材中章(单元)、节(课)的教学目标(综合素质教育因素,重点、难点、考查点)训练,与期中、期末综合性检测共同构成符合素质教育规律的三级测试体系,同时吸收了各级升学考试试题的最新研究成果,能使学生获得多角度、全方位、省时高效的强化训练。

2. 注重基本概念和基本原理的理解和掌握。严格与教学进度同步,一课一练和单元练习有机结合,循序渐进,以点带面,点面结合;题型新颖,覆盖面广;穷尽所有重点、难点和考点,具有可操作性,自成体系。

3. 注重基础知识和基本技能的(“双基”)训练。综合运用基础知识,对基本技能和相应的理解、分析、运用能力等进行综合训练。

4. 注重培养学生对学科内综合题和跨学科知识的驾驭和灵活运用能力,举一反三,融汇贯通。

5. 注重重点、难点的提示与指导。在参考答案中就典型习题进行点拨和解析。

本丛书的小学部分包括语文、数学、自然3个学科,初中部分包括语文、数学、英语、物理、化学、政治、历史、地理、生物9个学科。各部分均按学科分学期(或学年)设册:小学单册和初中上册为第一学期秋季开学用书;小学双册和初中下册为第二学期春季开学用书;初中全一册为全学年用书。

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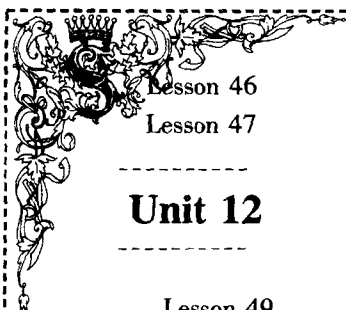
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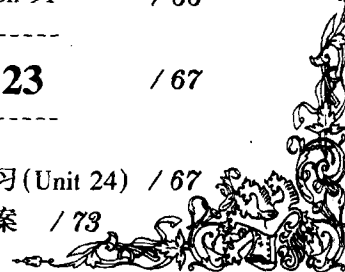
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Lesson 1

I. 从下列每组单词中选出一个划线部分发音不同的单词

- () 1. A. glad B. what C. act D. happy
 () 2. A. their B. both C. month D. eighth
 () 3. A. card B. art C. warm D. far
 () 4. A. duty B. luck C. but D. us
 () 5. A. wish B. in C. think D. fine

II. 选择填空

- () 1. Jim and Li Lei ____ five.
 A. both are B. are all C. are both D. all are
 () 2. He had better ____ into the classroom now.
 A. to go B. go C. goes D. going
 () 3. Here are some flowers ____ you, ____ our best wishes.
 A. for, with B. with, for C. to, with D. for, for
 () 4. I won't go to the cinema. What ____ you?
 A. on B. in C. at D. about
 () 5. Everyone ____ here, Mr Wu. Nobody ____ away.
 A. are, are B. are, is C. is, is D. is, are
 () 6. Happy birthday ____ you, Miss Li.
 A. to B. with C. in D. on
 () 7. Hello, Mike. Here's a New Year's card ____ you.
 A. to B. for C. at D. in

III. 补全下面的教师节卡片, 每空一词

____ our dear teacher,
 ____ Day!
 Thank you ____ us so well.
 We hope you 'll have a very happy year.
 Good ____! ____ wishes.
 _____ your students

Lesson 2

I. 选择填空

- () 1. In China the first name is the ____.
 A. given name B. middle name C. family name
 () 2. In England people put their ____ first.
 A. given names B. family names C. middle names
 () 3. The man's name is Jim Allan Green. You call him ____.
 A. Mr. Jim B. Mr. Allan C. Mr. Green
 () 4. Chinese names are ____ English names.
 A. different with B. different from C. the same as
 () 5. Jim is short ____ James.
 A. to B. for C. with

II. 补全对话, 每空一词

A: Please ____ us a short talk, Jim.
 B: ____ subject should I talk ____?
 A: Choose any _____. ____ example, something about England.





B: Maybe I could ____ about English names?

A: Yes, ____ please, That's a good ____.

III. 用所给动词的适当形式填空

1. Mr Smith ____ us a talk next week. (give)
2. The family name ____ last in England. (come)
3. Where ____ you ____ the birthday cards? (buy)
4. Listen! Someone ____ in the next room. (laugh)
5. The car doesn't work. What ____ we ____? (do)
6. There ____ any Chinese lessons tomorrow. (not be)

Lesson 3

I. 选择填空

- () 1. Robert Thomas Brown is a ____ name.
A. given B. family C. full
- () 2. Mary Joan Shute is a ____ name.
A. girl's B. boy's C. Chinese
- () 3. Let's ____ our friend.
A. to go and to ask B. go and ask C. to go and ask
- () 4. How do you do, Mr. Wang? Pleased to ____ you.
A. seeing B. look C. watch D. meet
- () 5. "Don't read picture books in class, please, Tom."
"No, I ____."
A. can't B. won't C. don't D. mustn't
- () 6. It ____ very hard last night.
A. rained B. was rain C. raining D. rains

II. 完成对话, 每空一词

- A: ____ me. ____ is your ____ name, please?
B: My name is James Allan Green.
A: Thank you, Mr James.
B: ____, I'm Mr. _____. Please ____ call me Mr. James.
A: Oh, sorry! May I call you James?
B: Of ____, if you wish.

III. 根据中文和英语的提示词语, 写出正确的句子

1. 上课不要说话, 好吗?
would, not talk, in class _____
2. 在英国, 第一个名字是教名。
Britain, the given name _____
3. 劳驾, 你能告诉我去人民公园怎么走?
tell, way, the People's Park _____
4. 放学后不要在黑板上写字。
not write, blackboard _____
5. 为什么不谈谈你的英语学习呢?
talk about, study of English _____

Unit 1

I. 从下列每组单词中选出一个划线部分发音不同的单词

- () 1. A. glad B. name C. game D. James
- () 2. A. luck B. put C. look D. full





- () 3. A. both B. box C. hot D. from
() 4. A. wish B. bit C. given D. write

II. 用所给动词的适当时态填空

- A: What you (do) now?
B: I (make) a Teachers' Day card.
It (be) Teachers' Day tomorrow.
I (give) the card to my teacher tomorrow.
 you (give) a card to your teacher too?
A: No. I (buy) a notebook (笔记本) and (give) it to my teacher yesterday.
B: you (write) any words in it?
A: Yes, I (write), "Best Wishes for Teachers' Day!"

III. 选择填空

- () 1. beautiful flowers. Thank you.
A. How B. what C. Why D. Hi
() 2. Thank you teaching us so well.
A. with B. by C. to D. for
() 3. "Glad you again. How are you?" "I'm very well."
A. seeing B. sees C. to see D. see
() 4. I want you to talk about America.
A. something B. anything C. nothing D. thing
() 5. Kate is short Catherine.
A. at B. for C. on D. in
() 6. The woman's name is Mary Joan Green. You may call her .
A. Miss Joan B. Miss Green C. Miss Mary D. Miss Mary Joan
() 7. Best wishes Teachers' Day!
A. for B. to C. with D. on

IV. 完成对话, 选择方框中的句子, 将其序号填入空格内

- A. What do you think of the people here?
B. I like them very much.
C. Pardon me. (请再说一遍)
D. What do you think of the people in the hometown?
E. I asked where you come from.

- A: Where do you come from?
B: 1
A: 2
B: Oh, I come from a town in the south of Shanghai.
A: 3
B: Well, it's an old and beautiful town, and the people are good-hearted (好心的).
A: 4
B: They are different from the people I grew up with, but they are very kind and friendly. 5

Lesson 5

I. 写出下列各词的比较级和最高级

1. fast 2. high 3. far
4. dry 5. hot 6. well
7. nice 8. late

II. 选择填空

- () 1. Lucy runs than Lu Ling.
A. fast B. fastest C. faster D. more fast





- () 2. Tom jumps ____ of all.
A. far B. farthest C. farther D. more far
- () 3. Jim did quite ____ in the high jump.
A. well B. better C. best D. the best
- () 4. She read the letter more carefully than I ____.
A. do B. does C. did D. doing
- () 5. —Which sport are you ____ today?
—I'm not doing nothing.
A. on B. in C. about D. at
- () 6. Last Friday we ____ a sports meeting ____ the playground.
A. held, at B. hold, in C. held, on D. hold, on
- () 7. Who writes ____, Lily, Tom or Lucy?
A. good B. well C. better D. best
- () 8. —____ of Ann and Tom ____ faster than Lucy, right?
—Yes, Lucy runs very slowly.
A. Both, run B. All, run C. Both, runs D. All, runs

III. 根据表格填空

The high jump		
Ann	Lucy	Lily
1.70	1.71	1.74

Ann ____ quite ____, but Lucy jumped ____ Ann. Lily ____ all.

IV. 完形填空

1 the Indians (印第安人) of North America the "medicine man" was very important person. He 2 cured (治疗, 治愈) illnesses. The Indians 3 that bad spirits (精神) 4 people ill. So when people were ill, the medicine man tried 5 them 6 magic (魔术), he 7 the good spirits and asked 8 help. Many people were cured because they thought that 9 were helping them. But really these people cured 10. Sometimes your own mind is the best doctor for you.

- () 1. A. Of B. In C. Between D. Among
() 2. A. tried B. could C. able to D. had to
() 3. A. believed B. told C. saw D. showed
() 4. A. let B. took C. made D. helped
() 5. A. help B. to help C. making D. to make
() 6. A. use B. using C. with using D. by using
() 7. A. talked B. told C. spoke to D. said to
() 8. A. them B. their C. for their D. themselves
() 9. A. the medicine men B. the spirits C. the magics D. the Indians
() 10. A. Indians B. them C. illness D. themselves

Lesson 6

I. 从下列每组单词中选出一个划线部分发音不同的单词

- () 1. A. both B. done C. hold D. ga
() 2. A. win B. still C. stick D. behind
() 3. A. pen B. neck C. relay D. clever
() 4. A. lap B. fast C. pass D. ask
() 5. A. ground B. loud C. shout D. should
() 6. A. runner B. full C. lucky D. jump





- () 7. A. large B. age C. gate D. page

II. 根据汉语意思完成下列各句。每空只填一词

- 他们俩同时传递接力棒。
They both passed on their sticks _____.
- 刚才他站在起跑线上。
He stood _____ a moment ago.
- 昨天我们在操场举行了运动会。
Yesterday we _____ on the playground.
- 李雷落得很远,但他继续跑。
Li Lei was _____, but he _____.
- 玛丽比珍妮住得近多了。
Mary _____ than Jane.

III. 用 on, in, to, and, with 填空

- He dropped his stick _____ the ground when he was passing it on _____ his classmate.
- Jim was _____ front on the first lap, but soon Tom began to catch up _____ him. They were neck _____ neck.

IV. 选择填空

- Li Ping was from _____ Class Three and _____ Class Three runners all ran very fast.
A. ×, × B. the, × C. ×, the D. the, the
- Many years later, Mr Wang and Mr Li _____ friends.
A. were still B. will be still C. still were D. still are
- He _____ two balls from the top of the building.
A. fell B. dropped C. passed D. jumped
- When she saw me, she didn't stop. She just walked _____.
A. up B. to C. from D. on
- After Helen got the stick from Tom, he _____.
A. passed it on B. passed on it C. passes it on D. passes on it
- They _____ the game yesterday, didn't they?
A. got B. took C. gave D. won
- Who can jump _____, you or he?
A. taller B. higher C. tallest D. high

Lesson 7

I. 写出下列各词的比较级和最高级

- badly _____
- cold _____
- short _____
- warm _____
- well _____
- far _____

II. 根据句意, 用括号内所给词的适当形式填空

- Changjiang River is _____ river in China. (long)
- There are forty _____ in our school. (loudspeaker)
- Who lives on the _____ floor. (five)
- I think these trousers are _____ than those ones. (beautiful)
- Mike runs faster, doesn't _____? (it)
- Who runs _____, Lily, Lucy or Kate? (fast)

III. 用所给词的适当形式填空

- Jim didn't do very well. He did rather _____. But Tom did _____ than Jim. And Li Lei did _____ all. He dropped the stick. (badly)
- It's _____ (cold) in winter than in spring.
- Lily jumps quite _____. Lucy jumps _____ than Lily. Ann jumps the _____ of the three. (far)





Unit 2

I. 用 won, winners, well done, come on, bad luck, congratulations 填空

1. "Class Three the race." " , everyone and to the ."
2. "I dropped the stick. So I was the last" " "
3. " !" shouted everyone. "Run! The last lap!"

II. 选择与句中划线部分意思相同或相近的解释

- () 1. I'm not sure. It is difficult to see who will win.
A. wrong B. different C. not easy D. badly
- () 2. Your mother will come and see you right now.
A. at once B. just now C. at the moment D. quickly
- () 3. Li Lei ran much faster than the others.
A. a lot B. very C. many D. more
- () 4. We had a school meeting last Friday.
A. got B. found C. held D. gave
- () 5. She was a little far from me and she had to shout to me.
A. speak B. talk C. come up D. call out
- () 6. He did best in the long jump.
A. lost B. won C. failed D. fail

III. 根据表格回答问题

The long jump

Lily	Lucy	Ann
3.9	4.0	4.1

1. Did Lily jump far?

2. Who jumped farther than Lucy?

3. Did Ann jump farther than Lily?

4. Who jumped farthest?

IV. 阅读理解并选择正确答案

Mr White was a chicken farmer. He had hundreds of chicken, and sold the eggs and the meat and got quite a lot of money from them, but he lived in a very hot part of the country, and he found that his hens could hardly (几乎不) lay (产蛋) any eggs in the summer. So he decided to put air - conditioning (空调) into his chicken - house so that (以便) the hens would lay well all through (穿过) the year and he could get more eggs and in that way get more money.

The owner of the air - conditioning company (公司) came to see him, and when he saw Mr Whites' house, he thought that he might be able to persuade (说服) him to buy some air - conditioning for that, too.

"Your wife would be much happier and have a nicer house to live in then," he said to Mr White. But Mr White was not interested. "My wife doesn't lay eggs," he said.

- () 1. Mr White's hens could lay eggs when the weather was too hot.
A. little B. a little C. few D. a few
- () 2. Mr White decided to buy air - conditioning for .
A. his house B. his chicken - house C. the school D. his wife
- () 3. The owner of the company hoped to put air - conditioning into .
A. Mr White's house
B. the chicken - house





- C. Mrs White's bed-room
D. both Mr White's house and his chicken house
- () 4. Air-conditioning in Mr White's house would bring him ____ money.
A. less B. more C. much D. many
- () 5. Both Mr White and the owner of the company wanted to get ____ money.
A. less B. more C. much D. many

Lesson 9

I. 补全对话, 每空一词

- A: Excuse me, what does this word mean?
B: ____?
A: Chick.
B: Show ____ the word, please. Oh, "quick"! please say it ____ this [kwik]. ____ it again.
A: Quick.
B: That's right. ____ does "quick" ____? Who knows?
C: It means ____.
B: That's right. It's ____ way ____ fast.

II. 选择填空

- () 1. Miss Gao likes ____ English.
A. teach B. teaching C. teaches D. to teaching
- () 2. He likes ____ his classmates.
A. help B. to help C. helps D. to helping
- () 3. What do you mean ____ that?
A. by B. with C. to D. on
- () 4. He speaks much ____ than his brother.
A. slower B. more slowly C. slowly D. slower
- () 5. "What do you mean ____ island?" "It means *dao* in Chinese."
A. about B. with C. by D. from
- () 6. There's ____ way of doing the problem.
A. the other B. other C. another D. an other
- () 7. You'd better ____ it in English.
A. speak B. talk C. say D. tell
- () 8. "She ____ her father than her mother." "I think so."
A. looks more like B. looks like C. more likes D. is like
- () 9. What language does she ____, do you know?
A. say B. tell C. talk D. speak
- () 10. ____ say it again more slowly?
A. Do you please B. Can you please C. Will you please D. Please you

Lesson 10

I. 选择填空

- () 1. Miss Gao is ____ popular teacher in our school.
A. the most B. most C. more D. much
- () 2. Maths is as ____ as Chinese.
A. more interesting B. interesting C. most interesting D. the most interesting
- () 3. The weather was ____ as it is today.
A. as wet B. so wet C. wetter D. wettest
- () 4. Li Lei ____ to do his homework yesterday.
A. forget B. will forget C. forgot D. am forgetting





- () 5. "Well ____, everyone!" the teacher said.
A. done B. do C. does D. doing
- () 6. The students will take some food and drink with ____ for their picnic this Sunday.
A. us B. them C. him D. her
- () 7. There was a big smile ____ the old man's face.
A. in B. at C. with D. on
- () 8. "Stop ____ and listen to me carefully," said the teacher.
A. to talk B. talking C. talk D. talks

II. 用适当的词填空

1. She came ____ classroom ____ usual this morning.
2. Tom did well ____ the relay race.
3. Everyone is ____ school ____ Lin Tao. He is ill.
4. I am ____ duty today.
5. It's time ____ us to do our homework.

III. 根据句意, 用括号内所给词的适当形式填空

1. Miss Gao is one of the most popular ____ in the school. (teach)
2. It's time for Tom and ____ to go to school. (I)
3. Which is ____; maths, Chinese or English? (difficult)
4. This is the ____ time for Mr Smith to visit China. (one)
5. Do you think you are ____ than any other student in English? (carefully)

Lesson 11

I. 写出下列各词的比较级、最高级

1. interesting ____ 2. difficult ____
3. important ____ 4. popular ____
5. useful ____ 6. easy ____

II. 选择填空

- () 1. I prefer Chinese ____ English.
A. at B. in C. to D. on
- () 2. I think maths is ____ than Chinese.
A. difficult B. most difficult C. difficulter D. more difficult
- () 3. It's time for the boys ____ football now.
A. to play B. play C. plays D. playing
- () 4. "____, what does the word mean?" "Which one?"
A. Thank you B. Excuse me C. Sorry D. That's right
- () 5. Zhang Hua speaks English as ____ as his teacher.
A. good B. well C. better D. best
- () 6. Li Ping thinks maths is ____ than music.
A. interesting B. less interesting C. much interesting D. many interesting

III. 仿照例句造句

例 Is Chinese as difficult as English?

No, I think English is more difficult than Chinese.

difficult	interesting	popular	useful	easy
English	art	English	science	Chinese
Chinese	maths	Japanese	music	Japanese

1. _____
2. _____





3. _____

4. _____

IV. 阅读短文, 选择正确答案

I am a French student. Last year I went to England by plane. At ten o'clock in the evening, I arrived in London. I was tired and wanted to find a place and have a good rest. The airport was big and black. Of course, I didn't know the way. I saw an Englishman in front of me. I went over to him and asked him to tell me the way. I studied English at school in my country. I spoke to the man in English. I spoke slowly, but he couldn't understand me. I asked the question again and again. At last he understood. He answered my question, but I couldn't understand him. My teacher didn't speak English like that! The man and I looked at each other and smiled. Then he said something and I understood it. "You'll soon learn English here", he said.

- () 1. The student studied English _____.
 A. in America B. in France C. in England D. at home
- () 2. The student arrived in London very _____ that day.
 A. early B. bright C. hot D. late
- () 3. He saw _____ in front of him in the airport.
 A. an Englishwoman B. an Englishman C. a girl D. a boy
- () 4. The Englishman _____ understand the student at last.
 A. could B. couldn't C. can D. can't
- () 5. The Englishman hoped that the student should learn English _____.
 A. in France B. in Japan C. in England D. in America

Unit 3

I. 找出发音不同的单词

- () 1. A. maths B. thanks C. both D. that
- () 2. A. usual B. excuse C. use D. luckily
- () 3. A. excuse B. except C. example D. exercise
- () 4. A. chick B. behind C. smile D. polite
- () 5. A. hand B. agree C. apple D. glad
- () 6. A. sound B. country C. shout D. round
- () 7. A. tidy B. very C. badly D. try

II. 选择填空

- () 1. Which is _____ difficult, science or Chinese?
 A. more B. the most C. X D. most
- () 2. I think English is _____ popular than any other language.
 A. the most B. more C. X D. most
- () 3. Which is _____ important, art, music or science?
 A. the most B. more C. X D. most
- () 4. Is English _____ interesting as Chinese?
 A. so B. more C. as D. most
- () 5. I really can't agree _____ you.
 A. with B. to C. on D. in
- () 6. He found the answer _____.
 A. quick B. quickly C. fast D. quiet
- () 7. —I think maths is less interesting than Chinese.
 —I agree _____ you.
 A. to B. with C. in D. on
- () 8. The twins are in trouble. Let's go and help _____.
 A. to B. with C. in D. on





- A. he B. him C. they D. them
 () 9. I would like ____ drop maths. I find it very difficult.
 A. × B. with C. to D. on
 () 10. After a long walk, we stopped ____ a rest under a tree.
 A. having B. havè C. had D. to have

III. 选择与句中划线部分意思相同或相近的解释

- () 1. I think France is less important than English.
 A. as important as B. more important than C. not so important as
 () 2. You can 't drop English. It 's very useful.
 A. drop to learn B. stop learning C. start to learn
 () 3. "Hands up."
 A. Show you hands B. Put up your hands C. Take your hands
 () 4. He does well in maths.
 A. likes B. studies C. is good at
 () 5. Miss Gao was pleased.
 A. happy B. sorry C. worried

IV. 补全对话

- A: Which do you prefer, English ____ Chinese?
 B: I prefer Chinese ____ English. I think Chinese is more important ____ English.
 A: No, I don 't agree ____ you. I think English is ____ popular and interesting than Chinese, and it is also ____ useful. So we must study hard ____ it.
 B: Yes. But I think we 'll learn Chinese _____. It 's good ____ us.
 A: You 're quite _____.

Lesson 13

I. 写出下列各词的过去式和现在分词

1. draw _____ 2. use _____ 3. do _____
 4. play _____ 5. try _____ 6. study _____

II. 根据中文和英语的提示词语写出正确的句子

1. 那个小孩正在黑板上画画。
 draw, blackboard

 2. 他的父亲有时下班很晚。
 sometimes, come home from work

 3. 我昨天看见玛丽时, 她正在等公共汽车。
 wait for, see, yesterday

 4. 房间里很暖和, 请脱下大衣。
 warm, take off

 5. 它大约有二十分钟的路。
 about, walk

 6. 如果明天下雨, 我们就不举行运动会。
 rain, have a sports meeting.

 7. 上星期六他们去长城了。
 go, the Great Wall





III. 用所给词的适当形式填空

- A: What _____ he _____ (do) now?
 B: He _____ (write) on the blackboard.
 A: What _____ he _____ (do) when the teacher _____ (come) in?
 B: He _____ (try) to draw a horse.
 A: What _____ the twins _____ (do) at that time?
 B: They _____ (draw) too.

Lesson 14

I. 从下列每组单词中选出一个划线部分发音不同的单词

- () 1. A. try B. story C. unhappy D. every
 () 2. A. quiet B. listen C. live D. with
 () 3. A. trouble B. house C. loud D. mouth
 () 4. A. just B. push C. put D. full
 () 5. A. drop B. knock C. front D. long

II. 选择填空

- () 1. He lived _____ a tall building _____ the city of Beijing.
 A. in, in B. on, in C. in, at D. on, at
 () 2. The man upstairs asked him to put down his shoes _____.
 A. quickly B. quiet C. quietly D. quick
 () 3. It was _____, but he couldn't get _____ sleep.
 A. quiet, in B. quietly, to C. quiet, to D. quick, to
 () 4. At that time, the man _____ to sleep.
 A. is trying B. was trying C. were trying D. tries
 () 5. Please knock _____ the door before you come in.
 A. at B. in C. to D. of
 () 6. He _____ just _____ when there was a great noise.
 A. was, falling sleep B. is falling asleep
 C. was, falling asleep D. is falling sleep

III. 根据句意补全句中拼写不完整的单词

1. It was sl _ _ p _ _ when I h _ _ d a knock at the door.
 2. Be qu _ _ t, please. Don't make any n _ _ se.
 3. I think physics is qu _ _ a d _ _ ff _ _ c _ _ lt subject.
 4. The room isn't w _ _ m en _ _ gh.
 5. He f _ _ nd it _ _ sy to remember this passage.

IV. 完形填空

The story happened in a tall building in Moscow. A man lived downstairs. He found 1 was difficult to get to sleep, because the man upstairs 2 his shoes and threw them heavily on the floor every night when the man downstairs was trying to sleep. The noise 3 him up and made him very 4. One night, the man went upstairs and told the man 5 him about the problem. The man upstairs said, "6, comrade. I won't do it again." The next evening the man upstairs threw 7 on the floor 8 he remembered the man downstairs. Then he put his other shoe quietly under his bed. The poor man downstairs 9 to sleep. He kept waiting for the 10 of the second shoe.

- () 1. A. that B. he C. it D. him
 () 2. A. put on B. took off C. put D. took
 () 3. A. rang B. asked C. told D. woke
 () 4. A. angry B. glad C. quiet D. tired
 () 5. A. over B. above C. on D. up
 () 6. A. Excuse me B. Thank you C. I'm sorry D. please

