# A NEW DICTIONARY OF ENGLISH IDIOMS & PHRASES

# 新编英文成语辞典

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### 編輯大意

華者內年前受大夏出版社之託,編寫這本「新編英文成語解典」 ,今天總算看到它的降生,心中有說不出的興奮,在此借一頁篇幅說 幾句話。

大專聯考成語的重要是不符言的,成語記得少,會連文法、翻譯、這句選擇、閱讀測驗等都受到很大的影響。我多年來擔任升大學英文課程,但一直難以找到一本剛好適用於升大學考生的成語,好讓學生去背誦,這是為什麼我在極端繁忙的情況下,不得不執筆編寫這本書的原因。

市面上銷售最多的一本成語書是狀克避成語(Essential Idioms In English),它是一本很不錯的書,可惜這本書所收集的英文成語 只有四百條,而一個升大學的考生、最起碼,應熟讀的英文成語要有 內干條,僅熟讀狀克遜成語,要在大專聯考中考好,自然是不可能的 事了。

另一本状克遵所編的「美國成語手册」,是我們所見的一本較完整的英文成語,但對一個升大學的考生來說又嫌太深、太多,那裡面的成語多達四千五、六百條,學生背不勝背。

我化了近兩年的時間,收集了兩千五百條左右最基本的英文成語 ·觸成了這本「新編英文成語解典」。令我高興的是:這本書編成之 後,筆者在編寫「歷屆大学聯考英文試題詳解」之時,發現那些考題 有關成語的部份無一不被我這本成語解典所包羅,因此我有信心的認 為,這本書有系統地讀完它,對於大專聯考中的英文成語所形成的問 題,都將能迎及而解了。

在学問的道路上沒有捷徑,筆者一向不相信那些酬簡殘篇的所謂 「精華」、「四週速成」等等書籍,對考生台有什麼幫助。我希望讀 者們「不學其多」,確實把這本書讀完。

為末附詳的電腦試題,是配合| 秋克遜英文成語| 所編的。既然 秋克遜的成語已全部編入本書中,這些測驗題正好可供請者們作應複習之用了。

〔註:Dixon5/7表示追則成語是狄克遜成語的第五課的第七條 。〕

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## A NEW DICTIONARY OF **ENGLISH IDIOMS & PHRASES**



- a bit of a small piece of 少許的,少量的 Please give me a bit of paper. 請給我少許紙。
- a bit of a.(1) rather a; (2) somewhat; 有點,稍有……的氣息
  - (1) He is a bit of a coward. 他有點怯懦。
  - (2) He's a bit of an artist. 他有點整衡家的派頭。
  - 【比較】(1) a bit: a short time. 一會兒。 Let's rest for a bit. 我們休息一會兒吧。

(2) not a bit (of it): not at all. -點也小。

- \*a couple of -(1) two 二個。(2) a few; more than two 幾個。
  - (1) He will be back in a couple of days. 他二天就會四來。
  - (2) I have a couple of things to do. 我有幾件事要做。
  - 【比較】couple(v.)one with another 聯想。 a day or two: one or two days.
- a far larger number of far more更多。

We find in such countries a far larger number of people with university degrees than there are jobs for them to fill.

我們發現在這些國家裡有學士頭質的人遠比就業機會多。

【比較】(1)本成語乃形容詞片語,後跟複數名詞,動詞即取are 等形式。

(2) a good few 頗多。quite a few 十分不少。此a good few 的意 味更简。

- \*a few some 少數的。
  - (1) I know a few of these people. 這些人當中我認識幾位。
  - (2) We are going away for a few days. 我們要離開幾天 a
  - (3) I'd like a few more of the red roses. 我想再要幾朵紅玫瑰。

【就明】本成語乃形容詞片語,後跟複數名詞。

【比較】① 相反詞

相反詞

- 12)a few days later: a few days after then 過了幾天之後。
- \*a good (great) many many; a great many 許多。

I have known General Shen personally for a good many years.

#### 2 新編英文成語解典

我和沈將軍私交多年了。

【說明】形容詞片語,後跟複數名詞。

- \*a great (good) deal of -(1) a large amount of 大量的; (2) much 許多。
  - (1) That work took a great deal of my time. 那工作費了我許多時間。
  - (2) She is a good deal better today. 今天她好得多了。
  - 【比較】① a great deal of 作much 解,不可當many 用。因此可以說 a great deal of time, 不可說 a great deal of times.
    - ② a great deal 常作 adverbial phrase 用。It thundered a great deal. 雷霧得很大。
    - ③特例: I have seen a great deal (= much) of them lately. 我近來常看見他們。
    - (4) a great (or large) quantity of; in great quantity 亦作此解。
    - (5) not a little 與a great deal of 意義相仿。
- a great (or large) number of many 許多的

A great number of people came to the play. 很多人來看戲。

- a long way off (1) far in the future 離目前邊遠得很。(2) at a long distance; far away離開很遠;在很遠的地方。(3) far from 遠非。
  - (1) October is a long way off. 十月份離目前還遠得很。
  - (2) He lives a long way off. 他住在很遠的地方。
  - (3) Your work is still a long way off perfection (far from being perfect). 你的作品距離完美的地步漂涼得很。
- \*a lot of -(1) much, a great deal of 多量; a great quantity of 大量。
  - (2) many 許多。
  - (1) She spends a lot of money on clothes. 她耗費很多的錢在衣服上。
  - (2) I have a lot of groceries to buy this morning.

今天早晨我有很多雜貨要買。

- 【比較】①a lot: much 當adv 用。
  - ② a lot of → lots of → many or much 當形容詞片語用。
  - ③ by lot(s) = by a chance procedure 用抽籤(決定)。
- \*a number of -(1) several —些;(2) many 許多。
  - (1) I have still a number of letters to write. 我還有幾封信要寫。
  - (2) A number of books is missing from the library.

圖書舘裡有一些書不見了。

- 【比較】①The number of students is below ten. 學生數目在十個以下。
  - ② a set number of: a fixed number of 固定數目。
  - ③a host of: a large number; very much 許多。
  - (4) a good many (of), a great many (of), a number of, a great number, of a large number of

等均爲形容詞片語,後接複名詞,取 are 等複數形式。

- a short cut a shorter way than by the main road or path 诉路:播巡。
  - (1) Instead of going round by the road, we came by a short cut. 我們抄近路而不繞著路走來。
  - (2) There is no short cut to wealth except by diligence. 睑了勸勉外,套無致意之捷徑。
- a sort of something like; something resembling 像…某種的…。 He is a sort of a hero. 他略有英雄繁慨。
  - 【比較】① all sorts of; all kinds of 各種的。of the sort; of that kind 那樣的。
    - ②out of sorts: not very well in health 覺得不舒服。
- a stranger to -(i)person one does not know不懂得,未曾有過;(2) person in a place or in a company that he does not know
  - 陌生人,人地生疏。
  - (1) He is a stranger to me. 我不認識他。
  - (2) I am a stranger to the place 我在這裏是人地生疏。
  - (3) He is no stranger to sorrow. 他 飽經憂患。
- \*abandon to -(1) give up completely 捨棄。(2) give oneself up completely to 放棄。
  - (1) The army abandoned the city to the enemy. 我軍放棄該城了。
  - (2) Do not abandon yourself to despair. 不要自暴自棄。
- \*abide by (1) be faithful to 酸守; (2) fulfil 履行。

Abide by your resolution. 堅持你的決心。

- 【比較】① abide in or at a place 住在某地。 abide with a person 同住在……
  - (2) abide (v.t.), bear, tolerate 容忍。
- \*abound in (or with) (1) rich in 富饒的; (2) be full of 充满著。
  - (1) The lake abounds in fish. 本湖魚多。
  - (2) This country used to abound with snakes, 這村莊過去有很多蛇。
  - 【比較】① abound in 除「多有」的意思以外,往往有「特有或固有」的意思。故在 He abounds in courage. (他本性勇猛)句中,in不可改爲with。
    - ② used to + v. 指過去習慣,現在已不復如此,此處 used 的發音 是[ju;st].
- \*(be) about to be just going to 卽將。

When you called, I was about to leave. 你來電話時,我正要走。

【比較】be going to; be on the point of 均作此解。

#### 4 新編英文成語解典

- \*above all (1) especially, before everything else 尤其; (2) mainly, more important than anything else 最重要的异。(Dixon/18-12)
  - (I)He has a taste for arts, and above all for music.
  - 他喜愛藝術,尤其是音樂。 (2) Above all, be punctual, 最重要的是要準時。
  - 【比較】over and above: in addition to, besides而且, 加之。

above suspicion - beyond (a) doubt 無可置疑。

His conduct has always been above suspicion. 他的行為始終是無可懷疑的。

【比較】above or below one's understanding; above one's head 不能了解。

- \*(be) absent from (be) not present 缺踝(職)。
  - (1)He was absent from school yesterday. 他昨天未到學校。
  - (2) He absented himself from the moeting. 他未出席會議。
  - [比較] be absent (abj) from: absent (v. t.) oneself from.

與反身代 名詞連用的動詞尚有:

- (1) I applied myself to the task with great fervor.
- (2) He devotes himself to the cause of freedom.
- (3) She prides herself on her good looks.
- \*according to = (1) in accordance with 依照 = (2) in agreement with; in proportion to 依據。
  - (1)You have to live according to your station. 你必須依照你的身份去生活。
  - (2) According to the newspapers, the strike will be settled tomorrow. 確報紙上說,能工將於明天解決。
  - 【比較】①according to 後跟名詞, according as 後跟子句, 兩者意思相伤。例如:

The business will prosper according as it is judiciously managed. 專業的興盛,全看管理是否適當而定。

- ②According to all accounts, he has already left Keelung. 大家都說,他已離開基隆。
- \*account for (1) explain 說明; prove 證明。(2) give a statement to show how money or property entrusted to one has been used.

說明(錢等的)用涂。

- (1) He himself cannot account for abandoning his wife. 他自己也不能說明爲什麼遺棄他的妻子。
- (2) Idleness often accounts for poverty. 貧窮常常起因於假隋。
- (3) She had to account to her husband for every penny she spent. 她必須问她丈夫說明她所花的每一分錢。
- 【比較】①account 可作(think; consider 認爲)解。 I account

myself well paid, 我自以為報酬尚佳。

(2) of some (no) account = of some (no) significance = of some (no) importance.

accuse of . blame; bring charges against 證責; 控告。

- (1) They accused him of being a telltale. 他們責備他搬弄是非。
- (2) He was accused of treason. 他被控扳國罪。
- \*【比較】 accuse 某人 of 某行為 ) 意思相传。 charge 某人 with某行為 ) 意思相传。
- \*(be, get, become, etc.) accustomed to hard work; early rising) be used to 價於(苦幹;早起)。
  - (1)The work of the office will be easy when you get accumomed to it,你們這項職務後,就會覺得容易了。
  - (2) I am accustomed to early rising. 我慣於早起。
  - (3) He is accustomed to hard work.

He is accustomed to working hard. 他慣於苦幹。

【比較】he used to 後跟名詞或動名詞。be accustomed to 後四名詞。 動名詞或原形動詞。

- \*acquainted with -(1) familiar with 熟識。(2) inform 告知。
  - (1) I am not acquainted with the lady。我與這位女士不相識。
  - (2) Are you fully acquainted with the facts of the case? 你完全知道這件事情的價相嗎?
  - (be) acquitted of say that a person is not guilty of doing wrong 被宣告無罪。
    - (1)He was acquitted of the crime. 他被宣告無罪。
    - (2) The jury acquitted him of any quilt in the matter.

陪審委員團宣告他無罪。

- [比較] acquit oneself of: behave 行動; do one's work or duty 盡(義務)。
- act as (1) do the work of 當作; (2) play the role of 擔任……的角色。
  Her cousin acted as interpreter.她的表兄當通譯。
  - 【比較】act for 代理。 He acted for another to do it 他代理別人做 這件事。
- act (up) on -(1) exert influence on 起影響於。(2) follow 遵照。
  - (1) He acted on his doctor's advice. 他選照他醫生的勸告而行。
- (2) This medicine acts upon the heart. 這樂對心臟有效。

\*adapt from - remodel 改編。

His tales were adapted from Shakespeare's plays.

他的故事是由莎士比亞戲劇改編而成的。

[比較]() for-The story was adapted for the movies.

#### 6 新編英文成語解典

這故事已改編成電影了。

- ② to—This book is adapted to children. 這書適合接董。
  \*add to = make greater; increase增加。
  - (1) This added to our difficulties。這增加了我們不少困難。
  - (2) To mention this subject to him when he is angry, only adds fuet to the flames. 在他發怒時向他提及此張問題,只有使他更加怒氣。
- \*add up (to)-(1) sum up (to) 加起來;湊成。(2) amount to, when everything is taken into consideration 總括起來。
  - (1) The figures add up to 365. 這些數目合計爲 365。
  - (2) Add up these figures and see if the sum is correct. 把语些數目加紀來,看這聽數對不對。
- admit of leave room for 容許;有……的餘地;有……可能。 His conduct admits of no extenuation. 他的行為不容減刑。 【比較】動詞常與of 連用者尚有:
  - ①feel of 摸摸······看。
  - ②You shall smell of the whip. 要你噹噹鞭子的味道。
  - ③It tastes of mint. 這東西有薄荷味。
- admit to allow to come or go in 許可入場(入會,入學等)。
  Why will they not admit you to the examination?
  爲什麼他們不許你考試?
  - 【比較】①be admitted to the bar 取得律師資格。
    - ② adverse to 反對。 I am adverse to bringing up the matter again. 我反對再提這件事。
- adverse to unfavourable 不利於; (2) contrary 與……相反。
  - (1) The judgment was adverse to the plaintiff, 判决不利於原告。
  - (2) The result is adverse to his wishes. 結果與他的願望相反。
- advise one of something inform one of something 告訴。
  - I advised him of my whereabouts. 我告訴他我的所在。
  - [比較]①The counselor will advise you on your studies.
    - **顧問會指教你研究事宜。**
- ②On his advice I decided to resign. 我受他勧告,決心辭職。 afflicted with distressed very much 害 (病);為……所苦。 Poor man, he is sorely afflicted with rheumatism.

可憐的人兒,他深爲風濕病所苦。

(be) afraid of - fear, be fearful of 怕。

He is afraid of hurting your feelings 他怕使你不快樂。

[比較]①修飾afraid, alike, alive, alone 等 predicative adjectives 概用(very) much, 不用 very。

- ②afraid to +動詞, 亦作害怕解。如Are you afraid to go alone?你怕---個人去嗎?
- after(in) a fashion (1) a little 多少; (2) in an unprofessional mediocre or amateurish way 雖然不滿意,倒還……
  - (1) He can speak English after a fashion. 他稍爲能講英語。
  - (2) She cannot prepare claborate meals, but she cooks after a fashion. 她不能備熔錠,不過濃能勞便烹調一下搬了。

【比较】in (out of) fashion (不)流行。

- \*after all = (1) everything being considered 畢竟; (2) nevertheless, in spite of all that has happened 到底。
  - (1) After all, money is the key that opens all doors. 練力, 金錢是萬能的。
  - (2) He failed after all。他終於失敗了。
- \*again and again repeatedly 再;反覆地。

I warned him again and again, 我再三警告過他。

against a rainy day - 未雨楓纓,以備不時之糯。

We must save money against a rainy day. 我們必須積蓄金錢以備不時之需 【比較】over and again; time and again 均作此解。

against one's will - unwillingly 不情願; reluctantly 勉強地。

She was married against her will,她違背自己的心顯慮了人。

- 【比較】①at will = at one's will = at one's own sweet will 隨意。
  - ②of one's will: of one's own volition 自顧地。
  - ③against the grain: contrary to one's inclination 非出其本意; unpleasant 不愉快。
- against the wind in the opposite direction to the wind 逆著風向。 The ship steams (beats) against the wind, 這船逆風而行。

【比較】against all odds: against chance 不順成敗; 不顧一切。 agree (up) on decide on 決定。

We agree on the terms of the contract.我們決定了這契約的條件。 【比較】agree on a plan, an action, doing something.

- \*agree to say "yes"; to be of one mind 同意於(計劃,條件,建議等)
  - (1) I agreed to his terms. 我同意了他的條件。
  - (2) They agreed to do what I asked. 他們答應去做我所要求的專。
  - 【比较】①agree with 不可用於被動語獻。agree to+n. (事物) or v.
    - ②agreeable to (a proposal; reason) 欣然贊同(提議);合乎(道理)。
- \*agree with (1) regard with favour or approval 同意。(2) suit; be good for 適合(胃口);相宜。

#### 8 新編英文成語辭典

- (1) He did not agree with me on this point. 在這一點上他不同意我。
- (2) The verb must agree with its subject in person and number.

動詞的人稱和數必須與主詞的人稱和數相一致。

- (3) The climate does not agree with me. 這氣候不適合我的健康。
- 【比較】I agree with you on this point. 關於這一點,我和你的看法一致 ahead of in front of; in advance of

在……之前;比……進步,速於,膀於。

- (1) He was walking ahead of me. 他在我的前面走。
- (2) He is far ahead of his rivals. 他遠譯於那些和他競爭的人。
- 【比較】ahead of Schedule 作提前(完成)解。例如:

We finished our work today ahead of schedule.

我們提早今天完工。

- aim at point (a gun, etc.) towards; aim in the direction of 瞄準; 對準; 立志要,目的在。
  - (1) He aimed at the lion, fired, and killed it.

他瞄準了獅子, 開館殺死了牠。

- (2) He aims at becoming a doctor. 他立志要成爲醫生。
- 【比較】①aimed with my gun at 事館向……瞄準。
  - ② {throw at (有用意的動作)。 {shoot at 朝某方向射去。 {throw to (無用意的動作)。 {shoot: hit and kill射殺。 {guess 猜對了。

guess at 猜一猜。

all aboard - Go or come on board 請各位上船(車・飛機等)。

"All aboard!" The conductor said. (車長說:「請大家上車吧。」)

alight from get down from a horse, bus, etc. 從(車,馬)下來。
I met him when he alighted from a bus.

他從公共汽車上下來時,我週見了他。

(be) alive to-know about 感覺; sensitive to 敏感。

He is not at all alive to the danger he is in.

他一點兒也沒感覺到自己置身危險之中。

- all along (1) for the whole length of 沿途, 一路; (2) all the time, from the start自始自終, 一直都。
  - (1) There are trees all along the road. 沿途都有樹。
- (2) As we climbed the mountain, we saw beautiful flowers all along. 我們登山時,沿途看到美麗的花。
  - (3) I knew all along that he was ill. 我一直都知道他有病。
- all at once-suddenly 忽然地。 (Dixon 12/10)
  While we were talking, all at once Mary screamed.

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我們在談話時,瑪麗忽然尖聲叫喊。

- 【比較】①all of a sudden; on a sudden 均作此解。
  - (2) at once: immediately 即刻。
- \*all but (1) all except 除……外……都有。(2) very nearly 幾乎。
  - (1) All but the morning star have disappeared.

除金星外其餘的星都不見了。

- (2) He was all but drowned。他幾乎溺死。
- \*all day long through the whole day 終日。 (Dixon 8/7)

  All day (long) the girl sat at the door waiting for her mother's return. 那女孩子整天坐在門口等她的母親囘來。
  - 【比較】① like nothing better than: like best 最喜歡。
    - ② all day 整日,泛指「常常整天如何」。 The sick boy cried all day. 病童整日哭叫。 all day long: throughout the day 整日,常作「某一定的終日」而言。
- all in exhausted 疲憊。

Let me alone a while. I am all in. 讓我清靜一會兒,我疲憊得很。

- all in all\_(1) of the first importance 最重要的。(2) the dearest object of affection 最心愛的。(3) as a whole; considering everything 就整體說來。
  - (1) Money is all in all to her. 在她金銭是最重要的。
  - (2) She is all in all to him,他非常爱她。
  - (3) He has his faults, but, all in all, he is a good helper.

他雖有缺點,但一般說來却是個好助手。

\*all of a sudden = on a sudden - suddently 突然,忽然。(Dixon 6/12)
We heard a tremendous explosion all of a sudden.

我們突然聽到可怕的爆炸聲。

all one's life - throughout one's life 畢生。

I have lived here all my life. 我一生住在這裏。

- \*all over (1) finished, completed 完畢。(2) everywhere 遍及於。
  - (1) The meeting was all over when I got there.

當我到達時,會議已告結束。

- (2) He has travelled all over the world. 他已在全世界旅行過。
- [比較] all over the world: everywhere in the world; the whole world 世界各地。
- \*all right (1) satisfactory or satisfactorily 滿意地; 顧利地(2) safe and sound 安全無恙(3) (in threat) I consent; all is well (恐嚇語) 好。

  (Dixon 2/7)
  - (1) The work is carried on all right. 工作進行順利。

#### 10 新编英文成語解典

- (2) He said that it would be all right to wait in this office for him. 他就在這辦公室等他就好了。
- (3) All right! you shall repent (of) this. 好! 總有一天你要後悔。 『比較』美國人黨用的O.K. 和這成語相同。
- \*all the better for -even better 更好。

If we plant early, it will be all the better for our garden.

如果我們早點播種,那對我們的花園反而更好。

\*all the more - to an even greater degree 更;格外。

The father loved his son, and he loved his daughter all the more. 這父親愛兒子,尤其愛女兒。

\*all the same -(1) of no difference — 様地。(2) nevertheless 仍然。

(Dixon 20/3)

- (1) It's all the same to me whether we meet on Tuesday or Thursday. 我們在星期二或星期四見面,我都無所謂。
- (2) I will go all the same if it does storm.
  如果虞的下記纂風雨,我仍然要去。
- all the time (or while)-(在某段時間內)始終,一直。

I looked all over the house for that letter, and it was in my pocket all the time. 我在屋內各處找那封信,而那封信始終是在我的衣袋中。

\*all the year round - through the whole year. 整年地。

Some people work hard all the year round. 有些人終年勤勞工作。 along of because of 因為; owing to 由於。

He was absent along of his illness. 他因病缺課。

【比較】alongside of 在…側面,與…並排。

The missing child was found as leep along side of a large tree,失蹤的小孩,被發現在一棵大樹旁睡着了。

\*along with together with 與……一起。

Doctors try to stop diseases from reaching our country along with passengers and cargoes. 醫生努力使疾病不得隨旅客與貨物進入稅國。 【比較】① in the vicinity of 在……附近。

- ② in the suburbs (of); on the outskirts of 均作「在……的郊外」解。
- \*amazed at surprised very much at; astonished greatly at 吃驚。

I am amazed at the news. 這消息使我大爲驚異。 【比較】aghast at 亦作此解。She was aghast at the terrible sight.

- \*amount to \_(1) add up to 級計。(2) signify 表示;有重要性; equal 等於。
  - (1) His debts amount to one hundred dollars. 他的負債合計一百元。
  - (2)His flight amounted to a confession of guilt.他的逃亡不啻自認犯罪

amuse oneself - make oneself cheerful and happy 自娛。

How do you amuse yourself on board ship?你在船上如何消遺? 【比較】① amuse one with an instrument

I amused myself with (or by) reading. 我讀書自與。

(2) amused at a cause

We were amused at the joke. 我們覺得這笑話有趣。 and so forth (or on) = and the like and so on, etc.

**筝等,其餘類推。** 

- (1) He is addicted to all kinds of wine-port, beer, whisky, and so forth 他受好各種的讀——葡萄酒,啤酒,威士忌酒等等。
- (2) Formal occasions-graduations, openings of conventions, and the like-are dignified by the playing of music.

正式的場合——如畢業典禮,大會開幕等等——有音樂演奏就顯得莊嚴。 【比較】 and all that: and so forth; and so on; and such like; and what not 亦赏「等等」解。

(be) angry at (or about)-vexed at 對……生氣。

She was angry at what her husband said.她因她丈夫所說的話而生氣。 【比較】 fangry with a person

langry at a thing 意思相仿。

(be) annoyed with-feel angry with對……惱火。 He was annoyed with the boy for being so stupid.

他因爲這孩子非常愚昧而對他不高興。

- 【比較】①annoyed指物言,用at;指人言,用with;作「騷擾」解,用by.
  - I was annoyed at his intrusion. 我對他冒然闖入很煩擾。 I was annoyed by the neighbors. 我深爲鄰人所懸擾。
  - ② annoyed at a thing with a person, for doing or saying something 煩惱。
- \*answer for (1) take the responsibility for; be responsible for 對......負責。(2) guarantee 保證。
  - (1) I cannot answer for his honesty. 我不能保證他是融資的。
  - (2) He has a lot to answer for. 他有很多事要受责。
  - 【比较】(1)本成語很少用於被動語態,又answer=reply to
    - (2) answer back 作囘嘴,反曆相臟。如: You must not answer back again. 你不可以再咆哮。
- \*answer to-(1) be named 被稱爲。(2) reply to 囘答。(3) correspond to 符合。
  - (1) He answers to the name of Charles. 他被稱爲查爾斯。
  - (2) I want a distinct answer to my question.

#### 12 新稿英文成語解典

我要一個對於我的問題的明白答覆。

- (3) He does not answer to the description of the missing man that appeared in the newspapers. 他和報上所登載的失踪人的說明不符。 【比較】① answer from. on (or about) 網於…從…得到因讀。
  - He got an answer from the company on his application. 他接到公司對其申請的问信。
    - ② on application 申請;函素(即寄)。
    - (3) answer (serve) the purpose 合用。
- \*(be) anxious for-desire eagerly渴望。

He is anxious for a change, 他渴望攀換環境。

- 【比較】① anxious about (one's health; a result; the consequences) 療心著。如: I am very anxious about my son's health. 投寫我兒子的健康而非常憂慮。
  - ② anxious to 切望。 She is anxious to know the result, 她争於想知道結果。
  - 3 anxious for one's safety,
- \*anything but . by no means 決不; not at all 並非。
  - (1) He is anything but a millionaire. 他決不是富翁。
  - (2) I will do anything but that. 除那個外,我什麼都做。
  - 【比較】上旬亦可寫作 I will do anything for you but that.
- \*apart from (1) besides 除……以外。(2) independent of 與……分開。
  - (1) Apart from my natural language, I speak English and French. 险本國語習外,稅環證英語和法語。
- (2) Mary stood apart from the other children. 瑪麗不與其他孩子站在一起。
  \*apologize to (a person) for (a thing) -acknowledge and express regret for a fault, wrong, etc. 為某事向人道歉。

I must apologize to you for not replying to your letter at once. 我没有立刻給你厄傳,薩此道歉。

- \*appeal to-ask a person earnestly 懇求。
  - (1) He appealed to a higher court. 他向上級法院上訴。
  - (2) The thief appealed to the judge for mercy. 這竊賊向法官求恩。
- (3) The government appeals to the people for support, 政府呼籲人們支持。 apply for-ask to be given 請求,申請;應徵。
  - (1)They applied for immediate relief. 他們請求緊急教濟。
  - (2) Anybody who has a good command of English may apply for the position. 任何精通英文之人士均可應徵此項職位。
- \*apply oneself to-devote oneself to; give the chief part of one's time and attention to 事心致力於。

He applied himself to the study of English. 他專心研究英文。 \*apply to = (1) ask 請求。(2) be fit or suitable for 請求,適合。

- (1) He has applied to the American Consul for a passport. 他已向美國領事館請領護照。
- (2) The money was applied to the payment of debts. 該款被陷於付证:
- (3)That regulation does not apply to you. 那條規則對你不適用。
- 【比較】apply to (a person) for (a thing)向(某人)求事。

I have applied to the consul for a visa.

我已向該領事申請簽證。

For particulars apply to the office, 詳情請向辦事處詞問。

(be) appointed to-be assigned 被委以……( 雕務)。

He was appointed to the professorship by the university.

他被大學委以教授的職位。

- \*appreciation for-(1) feeling thanks; gratitude 感激。(2) having a just opinion of a thing and knowing what it is worth 讚賞。
  - (1) Marvin showed his appreciation for my help.

Marvin 對我的幫忙表示謝意。

- (2) She showed great appreciation for good music. 她很會欣賞好音樂。
- 【比較】① be appreciative of 與此成語相仿。 Marvin was very appreciative of my help. Marvin 很感 謝我的幫忙。
- ②She has an appreciation of art and music.她欣賞藝術及音樂 \*approve of give consent to 允許; regard with favour or approval **贊成。** 
  - (1) I cannot support a policy of which I have never approved. 我不能支持我從不贊成的政策。
  - (2) My mother does not approve of my staying out late. 我母親不准我在外逗留得很遲。
- \*(be) apt to-having a tendency to 易於,有……的傾向。 Iron is aft to rust. 鐵易生銹。
  - 【比較】①apt to 與 liable to 意思相仿。
    - ② apt at 與 good at ( 善於) 意思相仿。
    - (3) appropriate for: fit or suitable for 適合。
- \*argue with dispute with 與人討論。

He argued with me about equal pay for men and women. 他與我討論男女同酬問題。

[比較]①argue into or out of an opinion; persuade說服。

He wanted to go to Japan but we argued him out of it (

= persuaded him not to go). 他要去日本,但我們動他不要去。

#### 14\_新編英文成語解典

- ② His accent argues him to be a foreigner. = His accent shows that he is a foreigner, 他的口話證明你是--假外國人。
- ③ argue for: 贊成; argue against: 反對。

  She argued for giving a party. 她贊成學行宴會。

He argued against giving a party. 他反對單行宴會。

arm in arm - (of two persons) walk side by side, with the arm of one round the arm of the other. 指二人挽臂而行。

I saw them walking arm-in-arm in the street.

我看見他們在街上挽臂同行。

- \*arrange for plan; make preparations for 安排。
  - (1) will arrange for everything you require. 我會準備好你所需要的一切。
  - (2) Have you arranged for an appointment with him? 你可會與他約定會面時間?

arrive at - reach 到達。

We arrived at our destination on time. 我們準時到達目的地。

【比較】①arrive at 指到達較小的場所。

arrive in 指到達較大的地方,如國家,城市等。

②arrive at a conclusion = come to a conclusion = reach a conclusion (獲得結論)

I have arrived at the conclusion that he is a very intelligent boy, 我已獲得結論,他是一個非常聰明的孩子。

③ arrive at a decision = come to a decision = reach a decision 〔決定〕

Have they arrived at a decision yet?他們已經決定了嗎?

\*as a matter of fact-in reality; to speak the truth; truthfully. 事實上。 (Dixon 15/10)

As a matter of fact, I know nothing about it. 事實上, 我不知道這件事。 【比較】① really; in fact亦作此解。 in point of fact 意思亦相同。

② as a matter of course: naturally當然。

He is, as a matter of course, supporting us.

他當然支持我們呢!

as a result - therefore 因此; consequently 結果。

As a result, much of the danger from smallpox has been removed. 結果許多天花的危險都解除了。

\*as a rule - generally 通常; customarily大概。

As a rule, I get up at six o'clock in the morning. 我通常早晨六時起身。 \*as a whole-all togother; not taken separately就全體而論。

(1) Human beings are vainglorious, as a whole.就全體來說,人都是虛榮的。