医用荚璃

第四册 (练习解答) 姚子然编写 杨昌毅审校

上海科学技术出版社



医 用 英 语

第四册 (练习解答)

姚子然 编写杨昌毅 审校

上海科学技术出版社

责任编辑 周明德

医 用 英 语

第四册(练习解答)

姚子然 编写

杨昌毅 审校

上海科学技术出版社出版 (上海 環金 二 路 450 号)

身孝专龙上海发行所发行 上海市印刷三厂印刷

开本 787×1092 1/16 印张 9 字数 217,000 1982 年 4 月第 1 版 1982 年 4 月第 1 次印刷

印数 1-50,550

統一书号: 14119·1541 定价: (科四)0.87元

前 言

《医用英语》系我院教材。初稿是 1975 年编写的。在 1980 年作了一次修改。初稿及修改稿均曾在内部发行,并为部分兄弟院校及医务工作人员所采用。现在加编练习解答一册,以便自学。修改后的教材共四册。第四册系练习解答。其中可以直接替换的句型练习和英译汉练习均从略。

本教材由我室姚子然老师编写,杨昌毅教授审校。在编写这本教材初稿时以及在这次修 改过程中,承许多同志提了不少宝贵意见,注此表示感谢。

上海第一医学院外文教研室

1981年3月

Key to Exercises in Book One

Lesson One

Exercises

11.

- 1) lesson text student medicine
- 2) Lesson One a medical student
- 3) (1) We are medical students.
 - (2) We study medicine.
 - (3) Good morning, teacher.

Lesson Two

Exercises

7.

- 1) love study
- 2) for the Party for the people
- 3) (1) We love the Party.
 - (2) We love the people.
 - (3) We are medical students.
 - (4) We study medicine for the Party and the people.
 - (5) Stand up.

Lesson Three

Exercises

- 1) we our
- 2) (1) Our country is a socialist country.
 - (2) We all love our country.
 - (3) We all study and work for the modernization of our country.
 - (4) Sit down, please.

Lesson Four

Exercises

7.

- 1) I myself
- 2) (1) I am a medical student.
 - (2) We are young.
 - (3) I keep myself fit.
 - (4) Good afternoon.

Lesson Five

Exercises

7.

- 1) he she
- 2) teach English teach biology
- 3) (1) Comrade Li is a teacher. She teaches us English.
 - (2) Comrade Wang is a teacher, too. She teaches us biology.
 - (3) We work hard for the Party and the people.

Lesson Six

Exercises

V.

- 1. afternoon class comrade doctor English evening lesson medicine morning revolution student teacher text work biology party people modernization country construction
- 2. I myself he she we us our they them all
- 3. fit good medical young socialist
- 4. a/an the
- 5. one two three four five six
- 6. be begin call keep love please sit stand study teach
- 7. down hard over too up
- 8. for of
- 9. and but

VI.

- 1. We work. We study hard.
- 2. He is a doctor. He is old.
- . 2

3. We love the Party. We study English hard.

1.

- 4. Comrade Wang teaches us English. Comrade Li teaches us medicine.
- 5. I keep myself fit. We call them good teachers.

Lesson Seven

Exercises

1)	I	2) We/You/Th	ey	3) F	łe/She	4) We/Y	You/The	ÿ
5)	She	6) I		7) I	t 、	8) They		
9)	I	10) We/You/Th	ey					
1)	is	2) am	3) are	4) are	5) is	6) are	7)	is
8)	is	9) are	10) are						
1)	They are	old nurses.							
2)	I am a me	edical stud	lent.						
3)	We are yo	oung work	ers.						
4)	You are E	English tea	chers.						
5)	They are	good doct	ors.						
6)	It is a con	nmon dise	ease.						
1)	I am a yo	ung stude	nt.					4	
2)	You are a	n old nur	se.				•		
3)	She is a g	good work	er.						
4)	Asthma is	a commo	n disease.		•				
5)	They are	common d	liseases.						
6)	We are m	edical stud	ients.						
1)	n,	2) v.	3) a.	4) n.	5) a.	6) ad.	7)	a.
8)	n.	9) pron.	10) a.						
	n.		pron.	a.	art.	v.	ad.	prep.	çen
1	people	We			the	study work	hard	for	an
2	Comrade L	i			a	is			

	n.	pron.	a.	art.	υ.	ad.	ргер.	conj.
3		She she	old		is works	hard		but
4	people	They		the	serve	wholeheartedly		
5	Dr Li medicine	us			teaches			
6	stu dents	We them	good		call			
7		We ourselves	fit		keep			

- 1) I am a medical student.
- 2) She is an English teacher.
- 3) They are nurses.
- 4) I am not a worker. I am a peasant.
- 5) Dr Li is old, but he works hard.
- 6) Comrade Wang is a young teacher. Comrade Wu is a young teacher, too.
- 7) Are you a soldier? Yes, I am.
- 8) Is she a doctor? No, she is not. She is a nurse.
- 9) Asthma is a common disease.
- 10) The common cold and asthma are common diseases.
- 11) We learn from Comrade Lei Feng.
- 12) They serve the people wholeheartedly.

Lesson Eight

Exercises

1.

1) am. 2) are 3) are 4) is 5) are 6) is 7) Is 9) Are 8) Is 10) Are 11) Am 12) Is 13) Are 14) is 15) are 16) Is

- 1) (1) This book is good.
 - (2) That picture is new.
 - (3) This hospital is big.
 - (4) That clinic is small.
- 2) (1) These workers are young.

		(4) Tho	se diseases a	re common.				
3.								
	1)	both	2) all	3) both	4) all	5) both	6) both	7) all
4.								
	主	语部分	分		谓语:	部 分		
	1)	We			work and s	tudy.		
	2)	This			is a clinic.		•	
	3)	That hos	pital		is big.			
	4)	They			serve the pe	cople wholehe	artedly.	
	5)	Dr Li			teaches us n	nedicine.		
	6)	We			call them go	ood comrades.		
	7)	We			keep ourselv	es fit.		
5.								
	1)	It is a h	ospital.					
	2)	It is a cl	inic.					
	3)	They are	books.					
	4)	They are	pictures.					~
7.								•
	1)	pron.	2) a.	3) pron.	4) a.	5) pron.	6) a.	7) pron.
	8) a	ı.	9) pron.	10) a.	11) n.	12) a.	13) prep.	14) ad.
8.								
	1) a	a	2) an	3) an	4) a	5) a		
9.								
	1)	This is a	clinic.					
	2)	That is a	hospital.					
	3) 7	These are	medical bo	oks.				
			English boo					
			picture? Ye					
			books? No	_	not. They ar	e pictures.		
	•		his? It is a					
			these? The	-				
	•		spital big or		_			
		_	and Dr Li	•	_	. <u></u>	••	••
	11) 7	hese are	chronic dise	ases. Those	are acute di	iseases. They	are all com	non diseases.
10.	_1		1			1.		11
	class		comrades	nurses	peasants	diseases	students	studies
	patie	SIITS	books	parties	pictures	clinics		

(2) Those peasants are old.(3) These diseases are common.

Lesson Nine

Exercises

1.								
	1)	have	2) has	3) have	4) have	5) has		
2.								
	1)	I have no	o picture be	ooks.				
	2)	You have	e no Englisi	h books.				
	3)	They hav	e no noteb	ooks.				
	4)	Dr Li ha	s no new p	pictures.				
	5)	Comrade	Wang has	no new book	cs.			
3.					•			
	1)	is	2) Is	3) are	4) Are	5) am	6) Are	7) is
	8)	Is	9) are	10) Is	11) have	12) Have	13) has	14) Has
	15)	have						
4.								
	1)	Is this an	english bo	ook? Yes, it	is. No, it	isn't.		
	2)	Have you	a new pic	ture? Yes, I	have. No,	I haven't.		•
	3)	Is he a y	oung docto	r? Yes, he	is. No, he i	sn't.		
	4)	Are you	ill? Yes, I	am. No, I	am not.			
	5)	Has Dr V	Wang many	medical boo	ks? Yes, he	has. No, 1	ne hasn't.	
	6)	Are these	workers ar	nd peasants?	Yes, they a	re. No, they	aren't.	
	7)	Are they	students of	medicine?	Yes, they are	. No, they	aren't.	
5								
	1)	any	2) some	3) any	4) any	5) any	6) some	
7.								
	1)	I am Li	Ying.					
	2)	He is Dr	Li.					
	3)	I am from	n Shanghai.					
	4)	She is fro	m Beijing.					
	5)	It is on t	he desk.					
	6)	They are	on the desi	ζ.				
9.								
	1)	I have an	English bool	k. You have	an English b	ook. Comra	de Li has an	English book
			_	h hard. We	_			· •
				es? Yes, I h	-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	3)	Has Com	rade Li any	medical boo	ks? No, he	hasn't. He	has an Engl	ish book.
	4)	We have o	classes in th	ne morning.			!	,

- 5) I am ill. I have asthma.6) We often work in the hospital.
- 7) We learn from medical workers.
- 8) He is ill. He has a cold.
- 9) Where are you from? I am from Beijing.
- 10) Where is Dr Li? He is in the hospital.
- 11) Who is she? She is Li Ying.

- 1) 状语 2) 状语 3) 定语 4) 主语 5) 宾语 6) 宾语 7) 主语 8) 宾语 9) 定语 11.
 - 1) a. 2) pron. 3) a. 4) pron. 5) a. 6) pron. 7) pron. 8) ad.

Lesson Ten

Exercises

2.

- 1) Is there a teacher in the classroom? Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.
- 2) Are there two surgeons in the operating room? Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.
- 3) Are there any patients in the clinic? Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.
- 4) Are there many workers and peasants there?
 Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.
- 5) Are there three beds in the bedroom? Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.
- 6) Are there many desks and chairs in the classroom?

 Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.

3.

- 1) Are you ill?
- 2) Is he well?
- 3) Is the surgeon very busy?
- 4) Are they in the operating room?
- 5) Is this a general hospital?
- 6) Is that our teaching hospital?
- 7) Are these acute diseases?
- 8) Are those chronic diseases?
- 9) Have you a sister?
- 10) Has she a brother?

比为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com

Ř

Jr. (04

again in 1980 ann an 1986 - Anna Ann An Air

4. 1) is 2) are 3) am 4) Are 5) is 6) has 7) is 10) Are 9) Are 8) Is 11) are 12) Are 13) Have 14) have 15) has; has 5. 1) There is an English book on this desk. 2) There are three English books in that desk. 3) There are four books on the desk. 4) There are five doctors in the clinic. 5) There are sixty students in our class. 6) There is an operating room in the hospital. 7. 1) I have an English book. There is an English book on this desk. 2) He has four pictures. There are four pictures on that desk. 3) There are 600 beds in the hospital. 4) Is there an operating room in the clinic? No, there isn't. 5) Are there many departments in the hospital? Yes, there are. 6) How many doctors are there in the hospital? There are 200 doctors in it. 7) How is he? He is ill. He has a cold. He has a sore throat and a cough and a headache. But he has no fever. 8) Zhongshan Hospital is one of our teaching hospitals. It is a general hospital with 800 beds. There are many doctors and nurses in the hospital. They are very busy. study the works of Marx, Lenin and Mao Zedong. They read books on medicine and surgery. They treat the patients for their illness.

We often go to work in Zhongshan Hospital and learn from the medical workers

4) vt.

11) vi.

5) vt.

12) vt.

6) vi.

13) vt.

20) vt.

7) vt.

14) vi.

21) vi.

11) Is there a fever in some patients?

12) Are there a cough and a headache in some patients?

3) vt.

10) vi.

1) vt.

8) vi.

8.

there.

2) vi.

9) vi.

22) vt. 23) vt. 24) vi. 25) vi. 26) vt. 9. 3) 表语 4) 表语 5) 表语 6) 定语; 状语 7) 主语 8) 宾语 1) 谓语 2) 表语 9) 主语 10) 宾语 10. 1) n. 2) a. 3) v. 4) n. 5) a. 6) ad. 7) v. 8) n. 9) ad. 10) n. Lesson Eleven Exercises 1. 3) begin 4) call 5) study 6) work 7) do 1) love 2) keep 8) read 9) treat 10) feel 11) serve 12) cough 13) teach 14) learn 2. 3) review 4) have 6) see 7) give 8) advise 1) get 2) take 5) go 3. 1) I don't teach Chinese. 2) You don't study surgery. 3) They don't work in the hospital. 4) They don't learn medicine. 5) We don't go there every day. 6) I don't take a rest after lunch. 7) I don't do operations every day. 8) My comrades don't go to the hospital every day. 9) I am not very well. 10) The patient's fever isn't high. 11) There aren't any classes in the afternoon. 12) We haven't many patients this morning. We don't have many patients this morning. 4. 1) Do you study medicine? Yes, I do. / No, I don't. 2) Do they go to the library every day? Yes, they do. / No, they don't. 3) Do you often go to the hospital? Yes, we do. / No, we don't. 4) Do you review your lessons in the evening? Yes, we do. / No, we don't. 111. 5) Do you take a rest after lunch? Yes, we do. / No, we don't.

	6)	Do you see films now and then?		€V (v.d.	4 · · · · ·	
		Yes, I do. / No, I don't.				
1	7)	Do you feel very cold?			t e	
		Yes, I do. / No, I don't.				
	8)	Do they get up at six?				
		Yes, they do. / No, they don't.	1. C		65 2	
	9)	Are you ill?			1.5	
		Yes, I am. / No, I am not.				
	10)	Is the disease due to a virus?	· •			
	•	Yes, it is. / No, it isn't.				
	11)	Are there four classes in the morning	ng?			
		Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.	Ÿ. ,		. : '	4 /
	12)	Have you any questions?	•	· • · · · ·		; · · · · ·
	ŕ	Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.				
5 .					• .	
	1)	I haven't a new picture. / I don't	have a new	picture.		
		Have you a new picture? / Do you		-		
	2)	I don't have influenza.				:
	ĺ	Do you have influenza?			1 · ·	
	3)	We don't have lunch at twelve.				
	,	Do you have lunch at twelve?				
	4)	We don't have sports in the afterno	on.			
	,	Do you have sports in the afternoo				
8.					•	
•	1)	I am; I do; At seven				
	,	they are; they aren't; In Zhongshan	Hospital			
10.			•			9
		I usually get up at six and go to b	ed at ten.	in the state of		1
		We don't have any classes in the ev				
		Do you take a rest after lunch?	· ·			
		Where do you go after supper? I	go to the li	brary after	supper.	
		Please answer my questions.				
	•	Please don't read after me.				
		Let's review our lessons.	4.5	in the state of		y est to
		We see films now and then.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	-			1 111		
	r	The patient is ill with influenza.				
11.			1			in the state of the
	1)	n. 2) v. 3) v.			6) a.	
	,	•	•	•		. ,

Lesson Twelve

Exercises

is	has	studies	loves	works
stands	sits	keeps	teaches	
begins	calls	serves	learns	
does	reads	treats	goes	
feels	coughs	thanks	gets	
takes	rests	reviews	sees	
opens	lets	answer s	gives	
advises	closes	lives	makes	
comes	improves	shows	likes	
occurs	turns		*.	
1) is	2) has	3) feels; begins	4) coughs	j
5) occurs	6) advises	7) gives	8) calls	

3.

2.

He is a surgeon. He works in a general hospital. He often does operations. He loves his work. In the evening he often reads books on surgery to improve his skills. He also studies English. He likes it very much. He is busy all day long. He works hard for the Party and the people.

- 1) Do they live in the countryside?
 Does she live in the countryside?
- 2) Do they get up very early?
 Does she get up very early?
- 3) Do they go out after breakfast?

 Does she go out after breakfast?
- 4) Do they often come to the clinic?

 Does she often come to the clinic?
- 5) Do they often work in the fields?

 Does she often work in the fields?
- 6) Do they make house calls in the morning?

 Does she make house calls in the morning?
- 7) Do they have lunch around twelve?

Does she have lunch around twelve?

- 8) Do they do minor operations?
 Does she do minor operations?
- 9) Do they like their clinic very much? Does she like her clinic very much?
- 10) Do they show much concern for their patients?
 Does she show much concern for her patients?

5.

- Is comrade Li our monitor?
 Yes, he is. / No, he isn't.
- 2) Are they in the countryside? Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.
- 3) Are you busy all day long? Yes, I am. / No, I am not.
- 4) Is there a fever at the onset? Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.
- 5) Are there many departments in the hospital? Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.
- 6) Have you a sister and a brother? Yes, I have, / No, I haven't.
- Does he usually have supper at six?
 Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.
- 8) Do you live in the countryside? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.
- Does she get up very early?
 Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't.

6.

- 1) What does he study?
- 2) Where does she work?
- 3) How does Dr Li serve the people?
- 4) When does she have lunch?
- 5) When does the disease often occur?
- 6) How does the disease begin?
- 7) Where does she go after breakfast?
- 8) What does he teach at college?
- 9) What does she do in the morning?
- 10) What does she do in the afternoon?

7.

1) I am Li Ying.

- 2) I am from Beijing.
- 3) Yes, I do.
- 4) I study medicine in the Shanghai First Medical College.
- 5) There are five people in my family.
- 6) Yes, I have.
- 7) Yes.
- 8) He works in a general hospital.
- 9) She is a nurse.
- 10) Yes, she is.
- 11) Yes, she does.

- 1) from a poor peasant's family 表语
- 2) of the hospital 定语
- 4) at six 表语
- 5) with 700 beds 定语
- 6) After breakfast 状语
- 7) in Class Two 表语
- 8) in the countryside 状语
- 9) in the evening 状语
- 10) to the fields 状语; of his patients 定语

9.

- 1) at 2) in 3) to 4) from 5) for 6) with 7) of
- 8) on/in 9) After 10) like 11) on 12) for 13) in 14) to; at
- 15) for 16) to

- 1) Dr Li is from a poor peasant's family. She lives in the countryside.
- 2) In the morning she often goes out to make house calls. In the afternoon she works with the peasants in the fields.
- 3) In the evening she studies the works of Marx, Lenin and Mao Zedong.
- 4) She can treat many common diseases. Sometimes she does some minor operations.
- 5) Dr Li shows much concern for her patients and they all like her.
- 6) What is he? He is a doctor.
- 7) Does Comrade Wang work in a hospital? No, he doesn't. He works in a clinic.
- 8) When does he go to bed? He goes to bed around ten.
- 9) What does she do in the afternoon? She reviews her lessons.