大学英语学习必备 日常学习良师益友 A KEY MANUAL FOR COLLEGE ENGLISH GRAMMAR





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## EXERCISES (练习)

# EXERCISE 1 (THE NOUN 名词)

I. Give the plural forms of the following nouns 给出下列名词的复数形式

branch, mouse, roof, tooth, phenomenon, success, grownup, house, ox, sheep, tomato, radio, crisis, commander-inchief, woman doctor, handkerchief, photo

- I. Choose either or both of the number forms in the brackets 选择括号内任一种形式
  - 1. Mumps (is, are) a kind of dreadful disease.
  - 2. Cards (is, are) not allowed in schools.
  - 3. Politics (is, are) the art or science of government.
  - 4. The boy's mathematics (is, are) weak.
  - 5. What (is, are) your politics?
  - 6. The Alps (covers, cover) an area of 200,000 square kilo-

metres.

- 7. The Philippines (lies, lie) to the south-east of China.
- 8. Their earnings (comes, come) to 800 dollars a week.
- 9. Tidings (has, have) come that the enemy were defeated.
- 10. This pair of trousers (costs, cost) fifteen dollars.
- 11. The scissors (is, are) blunt.
- 12. The fireworks (was, were) banned in Shanghai, Guang-zhou, Beijing and other cities.
- 13. The dramatics of their performance (was, were) wonderful.
- 14. Unfortunately, the minutes (was, were) damaged in the flood.
- 15. The contents of this discussion (is, are) most attractive.

#### Ⅲ.

Pu	t the right words 填入适当词
1.	Some students like the novel "The Valley of Horses" for
	its language.
	There is a garden in our university.
	(flower, flowery)
2.	All the students are required to take part in labour.
,	The factory has planned to go for another cam-
	paign.
	(productive, production)
3.	Pass me the bottle, please.
	How much is the vase of a colour?
	(milk, milky)
4.	A number of teachers in our department are engaged in
	research.

	His report aroused great interest among the circles.
	(science, scientific)
5.	This is a chance.
	This is a watch. It keeps good time.
	(gold, golden)
6.	At the age of eight, he became a
	(shepherdess, shepherd)
7.	The hunter killed a gigantic He weighed over 40 ki-
	los.
	(he-wolf, she-wolf)
8.	The elephant flew into a rage, and she attacked the
	tourists.
	(male, female)
9.	When she was 27, her husband died. She has been a
	since.
	(widower, widow)
Ob	serve and explain 观察和解释
1.	This year's output value is 20 per cent over 1990's.
2.	Our school library is a stone's throw.
	That little boy of his is lovely.

### N.

- 4. We had an excellent dinner with expensive things like bird's nest soup and shark's fins.
- 5. He joined the army on the eve of Changchun's liberation.
- 6. The factory's income in 1993 amounted to \$250, 000.
- 7. Some friends of my daughter's will be invited to the party.
- 8. I'm going to the barber's, and will be back soon.
- 9. We have views quite different from the dean's.

10. She's gone to buy some children's books.

### EXERCISE 2 (THE ARTICLE 冠词)

	Pu	t an article or some or any where necessary 填入必要的冠
词或 some, any		
	1.	The apparatus was invented by scientist ( scientists).
	2.	Generally speaking,girl(girls) is (are) quieter than boy ( boys).
	3.	I want ball-pen, envelopes and box of chalk.
	4.	This is astonishing novel written by American author.
	5.	old people are all fond of taking part inactivities like this.
	6.	None of magazines should be taken out of reading-room without permission of librarian.
	7.	"Can you tell me how to get to university?" "Go straight down street untill you come to busstop. From bus-stop you will see huge build-
	8.	ing of a white colour. That is university true, good and beautiful would not exist without false, evil and ugly.
	9.	Some people prefer light to heavy; they pick light and shove heavy on to others.

	That is not good attitude.
10.	art gallery is room where works of art
	are shown.
11.	He's studying life of Luxun.
12.	This is kettle we bought last Sunday.
13.	Finally we reached place which had never been vis-
	ited by man.
14.	This bus runs from Jilin Road to Changchun
	Street. You may get off at Freedom Square and
	there people will tell you where Hei-Min Lane is.
15.	We have no classes in afternoon on Satur-
	days.
16.	second time I met her she was no longer a young
	girl.
17.	scenery there was beautiful beyond descrip-
	tion.
18.	The old man is in possession of huge fortune.
19.	bird is in danger of becoming extinct.
20.	In afternoon heavy rain began to pour.
21.	Day broke and brilliant sun lit up the rooms.
22.	It is too difficult question for us to answer.
23.	When swallow returns, spring begins.
24.	He was elected head of Shanghai's Jilin Hospital.
25.	In opinion of Captain Brown shortest
	way to Philippines would be through Panama
	Canal.
26.	He has great interest in history, especially
	history of Ming Dynasty.

27	. She was asked second time to sing us a popular
	song.
28	. In middle of night cold north wind began
	to blow.
29	. All of a sudden, fire broke out in the lecture-
	room. The students immediately tried to put out
	fire.
	Xiao Wang's clothes were soon on fire.
30	man can't live without air.
31	. This is Professor Li, chairman of Trade U-
	nion.
32	. Have you ever been to Sahara?
33	. The new-built store lies to east of our university.
34	. We are planning to visit your school in coming
	summer.
35	. "Workers all over the world, unite!"stressed great
	Marx.
Ex	plain the absence of an article before the underlined
noı	un (s) in each sentence 解释每个句子中划线名词前为什
么	没有冠词
1.	It hastened the growth of a commodity in town and coun-
	try.
2.	In a short time he rose to the rank of mayor.
3.	In 1882 Morris turned socialist.
4.	Look, the table is covered with dust.
5.	She works as tourist guide for a travel service.
6.	Our monitor is having breakfast in the dining-hall.
7.	She has been in hospital for five weeks.

11.

- 8. Most of the boy-students are playing football in the playground.
- 9. "Where is Mum?" the child cried.
- 10. He is not the kind of person to lie.
- 11. Dogs are faithful animals.
- 12. She speaks English very well.
- 13. Cholera is a dreadful disease.
- 14. On Sundays they go to church .
- 15. Smell is one of the five senses.

## EXERCISE 3 (THE PRONOUN 代词)

11.	I in the blanks with suitable pronouns 東八足当八州
l.	a. There are trees on side of the highway.
	b sides of the highway are lined with trees.
2.	a room is crowded with listeners.
	b room can seat about thirty people.
3.	a. He lent me two novels, but of them is difficult e
	nough for me.
	b. He lent me a few novels, but of them are diffi
	cult enough for me.
4.	a. All these are best-sellers. You can read of them.
	b. Both these are best-sellers. You can read o
	them.
5.	Aren't you going to buy story-books? No, I'v
	just bought
6.	Aren't they going to buy a newspaper? -No, they'v
	just bought
7.	Would you have a more fish? —No, thank you.
	I've had too already.
8.	Would you like a more dates? —No,thank you.
	I've had too already.
9.	If you see in the office, tell him to come at once.
10	They didn't cover as pages as you did .

	11.	Those bowels aren't good enough. Have you got better
		?
	12.	The story is not difficult, but there arenew words
	i	in it.
	13. ′	There is still hope of our reaching there in time.
	]	Let's get a move on .
	14.	To my satisfaction, you did quite well. You made
	1	mistakes in your translation.
	15.	At breakfast she only took milk and slices of
	1	bread.
	16.	There was furniture in the living-room. There
		were only chairs and a small bed in it.
	17.	Actually I have to say on the subject. You'd better
		go and ask someone else.
	18.	do you find easier to learn, English or Japanese?
	19.	did you say won the prize?
	20.	is he, do you suppose? (A lawyer)
II.	Put i	n appropriate relative pronouns where necessary 填入适
	当的:	关系代词
	1. T	his thesis is the best one has ever been written on
	th	nat subject.
	2. S	he is strict with herself in everything she does.
	3. A	lbert Einstein was one of the greatest men ever
	li	ved.
	4. Is	there anyone else we should invite to the discus-
	si	on?
	5. I'	ve never heard such stories Grandpa told yester-
	da	ay.

	6. He's the very man I've been looking for.
	7. It rained all night and all day, during time we were
	kept indoors.
	8. There's not much can be done.
	9. All glitters is not gold.
	10. He may be caught in the rain, in case we ought to
	wait for him.
	11. The wayyou are doing it is completely crazy.
	12. Bionics, I know nothing, seems a very interesting
	subject.
	13 Mao Ze-dong says, modesty makes one progress
	whereas conceit makes one lag behind.
	14. I'll buy the same jacketyou bought last week.
	15. That's the only thing we can do at present.
Ш.	Put the given words in the right place 把所给的代词填入适
	当的地方
	1. a. I'll take them with me. (Both)
	b. She meant to invite us to the discussion. (All)
	c. Give the boys two apples. (Each)
	2. a. They are from the south. (Both)
	b. We are against such a conclusion. (All)
	c. They were given a chance to try. (Each)
	3. a. They have decided to set off tomorrow. (Both)
	b. We must be present at the opening ceremony. (All)
	c. They will deliver a ten-minute speech. (Each)
N.	Observe and explain 观察和解释
	1. It is who broke the window. (he, him)
	2. China will always do what has promised to do. (he,
	11