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大学英语四级词汇

速听速记

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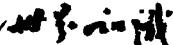
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前 言

本书特点:

1. 严格按照 1999 年最新大纲编写, 共收录单词 1500 个, 词组 587 条。
2. 配有美国专家朗读的录音带, 不仅可使听者在潜移默化中掌握单词的固定用法, 而且还可为其提高听力水平打下坚实的基础。
3. 不重复收录已在高中阶段熟知的单词、词组, 重点放在四级考试的精品词及所有词组上。每个单词和词组的每一项含义都配有精选例句, 并附有中文译句。例句摘选力求做到搭配典型、句式丰富。很多例句来源于历届四级考卷中的原句。

本书使用方法:

1. 读: 阅读本书, 在领会例句的精彩中学会其典型的表达方式。

2. 听:听磁带,从听的角度加强对每个单词的记忆,必要时听写词汇、例句以便为听力的提高做好准备工作。
3. 说:听磁带时进行跟读以尽快纠正发音。
4. 写:背诵典型例句,适时地应用于书面写作中。
5. 译:对例句进行中英文互译,以检查自己对词汇的理解程度,并以此来对照中英文两种语言的异同,提高自己的翻译水平。

我们相信,通过听、说、读、写、译全方位、多层次的循环记忆,读者不仅能迅速扩大词汇量,而且还能培养好的语感,使原来枯燥乏味的单词背诵变得生动有趣。

愿本书能成为每一位英语爱好者的良师益友!

编 者

一九九九年十月

注:凡标有下划线的单词均为 99'新大纲新增单词。

第一部分 四级词汇

A

abandon [ə'bændən] vt. ① 丢弃, 离弃 *He abandoned his wife and child and ran away.* 他抛妻弃子逃跑掉了。② 放弃 *In his early days Mr. Lu Xun abandoned medicine for literature.* 鲁迅先生早年弃医从文。

absorb [əb'sɔ:b] vt. ① 吸收 *We must boldly absorb and draw on all the achievements created by human society and absorb and draw on advanced operational and managerial methods.* 我们必须大胆吸收和利用人类社会创造的一切成就以及吸收和利用先进的运作和管理方式。② 吸引…的注意, 使全神贯注 *I was so absorbed in this book that I didn't hear you.* 我读这本书入了神, 没听到你说什么。

abstract [æb'strækt] a. 抽象的 *A flower is beautiful, but beauty itself is abstract.* 花是美的, 但美本身是抽象的。
n. 摘要, 梗概 *The professor asked him to write an abstract of this scientific article within a week.* 教授要求他在一周之内写一份这篇科学论文的摘要。

abundant [ə'bʌndənt] a. 大量的, 充足的, 丰富的 *Cultural life in big cities is more varied and abundant*

than in smaller cities. 相对于小城市而言,大城市的文化生活更多种多样,丰富多采。

abuse [ə'bjuz] *n.* ① 辱骂 *A stream of filthy abuse came from his lips*. 一连串污言秽语从他的嘴里吐出。② 虐待 *Her parents were found guilty of child abuse*. 她的父母被判定犯有虐待儿童罪。③ 滥用 *They talked about the uses and abuses of figures to prove things in politics*. 他们谈及人们如何在政治上使用和滥用数字来混淆视听。

vt. ① 辱骂 *The foreman abused the workmen with dirty words*. 工头用脏话辱骂工人。② 虐待 *I'll lend you my camera but don't abuse it*. 我会把照相机借你,但你得爱惜使用。③ 滥用 *Don't abuse the confidence they have placed in you*. 不要辜负他们对你的信任。

academic [ˌækə'demik] *a.* ① 学院的 *The academic year begins when school opens in September*. 9月份开学,学年开始。② 学术的 *There's an academic discussion after his report*. 在他报告之后是学术讨论。

accelerate [ək'seləreit] *v.* (使)加快,(使)增速 *Fertilizer will accelerate the growth of these tomato plants*. 肥料会促进这些西红柿的生长。

access [ˌækses] *n.* ① (to) 接近(或进入)的机会,享用机会 *Before liberation, the labouring people had no access to education*. 解放前,劳动人民没有受教育的机会。② 通道,入口 *The only access to that farmhouse is across the fields*. 到那所农舍的惟一通路是穿过田间。

accommodation [əˌkɒmə'deɪʃən] *n.* 住处,膳宿 *The present accommodation of the school is filled to the limit*. 目前这所学校的宿舍已经人满为患。

accompany [ə'kʌmpəni] vt. ① 陪伴, 陪同 *Her father always accompanies her to school.* 她父亲总是陪她去学校。② 伴随, 和...一起发生 *A decreased income has been accompanied by increased expenditure.* 收入有所减少, 而支出却增加了。③ 为...伴奏 *The famous singer was accompanied at the piano by his pupil.* 那位著名的歌唱家由他的学生担任钢琴伴奏。

accomplish [ə'kɒmplɪʃ] vt. 完成, 实现 *Mike accomplished the mission with extraordinary wisdom.* 麦克以非凡的智慧完成了那项使命。

accord [ə'kɔ:d] v. ① (使)一致, (使)符合 *What we do ought to accord with the fundamental interests of the people.* 我们所做的应该符合人民的根本利益。② 给予, 允许 *The teacher accorded due praise to him.* 老师给予他适当的称赞。

n. 一致, 符合 *We are in perfect accord with each other on this matter.* 我们在这个问题上意见颇为一致。

accordingly [ə'kɔ:diŋli] ad. ① 因此, 于是 *The weather has changed suddenly, and accordingly we must alter our plans for the picnic.* 天气突然变了, 因而我们必须改变去野餐的计划。② 照着, 相应地 *We must promptly make decisions accordingly.* 我们必须相应地迅速做决定。

account [ə'kaunt] n. ① 叙述, 说明 *Don't always believe the media's accounts of events.* 不要老是相信媒介的报道。② 账, 账户 *I have an account to settle with him.* 我有账要与他算。

vi. (for) 说明 (原因等) *He could not account for his foolish mistake.* 他无法解释他所犯的愚蠢错误。

accountant [ə'kauntənt] *n.* 会计(师), 出纳(员) *She serves as a certified public accountant in the company.* 作为一名获得合格证书的会计师, 她在这家公司任职。

accumulate [ə'kju:mjuleit] *vt.* 积累, 积聚 *A small closet contained his clothes and the books he had accumulated.* 小壁橱里装着他积累下来的衣服和书籍。 *vi.* 累积, 聚积 *Dust soon accumulates if a room is not cleaned regularly.* 房间不常打扫, 尘土很快就会积聚起来。

accuse [ə'kjuz] *vt.* ①指责 *They accused the teacher of favoritism.* 他们指责那位教师对学生偏心。②指控 *The police accused him of smuggling arms.* 警方指控他走私军火。

achieve [ə'tʃi:v] *vt.* ①完成, 实现 *All this cannot be achieved overnight.* 这一切不是朝夕之间可以做到的。②达到, 得到 *He hopes to achieve all his aims by the end of the year.* 他希望在年底前达到所有的目标。

acknowledge [ə'knɒlɪdʒ] *vt.* ①承认, 供认 *The professor is universally acknowledged as an expert on ancient history.* 这位教授被一致公认为古代史专家。②致谢 *We gratefully acknowledge your selfless favour.* 我们由衷地感谢你们无私的帮助。

acquaintance [ə'kweintəns] *n.* ①认识, 了解 *He has an exhaustive acquaintance with German literature.* 他对德国文学有透彻的了解。②相识的人, 熟人 *She has a wide circle of acquaintances in the government.* 在政府中她有许多熟人。

acquire [ə'kwaɪə] *vt.* 取得, 获得, 学到 *A bad habit is easily acquired but given up with difficulty.* 坏习惯染

上容易,改掉难。

acquisition [ækwiˈziʃən] *n.* ①获,取得 *What is more important is the formation of character rather than the mere acquisition of knowledge.* 更为重要的是性格的形成而非仅仅是知识的获得。②获得物,增添的人(或物) *The gallery displayed its latest acquisitions.* 美术馆展出了它最新获得的展品。

adapt [əˈdæpt] *vt.* ①使适应,使适合 *He adapted an old car engine to drive his boat.* 他改造了旧车引擎来推动他的小艇。②改编,改写 *The book is adapted to the needs of beginners.* 此书经过改写以适合初学者需要。 *vi.* (to) 适应 *The old man adapted gradually to the new climate.* 老人逐渐适应了新的气候。

address [əˈdres] *n.* ①地址,住址 *A zip code is included in the address now.* 现在地址中都包括邮政编码。②演说,讲话 *He read an address of welcome on behalf of the university.* 他代表大学致欢迎辞。
vt. ①在…上写姓名地址 *Please address the envelope correctly.* 请在信封上写上正确的地址。②向…讲话(或发表演说) *The President will address you on the subject of war and peace.* 总统将就和平和战争这一主题对你们发表讲话。

adequate [ˈædɪkwɪt] *a.* ①充足的,足够的 *Ten pounds a week is not adequate to support a family.* 每周十镑不足以维持一个家庭。②适当的,胜任的 *Though a bit too old, he is still adequate for the job.* 他虽然年纪大了一点,却仍然能胜任这项工作。

adjust [əˈdʒʌst] *vt.* ①调节,改变…以适应 *He must learn to adjust to the new environment.* 他必须自己学会适应

新环境。②校正,调整 *You can't see through a telescope unless it is adjusted correctly to your sight.* 你不把望远镜校准好是看不见东西的。

administration [ədˌminiˈstreɪʃən] *n.* ①管理,经营 *An executive should be experienced in administration.* 行政官员应在管理方面有经验。②管理部门,行政机关,政府 *Successive administrations failed to solve the country's problems.* 历届政府均未能解决该国的问题。

admission [ədˈmɪʃən] *n.* ①准许进入,准许加入 *Admission to an exhibition is by ticket only.* 凭票进入展览会。②承认,供认 *He made an admission that he was mistaken.* 他承认他错了。

adopt [əˈdɒpt] *vt.* ①收养 *As they had no children of their own, they adopted an orphan.* 因为没有自己的孩子,他们就收养了一个孤儿。②采取,采用 *We should adopt eclectically all that is best in other nations.* 我们应兼采他国之所长。

advertise [ˈædvətaɪz] *vt.* 为…做广告,(在报刊、电视等中)公告 *The enterprise advertised the products for sale on television.* 这家公司在电视上做广告来出售产品。

vi. (for) 登广告以求人(或物) *They will advertise for someone to manage the hotel.* 他们要登广告招聘新人管理酒店。

affect [əˈfekt] *vt.* ①影响 *We are interested in the weather because it affects us so directly—what we wear, what we do, and even how we feel.* 我们对天气感兴趣,因为天气对我们穿衣,做事,甚至心情有直接的影响。②(在感情方面)打动 *He was much affected by the sad news.* 这个凄惨的消息使他十分难过。

affection [ə'fekʃən] *n.* 爱, 感情 *Unfortunately she placed her affections on the wrong person.* 真遗憾, 她爱错了人。

afford [ə'fɔ:d] *vt.* ① 买得起, 花得起, 担负得起 *They walked because they couldn't afford to take a taxi.* 由于叫不起出租车, 他们只好走着去。② 提供, 给予 *The tree afforded us shelter from the rain.* 此树为我们提供了保护, 使我们免遭雨淋。

agency ['eidʒənsi] (*pl.* agencies) *n.* 代理(处), 代办处 *He found a job through an employment agency.* 他经由职业介绍所找到一份工作。

aggressive [ə'gresiv] *a.* ① 侵略的, 好斗的 *An aggressive country is always ready to start a war.* 一个侵略成性的国家惯于发动战争。② 敢做敢为的, 有进取心的 *If you want to be a successful businessman, you must be aggressive and not worry about other people's feelings.* 想成为一个成功的生意人, 你就必须有闯劲, 而不要顾虑别人的情感。

aim [eim] *vt.* 把…瞄准, 把…对准 *He aimed his gun at the lion, fired and missed.* 他瞄准那狮子, 放枪, 未打中。 *vi.* (*at*) ① 瞄准, 对准 *The gun is aiming straight at me.* 那枪口正对着我。② 致力, 旨在 *What could he aim for now? He is aiming for a promotion.* 他现在还想要什么呢? 他在争取晋升。
n. ① 瞄准, 对准 *When shooting an arrow, you must aim at the target.* 射箭要瞄准靶子。② 目标, 目的 *What's your ultimate aim in life?* 你生活的最高目标是什么?

alarm [ə'lɑ:m] *n.* ① 惊恐, 忧虑 *I hope you didn't take*

alarm at the news. 我希望你没有因为听到那个消息而感到惊慌。②报警器 *They installed a burglar alarm in their house*. 他们在家中安了一个防盗报警器。

v. ①使惊恐 *There's nothing to get alarmed about*. 没什么可大惊小怪的。②向…报警 *In some way he seemed to alarm me*. 他似乎在用某种方式向我示警。

alert [ə'leɪt] **a.** ①留神的, 注意的 *In our reading we should be alert all the time for the usages of new words*. 在阅读中我们应时时留意新词的用法。②警觉的, 警惕的 *This policeman is alert to every sound and movement at night*. 这位警察对夜间的任何响动都很警觉。

n. ①警报 *The night watchman sounded an air-raid alert at midnight*. 午夜守夜人拉响了空袭警报。②警备(状态), 戒备状态 *A driver must be always on the alert for traffic signals*. 司机必须始终密切注意交通信号。

vt. 向…报警, 使…警惕 *Economists alerted the people to the danger of inflation*. 经济学家警告过人们注意通货膨胀的危险性。

alliance [ə'laɪəns] **n.** 结盟, 联盟, 联姻 *The two countries are in alliance with each other to fight off their common enemy*. 两国彼此联盟打退了他们共同的敌人。

allowance [ə'laʊəns] **n.** 津贴, 补贴, 零用钱 *Most people on business are given a travelling allowance*. 大部分人出差都可拿到出差津贴。

alloy [ə'leɪ] **n.** 合金 *The ring is not pure gold; there is some alloy in it*. 这枚戒指不是纯金的; 里面掺有其他金属。

ally [ə'laɪ] **n.** 盟国, 同盟者 *In the war they sought an*

ally in Scotland. 战争中他们寻求与苏格兰同盟。

alongside [ə'lɒŋ'saɪd] *prep.* ① 在…旁边, 沿着…边

There was a supermarket alongside the museum. 博物馆旁有一个超市。② 和…在一起 *It's a good idea to get them working alongside such people.* 让他们与这些人一起工作是个好主意。③ 和…相比 *Put the two systems alongside each other, and you will at once see the difference.* 把这两种体系放在一起相比, 就立刻辨别出不同之处。

ad. 在旁边, 沿着边, 并排地 *They walked alongside the river and found a village.* 他们沿着河走, 找到了村庄。

alter ['ɒltə] *vt.* 改变, 变更 *His attitude toward life was being altered.* 他对人生的态度正在发生改变。

alternative [ɒl'tə'nətiv] *n.* ① 供选择的東西 *Is there any alternative to surgery?* 除了外科手术外还有其他办法吗? ② 取舍, 选择 *That's the only alternative.* 那是惟一的选择。

a. 两者择一的, 供选择的 *But still many people try to find alternative explanations.* 但是仍有许多人在寻找其他解释。

amateur ['æmətə] *n.* (艺术、科学等的) 业余爱好者 *This football match was performed by amateurs, not professionals.* 这场足球比赛是由业余球员, 并非职业球员踢的。

a. 业余(爱好)的 *Last night we went to a play given by amateur actors.* 昨晚我们去看了一场业余演员表演的话剧。

amaze [ə'meɪz] *vt.* 使大为惊奇, 使惊愕 *Your attitude simply amazes me.* 你的态度简直使我惊讶。

ambassador [æm'baesədə] *n.* 大使 *He has stayed in the United States as a Chinese ambassador to America.* 他一直以中国驻美大使的身分常驻美国。

ambition [æm'bifən] *n.* 雄心, 野心 *A boy who is filled with ambition usually works hard.* 一个充满雄心的男孩通常工作努力。

ambulance [æmbju:ləns] *n.* 救护车 *He was taken to hospital by ambulance.* 他被救护车送到医院去了。

amount [ə'maunt] *n.* 数量, 数额, 总数 *No amount of lies can cover it up.* 再多的谎言也掩盖不了这一点。

vi. (to) ① 合计, 共计 *His debts amount to over \$ 1,000.* 他负债总共超过 1000 美元。② 等同, 接近 *Your words amount to a refusal.* 你说的话等于拒绝。

amuse [ə'mju:z] *vt.* ① 逗乐, 逗笑 *We are amused at his foolish remarks.* 他的蠢话令我们感到好笑。② 给...提供娱乐 *I amuse myself by reading.* 我读书消遣。

ancestor [ˈænsistə] *n.* 祖宗, 祖先 *This is an old family firm founded by their French ancestor.* 这是一家古老的家族公司, 由他们的法国祖先创建。

anchor [ˈæŋkə] *n.* 锚 *The sailors cast anchor for the night.* 船员抛锚过夜。

vi. 抛锚, 停泊 *Can you anchor the boat in this storm?* 在这样的风浪中你能抛锚泊船吗?

anniversary [ˌæni'vɜ:səri] *n.* 周年, 周年纪念日 *The whole nation celebrated cheerfully the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the People's Republic of China.* 全国欢庆中华人民共和国成立 50 周年。

annoy [ə'noi] *vt.* ① 使恼怒, 使烦恼 *These flies are an-*

noying me. 这些苍蝇真烦人。②打扰 *We can annoy the enemy by air raids*. 我们可以利用空袭骚扰敌人。

annual ['ænjuəl] *a.* 每年的, 年度的 *I missed the first two of these annual conferences by being out of the country*. 我因为不在国内没有参加那些年会的头两场。
n. 年刊, 年鉴 *His thesis was published in the college annual*. 他的论文在该大学年刊上发表。

anticipate [æntisipeit] *vt.* 预料, 期望 *We are not anticipating that there will be much trouble*. 我们估计不会有太多困难。

antique [æntik] *n.* 古玩, 古董 *An antique dealer has a display of his valuable antiques*. 一位古董商展出他的珍贵古玩。

a. 古老的, 古代的 *I really like antique art much better than modern art*. 我喜欢古代艺术远胜于现代艺术。

anxiety [æŋ'zaiəti] *n.* ①焦虑, 挂虑 *He caused his wife great anxiety by driving long distances alone*. 他独自远程驾车, 使他妻子十分不安。②渴望, 热望 *He expressed anxiety that it should be done in no time*. 他急切希望这事能立即做好。

anyhow ['enihaʊ] *ad.* ①不管怎么说, 无论如何 *It's too late now, anyhow*. 无论如何, 现在已经太迟了。②不论用何种方法 *Even though the first part failed, the experiment was a success anyhow*. 虽然第一部分失败了, 不管怎么说, 这个实验还是成功的。

apparatus [æpə'reitəs] *n.* 器械, 器具, 设备 *An automobile is a complicated piece of apparatus*. 汽车是台复杂的机器。

apparent [ə'pærənt] *a.* ①表面上的, 貌似(真实)的 *Their*

apparent grief soon turned to laughter. 他们表面上的忧伤很快就转为笑声。②显然的,明明白白的 *It was apparent that they all understood*. 显然他们都领会了。

appeal [ə'pi:l] *vi.* ①呼吁,恳求 *We are appealing for money to build a teacher's club*. 我们在呼吁集资建立一个教师俱乐部。②申诉 *I will appeal against being found guilty*. 若被判有罪,我将上诉。③(to) 诉诸,求助 *We have to appeal to the law*. 我们不得不诉诸法律。

n. ①呼吁,要求 *A TV appeal she made to ask for money for AIDS research raised \$ 1,000,000*. 在电视里她为艾滋病研究做的呼吁筹集了100万美元。②申诉 *The appeal to the Supreme Court was turned down*. 向最高法院的申诉被驳回了。③吸引力 *Films of that sort have lost their appeal for me*. 那类影片对我已经失去吸引力了。

appetite [ˈæpitait] *n.* ①食欲,胃口 *If you eat lots of chocolate before dinner, it will spoil your appetite*. 如果饭前吃许多巧克力,你就会倒胃口。②欲望 *He had no appetite to fight*. 他失去斗志。

appliance [ə'plaiəns] *n.* 器具,器械,装置 *This is an appliance for opening cans*. 这是一种开罐工具。

applicant [ˈæplikənt] *n.* 申请人 *That pretty lady is a hopeful applicant for the position*. 那位漂亮小姐是希望获得这一职务的申请者。

appointment [ə'pointmənt] *n.* ①任命,委派 *Their duties include the appointment of all the staff*. 他们的职责包括任命全体成员。②约定,指定(时间,地点) *He will only see you by appointment*. 必须事先预约,他才见你。

appreciate [ə'pri:ʃieit] *vt.* ①重视,欣赏 *We really ap-*

preciate the peace and quiet of the countryside. 我们实在欣赏农村的安宁和恬静。②领会,充分意识到 *I can appreciate the reasons for your anxiety*. 我能充分理解你焦急的理由。③为…表示感谢 *We greatly appreciate your kind help*. 我们非常感激您的热诚帮助。

approach [ə'prəʊtʃ] *v.* 靠近,接近 *The professor is easy to approach*. 那位教授平易近人。

n. ①接近 *Our approach drove away the birds*. 我们一走近,鸟儿们都飞走了。②途径 *This book provides a good approach to electronics*. 这是一本很好的电子学入门书。③方式,方法 *He found a new approach to that problem*. 他找到了一个解决该问题的新方法。

appropriate [ə'prəʊpriət] *a.* 适当的,合适的,可应用的 *It is appropriate that you (should) save some money in case you lose your job*. 储蓄些钱以备失业用是很合适的。

approval [ə'pru:vəl] *n.* 赞成,同意 *The decision met the committee's approval*. 决定得到委员会的同意。

approximate [ə'prɒksɪmɪt] *a.* 近似的,大约的 *His statement is approximate to the truth*. 他的陈述基本符合实际情况。

v. 近似,接近 *What he said approximated the truth but still left a great deal out*. 他的叙述已接近于事实,但仍旧漏了许多东西。

arbitrary [ˈɑ:bɪtrəri] *a.* ①随心所欲的,专断的 *A good judge should be fair and should not make arbitrary decisions*. 好的法官应该公正,不应该做武断的决定。②任意(性)的 *I didn't know anything about any of the books so my choice was quite arbitrary*. 对于那些书我根本不了解,所以我的选择是很随意的。