

备 战 中 考 全 新 企 划 模 拟 到 位

初中 英语 高能高分

东北师范大学出版社

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东师教辅

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孙利民

[澳大利亚] Benjamin Hillman 校订

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新干线

中考综合模拟

全新初中英语
中考模拟题精选与解答

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英语

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前 言

随着我国教育的不断深入,素质教育越来越受到广大师生和家长的关注。为适应当前形势及中考、高考的需要,为减轻学生的心理、课业负担,初中英语 HMHA(高能高分)新干线系列丛书与广大读者见面了。该套丛书一套四册,分别为《全新初中英语中考模拟题精选与解答》初中一年级、初中二年级、初中三年级及中考综合模拟四个分册。考虑到初中英语中考至今尚未实行 NMET 考试,全国无统一标准,题型亦不规范,以及教材逐年滚动修改这一实际,在广泛深入的社会调查的基础上,以 2000 年教育部制定的九年义务教育全日制初级中学《英语教学大纲》(试用修订版)为指导,兼顾教材,集全国各省市自治区中考英语试卷之精华,突出前瞻性、培养性和实用性,对准中考英语三大卷[听力卷、笔试 A 卷、笔试 B 卷]、题型多样[听力卷含语音判断、单项选择、阅读理解、补全对话四大题型;笔试 A 卷含单词、句型转换一大题型;笔试 B 卷含写同义词、反义词,句型转换,词义辨析,作文,以及改错五大题型],全新推出本丛书,以飨读者。

该套丛书突出了英语教学的特点,突出训练了学生听、说、读、写四项基本技能技巧及其知识能力的综合运用。全书集习题、试题的精华,每两单元一套模拟试题,并配有各学期期中、期末模拟试题。

该丛书的主要特点如下:

1. 三新一灵活。

(1) 题型新。题型与 2000 年中考最新题型吻合,并且有听力测试,配有录音磁带。

(2) 知识点、测重点新。以题量大,但不搞偏题难题,注重基础知识的训练,听力的训练以及阅读速度的训练为主旨。

(3)安排新。受当前新形势的影响,贯彻素质教育,真正减轻学生的负担,注意能力的培养,知识安排难度上新,初中综合部分知识排列上新而不难。

(4)布局灵活。低年级课业负担轻,故加大查字典量,阅读理解短文略有难度;初二在一年级的基础上,加大听力训练的筹码,故听力方面的训练略有难度;初三学生的压力大,心理负担重,故题的难易程度适应于中高考的需要,不搞强化训练,故完成一套试题的解答,就会拥有一份轻松、自信,保持良好的心态,以愉悦的心情来参加中、高考。

2. 知识与教材同步。每两单元的习题,都是一套理想的会考和模拟试题,每次的期中、期末考试试题,都是教材中一个阶段的归纳和总结;每一学年的期末综合考试,都是对所学知识的全面验收。

3. 突出重点,突破难点。每套习题的选择,源于教材,试题既在一般初中毕业生的会考测试范围之内,又具备中、高考选拔性的特点;既适合80%的多数学生,又适合20%的尖子生;既适合初中各年级同步教学的检测与评估,又适合初三三年级考生的综合复习;既适合学生平时的课后练习或考试,又适合作为学生的寒暑假作业。

4. 覆盖面宽,综合性强。每套试题内容翔实,难易得当,紧紧把握会考和中、高考的考向,将两考必会的各种知识点语法项目,各种题材和体裁的短文、书面表达等,有计划、循序渐进地融进每套试题当中。

5. 主次分明,详略得当。每套试题提纲挈领,既便于教师教学,又便于学生自测。

由于作者水平有限,加之时间仓促,书中疏漏乃至错误之处在所难免,恳请读者不吝批评指正。

田丽江 孙利民

2001年1月10日

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模拟试题

模拟试题(一)

第 I 卷 听力部分(共 20 分)

I. 选出你所听到的单词或词组(共 5 小题,计 5 分)

- () 1. A. are short of B. is short of C. is short for D. are short for
() 2. A. road B. wrote C. row D. all
() 3. A. flowers B. flies C. floors D. fridges
() 4. A. family name B. full name C. first name D. front name
() 5. A. with B. earth C. ears D. nice

II. 听对话录音,从 A、B、C 中选出最佳选项(共 5 小题,计 5 分)

- () 1. A. Yes, he didn't B. No, he didn't C. Yes, he did
() 2. A. She is a teacher B. She is a nurse C. He is a teacher
() 3. A. English people B. English names C. English games
() 4. A. A boy's name B. A girl's name C. No, it isn't a boy's name
() 5. A. Yes, it isn't B. Yes, it is C. No, it isn't

III. 听录音,按要求完成下列各题(共 10 小题,计 10 分)

第一段对话,回答第 1~2 题。

1. What are they talking about?

- A. About yesterday B. About weather C. About clock

2. Does B have the same idea with A?

A. Yes, he has

B. No, he hasn't

C. Yes, he hasn't

第二段对话,回答第3~4题

3. What kind of clothes does the girl like to wear?

A. blouse

B. T-shirt

C. sweater

4. What kind of clothes does the girl's brother like to wear?

A. T-shirt

B. blouse

C. sweater

第三段对话,回答第5~7题

5. Where are they talking?

A. In a shop

B. In a hospital

C. In a library

6. How long can the man keep the book?

A. One week

B. Two weeks

C. Three weeks

7. Can the man borrow the book again?

A. Yes, he can

B. Yes, he can't

C. No, he can't

第四段对话,回答第8~10题

8. When did the woman eat eggs?

A. yesterday

B. today

C. the next day

9. How many eggs did the woman eat in one day?

A. two

B. three

C. five

10. How many eggs did the woman eat at night?

A. two

B. three

C. five

第II卷 笔试部分 A

I. 单项填空(共30小题,计30分)

A)从A、B、C、D四个选项中找出一个画线部分读音不同的选项。

()1. A. horseB. fortyC. sportD. work()2. A. theseB. evenC. legD. metre()3. A. costB. lockC. copyD. come()4. A. coolB. footC. bookD. cook()5. A. worseB. horseC. cornerD. ord

B)从A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。

- () 6. I have a new bike. Its colour looks like _____.
A. you B. your C. yours D. yourself
- () 7. He's never taught English, _____ he?
A. is B. has C. hasn't D. isn't
- () 8. Jack was born _____ October 10, 1980.
A. in B. at C. on D. for
- () 9. Listen! The girls _____ in English in the next room.
A. sing B. sings C. singing D. are singing
- () 10. It's time _____ class. You'd better _____.
A. for, not talk B. to, not to talk C. in, don't talk D. for, not talking
- () 11. _____ did you buy the new bag?
—Last Monday.
A. Where B. How C. When D. Who
- () 12. —Can you speak Japanese?
—No, I _____.
A. mustn't B. can't C. needn't D. may not
- () 13. I like fish, _____ my brother doesn't like it.
A. so B. or C. for D. but
- () 14. She is a good student, _____ she?
A. is B. isn't C. does D. doesn't
- () 15. They usually _____ TV in the evening.
A. watch B. will watch C. are watching D. watches
- () 16. Liu Ying told me _____ for her at home.
A. waits B. wait C. to wait D. waiting
- () 17. Mr Gao is a teacher. He works in a new _____.
A. shop B. school C. factory D. hospital
- () 18. Mrs Zhang is too _____ to go on walking.
A. strong B. tall C. kind D. tired
- () 19. The box is light. Wang Ping can _____ it by herself.
A. find B. watch C. carry D. learn
- () 20. —What are the girls doing?
—They're _____ the music.
A. listening to B. talking with C. coming from D. looking for

- () 21. Tom will pass the maths exam if he _____ harder next term.
A. will study B. studies C. studied D. has studied
- () 22. Mrs Read isn't here. I think she _____ England.
A. came to B. went to C. has been to D. has gone to
- () 23. Is there _____ in today's newspaper?
A. anything important B. important anything
C. something important D. important something
- () 24. I think Chinese is _____ any other subject.
A. popular than B. more popular as
C. more popular than D. the most popular
- () 25. This bicycle _____ in two hours.
A. will mend B. can mend C. is mended D. can be mended
- () 26. You must do more reading, _____ you'll never pass the exam.
A. or B. if C. and D. but
- () 27. The man asked her _____ him some money.
A. to borrow B. to lend C. borrowing D. lending
- () 28. Now let's watch TV. Please _____.
A. turn it off B. turn it down C. turn on it D. turn it on
- () 29. Excuse me, could you tell me _____?
A. what time does the train leave
B. what time the train leaves
C. what time did the train leave
D. the train what time leave
- () 30. Could you _____ this word in French?
A. talk B. speak C. say D. tell

II. 完形填空(共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

阅读下面这篇文章, 掌握其大意, 然后从 1~10 各题所给的四个选项中, 选出一个正确答案

After I had waited there for more than ten minutes, I felt certain I must have missed the bus. There was only one thing I could do, that: I would just have to walk home. Mike had told me the last bus always left Little Sutton at ten thirty exactly and it was now ten to eleven.

It would take me at least an hour and a half and possibly more to walk to my home in

Forest End. But there was 5 in the sky and I was quite used to walking much farther than that. Perhaps I had 6 not take the short cut through the woods; I might easily lose my way in the darkness.

I was halfway home when I heard a car 7 slowly behind me. Was it actually following me down the hill? Why ever should it be making such slow progress? Then I stopped and 8 still as if I were waiting for it to pass me. It stopped just beside me. The door opened and a man 9 and said anxiously, "Have you any idea where we can 10 petrol (汽油) at this time of night? We've just run out completely."

- () 11. A. with B. for C. in D. by
() 12. A. about B. at C. on D. to
() 13. A. passed B. stopped C. began D. met
() 14. A. use B. spend C. take D. make
() 15. A. a big sun B. a small star C. a full moon D. a round earth
() 16. A. gone B. been C. better D. worse
() 17. A. opening B. driving C. shouting D. moving
() 18. A. slept B. stood C. ate D. wrote
() 19. A. went over B. got out C. come back D. set off
() 20. A. get B. catch C. grow D. guess

III. 阅读理解

A) 阅读下列短文, 并做每篇后面的题目, 从四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案

A

By midday the sun was very strong. Jim was too tired to walk. There were no trees near the road, so he rested by a big rock. After drinking some water, he took off his shirt, lay down on the ground and fell asleep at once.

He was so tired that he did not wake up until the evening. He was just about to jump up when he felt something moving near his feet. He looked down and saw a long black snake.

Jim was so frightened that he did not dare to move. The snake began to crawl across his legs. It crawled on and on until it disappeared under the rocks. Jim jumped to his feet, picked up his shirt and ran off down the road.

snake n. 蛇 frightened adj. 受惊吓的

crawl v. 爬行 disappear v. 消失

- () 1. When was the sun very strong?
A. At night. B. In the morning.
C. In the afternoon. D. At noon.
- () 2. What was about Jim?
A. He was worried to walk.
B. He was afraid to walk.
C. He was afraid of walking.
D. He was too tired. He wouldn't go on walking.
- () 3. When did Jim go to sleep?
A. In the morning B. In the evening.
C. At noon. D. At night.
- () 4. Where did he sleep?
A. On the road. B. Near a big rock.
C. Near a snake. D. On a rock.
- () 5. Was Jim afraid?
A. Yes, he was. B. No, he wasn't.
C. Not at all. D. We don't know.
- () 6. What is the result of the story?
A. Jim was badly hurt.
B. Jim was hurt a little.
C. Jim killed the snake.
D. The snake crawled away and Jim was safe.

B

There would be a school party on Friday evening. The girls were talking about what they were going to wear. "I'm going to wear a black dress, so everybody will notice me," said Emily. "How about you, Linda?"

"I'm not sure. Maybe jeans (牛仔裤), an old shirt, and a hat. People will notice me more than you!" Linda said.

"What are we going to do about the boys?" asked Jane. "Do you remember the last school party last year? They just stood there, and we girls had to dance by ourselves!"

"I hear that some of the boys learned how to dance this summer. Maybe it'll be better

this time," said Mary.

The party was held on Friday evening. Groups of students arrived. The music began. The girls stood in a line on one side, and the boys on another side. Mr Green, their teacher, tried to get them together, but failed. After a while Tom said, "I don't want to stand here the whole time. The party is only for two hours. It'll be over soon." He started to dance. All the others watched him. Then David asked Emily if she wanted to dance. Then Jack and Linda. Then, all began to dance. Soon there were more dancers than watchers.

- () 7. On Friday evening there would be _____.
A. a school party
B. a school meeting
C. a sports meeting
D. a birthday party
- () 8. The girls were talking about _____.
A. what the boys were going to wear at the party
B. what they were going to wear at the party
C. how to teach the boys to dance
D. how to dance
- () 9. What happened when the music began?
A. David asked Emily to dance.
B. Groups of students arrived.
C. The boys and girls began to dance.
D. The girls stood on one side, and the boys on another side.
- () 10. Who was the first one to dance?
A. David B. Jack C. Tom D. Jane

C

Linda enjoyed listening to the gossip (闲话) at the water fountain (饮水处), and then passed it to others. Sometimes people got a little hurt. Patty decided that Linda should be taught a lesson.

After the second class, Patty was at the water fountain. As she took a drink, Abel passed by. "What's up?" he asked her. Patty said, "Nothing much, the usual. Today is sure an interesting day. But it's not good for Linda."

"What do you mean? What happened?" Abel asked. Patty said sadly, "I heard that Linda got below an A on her history exam. You know her parents want her to get straight

A. I think they'll keep her at home for a whole week to study." Before he could ask anything else, Patty walked on.

Abel caught up with Emily. "Did you hear," he asked, not waiting for her to answer, "Linda failed on a history exam and her parents will keep her at home for a whole month?" Emily looked at him in surprise, "But Linda is a straight - A student. This is terrible. Don't tell anybody, and I won't either."

At lunch, the gossip was flying fast. Tom asked Bob, "Did you hear about poor Linda? She failed in history, and her parents are going to get her a tutor (家庭教师)."

By three o'clock, everybody knew it. All day, Linda had a strange feeling. People were looking at her. She asked Danda what was going on. He said, "I don't know who found out, but we're really sorry."

"Sorry about what?" Linda asked. Danda said, "Everybody knows you failed in all your subjects, and your parents are taking you out of school." Linda stared (盯着) at him, mouth opened. "How did this gossip start? It's not true!" Linda began to shout. In a moment, most of her friends were around her. They asked if there was anything they could do. "Look," she said, "I got an A on my history exam. Who would start a gossip like this?" Nobody seemed to know, but they did know that it began at the water fountain.

() 11. Which of the following (下列句子) is true?

- A. Nobody liked Linda.
- B. Linda failed in all her subjects.
- C. Linda failed on her history exam.
- D. Almost all the students were sorry for Linda.

() 12. What's the result of the gossip?

- A. Linda got a little hurt.
- B. Everybody came to help Linda.
- C. Linda's parents took her out of school.
- D. Linda got an A on her history exam.

() 13. What's the main (主要的) idea of the story?

- A. Linda enjoyed listening to and passing gossips.
- B. Patty started a gossip about Linda.
- C. Linda was taught a lesson about gossiping.
- D. The gossip began at the water fountain.

D

In the eighteenth century, cities became larger and larger. People moved from the country and small towns to the cities, because there was more work for them to do in the cities. On Sundays and holidays, they liked to leave the cities and have a good time in the country. But not every family had a horse. People wanted and needed another kind of transportation (交通工具). Inventors in many countries tried to meet this need. The first bicycle was very simple. It was made in 1790. People called it "the horse on wheels (轮子)". Then in 1861, bicycles became popular.

People liked bikes, because they weren't too expensive as horses. They didn't need to build a house to keep them in, and they wanted nothing to eat. They could ride them in the city and in the country. Everybody in the family could go and come by bike -- men, women, girls and boys.

Today people in every country in the world ride bikes.

- () 14. The passage mainly tells us _____.
- A. the bike has become a popular form of transportation
B. transportation has changed a lot
C. the cities became larger and larger in the 18th century
D. travelling in the country is more difficult than that in the city
- () 15. Bikes were used as a popular form of transportation _____.
- A. before 1790 B. after 1790
C. between 1790 and 1861 D. after 1861
- () 16. People went back to the country when they had _____.
- A. holidays B. bicycles
C. another form of transportation D. horses
- () 17. Why did people like bikes? Because _____.
- A. they were cheaper than horses
B. everyone in the family could go and come on a bike
C. they could be ridden in the city and in the country
D. all of the above

E

Many people want to buy old, old coins (硬币). But, before you part with your good