PREPARATION GUIDE TO LISTENING

COMPREHENSION FOR CET-4.6 AND TOEFL

# 大学英语四六级和托福听力点拨

——分类实践·综合提高

马迎军 张瑞莲 编著



天津科技翻译出版公司

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## 前 言

编写这本书的目的是帮助读者顺利地通过大学英语四、六级或托福听力测试部分。

本书着重分类练习。把小对话安排为数字、计算、顺序、地点、职业身份、关系、计划、建议、行为状态、比较、条件、因果、否定、推论、暗示等15个单元。把较长的对话和短文分为较长对话、文化风俗、人物传记、故事传奇、自然环境、科学普及等6个单元。每单元的开篇做简洁分析,介绍听能技巧和应变策略,然后举例论证,集中实践。为培养考生独立思考的能力,全书所给例题,不设文字分析(书末统一给答案);要求考生像做阅读理解那样,做完每单元的例题自己归纳总结,再听录音做练习。

本书旨在综合提高。全书安排3个模拟试题供考生自我测试。通过大量集中练习,循序渐进学完本书,您必将获得良好的听力理解能力。

本书配录音磁带 3 盒,全书练习和模拟测试声音内容由美籍专家 Craig George Blanchette 先生和 Nadia de Villermay 女士等朗读。为降低成本,本书录音带题目之间间隔较短,读者可参照四六级和托福听力测试标准间隔(15 秒左右),按录音机暂停键自行掌握时间。

14:50/000

1

本书既可做高校听力教材,亦可供考生及英语爱好者自学、自测。

本书编者参阅了大量 80 年代和 90 年代国内外听力教材及资料,从中汲取了宝贵的经验。但囿于编者水平有限,书中错误在所难免,热情欢迎广大读者批评指正。

編者 1995 年 2 月

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## 目录

小对话(练习	J)	
第一单元	数字(Unit 1 Number) ·······	•••••• ]
第二单元	计算(Unit 2 Calculation)	5
第三单元	顺序(Unit 3 Chronological Order) ·······	8
第四单元	地点(Unit 4 Place)······	13
第五单元	职业身份(Unit 5 Occupation or Identity)	17
第六单元	关系(Unit 6 Relation)	21
第七单元	计划(Unit 7 Plan) ·······	26
第八单元	建议(Unit 8 Suggestion)	····· 31
第九单元	行为状态(Unit 9 Action and State)	36
第十单元	比较(Unit 10 Comparison)	
第十一单元		
第十二单元	亡 因果(Unit 12 Cause and Effect)	51
第十三单元	元 否定(Unit 13 Negative)	57
第十四单元	亡 推论(Unit 14 Inference)	62
第十五单元	元 暗示(Unit 15 Implication)	····· 67
较长对话与短	豆文(练习)	
第十六单元	元 较长对话(Unit 16 Longer Conversation)	····· 77
第十七单元	亡 文化风俗(Unit 17 Culture and Habit) ···········	87
第十八单元	亡 人物传记(Unit 18 Personage Biography)	96
第十九单元	t 故事传奇(Unit 19 Story)	••• 104
第二十单元	亡 自然环境(Ùnit 20 Natural Environment) ·······	···· 111
第二十一单	<sup>色元</sup> 科学普及(Unit 21 Popular Science)	••• 119
模拟测试题		
Test 1 ··		···· 127

Test 2 ···································	131		
Test 3	135		
小对话(录音原文)			
第一单元 数字(Unit 1 Number) ····································	139		
第二单元 计算(Unit 2 Calculation)	143		
第三单元 顺序(Unit 3 Chronological Order) ·······	147		
第四单元 地点(Unit 4 Place) ····································	152		
第五单元 职业身份(Unit 5 Occupation or Identity)	156		
第六单元 关系(Unit 6 Relation) ····································	160		
第七单元 计划(Unit 7 Plan)	165		
第八单元 建议(Unit 8 Suggestion) ····································	169		
第九单元 行为状态(Unit 9 Action and State)	174		
第十单元 比较(Unit 10 Comparison) ····································	178		
第十一单元 条件(Unit 11 Condition) ····································	182		
第十二单元 因果(Unit 12 Cause and Effect) ····································	186		
第十三单元 否定(Unit 13 Negative)	191		
第十四单元 推论(Unit 14 Inference) ····································	195		
第十五单元 暗示(Unit 15 Implication)	200		
较长对话与短文(录音原文)			
第十六单元 较长对话(Unit 16 Longer Conversation)	207		
第十七单元 文化风俗(Unit 17 Culture and Habit)	212		
第十八单元 人物传记(Unit 18 Personage Biography)	217		
第十九单元 故事传奇(Unit 19 Story)	222		
第二十单元 自然环境(Unit 20 Natural Environment)	227		
第二十一单元 科学普及(Unit 21 Popular Science)	231		
模拟测试题(录音原文)			
Test 1 ·····	236		
Test 2	241		
Test 3	246		

#### 全书答案

第一单元 数字(Unit 1 Number) ····································	• 251
第二单元 计算(Unit 2 Calculation) ····································	• 251
第三单元 顺序(Unit 3 Chronological Order)	251
第四单元 地点(Unit 4 Place)	251
第五单元 职业身份(Unit 5 Occupation or Identity)	251
第六单元 关系(Unit 6 Relation)	252
第七单元 计划(Unit 7 Plan) ····································	252
第八单元 建议(Unit 8 Suggestion)	252
第九单元 行为状态(Unit 9 Action and State)	
第十单元 比较(Unit 10 Comparison) ·······	
第十一单元 条件(Unit 11 Condition)	253
第十二单元 因果(Unit 12 Cause and Effect)	253
第十三单元 否定(Unit 13 Negative) ····································	253
第十四单元 推论(Unit 14 Inference) ····································	253
第十五单元 暗示(Unit 15 Implication)	253
第十六单元 较长对话(Unit 16 Longer Conversation)	254
第十七单元 文化风俗(Unit 17 Culture and Habit)	254
第十八单元 人物传记(Unit 18 Personage Biography)	254
第十九单元 故事传奇(Unit 19 Story)	254
第二十单元 自然环境(Unit 20 Natural Environment)	<b>25</b> 5
第二十一单元 科学普及(Unit 21 Popular Science)	255
Test 1 ······	255
Test 2	255
Test 3	256

## 小对话(练习)

## 第一单元 数字

### (Unit 1 Number)

这类试题要求考生听准数字,尤其注意区分十几(-teen)和整十(-ty)。在书面4个选项中常排出表示时间、价格、地址门牌、电视频道、电话号码等的阿拉伯数字。

例 1 Woman: There are very nice shirts. How much are

they?

Man: 5

5 dollars each. For two, 9 dollars. They are

on sale today.

Third Voice: How much does one shirt cost?

(A) \$4.50.

(B) \$5.00.

(C) \$9.00.

(D) \$10.00.

例 2 Woman:

Excuse me, sir, where is Dr. Brown's office?

Man:

The Doctor's office is on the sixth floor, but the elevator only goes to the fifth. So you'll have to use the stairs to reach the sixth floor. It is the ninth room on the right.

Third Voice: On which floor is the doctor's office?

(A) The fifth floor.

(B) The sixth floor.

(C) The ninth floor.

(D) The third floor.

例 3 Woman;

Is this the bookcase you advertised?

Man:

Yes, it's our regular \$14.95 bookcase on sale today for \$9.90. These are the last two. If

you can use them both, you can have the pair for \$15.00.

Third Voice: What is the present price of the bookcase?

- (A) You can buy two bookcases for \$9.90 each.
- (B) One bookcase will cost \$7.50 if she buys two or \$9.90 if she only buys one.
- (C) A bookcase costs \$15.00.
- (D) Bookcases cost \$14.95 for two.
- 例 4 Woman: Our neighbors have three cars, one for the son and one each for the parents.

Man: I just don't think we need that many cars. I think we manage quite well with Joe taking the bus and me dropping you off on my way to work.

Third Voice: How many cars do the couple have?

(A) One.

(B) Two.

(C) Three.

(D) None.

**例**5 Man:

I'm in charge of buying the fruit for the children at our church. I'm so happy to find that apples and plums are in season. Give me two dozen of each.

Woman:

I hope that they're as good as they look.

Third Voice: How many apples did the man buy?

(A) 12.

(B) 24.

(C) 36.

(D) 48.

#### 练习 (Exercises)

1. (A) It is closed.

(B) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

(C) 12 noon to 9 P. M. (D) 9 A. M. to 12 noon. (A) By December thirtieth. (B) By New Year's. (C) By December third. (D) By December thirteenth. (A) The cablevision is not working. (B) All of them but channel seventeen. (C) Channel seventeen. (D) All of them. (A) 6:30. (B) 6:13. (C) 6:33. (D) 3:30.(A) 2. (B) 50. (C) 22. (D) 15. (A) 7:50. (B) 7:15. (C) 7th. (D) 17th. (A) \$8. (B) \$4. (C) \$7. (D) \$3.50. (A) 16. (B) 20. (C) 88. (D) 60. (A) \$60. (B) \$100. (C) \$120. (D) \$200. 10. (A) About 6 p.m. (B) At 3: 30 p.m. (C) About noon. (D) After dinner. 11. (A) Six weeks. (B) Five weeks. (C) Four weeks. (D) Three weeks. 12. (A) By two o'clock. (B) By three o'clock. (C) By four o'clock. (D) By twelve o'clock. (A) 30. (B) 14. (C) 13. (D) 40. 14. (A) 9:50. (B) 8:30. (C) 9:00. (D) 9:15. 15. (A) Friday morning. (B) Saturday morning. (C) Friday afternoon. (D) Saturday afternoon.

2.

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16. (A) A few days. (B) We don't know. (C) A couple of weeks. (D) Just one week.

- 17. (A) \$15. (B) \$30. (C) \$50. (D) \$100.
- 18. (A) 80. (B) 18. (C) 3:38. (D) 3:18.
- 19. (A) In 12 minutes. (B) In 15 minutes.
  - (C) In 50 minutes. (D) In 5 minutes.
- 20. (A) 14 cents. (B) 40 cents.
- (C) 44 cents. (D) 4 cents.

## 第二单元 计算

#### (Unit 2 Calculation)

由于这类题必须进行简单的运算,所以在对话中会出现两个或两个以上的数字。听懂数字是做此类题的关键。另外还得留意表示"高、低、多、少、大、小、长、短、迟、早"等含义的词语,因为计算方法大多取决于这些词。这类题的正确答案多为两数之和或两数之差,因此加减运算必不可少,偶而也要用上简单的乘除法。

例 1 Woman: The plane leaves at 5:15. Do we have time to eat first?

Man: No. We've only got 40 minutes until departure time.

Third Voice: What time is it now?

(A) 5:15. (B) 5:40. (C) 4:35. (D) 5:01.

例 2. Man: Let's see now. They can park fifteen cars in that back lot, can't they?

Woman: Oh, didn't you know? They've doubled the capacity.

Third Voice: How many cars can be parked in the back lot now?

- (A) A total of 15.
- (B) A total of 30.
- (C) A total of 50.
- (D) A total of 100.

例 3 Man: I left home at 7:00. What time is it now? Woman: Just half past 8.

Third Voice: How long ago did the man leave?

(A) 90 minutes. (B) 60 minutes. (C) 80 minutes. (D) 9 minutes. If John doesn't come to dinner, I'll have 15. 13. 4 Woman: Let's invite two more just in case. Man: Third Voice: If everyone comes, how many will have dinner? (A) 18. (B) 50. (C) 5. (D) 55. 例 5 Woman: If everyone runs for President, who'll run for the other offices? Of the nine candidates, only three are not Man: running for President. Third Voice: How many people are running for President? (B) Three. (C) Nine. (A) Four. (D) Six. 练习 (Exercises) 1. (A) \$16. (B) \$12. (C) \$4. (D) \$ 2. 2. (B) Seven-thirty. (A) Seven o'clock. (C) Eight o'clock. (D) Nine o'clock. 3. (A) 7:10. (B) 7:00. (C) 6:50. (D) 7:05. 4. (A) Two blocks. (B) Three blocks. (C) Four blocks. (D) Five blocks. (A) Ten o'clock. (B) Nine-thirty. 5. (C) Nine o'clock. (D) Five o'clock. (A) The price is not on the tag. 6. (C) \$15. (D) \$5. (B) \$50. (A) Six o'clock. (B) Seven o'clock. 7. (C) Eight o'clock. (D) Eight-thirty.

- 8. (A) \$150. (B) \$175. (C) \$200. (D) \$225.
- 9. (A) It cost a nickel a gallon.
  - (B) It cost 55 cents a gallon.
  - (C) It cost 60 cents a gallon.
  - (D) It cost 65 cents a gallon.
- 10. (A) \$0.75. (B) \$1.00. (C) \$3.25. (D) \$5.00.
- 11. (A) 160 lbs. (B) 150 lbs. (C) 163 lbs. (D) 153 lbs.
- 12. (A) After five. (B) At or before five.
  - (C) In the morning.
- (D) Late at night.
- 13. (A) 42. (B) 60.
- (C) 6. (D) 7.
- 14. (A) \$30. (B) \$60.
- (C) \$13. (D) \$26.
- 15. (A) Two. (B) Four.
- (C) Three. (D) One.
- 16. (A) 8:00. (B) 8:20. (C) 7:40. (D) 8:10.
- 17. (A) About 60.
  - (B) More than 60.
  - (C) Half of the student body.
  - (D) About 30.
- 18. (A) Six. (B) Twelve. (C) Three. (D) Five.
- 19. (A) Three. (B) Four. (C) Five. (D) Seven.
- 20. (A) Forty minutes. (B) Thirty minutes.
  - (C) The same as the 5: 30. (D) Nearly an hour.

## 第三单元 顺序

## (Unit 3 Chronological Order)

这类题要求考生听后判断出事件发生的顺序。对话往往涉及两个人和两件事以上,并暗示出哪个在先,哪个在后等等。听出某些表示顺序的词,如:first,second,third;the former,the latter;before,after 等,是至关重要的。

例 1 Woman:

According to this history book, the cotton embargo preceded the War Between the States.

Man:

I thought it was done in retaliation for the secession.

Third Voice: What can be said for the cotton embargo?

- (A) It occurred before the war.
- (B) It caused the secession.
- (C) It was a success.
- (D) It came much later in the war.

例 2 Woman:

How are you coming on your research paper?

Man:

I've finished all my research, but I haven't been able to organize it, I have to do that before I can write the paper.

Third Voice: What does the man have to do now?

- (A) Finish checking his references.
- (B) Complete the research.
- (C) Put the material in order.
- (D) Finish typing the paper.

例 3 Woman: Well, I like classical music, and I go to the concert every weekend. What about you?

Man: Classical music is my favourite. But I used to like pop music very much. Pop music, you see!

Third Voice: What do the man and the woman have in common?

- (A) Both of them like classical music.
- (B) Both of them like pop music.
- (C) They like to go to the museums very much.
- (D) They both go to the concert very often.

例 4 Woman: Let me get you a soft drink, what would you like to have, Coca Cola or soda?

Man: It makes no difference actually, but I'd like to have the latter if you don't mind.

Third Voice: What do we learn from the conversation?

- (A) The man believes the soft drinks are different from soda.
- (B) The man like to have soda.
- (C) The man would rather have Coca Cola.
- (D) The man declined the offer by the woman.

例 5 Woman: You have a good figure, let me take your measurement first and then make the suit.

Man: Measurements are one thing and making it is another.

Third Voice: What did the man mean?

(A) He didn't want the suit made.

9