

大学英语分级系列教材

# 词汇语法教程

ENGLISH

*English*

郁祖贤 缪君强 吴让科 编



海译出版社

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# 前 言

《大学英语教学大纲》明确提出了分级教学的要求,并对各级的词汇、语法结构、功能意念以及语言技能都作了具体的规定。听说读写四项基本技能是互相联系、相辅相成的,它们拥有一个共同的基础——词汇和语法。如果学生词汇贫乏,语法基础薄弱,那么他对老师所传授的阅读技巧、写作方法就会难以接受,听和说更是无从谈起。英语水平的提高有赖于词汇语法这个基础。根据这一思想,我们在大学英语教学中专门开设了词汇语法课,把它与听说、阅读、写作并列为大学英语的四门基本课程。

本书是在使用了几年词汇语法讲义的基础上整编而成的。本教程有以下特点:

一、供大学英语三四级使用,每册40学时,平均每学时做50道习题。

二、词汇(包括各类短语)和语法的比例大致为4.5:5.5。

三、每个专项语法练习之前均有语法要点综述。重点突出、简明扼要,便于贯彻精讲多练的教学原则。

四、语法中的重点和难点项目的习题数量都在100题以上,不太重要、易于掌握的语法项目的习题都在50题左右。

五、书后有答案,以供参考。

本书由郁祖贤、缪君强、吴让科合作编写。分工如下:第一章、第九章和第十四章由缪君强编写;第二章、第七章和第十章由吴让科编写,其余各章由郁祖贤编写。

在编写过程中,我们参考了国内外出版的多种语法专著,

报刊杂志和试题集。对有关作者特表示衷心感谢。限于篇幅,恕不能在此一一列举。

由于编者水平和经验有限,错讹之处,在所难免。望广大读者特别是同行批评指正。

编 者

1995 年 11 月于广州

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$$\begin{array}{r} 18.6 \\ 12.4 \\ \hline 6.2 \end{array}$$

# 第一章 时 态

在时态学习中,我们应注意掌握以下几种时态之间的区别:

## 一、现在完成时和一般过去时的区别

现在完成时和一般过去时都表示过去发生的动作和情况。一般过去时强调动作发生在过去;现在完成时强调动作持续到现在或强调该动作对现状的影响。例如:

(1) "I have seen the film."

"When did you see it?"

"I saw it last week."

(2) I've learnt most of the irregular verbs since we last met.

一般过去时常用过去时间状语,如 five minutes ago, yesterday, the other day, last month, in 1988, when, we were young 等。

现在完成时常用 since, for, lately, so far, till now, up to the present, already, just 等。这两种时态都可用包括现在时间在内的状语,如 this morning, this year, today 等;也可用不明确时间的 ever 和 never 等。

## 二、现在完成时和现在完成进行时的区别

现在完成时和现在完成进行时都表示动作从过去某时开始一直持续到现在。现在完成时强调动作的重复或动作的完

成,现在完成进行时强调动作的延续性,强调动作在这段时间里一直在进行,该动作可能刚刚停止,也可能仍在进行。例如:

(1) I have been learning Japanese since we last met and have made some progress.

(2) Professor Allen has taught in many foreign countries.

(3) Professor Bush has been teaching foreign students for about six years.

(4) It has rained every day this week.

(5) It has been raining all morning.

现在完成进行时态一般要与表示一段时间的状语连用。

### 三、一般将来时与将来进行时的区别

一般将来时与将来进行时都表示将来要发生的动作。一般将来时表示说话人的意图,带有情态色彩,将来进行时表示预料将要发生的(按正常情况一定会发生的)事情。例如:

(1) I'll make a point of seeing him about it tomorrow.

(2) Don't worry. I'll be seeing him tomorrow. Then I can tell him about it.

将来进行时在现代英语口语中用得比较多。正因为将来进行时不带情态色彩,从而在某些场合便能表示婉转口气,以表达有礼貌的询问、请求。例如:

(1) Will you be mentioning me in your report?

(2) When will you be visiting us?

### 练习

1. I don't think Jack \_\_\_\_\_ the answer.



- a. has known    b. does know    c. is knowing    d. knows
2. According to the time table, the train for Shanghai \_\_\_\_\_ at seven o'clock in the evening.
- a. leaves    b. has left    c. was left    d. will leave
3. It was not until then that I came to know that knowledge \_\_\_\_\_ only from practice.
- a. had come    b. has come    c. came    d. comes
4. I hope you \_\_\_\_\_ come to the party.
- a. would    b. could    c. will    d. had
5. Don't disturb me. I \_\_\_\_\_ letters all morning and have written ten so far.
- a. write    b. have written  
c. was writing    d. have been writing
6. "What's the matter, Mary? You look sad."
- "Oh, nothing much. As a matter of fact, I \_\_\_\_\_ of my friends back home."
- a. just thought    b. have just been thinking  
c. was just thinking    d. have just thought
7. Now he \_\_\_\_\_ a book about New Guinea. I don't suppose he will finish it.
- a. writes    b. wrote    c. has written    d. is writing
8. "Could you give these books to Mr. Mackintosh?"
- "Certainly, \_\_\_\_\_ him about something else in any case, so it won't be any bother."
- a. I'll see    b. be seeing    c. I can see    d. I'll be seeing
9. I \_\_\_\_\_ some newspaper at seven yesterday evening.

- a. am reading    b. read    c. was reading    d. will read
10. Charles Dickens \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of novels.  
 a. wrote    b. has written    c. had written    d. was writing
11. "Why are the flags at half-mast?"  
 "General Hopkins \_\_\_\_\_. He \_\_\_\_\_ from the last operation."  
 a. died...never recovered    b. has died...never recovered  
 c. has died...has never recovered  
 d. is dying...has never recovered
12. It \_\_\_\_\_ hard when I left my house.  
 a. is raining    b. rains    c. was raining    d. will rain
13. I should very much like to \_\_\_\_\_ to that party of theirs, but I was not invited.  
 a. go    b. have gone    c. be going    d. went
14. I had hoped \_\_\_\_\_ my letter.  
 a. her to answer    b. that she answer  
 c. that she would answer    d. her answering
15. "I have't seen you for quite some time. What \_\_\_\_\_ late ly?"  
 a. did you do    b. were you doing  
 c. have you been doing    d. had you done
16. "Have you ever been to Nanjing?"  
 "Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ there last year."  
 a. had gone    b. have been    c. have gone    d. went
17. "Let's play football sometime."  
 "Good idea! What \_\_\_\_\_ this afternoon?"

- a. are you going to do      b. shall you do  
c. are you doing              d. will you do
18. He will come to call on you the moment he \_\_\_\_\_ his work.  
a. will finish    b. finishes    c. had finished    d. finished
19. Who's that good-looking girl Frank's dancing with? I \_\_\_\_\_ her before.  
a. never had seen              b. had never seen  
c. was never seeing          d. never saw
20. He \_\_\_\_\_ home for nearly three weeks.  
a. has gone away from      b. has left  
c. has been away from      d. went away from
21. I don't think she'll be upset, but I'll see her in case \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. she'll    b. she is    c. she will    d. she would
22. Did you visit London last year? \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. No, I went never there  
b. No, I never was there  
c. No, I've never been there  
d. No, I never have been there
23. When you \_\_\_\_\_ the furniture, please tell me.  
a. will finish to move      b. finish to move  
c. will finish moving      d. have finished moving
24. It's time you \_\_\_\_\_ a holiday.  
a. had    b. have    c. will have    d. should have
25. It'll be the first time \_\_\_\_\_ the film.  
a. I've seen    b. I'll see    c. I would see    d. I see

26. He \_\_\_\_\_ his watch. Have you seen it anywhere?  
 a. lost      b. lose      **c. has lost**      d. had lost
27. His grandfather \_\_\_\_\_ for thirty years.  
 a. died      b. was dead      c. has been dead      d. has died
28. He was said to \_\_\_\_\_ twenty enemy soldiers during the battle.  
**a. have killed**      b. kill      c. be killing      d. killed
29. "What did you think of the boxing match last night?"  
 "I really didn't think Jackson \_\_\_\_\_."  
 a. wins      **b. would win**      c. has won      d. winning
30. "How long have the Smiths lived in Chicago?"  
 "They \_\_\_\_\_."  
 a. have been living there since five years  
 b. have been living there for five years  
 c. lived there since five years ago  
 d. lived there since five years
31. Since liberation great changes \_\_\_\_\_ in China.  
 a. took place      b. have been taken place  
**c. have taken place**      d. are taken place
32. I will let you know as soon as he \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. arrives      b. will arrive      c. arrive      d. reaches
33. He said that he would be able to see me when he \_\_\_\_\_ that letter.  
 a. wrote      b. has written  
**c. had written**      d. would have written
34. By five o'clock this afternoon, he \_\_\_\_\_ five hours.

- a. will be driving                      b. will have driving  
 c. will have been driving              d. will have been driven
35. Turn on the radio and a programme \_\_\_\_\_ to you from a  
 broadcasting station miles and miles away.  
 a. comes      b. has come      c. came      **d. will come**
36. It's been a long time since I \_\_\_\_\_. How are you?  
 a. had last seen you      **b. last saw you**  
 c. have last seen you      d. last was seeing you
37. He told me that he \_\_\_\_\_ the letter two days before.  
 a. posted      b. would post      c. had posted      d. has posted
38. The dark clouds in the sky suggest that \_\_\_\_\_.  
**a. it's going to rain**      b. it would rain  
 c. it's raining      d. it should rain
39. They wanted to know when they \_\_\_\_\_ have an examina-  
 tion.  
 a. had gone to                      **b. were going to**  
 c. would be going                  d. had been going
40. "Did they like Suzhou?"  
 "Yes, and that was the first time \_\_\_\_\_ there."  
 a. they were ever being      b. they ever were being  
 c. ever they had been      **d. they had ever been**
41. "I drove all the way from Atlanta yesterday."  
 "What time \_\_\_\_\_ Washington?"  
 a. you reached                      b. have reached  
**c. did you reach**                  d. have you reached
42. My sister \_\_\_\_\_ to see me. She'll be here soon.

- a. comes      **b. is coming**      c. had come      d. came
43. Everyone \_\_\_\_\_ the cake because there wasn't even a small piece left.  
a. must like      **b. must have been liking**  
c. had liked      **d. must have liked**
44. Because she \_\_\_\_\_ in the sun, she got a bad sunburn.  
a. had laid      **b. has lain**      c. had lay      d. had lain
45. By the end of last term we \_\_\_\_\_ English for two years.  
a. have studied      **b. have been studied**  
c. would studied      **d. had studied**
46. Until yesterday, his family \_\_\_\_\_ from him for six months.  
a. hasn't heard      **b. hadn't heard**  
c. hasn't been hearing      **d. hadn't hearing**
47. I \_\_\_\_\_ television this last hour.  
a. have watching      **b. have been watching**  
c. am watching      **d. had been watching**
48. He won't be able to come on Friday because he \_\_\_\_\_ his exams.  
a. will sit      **b. was sitting for**  
**c. will be sitting for**      **d. would sit for**
49. She \_\_\_\_\_ the book by my next birthday.  
a. finished      **b. will have finished**  
c. has finished      **d. will have been finishing**
50. \_\_\_\_\_ to have dinner with us today?  
a. Do you like      **b. Would you like**

**c. Will you like      d. Have you like**

51. I was told yesterday that he \_\_\_\_\_ too much the night before."

**a. drank      b. had drunk      c. drunk      d. had drank**

52. Mr. White came into my dormitory while I \_\_\_\_\_ the arrangements for my trip to New York.

**a. made      b. did make      c. had made      d. was making**

53. You \_\_\_\_\_ him last year when you were in England.

**a. can have met      b. may have met**

**c. can meet      d. may meet**

54. He \_\_\_\_\_ very hard because he looked very tired.

**a. must have worked      b. had to work**

**c. need have worked      d. needed to work**

55. "By the time I get there, the film \_\_\_\_\_. Let's go out to dinner instead."

**a. will have started      b. shall have started**

**c. has started      d. has to start**

56. You \_\_\_\_\_ drive slowly. There're so many cars today.

**a. had rather      b. would rather**

**c. had better      d. would better**

57. A long time ago, Mr. Johnson \_\_\_\_\_ in New York for three years.

**a. had lived      b. has lived      c. lived      d. had been living**

58. The next time I \_\_\_\_\_ late I will lock the house carefully.

**a. shall work      b. will work**

**c. work      d. will be working**

59. A policeman came to see me about the theft. "\_\_\_\_\_ investigate," he said.
- a. I've been said to      b. I've been told to  
c. It has been said to me      d. I was told to
60. I told the policeman that I \_\_\_\_\_ the window open.
- a. had let      b. had left      c. was letting      d. was leaving
61. I haven't seen my sister \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. since three years      b. for three years ago  
c. during three years      d. since three years ago
62. I \_\_\_\_\_ for half an hour before he could see me.
- a. must wait      b. had to wait  
c. should wait      d. ought to wait
63. Her voice hesitated as she admitted what she \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. had done      b. did      c. has done      d. does
64. "Have you moved into your new house?"
- "No. It \_\_\_\_\_ until next month."
- a. won't finish      b. isn't finishing  
c. doesn't finish      d. won't be finished
65. "Did you meet Mary White at the party?"
- "No, \_\_\_\_\_ by the time I arrived."
- a. she was left      b. she's left  
c. she'd left      d. she must leave
66. "Do you still have your job at the bank?"
- "Oh, no. \_\_\_\_\_ there for the past two years."
- a. I don't work      b. I haven't worked  
c. I'm not working      d. I didn't work



67. We are going to London next month. This will be the first time I \_\_\_\_\_ there.  
a. have been      b. shall be      c. am going      d. shall go
68. We \_\_\_\_\_ our evening meal at half past seven yesterday, and then we watched a film on television.  
a. were having      b. were taking  
c. were eating      d. had
69. Whenever we visited them, they \_\_\_\_\_ television.  
a. have watched      b. watch  
c. had watched      d. were watching
70. They may have missed the plane. Or perhaps they \_\_\_\_\_ from coming for some reason.  
a. would be prevented      b. have been prevented  
c. would be avoided      d. have been avoided
71. Sorry to have kept you waiting. You must have thought \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. we are not coming      b. we were not coming  
c. we shall not come      d. we did not come
72. Little \_\_\_\_\_ how happy I had been.  
a. she will realize      b. she had realized  
c. had she realized      d. did she realize
73. The performance was wonderful. \_\_\_\_\_ anything more exciting in my life, I thought.  
a. I never did see      b. Never saw I  
c. I had never seen      d. I would never see
74. Mother doesn't know how much time I spent in watching