

大学英语

四六级听说突破

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Unit One

Part A: Dialogue

New Words & Phrases

- | | | |
|---------------|-----------|----------|
| 1. quit | <i>v.</i> | 辞职 |
| 2. supervisor | <i>n.</i> | 监督人, 管理人 |
| 3. appreciate | <i>v.</i> | 赏识, 感激 |

Ex. 1 Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to each question you hear.

1. A. Lawyer. B. Supervisor.
C. Accountant. D. Legal secretary.
2. A. A week. B. One month.
C. Two weeks. D. One year.
3. A. Twice her present salary.
B. Ten dollars more per week.
C. The same as Snodgrass, Ellington and Pitts.
D. Ten dollars more than Snodgrass, Ellington and Pitts.
4. A. She feels her value wasn't appreciated.
B. She wants a more interesting job.
C. She's tired of working.
D. She wants more money.

Ex. 2 Listen to the dialogue again and answer the following

questions.

1. What is the woman going to do?
2. Why does the man try to persuade the woman to stay?
3. Why wouldn't the woman accept the man's persuasion?
4. What is the woman sorry for?

Ex. 3 Oral discussion.

1. What kind of job is ideal in your opinion?
2. What kind of relationship do you prefer between the employer and the employee?
3. Suppose a job can bring you good money, but the working conditions are not satisfying enough, what will you do with it, and why?

Part B: Passage

Symphony Course Beneficial to Students

New Words & Phrases

- | | | |
|----------------|-----------|------------|
| 1. symphony | <i>n.</i> | 交响乐 |
| 2. refined | <i>a.</i> | 高雅的, 优雅的 |
| 3. mould | <i>v.</i> | 塑造 |
| 4. temperament | <i>n.</i> | 性情, 性格, 气质 |
| 5. sentiment | <i>n.</i> | 感情, 情绪 |
| 6. patriotic | <i>a.</i> | 爱国的, 有爱国心的 |
| 7. dwindle | <i>v.</i> | 日渐减少, 变小 |

Direction : *Listen to the passage and finish Ex. 1 and Ex. 2.*

Ex. 1 Pick out the italicized words and expressions from the following and make sentences with them orally.

Example: *It has been three years since* I met you last time.

A: It has been two years since I graduated from the university.

B: It has been years since I enjoyed myself so much as last night.

1. He spent *a great deal of* time on English study.
2. The new plan of reform will be *carried out* next week.
3. He is always excited when he *looks back on* his life in countryside.
4. This hall *is filled with* students.
5. *Take* my sister *for example*, she is an excellent singer.
6. A lot of people here, *for instance*, John, would rather have coffee.
7. This book is *based on* the true story.
8. Progress in study depends on our *enthusiasm for* study.

Ex. 2 Use the words and expressions you have heard and fill in the blanks.

In order to carry out the _____ (1) in symphony music education advocated by Vice Premier Li, our school has developed symphony education in _____ (2) forms. Many college students have made a great deal of progress in their _____ (3) of symphony. After attending _____ (4) by orchestra, many lectures about symphony and subject on Enjoyment of Symphony, we not only have learned that symphony is a noble and

_____ (5) art, but also have made great progress in the following aspects: Firstly, symphony is one of the best arts for _____ (6) our temperaments, for example, from Beethoven's "Hero", we feel the spirit of hero. Secondly, symphony can _____ (7) our cultural understanding. Thirdly, symphony can teach us moral philosophies. _____ (8) for example, we can feel the loyalty for love from "Butterfly". In short, the artistic _____ (9) of symphony is infinite, so naturally our _____ (10) for symphony music will not dwindle.

Direction: *Listen to the passage again and finish Ex. 3 and Ex. 4.*

Ex. 3 Give an oral presentation of your composition in class on the following topics.

1. your benefits from symphony
2. the charm of symphony
3. present development and perspectives of symphony

Ex. 4 Discuss the following topics.

1. How much do you know about symphony?
2. Can you take a symphony for example and talk about its charm?
3. What important roles does the music, especially symphony play in people's lives?
4. Is the symphony music education necessary? why?

Part A: Dialogue

1. equation	<i>n.</i>	方程式; 等式; 反应式
2. a bunch of		一串
3. formula	<i>n.</i>	公式

1. A. Professor and student.
B. Schoolmates.
C. Scientist and student.
D. Experiment operator and student.
2. A. Physics. B. Chemistry.
C. Lots of equations. D. All of the above.
3. A. Physics and chemistry.
B. Formulas and numbers.
C. Experiments.
D. Biology.
4. A. The man thinks that the professor is not nice enough.
B. The woman probably will not take this course until next year.

- C. The course which the man took lasted for three weeks.
- D. The man thought that it was the worst course he has ever taken.

Ex. 2 Listen to the dialogue again and answer the following questions.

1. What is the name of the course the man and the woman are discussing?
2. What do you have to do when taking this course?
3. What is the man interested in?
4. What is the speaker's attitude towards this course?

Ex. 3 Oral discussion.

1. What courses did you take last year? Which one do you like best? And Why?
2. What do you think of English? How are you getting along with it now?

Part B: Passage

Offerings Help Poor Kids Go to School

New Words & Phrases

- | | | |
|---------------|-----------|-----|
| 1. autonomous | <i>a.</i> | 自治的 |
| 2. delegation | <i>n.</i> | 代表团 |
| 3. offering | <i>n.</i> | 捐献物 |

Direction: Listen to the passage and finish Ex. 1 and Ex. 2.

Ex. 1 Pick out the italicized words and expressions from the

following and make sentences with them orally.

Example: I've been trying to *get in touch with* you all afternoon.

A: She was anxious to *get in touch with* you.

B: Where shall I *get in touch with* you?

1. They finally *reached an agreement* after the heated discussion.
2. He asked for leave *because* of his illness.
3. They have *contributed generously to* the Relief Fund.
4. They developed favorably *under his leadership*.
5. They decided to *pay visits to* Australia.
6. We should *pay more attention to* the Policy on birth control.
7. I *suffered from* bad cold.

Ex. 2 Use the words and expressions you have heard and fill in the blanks.

The Beijing University of Science and Technology aided financially 283 students who have _____ (1) from primary school in Guyuan County. In 1994 USTB got in _____ (2) with them. They _____ (3) an agreement to help the children who have no chance to go to school because of _____ (4). Since then, nearly 90 000 Yuan has been _____ (5) to the 283 students. Every summer holiday, a _____ (6) from USTB goes to this county to _____ (7) poverty and re-education. With the hard work of USTB and Guyuan County, the _____ (8) aid project has been successful. The project was _____ (9) to encourage people living in poverty to think more about _____ (10).

Direction: *Listen to the passage again and finish Ex. 3 and Ex. 4.*

Ex. 3 Give an oral presentation of your composition in class on the following topics.

1. the reason for starting the Hope Project
2. the role of the Hope Project

Ex. 4 Make up dialogues according to the following situations and act them out.

1. The behavior of the students and professors of the USTB shows the truth, goodness and beauty of mankind.
2. What do you think of the Hope Project?
3. How can you contribute to the Hope Project?

Unit Three

Part A: Dialogue

New Words & Phrases

- | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----|
| 1. penny | <i>n.</i> | 便士 |
| 2. abroad | <i>ad.</i> | 在国外 |

Ex. 1 Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to each question you hear.

1. A. Once a week. B. Many times.
C. Twice a week. D. Four times a week.
2. A. To her mother's home.
B. To the country.
C. To a foreign country.
D. To stay at home.
3. A. Because he wants to enjoy the fresh air there.
B. Because the scenery is beautiful.
C. Because he needs peace and quiet.
D. Because he doesn't like to stay with his wife.
4. A. He is saving money for a new car.
B. He dislikes the foreign custom.
C. He wants to spend his holiday with his families.
D. He hasn't a long holiday.

Ex. 2 Listen to the dialogue again and supply the missing words.

1. Peter will not go to the cinema with Jim because his wife _____.
2. Jim goes to the cinema _____.
3. Jim's wife is going to her mother's for _____.
4. Peter wants to _____, so he will not spend his holiday abroad.

Ex. 3 Oral discussion.

1. What do you usually do in your spare time? Give an oral presentation.
2. How do you spend your holiday?

Part B: Passage

Live Show of Trials Raises Law Awareness

New Words & Phrases

- | | | |
|--------------------|-----------|------------|
| 1. copyright | <i>n.</i> | 版权, 著作权限 |
| 2. infringement | <i>n.</i> | 侵害 |
| 3. spark | <i>v.</i> | 点燃; 触发; 发动 |
| 4. judicial circle | | 司法界 |
| 5. disrupt | <i>v.</i> | 扰乱; 使中断 |
| 6. deter | <i>v.</i> | 威慑住, 吓住 |
| 7. retaliation | <i>n.</i> | 报复, 反击 |
| 8. calibre | <i>n.</i> | 才能, 品质 |
| 9. deem | <i>v.</i> | 认为, 视为, 相信 |

10. boost	v.	提高,改善
11. curb corruption		抑制腐败
12. stipulate	v.	规定;(作为条件)讲定,约定
13. blur	v.	使模糊,使看不清
14. propel	v.	推进
15. integrity	n.	完善;健全

Direction: *Listen to the passage and finish Ex. 1 and Ex. 2.*

Ex. 1 Pick out the italicized words and expressions from the following and make sentences with them orally.

Example: Each man will be paid *according to* his ability.

A: He will be punished according to the law.

B: We must finish the work according to his requirement.

1. The facts that we have these big bombs will *deter* our enemy *from* attacking us.
2. They *are afraid of* failing the examination.
3. There is a *long way to go before* full modernization.
4. This programme is *deemed as* an effective way to save this bridge.
5. Some witnesses do not want to be *exposed to* the public.
6. The factory must *aim at* increasing production.
7. We have *made* lots of *achievements* in judicial reform.

Ex. 2 Use the words and expressions you have heard and fill in the blanks.

In July this year, China Central Television made the first ever _____ (1) live broadcast of a trial. This unusual practice _____ (2) a heated debate among people.

Some people worry that live broadcast of court cases will

_____ (3) the trial process and _____ (4) witnesses from speaking the truth, because they are afraid of retaliation or _____ (5) to the public while other people believe cases shown to the public should be _____ (6) cases, used to serve an _____ (7) function.

Though people have different viewpoints, this vivid and direct practice is _____ (8) as an effective way to _____ (9) legal education, to _____ (10) judicial reform and to ensure the _____ (11) and justice of the legal system.

Direction: *Listen to the passage again and finish Ex. 3 and Ex. 4.*

Ex. 3 Give an oral presentation of your composition in class on the following topics.

1. the advantage of live broadcast of trials
2. the popularity of live broadcast of trials nowadays in China
3. the degree of present law awareness

Ex. 4 Oral discussion.

1. Is it necessary that all cases be open to the public?
2. What do you think of live broadcast?
3. The vivid practice of live broadcast will be quickly accepted by the public.

Unit Four

Part A : Dialogue

New Words & Phrases

1. payment	<i>n.</i>	付款
2. charge	<i>n.</i>	费用
3. policy	<i>n.</i>	政策, 方针
4. initial	<i>a.</i>	最初的
5. extra	<i>a.</i>	额外的
6. insurance	<i>n.</i>	保险
7. reimburse	<i>v.</i>	偿还
8. slip	<i>n.</i>	纸条
9. submit	<i>v.</i>	递交

Ex. 1 Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to each question you hear.

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| A. At 11 : 00. | B. At 10 : 00. |
| C. At 9 : 00. | D. At 10 : 30. |
- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| A. \$ 30. | B. \$ 40. |
| C. \$ 25. | D. \$ 35. |
- | |
|---|
| A. A patient should pay a certain amount for the first visit to the clinic. |
| B. A patient should pay extra money if the doctor says he/ |