# 香港中文大學中國文化研究所

The Chinese University of Hong Kong Institute of Chinese Studies

The ICS Ancient Chinese Texts Concordance Series Charles works No.29 · Historical works No.11 · Historical works No.12 NCORDANCES 100 OXA (3) 2024 (8)

> 商務印書館 The Commercial Press

## 香港中文大學中國文化研究所

The Chinese University of Hong Kong Institute of Chinese Studies

The ICS Ancient Chinese Texts Concordance Series Classical works No.20 · Historical works No.11 · Historical works No.12 先秦兩漢古籍逐字索引叢刊經部第二十種 · 史部第十一種 · 史部第十二種

# 申培説逐字索引 世本四種逐字索引 古 丁墳逐字索引

CONCORDANCES TO THE SHENPEISHISHUOSHIBENSIZHONG USANFEN

商務印書館 The Commercial Press

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Classical works No. 20

Historical works No. 11 A Concordance to the Shibensizhong Historical works No. 11 A Concordance to the Gusanfen

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經部:二十

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劉殿爵教授(Prof. D. C. Lau)早歲肆業於香港大學中文系,嗣赴蘇格蘭格拉斯哥大學攻讀西洋哲學,畢業後執教於倫敦大學達二十八年之久,一九七八年應邀回港出任香港中文大學中文系講座教授。劉教授於一九八九年榮休,隨即出任中國文化研究所榮譽教授至今。劉教授興趣在哲學及語言學,以準確嚴謹的態度翻譯古代典籍,其中《論語》、《孟子》、《老子》三書之英譯,已成海外研究中國哲學心讀之書。

陳方正博士(Dr. Chen Fong Ching),一九六二年哈佛(Harvard)大學物理學學士,一九六四年拔蘭(Brandeis)大學理學碩士,一九六六年獲理學博士,隨後執教於香港中文大學物理系,一九八六年任中國文化研究所所長至今。陳博士一九九零年創辦學術文化雙月刊《二十一世紀》,致力探討中國文化之建設。

## **数据数据** 執行編輯簡介 **以**

何志華博士(Dr. Ho Che Wah),一九八六年香港中文大學中國語言及文學系文學士,一九八八年哲學碩士,一九九五年哲學博士;自一九八九年起,出任香港中文大學中國文化研究所古文獻資料庫研究計劃主任及執行編輯,現任中國語言及文學系助理教授;何博士興趣在古籍校讎學,已發表之著作包括有關《淮南子》、《呂氏春秋》、《戰國策》三書高誘《注》之論文多篇。

# 申培詩説逐字索引

A CONCORDANCE TO THE SHENPEISHUO

# 出版說明

一九八八年,香港中文大學中國文化研究所獲香港「大學及理工撥款委員會」撥款 資助,並得香港中文大學電算機服務中心提供技術支援,建立「漢及以前全部傳世文獻 電腦化資料庫」,決定以三年時間,將漢及以前全部傳世文獻共約八百萬字輸入電腦。 資料庫建立後,將陸續編印 (香港中文大學中國文化研究所先秦兩漢古籍逐字索引叢 刊),以便利語言學、文學,及古史學之研究。

(香港中文大學先秦兩漢古籍逐字索引叢刊)之編輯工作,將分兩階段進行,首階段先行處理未有「逐字索引」之古籍,至於已有「逐字索引」者,將於次一階段重新編輯出版,以求達致更高之準確度,與及提供更爲詳審之異文校勘紀錄。

「逐字索引」作爲學術研究工具書,對治學幫助極大。西方出版界、學術界均極重視索引之編輯工作,早於十三世紀,聖丘休(Hugh of St. Cher)已編成《拉丁文聖經通檢》。

我國蔡耀堂 ( 廷幹 )於民國十一年(1922)編刊 (老解老) 一書,以武英殿聚珍版 (道德經) 全文為底本,先正文,後逐字索引,以原書之每字為目,下列所有出現該字之句子,並標出句子所出現之章次,此種表示原句位置之方法,雖未詳細至表示原句之 頁次 、行次,然已具備逐字索引之功能。 (老解老) 一書為非寶品,今日坊間已不常見,然而蔡氏草創引得之編纂,其功實不可泯滅。 我國大規模編輯引得, 須至一九三零年,美國資助之哈佛燕京學社引得編纂處之成立然後開始。此引得編纂處,由洪業先生主持,費時多年,爲中國六十多種傳統文獻,編輯引得,功績斐然。然而漢學資料卷帙浩繁,未編成引得之古籍仍遠較已編成者爲多。本計劃希望能利用今日科技之先進產品 —— 電腦,重新整理古代傳世文獻;利用電腦程式,將先秦兩漢近八百萬字傳世文獻,悉數編爲「逐字索引」。俾使學者能據以掌握文獻資料,進行更高層次及更具創意之研究工作。

一九三二年,洪業先生著〈引得說〉,以「引得」對譯 Index,音義兼顧,巧妙工整。Index 原意謂「指點」,引伸而爲一種學術工具,日本人譯爲「索引」。而洪先生又將西方另一種逐字索引之學術工具 Concordance 譯爲「堪靠燈」。Index 與Concordance 截然不同;前者所重視者乃原書之意義名物,只收重要之字、詞,不收虚字及連繫詞等,故用處有限;後者則就文獻中所見之字,全部收納,大小不遺,故有助於文辭訓詁,語法句式之研究及字書之編纂。洪先生將選索性之 Index 譯作「引得」,將字字可索的 Concordance 譯作「堪靠燈」,足見卓識,然其後於一九三零年間,主持哈佛燕京學社編纂工作,所編成之大部分〈引得〉,反屬全索之「堪靠燈」,以致名實混淆,實爲可惜。今爲別於選索之引得(Index),本計劃將全索之 Concordance 稱爲「逐字索引」。

利用電腦編纂古籍逐字索引,本計劃經驗尚淺,是書倘有失誤之處,尚望學者方家 不吝指正。



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## **PREFACE**

In 1988, the Institute of Chinese Studies of The Chinese University of Hong Kong put forward a proposal for the establishment of a computerized database of the entire body of extant Han and pre-Han traditional Chinese texts. This project received a grant from the UPGC and was given technical support by the Computer Services Centre of The Chinese University of Hong Kong. The project was to be completed in three years.

From such a database, a series of concordances to individual ancient Chinese texts will be compiled and published in printed form. Scholars whether they are interested in Chinese literature, history, philosophy, linguistics, or lexicography, will find in this series of concordances a valuable tool for their research.

The ICS Ancient Chinese Texts Concordance Series is planned in two stages. In the first stage, texts without existing concordances will be dealt with. In the second stage, texts with existing concordances will be redone with a view to greater accuracy and more adequate textual notes.

In the Western tradition, the concordance was looked upon as one of the most useful tools for research. As early as c. 1230, appeared the concordance to the Vulgate, compiled by Hugh of St. Cher.

In China, the first concordance to appear was *Laozi Laojielao* in the early nineteen twenties. Cai Yaotang who produced it was in all probability unaware of the Western tradition of concordances.

As the *Laojielao* was not for sale, it had probably a very limited circulation. However, Cai Yaotang's contribution to the compilation of concordances to Chinese texts should not go unmentioned.

The Harvard-Yenching Sinological Concordance Series was begun in the 1930s under the direction of Dr. William Hung. Unfortunately, work on this series was cut short by the Second World War. Although some sixty concordances were published, a far greater number of texts remains to be done. However, with the advent of the computer the establishment of a database of all extant ancient works become a distinct possibility. Once such a database is established, a series of concordances can be compiled to

cover the entire field of ancient Chinese studies.

Back in 1932, William Hung in his "What is Index?" used the term 引得 for "Index" in preference to the Japanese 索引, and the term 堪靠燈 for concordance. However, when he came to compile the Harvard Yenching Sinological Concordance Series, he abandoned the term 堪靠燈 and used the term 引得 for both index and concordance. This was unfortunate as this blurs the difference between a concordance and an index. The former, because of its exhaustive listing of the occurrence of every word, is a far more powerful tool for research than the latter. To underline this difference we decided to use 逐字索引 for concordance.

The ICS Ancient Chinese Texts Concordance Series is compiled from the computerized database. As we intend to extend our work to cover subsequent ages, any ideas and suggestions which may be of help to us in our future work are welcome.

# 凡 例

## 一 . (詩說) 正文:

- 1 . 本 **(逐字索引)** 所附正文**據 (漢魏叢書)** 所收程榮校本。校改只供讀者參考,故不論在「正文」或在「逐字索引」,均加上校改符號,以便恢復底本原來而貌。
- 2 . 凡製字之改正,例如 a 字改正爲 b 字,以(a)[b]方式表示。

例如:三、四(五)[章]皆興也 5.8/5/3

表示〈漢魏叢書〉本作「五」,乃誤字,今改正爲「章」。讀者翻檢〈誤字改正說明表〉,即知改字之依據爲〈增訂漢魏叢書〉本(頁五下,總頁365)。

- 3.本〈逐字索引〉據別本,及其他文獻對校原底本,或改正底本原文,或只標注異文。有關此等文獻之版本名稱,以及本〈逐字索引〉標注其出處之方法,均列 〈徵引書目〉中。
- 4.本〈逐字索引〉所收之字一律劃一用正體,以昭和四十九年大修館書店發行之 〈大漢和辭典〉,及一九八六至一九九零年湖北辭書出版社、四川辭書出版社出版之〈漢語大字典〉所收之正體爲準,遇有異體或詠體,一律代以正體。

例如: 夫人思之而義不可往 6.18/6/17

〈漢魏叢書〉本原作「夫人思之而義不可徃」,據〈大漢和辭典〉,「往」、「徃」乃異體字,音義無別,今代以正體「往」字。爲便讀者了解底本原貌,凡異體之改正,均列〈通用字表〉中。

- 5 . 異文校勘主要參考王謨輯〈增訂漢魏叢書〉本〈詩說〉(一九八三年臺北大化書局)。
  - 5.1.異文紀錄欄
    - a . 凡正文文字右上方標有數碼者,表示當頁下端有注文。

例如:太史克頌禱之調<sup>3</sup> 3.9/3/16

當頁注 3 注出「調」字有異文「詞」。

b. 數碼前加 · ',表示範圍。

例如: 〈權與〉、,與,1前篇同義 15.10/14/9

當頁注 1 注出「則與」爲「與」字之異文。

- 5.2.校勘除選錄不同版本所見異文之外,亦選錄其他文獻引錄所見異文。
- 5.3.讀者欲知異文詳細情況,可參看王謨輯 (增訂漢魏叢書)。凡據別本,及其 他文獻所紀錄之異文,於標注異文後,均列明出處,包括書名、篇名、頁 次,有關所據文獻之版本名稱,及標注其出處之方法,請參 (徵引書目)。

#### 二, 逐字索引編排:

- 以單字爲綱,旁列該字在全文出現之頻數(書末另附〈全書用字頻數表〉〔附錄〕,按頻數次序列出全書單字),下按原文先後列明該字出現之全部例句,句中遇該字則代以「○」號。
- 2.全部**〈逐**字索引〉按漢語拼音排列;一字多音者,只於最常用讀音下,列出全部 例句,異讀請參〈漢語拼音檢字表〉。
- 3.每一例句後加上編號 a/b/c 表明於原文中位置,例如 1.1/2/3,「1.1」表示原文的篇章次、「2」表示頁次、「3」表示行次。

### 三.檢字表:

備有〈漢語拼音檢字表〉、〈筆畫檢字表〉兩種:

- 1. 漢語拼音據〈辭源〉修訂本(一九七九年至一九八三年北京商務印書館)及〈漢語大字典〉。一字多音者,按不同讀音在音序中分別列出;例如「說」字有shuō, shuì, yuè, tuō 四讀,分列四處。聲母、韻母相同之字,按陰平、陽平、上、去四聲先後排列。讀音未詳者,一律置於表末。
- 2. **《**逐字索引》中某字所出現之頁數,在**《**漢語拼音檢字表》中所列該字任一讀音下皆可檢得。

- 3. 筆畫數目、部首歸類均據〈康熙字典〉。畫數相同之字,其先後次序依部首排列。
- 4 . 另附《威妥碼 漢語拼音對照表》,以方便使用威妥碼拼音之讀者。



## Guide to the use of the Concordance

## 1. Text

- 1.1 The text printed with the concordance is based on the Hanwei congshu (HWCS) edition. As emendations of the text have been incorporated for the reference of the reader, care has been taken to have them clearly marked as such, both in the case of the full text as well as in the concordance, so that the original text can be recovered by ignoring the emendations.
- 1.2 An emendation of character  $\underline{a}$  to character  $\underline{b}$  is indicated by (a) (b), e.g.,

## 三、四(五) [章]皆興也 5.8/5/3

The character  $\Xi$  in the *HWCS* edition has been emended to  $\widehat{\mathbf{p}}$  on the authority of the *Zengding Hanwei congshu* edition (p.365).

A list of all emendations is appended on p.21 where the authority for each is given.

- 1.3 Where the text has been emended on the authority of other editions or the parallel text found in other works, such emendations are either incorporated into the text or entered as footnotes. For explanations, the reader is referred to the Bibliography on p.21.
- 1.4 For all concordanced characters only the standard form is used. Variant or incorrect forms have been replaced by the standard forms as given in Morohashi Tetsuji's Dai Kan-Wa jiten. (Tokyo: Taishūkan shōten, 1974), and the Hanyu da zidian (Hubei cishu chubanshe and Sichuan cishu chubanshe 1986-1990), e.g.,

### 夫人思之而義不可往 6.18/6/17

The HWCS edition has 往 which, being a variant form, has been replaced by the standard form 往 as given in the Dai Kan-Wa jiten. A list of all variant forms that have been in this way replaced is