

卓越英语

SUPER ENGLISH

卓越英语

追求卓越

ANALYSIS

OF TYPICAL DIFFICULT & COMPLICATED PROBLEMS

(FOR MIDDLE SCHOOL)

专项突破

初中典型疑难问题例析

丛书主编 艾群

审 读

Bainie Wren Padbury (J. Sci)

Misafiri Sinkala



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LEARNING

双色版



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编者的话

目前，我国的基础教育正在实施素质教育。素质教育不是不要考试，而是对考试提出了更高的要求。现在的考试越来越注重对学生能力的考查。学生能力的培养，除了在平时的学习中夯实基础外，也应加强必要的强化训练与实践。学生对常见的知识要点往往掌握较好，但若对某些问题变换方式、角度，则容易出现差错。针对这些实际问题，我们编写了这本《初中英语典型疑难问题例析》一书。

本书在编写上依纲据本，以题解形式科学系统地分类归纳。在兼顾基础知识的同时，重点对学生在学习及应试中易混、易错、疑难知识点进行归纳。练习设计典型、新颖，有代表性，注重语境和情境的创设，旨在开拓学生视野，提高综合运用英语的能力。在源于大纲、教材的基础上，对部分题的解题思路和方法作了合理的延伸，丰富了本书的知识层面。全书融学法指导、应试技巧、知识梳理和能力训练于一体，便于学生能力的培养。

本书练习配答案详解，便于学生自学，是位很好的家庭教师。同时本书也可作为学生参加各级各类竞赛的辅导用书。

限于编者水平，不妥之处，恳请广大读者批评、指正。

编 者

卓越英语系列丛书



目 录

前言.....	(1)
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第一部分 语音和词汇

一、语音.....	(1)
二、词汇.....	(4)
(一) 单词拼写	(4)
(二) 词语、句子释义.....	(25)
(三) 近义词、易混词辨析.....	(37)

第二部分 语法

一、词类	(55)
(一) 名词.....	(55)
(二) 冠词.....	(63)
(三) 代词.....	(67)
(四) 数词.....	(85)
(五) 形容词、副词.....	(89)
(六) 介词	(103)
(七) 动词	(114)
I、短语动词	(114)
II、时态与语态	(116)
III、情态动词	(137)
IV、非谓语动词	(142)
二、句子.....	(153)
(一) 特殊疑问句与一般疑问句	(153)



(二) 反意疑问句	(156)
(三) 句型	(161)
(四) 复合句	(169)
三、主语和谓语的一致	(174)

第三部分 综合题型

一、情景会话	(179)
二、句型转换	(197)
三、汉译英	(220)
四、单句辨错	(232)





第一部分 语音和词汇

一、语音

【典型疑难测试】

下列每组单词中有一个发音与其他三个不同，请指出。

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. match | B. map | C. many | D. traffic |
| 2. A. what | B. want | C. water | D. wash |
| 3. A. sandwich | B. chair | C. lunch | D. chips |
| 4. A. cross | B. holiday | C. operation | D. front |
| 5. A. always | B. salt | C. walk | D. also |
| 6. A. days | B. says | C. stays | D. plays |
| 7. A. strong | B. long | C. among | D. song |
| 8. A. young | B. found | C. sound | D. ground |
| 9. A. operation | B. station | C. question | D. congratulation |
| 10. A. under | B. uncle | C. lunch | D. unhappy |
| 11. A. straight | B. train | C. rain | D. said |
| 12. A. story | B. boy | C. sorry | D. orange |
| 13. A. wood | B. good | C. food | D. foot |
| 14. A. classroom | B. afternoon | C. school | D. broom |
| 15. A. wool | B. tooth | C. noodle | D. choose |
| 16. A. blue | B. true | C. ruler | D. sugar |
| 17. A. finger | B. stronger | C. singer | D. longer |
| 18. A. sweater | B. break | C. bread | D. health |
| 19. A. please | B. mean | C. really | D. cheap |
| 20. A. mistake | B. message | C. village | D. comrade |



- | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 21. A. <u>perhaps</u> | B. <u>person</u> | C. <u>prefer</u> | D. <u>term</u> |
| 22. A. <u>today</u> | B. <u>way</u> | C. <u>say</u> | D. <u>Sunday</u> |
| 23. A. <u>Monday</u> | B. <u>holiday</u> | C. <u>Wednesday</u> | D. <u>birthday</u> |
| 24. A. <u>temperature</u> | B. <u>cabbage</u> | C. <u>language</u> | D. <u>headache</u> |
| 25. A. <u>relay</u> | B. <u>report</u> | C. <u>result</u> | D. <u>remember</u> |
| 26. A. <u>friendly</u> | B. <u>quickly</u> | C. <u>pigsty</u> | D. <u>thirsty</u> |
| 27. A. <u>dinner</u> | B. <u>surprise</u> | C. <u>tiger</u> | D. <u>mind</u> |
| 28. A. <u>wear</u> | B. <u>heard</u> | C. <u>earth</u> | D. <u>early</u> |
| 29. A. <u>hear</u> | B. <u>clear</u> | C. <u>heart</u> | D. <u>nearly</u> |
| 30. A. <u>mouth</u> | B. <u>mouths</u> | C. <u>maths</u> | D. <u>months</u> |
| 31. A. <u>classes</u> | B. <u>horses</u> | C. <u>houses</u> | D. <u>buses</u> |
| 32. A. <u>north</u> | B. <u>northern</u> | C. <u>thank</u> | D. <u>thirty</u> |
| 33. A. <u>about</u> | B. <u>shout</u> | C. <u>south</u> | D. <u>southern</u> |
| 34. A. <u>child</u> | B. <u>children</u> | C. <u>find</u> | D. <u>behind</u> |
| 35. A. <u>blouse</u> | B. <u>course</u> | C. <u>because</u> | D. <u>choose</u> |
| 36. A. <u>chicken</u> | B. <u>machine</u> | C. <u>China</u> | D. <u>cheap</u> |
| 37. A. <u>woman</u> | B. <u>whose</u> | C. <u>move</u> | D. <u>lose</u> |
| 38. A. <u>cake</u> | B. <u>plane</u> | C. <u>workplace</u> | D. <u>have</u> |
| 39. A. <u>desks</u> | B. <u>pencils</u> | C. <u>tigers</u> | D. <u>Sundays</u> |
| 40. A. <u>helped</u> | B. <u>watched</u> | C. <u>washed</u> | D. <u>failed</u> |
| 41. A. <u>because</u> | B. <u>August</u> | C. <u>autumn</u> | D. <u>caught</u> |
| 42. A. <u>brought</u> | B. <u>thought</u> | C. <u>fought</u> | D. <u>cough</u> |
| 43. A. <u>with</u> | B. <u>health</u> | C. <u>thank</u> | D. <u>thought</u> |
| 44. A. <u>France</u> | B. <u>plant</u> | C. <u>angry</u> | D. <u>answer</u> |
| 45. A. <u>pleasure</u> | B. <u>result</u> | C. <u>his</u> | D. <u>news</u> |

【参考答案及解析】

1. C. 字母 a 在重读闭音节中一般读 [æ], 但在 many, any, anyone, anything 中 a 读 [e].

2. C. a 在 w 或 wh 后多读 [ɔ], 但在 water 一词中 a 读 [æ].

3. A. ch 一般多读 [tʃ], 但在 sandwich 一词中读 [dʒ].

4. D. 字母 o 在 m, n, th, v 前一般读 [ʌ], 再如: come, month, another.



er, above 等。

5. C. al 读 [ɔ] 和 [ɔl] 两音时极易混淆。al 在词头并自成一音节时，读 [ɔl]，如 A, D 选项。al 位于词中时多读 [ɔ]，如 talk, chalk 等。但 al 在 salt 一词中读 [ɔl]，在 shall 一词中读 [æ]。

6. B. 字母组合 ay 在重读音节中多读 [e]，但 says (say 的第三人称单数形式) 一词中 a 读 [e]。

7. C. 字母 o 在 -ong 组合中读 [ɔ] 和 [ʌ] 两音时容易混淆。o 通常读 [ɔ]，但在 among 一词中 o 读 [ʌ]。

8. A. 字母组合 ou 在oun组合中读 [ʌ] 和 [au] 两音时容易混淆。记忆方法：除 young, country 两词外，其余多读 [au]。

9. C. 字母组合 tion 一般读 [ʃən]，但在 question 一词中读 [tʃən]。

10. B. 字母 n 在 k, g 前一般读 [ŋ]，再如：think, thank, English 等，其余多读 [n]。

11. D. 字母组合 ai 在重读音节中一般读 [eɪ]，但在 said 一词中 ai 读 [e]。

12. A. 字母 o 在重读闭音节中多读 [ɔ]，但在 story 一词中 o 读 [ɔ:]。

13. C. 14. A. 15. A. 字母组合 oo 在 d, k, t 前一般读 [u]，但 food, noodle 两词除外，oo 读 [u:]。oo 在其他情况下多读 [u:]，但 wool, woollen 中 oo 读 [ʊ]。

16. D. 字母 u 在重读开音节中多读 [u:]，但在 sugar 一词中 u 读 [ʊ]。

17. C. 在 -nger 中 ger 一般读 [gə]，但 singer ['sɪŋə] 发音特殊。

18. B. ea 在重读音节中多读 [i:]、[e] 两音，但在 break 一词中 ea 读 [eɪ]。

19. C.

20. A. 21. A. 22. D. 英语语音中，相同的字母或字母组合有时读长音，有时读短音，极易混淆。要做好这类题，掌握一个单词中哪个音节重读非常重要，因为重读时常读长音，非重读时常读短音。第 20 小题 A, mistake 中，字母 a 位于重读音节，其余为非重读音节。第 21 小题 A 答案中，er 位于非重读音节，其余为重读音节。第 22 小题中答案 D 中，ay 位于非重读音节，其余为重读音节。

23. D. 24. D. 位于非重读音节中的字母或字母组合也有读长音的情况，如这两个小题中的 a, ay 均位于弱读音节中。此外还有 workplace, fireplace,

operate, classmate, mooncake, housework, homework, teamwork, satellite, universe, herself, sunshine 等。这里的字母 a 读 [ei], i 读 [ai], or 或 er 读 [ə]。

25. A. 答案 A 中 re 音节重读, 其余非重读。

26. C. 该选项中 y 虽位于弱读音节, 但读 [ai], 其余读 [i]。

27. A.

28. A. wear 一词中 ear 读 [ea]。

29. C. 30. B. 31. C. 32. B. 33. D. 34. B. 这几道小题主要考查“音随形变”的情况: hear [ia] — heard [ə:] — heart [a:], mouth [θ] — mouths [ðz], house [s] — houses [ziz], north [θ] — northern [ð], south [auθ] — southern [Λð], child [ai] — children [i], mean [i:] — meant [e], ride [ai] — ridden [i], write [ai] — written [ɪ], drive [ai] — driven [i]。

35. B. -se 前是元音字母时, s 常读 [z], 但 course, worse 除外, s 读 [s]。

36. B. ch 多读 [tʃ] 音, 但在 machine 中 ch 读 [ʃ]。

37. A. o 在重读开音节中多读长音, 但在 woman 一词中 o 读 [u]。

38. D. 字母 a 在重读开音节中要读 [ei], 但 have 一词中 a 读 [æ]。

39. A. 根据“清清浊元浊”的读音规则, 即 -s 在清辅音后一般还读清辅音 [s]; -s 在浊辅音及元音字母后一般读 [z]。

40. A. 根据“清清浊元浊, [t, d] 之后读 [ɪd]”的读音规则, 即 -ed 在清辅音后多读 [t]; -ed 在 [t, d] 后读 [ɪd], 如 needed, interested; -ed 在浊辅音及元音字母后多读 [d]。

41. A. au 在重读音节中多读 [ə:], 但在 because 一词中, au 读 [ə]。

42. D. ough 重读时, ou 多读 [ə:], 但 cough 一词中 ou 读 [ɔ:]。

43. A. 44. C. 45. A.

二、词 汇

(一) 单词拼写

【典型疑难题测试】

(A) 根据释义及首字母, 完成单词。



1. d _____ : the most important meal of the day
2. b _____ : way built for people to cross over the river
3. D _____ : the twelfth month of the year
4. r _____ : keep sth. in one's heart
5. f _____ : a man working on a farm
6. p _____ : a piece of ground kept for children to play on
7. m _____ : something wrong
8. n _____ : the middle of the day
9. d _____ : not clean
10. a _____ : from one side to the other (of)
11. c _____ : one hundred years
12. a _____ : say "yes" to an idea
13. s _____ : make safe from danger
14. s _____ : the space above the earth
15. v _____ : go to see a place or sb.
16. r _____ : the person who runs
17. w _____ : the coldest season
18. c _____ : make or become different
19. r _____ : move suddenly and quickly
20. k _____ : to hit with the foot
21. e _____ : at any time
22. s _____ : one of the bright things in the night sky
23. h _____ : ready to help others
24. r _____ : give or take something back
25. p _____ : be nice and good to other people; not to make people angry
26. p _____ : feeling sorry for someone
27. r _____ room: a quiet room for students to read in
28. e _____ : in all places
29. k _____ : nice and good to
30. f _____ : very well known
31. w _____ : not having
32. n _____ : not anything



33. t _____ : person on a journey
34. c _____ : pick out from a great number
35. p _____ : man, woman or child
36. r _____ : go up, get higher
37. r _____ : having much money
38. r _____ : get to
39. s _____ : now and then but not very often
40. h _____ : move or do sth quickly
41. v _____ : a place smaller than a town
42. s _____ : not hurt, not in danger
43. h _____ : feeling or showing the need for food
44. w _____ : if; if...or not
45. v _____ : plant that we eat
46. a _____ : in the middle of
47. s _____ : a room in a factory for workers to make things
48. p _____ : two things of the same kind that are often used
49. t _____ : the highest part of something
50. l _____ : a room or building where books are kept
51. a _____ : the season before winter
52. w _____ : be first or do best in a game
53. f _____ : of or from another country
54. j _____ : become a member of
55. a _____ : without others
56. l _____ : alone and unhappy; away from other people
57. a _____ : from one end of to the other
58. a _____ : very nearly but not quite
59. a _____ : in opposition to
60. a _____ : once more; another time
61. s _____ : a member of an army
62. p _____ : feeling or showing happiness
63. a _____ : something unpleasant
64. f _____ : to make or become full



65. f _____ : to come or bring to an end
66. f _____ : before anything else; before the others
67. f _____ : the act of flying; a trip by plane
68. f _____ : to move through the air
69. f _____ : to come or go after
70. f _____ : to fail to remember; put out of one's mind
71. f _____ : not busy; without work or duty
72. f _____ : ready to act as a friend
73. g _____ : a piece of land, near a house, on which flowers and vegetables may be grown
74. g _____ : pleased and happy
75. h _____ : almost not
76. h _____ : a time of rest from work, a day or longer
77. h _____ : the place where one usually lives with one's family
78. h _____ : a building for people to live or work in
79. m _____ : a building or an open place where people meet to buy and sell goods
80. m _____ : to take milk from (a cow, goat, or other animals)
81. t _____ : at that time; next
82. b _____ : to make (one or more things) by putting pieces together
83. q _____ : a 4th part of a whole
84. t _____ : into at one side, and out at the other
85. t _____ : to feel with the hands or fingers
86. w _____ : to stay somewhere without doing anything until somebody or something comes or something happens
87. w _____ : a small clock to be worn or carried
88. w _____ : the soft thick hair which sheep and some goats have
89. t _____ : needing to rest or sleep
90. w _____ : strongly moving air
91. e _____ : try to do (write) the same as others
92. m _____ : a game between two people or two teams
93. e _____ : the place where two roads or streets meet



94. c _____ : a place at which a road, river, etc. may be crossed
95. s _____ : an outdoor or indoor game
96. h _____ : something happened in the past
97. c _____ : many people together
98. k _____ : things that we have known or learned
99. o _____ : many times
100. p _____ : that can be done
101. m _____ : make something broken useful again
102. e _____ : opening, gate, door for people to go in
103. b _____ : the meal eaten in the morning
104. c _____ : make food
105. t _____ : either of two children born together of the same mother
106. i _____ : make something not having before
107. g _____ : a number of persons or things together
108. t _____ : moving near to a place
109. d _____ : come to an idea after thinking
110. e _____ : the word on which we live, land, ground
111. p _____ : like better
112. s _____ : more than two, fewer than many
113. q _____ : with little or no sound
114. t _____ : a kind of machine used for doing farm work
115. m _____ : piece of glass used for looking at oneself
116. w _____ : very good, very nice
117. d _____ : not the same
118. b _____ : get something by giving money for it
119. c _____ : quick learning and understand things
120. t _____ : tell again, tell in a different way or a different language
121. b _____ : buying or selling things
122. d _____ : going a long way down
123. k _____ : a thing that can cut things
124. f _____ : look for and get back the lost things
125. s _____ : laugh without opening the mouth



126. f _____ : one of the parts of the hand
127. f _____ : big place of land with many trees
128. l _____ : not want to work; not working
129. b _____ : grow, turn or change to be
130. m _____ : fail to catch
131. n _____ : not this side nor the other
132. t _____ : with each other
133. s _____ : make something clean with a broom
134. b _____ : next to
135. d _____ : not easy, hard
136. b _____ : not only one but also the other
137. k _____ : made of metal for locking or unlocking
138. u _____ : not pleased; sad
139. b _____ : the day when you are born
140. a _____ : every time, all the time
141. F _____ : the second month of the year
142. n _____ : a piece of paper for everyday news
143. s _____ : give out bright light
144. d _____ : very good to eat or smell
145. i _____ : a piece of land with water all around it
146. g _____ : big, important
147. h _____ : to get sounds through the ear
148. q _____ : a line of people waiting for something
149. d _____ : a result with neither side winning
150. g _____ : something one wishes to reach; (in football games) the place where the ball must go
151. s _____ : a short piece of music with words for singing
152. c _____ : put one thing over another
153. u _____ : different from, not in the same way
154. l _____ : not heavy
155. w _____ : make clean with water
156. c _____ : easy to see, hear, read or understand



157. c _____ : the most important city in a country

158. b _____ : at the back of

159. t _____ : a part of school year

160. d _____ : not living, without life

(B) 根据句意及首字母, 完成单词。

1. Be c _____ ! There is lots of traffic on the street.

2. Look! mum, my shoes are w _____ out. Shall I buy a new p _____.

3. "How can that be true? I've already finished all of them." Li Lei asked in s _____.

4. Between October and December is N _____.

5. I'd like to drop maths because I find it very d _____.

6. I'm very t _____. I need something to drink.

7. I'm s _____ to hear that. Did you send for a doctor?

8. There are many new words in the text. Could I use your d _____?

9. I don't want to watch TV this evening. I'll listen to music i _____.

10. It is sunny today. The children are enjoying t _____ in the park.

11. The trousers are too e _____. Would you please show me a cheaper pair?

12. She put on her new dress and went to look at h _____ in the mirror.

13. Mary bought a mirror last week. But it was b _____ yesterday. She has to buy a new o _____.

14. Your shoes are too dirty. You'd better b _____ them.

15. Take the m _____, and you'll be all right soon.

16. You can see many kinds of a _____ in that zoo.

17. The man was badly hurt. You'd better take him to a h _____ at once.

18. Keep together, I don't want any of you to get l _____.

19. London is the c _____ of England.

20. Don't laugh at them when they are in t _____.

21. I'm going to ring John. Would you please tell me his telephone n _____?

22. The apples are hard to reach. We need a l _____.

23. When you wait for a bus, you mustn't jump the q _____.

24. The mother looks very w _____ because her son hasn't come back yet.

25. I'm not doing anything because I f _____ and hurt my neck last week.



26. My full name is Jim Allan Green. Green is my f _____ name.
27. Jim is s _____ for James.
28. March 8 is W _____ Day.
29. Thomas Edison was a great American i _____.
30. Don't you think the radio is too n _____? Please turn it off.
31. He lives in a very tall building. He uses a l _____ to go up and down.
32. If you want to be thinner and h _____, you should eat l _____ food and take more e _____.
33. Farmers always hope to have a good h _____ in autumn.
34. I'm afraid you can't see her for some time. She is now on her i _____ to London.
35. You can find your favourite TV p _____ on Channel 9.
36. We're t _____ too often. So we never feel lonely.
37. I'm afraid I can't understand you. Can you speak more c _____, please?
38. Don't keep the horse running so fast. It's very d _____.
39. The road was too n _____ for cars to pass.
40. My k _____ of French is very weak.
41. Many h _____ of trees are planted every year in our city.
42. —How many m _____ are there in an hour?
—Sixty.
43. September is the n _____ month of the year.
44. Jack is hungry now, because he didn't have breakfast this m _____.
45. How many kinds of flowers are there in your g _____.
46. "Would you please open the door for me?" the old man asked p _____.
47. The radio says the bad w _____ will last for about two days.
48. Let's go to the school l _____ to borrow some books.
49. The bottle fell down to the ground and b _____.
50. Li Ming is the best student in his class. He can do his homework without any t _____.
51. I'm very t _____, Let's stop to have a rest.
52. —Where is my coat, Mum?
—I p _____ it away for you this morning.