

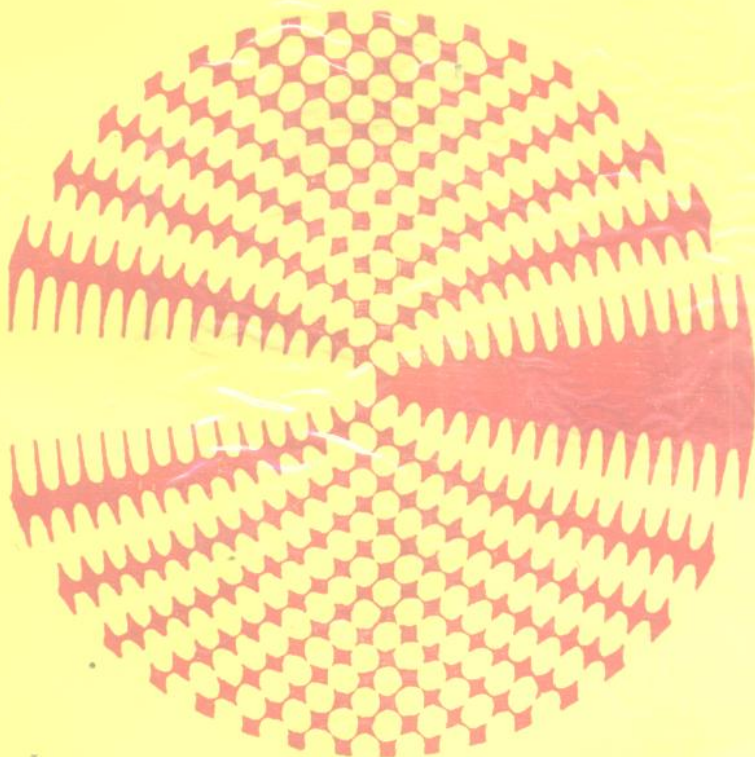
GMAT

词汇和试题大全

培养临场经验 · 提高应考实力

电脑统计词汇 · 三套全新试题 · 标准答案 · 解题技巧

史途 编著



世界图书出版公司

GMAT 词汇和试题大全

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前 言

为了适应广大英语爱好者(特别是有志应试 GMAT 及 GRE 的读者)的需要,我们编著了这本《GMAT 词汇和试题大全》。

GMAT(Graduate Management Admission Test)是攻读 MBA 的必由之路,其范围之广、考题之难实“名不虚传”。考生知难而进,除了解题技巧外,应多做练习并活用常考词汇。本书的编写旨在提供应试的最佳指南和攀摘高分的最好阶梯。

《大全》含以下三大部分:1. 精选 GMAT 常考词汇 900 条,多数辅以同义词及反义词,实际收词多达 3,400 余。词汇采用双解,配以语言精治的例句,这对学习者加深理解、作文、造句有莫大帮助;2. 常用商业词汇,涉及管理、财经、会计、贸易、外贸等学科的常用词汇。上述两项词汇倘能熟记并能活用,则无论考试及业务应付,均能游刃有余;3. 三套模拟试题,每套包括(1)阅读理解(Reading Comprehension)、(2)数学测验(Problem Solving)、(3)逻辑推理(Critical Reasoning)、(4)资料充分性(Data Sufficiency)、(5)写作能力(Writing Ability)等五大类型,每一试题均附原文解题详析。这些试题名曰模拟,其实近似全真,若能仔细研读,必可受益匪浅。

编者

一九九四年十月

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abeam [ə'bi:m] *ad.* 向着船舷

(*at right angles to a ship's keel*)

Their ship came abeam of ours.

他们的船向着我们的船舷靠来。

abhorrence [əb'hɒrəns] *n.* 厌恶;憎恶

✓ (*loathing; detestation*)

A traitor is always held in abhorrence.

叛徒总是人共恶之。

(同) abomination; aversion; hatred

(反) adoration; love

abnegation [æbni'geɪʃən] *n.* 克己;自制

(*the action or quality of giving up, or not trying to get things that one wants*)

No act of abnegation was more pronounced than his refusal of any rewards for his discovery.

他拒绝任何对他发现的奖赏,是最断然的舍弃权力的行为。

(同) relinquishment; self-denial

✓ **abnormality** [æbnɔ: 'mæləti] *n.* 反常;变态

(*different from what is ordinary or expected*)

I can't express a view as to your normality or abnormality.

我说不准你是否正常。

(同) anomaly; peculiarity; unusualness

(反) normality; ordinary

aborigine [æbə'ridʒəni:] *n.* 土著居民

(*a member of one of the tribes which were living in Australia when*

Europeans arrived there)

Pituri is a tobacco-like plant that aborigines chew.

皮特尤里是一种土著居民咀嚼的类似烟草的植物。

(同) aboriginal; native

(反) immigrant; incomer

abortion [ə'bo:ʃən] *n.* (计划、工程等的)中途失败;中止

(a plan or arrangement which breaks down before it can develop properly)

His plan proved an abortion.

他的计划中途夭折了。

(同) failure; misadventure; termination

(反) continuation; success

abrogate ['æbrəgeɪt] *v.* 废除

(to put an end to the force or effect of)

This law has now been abrogated.

这条法律今已取消。

(同) annul; nullify; revoke

(反) enact; establish

absolve [əb'zɒlv] *v.* 赦免;解除

(to free someone from fulfilling a promise or a duty, or from having to suffer for wrongdoing)

The officers would be given a certificate absolving them of any blame.

军官们将拿到一张免于究诘的证明。

(同) clear; discharge; free

(反) charge; confine

abstain [əb'steɪn] *v.* 戒绝;放弃

(to keep oneself from eating, drinking, voting, etc.)

He was kidnapped after refusing to abstain from politics.

他拒绝退出政界后被人绑架了。

(同) decline; give up; refrain

(反) ~~cosset~~ indulge

abstemious [æb'sti:mjəs] *a.* 有节制的

(*having, being, or allowing only a little food, drink, or pleasure*)

He is abstemious in his eating habits.

他一贯饮食有度。

(同) abstinent; restrained; self-disciplined

(反) gluttonous; intemperate; luxurious

abstinence [ˈæbstinəns] *n.* 节制; 戒酒

(*the act of keeping away from pleasant things, esp. from alcoholic drinks*)

The doctor recommended total abstinence from alcoholic beverages.

医生劝告完全禁食含酒精的饮料。

(同) abstemiousness; refraining; temperance

(反) indulgence; self-indulgence

abstruse [æb'stru:s] *a.* 难懂的; 深奥的

(*difficult to understand*)

Philosophical semantics is too abstruse to understand.

哲学语义学派玄而又玄, 无法读懂。

(同) deep; difficult; hidden

(反) concrete; obvious; simple

acerbic [ə'sə:bik] *a.* 尖刻的

(*having or showing the bitterness of speech, temper, or manner*)

He sounded acerbic.

他的话听上去很尖刻。

(同) acrimonious

(反) goodwill

acetic [ə'si:tik] *a.* 醋的; 醋酸的

(*concerning, or producing vinegar*)

The salad had an exceedingly acetic flavor.

那色拉的味道很酸。

(同) acid; tart

acquiesce [ækwi'es] *v.* 勉强同意; 默许

(*to agree, often unwillingly, without raising an argument; accept quietly*)

He acquiesced in the plans his parents had made for him.

他默默地接受他双亲为他安排的计划。

(同) approve; comply; consent

(反) disagree; object

acrimonious [ækri'munjəs] *a.* 尖刻的; 讽刺的

(*bitterly pungent*)

His tendency to utter acrimonious remarks alienated his audience.

他发表尖刻言论的倾向使得他的听众疏远了他。

(同) bitter; severe; spiteful

(反) irenic; kindly; peaceable

actuarial [æktju'ɛəriəl] *a.* 保险统计的

(*pertaining to insurance statistics*)

According to recent actuarial tables, life expectancy is greater today than it was a century ago.

根据最近的保险统计表, 现在的平均寿命高于一世纪以前。

acumen [ə'kju:men] *n.* 敏锐; 聪明

(*ability to think and judge quickly and well*)

His business acumen has made him very successful.

他灵活的生意手法使他非常成功。

(同) astuteness; cleverness; keenness

(反) dullness; obtuseness; stupidity

adamant ['ædəmənt] *a.* 强硬的; 固执的

(*hard, immovable, and unyielding*)

She was adamant, but he, too, showed no sign of yielding.

她很固执,但他也没有让步的表示。

(同) firm; fixed; hard

(反) flexible; hesitant; yielding

adroit [ə'droɪt] *a.* 灵巧的; 精明的

(*quick and skilful in the way of thinking and behaving*)

She has never been adroit at concealment.

她从来不善于隐瞒。

(同) clever; skilled; slick

(反) awkward; unskilled; unskilful

adulation [ædju'leɪʃən] *n.* 谄媚; 奉承

(*very great and uncritical admiration and praise*)

He thrived on the adulation of his henchmen.

他因党羽们的奉承而发达。

(同) acclaim; fawning; flattery

(反) abuse; contempt; scorn

adversary ['ædvəsəri] *n.* 对手; 敌手

(*a person or group to whom one is opposed; opponent or enemy*)

Now the Danube confronts a modern adversary—pollution.

多瑙河如今面对着一个现代敌人——污染。

(同) antagonist; opposer; rival

(反) ally; supporter

aesthetic [i:s'θetik] *a.* 美感的; 审美的

(*of or concerning the sense of beauty*)

He lives in an aesthetic age.

他生在一个美学时代。

(同) appreciative; creative; inventive

affinity [ə'finiti'] *n.* 密切关系; 强大的吸引力

(*relationship, close likeness, or connection; strong attraction*)

There is a strong affinity between them.

他们彼此都很喜爱对方。

(同) attraction; kinship

(反) antipathy; repulsion

affluent ['æfluənt] *a.* 富裕的; 丰富的

(*having plenty of money or other possessions; wealthy*)

The new magazine will be directed at more affluent circulation.

新的杂志将争取更大的发行量。

(同) opulent; prosperous; rich

(反) impoverished; indigent; poor

affront [ə'frʌnt] *v.* 公开侮辱; 有意冒犯

(*to be rude to or hurt the feelings of, esp. in public*)

She looked affronted.

她看上去像是受了侮辱。

(同) insult; offend; slight

(反) appease; compliment

aftermath ['a:ftəməθ] *n.* 不幸事件的后果

(*the result or period following a bad event such as an accident, storm, war, etc.*)

Life was much harder in the aftermath of the war.

战后的生活相当艰苦。

aggressive [ə'gresiv] a. 进取的;

(eager to succeed and behaves in an insistent and forceful way without really caring about other people)

If you want to be a successful businessman you must be aggressive and not worry about other's feelings.

想成为一个成功的商人,就必须有闯劲,而且不要顾虑别人的情感。

(同) assertive; bold; ruthless

(反) obedient; submissive; timid

albeit [ə:l'bi:it] conj. 尽管;即使

(even though; although)

It was a very small albeit important mistake.

尽管严重,却是个小错误。

(同) although; nevertheless

alchemy ['ælkimi] n. 魔力;神秘变化

(the power to do something so well that it seems mysterious and magical)

What alchemy had this governess worked on the boy?

这个家庭女教师在男孩身上施了什么法术?

allusion [ə'lju:ʒən] n. 暗指;引喻

(the act of not speaking of something in an open manner)

His allusions to my failures were unnecessary.

他并无必要影射我失败的事。

(同) inference; quotation; reference

(反) delineation; explanation; specification

alluvial [ə'lju:vjəl] a. 冲积的;淤积的

(being, concerning, or made of soil put down by rivers, lakes, floods,

etc.)

A delta is an alluvial deposit at the mouth of a river.

三角洲是河流入海处的冲积平原。

altercation [ɔ:l'tə:'keɪʃən] *n.* 争论; 争吵

(noisy disagreement; quarrelling)

A violent altercation broke out between them.

他们之间发生了剧烈的争论。

(同) controversy; dispute; quarrel

(反) agreement; harmony; peace

altruism ['æltruizəm] *n.* 利他主义; 无私

(consideration of the happiness and good of others before one's own; unselfishness)

Altruism is the opposite of egoism.

利它主义和利己主义相反。

(同) generosity; humanity; public-spirit

(反) egoism; selfcenteredness; selfishness

ambivalent [æmbi'veɪlənt] *a.* 有矛盾情绪的

(having opposing feelings towards, or opinions about, one person or thing)

I must have acquired an ambivalent attitude towards women from her.

和她相处后,我对妇女肯定会有一种自相矛盾的态度。

(同) contradictory; equivocal; opposed

(反) unequivocal

amenable [ə'mi:nəbl] *a.* 顺从的

(able to be guided or influenced)

We are all amenable to the law.

我们都有遵守法律的义务。

(同) reasonable; responsive; submissive

(反) intractable

ample ['æmpl] a. 大量的; 充裕的。

(*enough or more than is necessary*)

The city's many cultural and sports facilities offer ample recreation.

这座城市的许多文体设施提供了丰富的娱乐活动。

(同) big; bountiful; broad

(反) inadequate; insufficient; meagre

anachronism [ə'nekronizəm] n. 时代错误; 落伍

(*the mistake of placing something in the wrong period of time; something or someone that seems very out of date or old-fashioned*)

That bank is trying to avoid becoming a dreadful anachronism in a modern society.

那银行尽量设法避免在现代社会中过时落伍。

(同) mistake; reversion

analogous [ə'næləgəs] a. 相似的; 可比拟的

(*like or alike in some ways*)

Sleep is analogous to death.

睡眠可以和死亡相比拟。

(同) alike; comparable; corresponding

(反) different; disparate

anathema [ə'næθimə] n. 被憎恨的事物

(*something hated*)

Those terrible ideas are anathema to me.

我痛恨那些可怕的观念。

(同) abhorrence; aversion; bane

anemia [ə'ni:miə] *n.* 贫血

(*the unhealthy condition of not having the proper number of red cells in the blood*)

The doctor ascribes her tiredness to anemia.

医生将她的疲倦归因于贫血。

anguish ['æŋɡwiʃ] *n.* 剧痛;悲痛

(*very great pain and suffering, esp. of mind*)

She was in anguish over her missing child.

因孩子失踪她极为悲痛。

(同) agony; grief; misery

(反) happiness; solace

animated ['ænimieitid] *n.* 活生生的;能活动的。

(*alive, living; moving or able to move*)

The clock was the only animated thing in the quite room.

钟是这个寂静的房间里唯一活动的东西。

(同) active; ardent; vital

(反) inert; lethargic; sluggish

animosity [æni'mɒsiti] *n.* 仇恨;敌意

(*a feeling of strong dislike and anger*)

She could not understand the animosity felt towards Bill by her older brother.

她不能理解她哥哥对比尔何以深恶痛绝。

(同) enmity; hostility; resentment

(反) affection; amity; goodwill

anneal [ə'ni:l] *v.* 锻炼;退火

(*to make hard, to cool very slowly after heating in order to toughen and temper*)

After the glass is annealed, it will be less subject to chipping and cracking.

玻璃退火后就不易打碎。

(同) temper; toughen

annihilate [ə'naɪəleɪt] v. 歼灭; 消灭

(to destroy completely)

We annihilated the enemy.

我们歼灭了敌人。

(同) destroy; eliminate; wipe out

annul [ə'nʌl] v. 宣告…无效; 取消

(declare invalid)

The marriage had subsequently been annulled.

那婚姻后来被宣告无效。

(同) cancel; invalidate; void

(反) enact; restore

anodyne [æ'noudain] a. 解除痛苦的

(sth. which comforts a troubled mind)

I tried to think up some anodyne remarks to soothe her.

我试图想出几句宽心的话来安慰她。

anomaly [ə'nɒməli] n. 异常; 反常

(irregularity; a person or thing that is different from the usual type)

The rise of about ten inches in the ground level along the fault is a large anomaly.

地面沿断层升高 10 英寸左右是一种极其反常的现象。

(同) abnormality; exception; oddity

(反) convention; normality

apathetic [æpə'tetik] *a.* 无感情的;无动于衷的

(without feeling or interest; lacking desire to act)

His apathetic response to the tragedy showed he did not understand the play.

他对悲剧无动于衷的反应说明他没看懂这个戏。

(同) emotionless; indifferent; unemotional

(反) concerned; enthusiastic; feeling

aphasia [æ'feizjə] *n.* 失语症

(the loss of the ability to speak or to understand speech, caused by damage to the brain)

After the automobile accident, the victim had periods of aphasia when he could not speak at all or could only mumble incoherently.

车祸后,那个受害者有几段失语期,他完全不能说话或只能语无论次地咕哝。

aplomb [æ'plɔ:ŋ] *n.* [法]沉着;镇静

(power to remain calmly bold in appearance and behaviour in moments of difficulty)

He regained a little of his aplomb.

他稍稍恢复了镇定。

(同) assurance; calmness; composure

(反) discomposure

apocalyptic [əpɒkə'liptik] *a.* 预示大动乱;启示的

(telling of great misfortunes in the future; revelatory)

His apocalyptic remarks were dismissed by his audience as wild surmises.

他那启示性的言论被听众当作胡乱的臆测而不予理会。

(同) ominous; portentous; prophetic