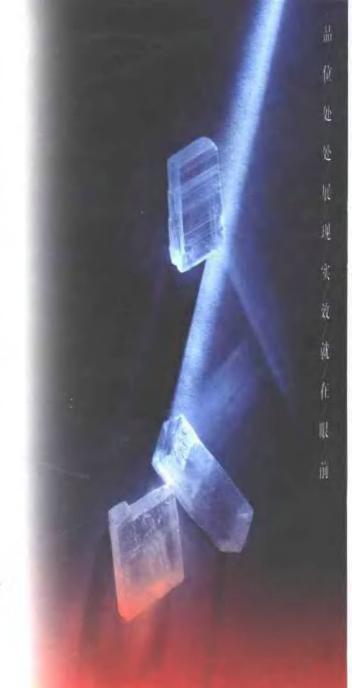
5555

央语完形 填空







北方妇女儿童出版社







思创图书工作室 策划 李宝芝 主编 北方妇女儿童出版社 出版

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

英语完形填空。初三/李宝芝主编。一长春:北方妇女儿童 出版社,2001.6

(五元教辅)

ISBN 7-5385-1856-8

I.英... Ⅱ.李.. Ⅲ.英语课—中学—习题 IV. G634.415

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2001)第 027870 号

英语完形填空·初三

主 编 李宝芝

责任编辑 王振营

出版者 北方妇女儿童出版社

发行者 北方妇女儿童出版社文教图书发展中心

地 址 长春市人民大街 124 号出版大厦 11 层

电 话 0431-5678573

印 刷 二道新艺印刷照排厂

开 本 1/32 850×1168(毫米)

印 张 4.5

2001年7月第2版第1次印刷 ISBN 7-5385~1856-8/G·1149

定价:5.00元

5202./15

出版说明

本丛书自出版以来,受到了众多读者的好评和业内人士的青睐,为满足广大读者和师生们的需求,我们特此进行重印。对其中一些图书,在吸取了读者有益意见和吸收全国中高考最新信息的基础上进行了修订。

本丛书是专门为中小学生设计的。

全套丛书均取材于中小学生们感兴趣的、考试中分值较高而学生们又不易掌握的内容。每册书内容集中,实时性强,易掌握。因此,本丛书体例广泛,不局限于某一种单一的编写体例。同时,本丛书体现着一个基本原则:只要是学生们感兴趣的,考试中出现的,能提高学习能力和素质的,就是我们要推出的。

这是一套开放的、创新的丛书,我们的体例和体系具备了一个"新陈代谢"、"源源不断"的机制。首批 26 种是经过我们和专家精选的作品,是 26 股涓涓的源头之水,会不停地流淌,并不断加入新的细流,终成浩瀚的知识海洋。

和我们的产品一样,我们是一个年轻、 开放、创新的集体,我们将听取来自方方面 面的、对我们、对我们的图书具有积极意义 的建议和意见,以使我们和你们共同成长壮 大,为丛书的使用者、经营者带来惊喜。

联系我们的方式是:

电话:0431-5179560 转 2088 传真:0431-5184262

思朗图书

5 元 教 辅 5 元 教 辅 WUYUANJIAOFU

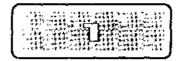
品位处处展现一实效就在眼前

策划/思创图书工作室 责任编辑/王振营 装帧设计/思创图书工作室 发行/文教图书发展中心



ISBN 7-5385-1856-8/G · 1149

定价: 5.00元

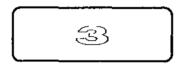


	Nora was sixteen years	old. She had a little t	prother. Her brother's	1 was Jim.
Jim	n was sometimes naughty	(淘气的), <u>2</u> he r	made Nora laugh a lot	, she loved him
an	d was always 3 to hi	m.		
	One afternoon she walk	king from her house to	the shop when she s	saw a smati boy
	4 along the street towa	ırds(朝,向) her. He	was going very fast.	When he came
nea	ar her, she was surprised	t to see it was Jim.		
	"Hi, Jim." Nora shoute	ed to him. "5 are	you running 6 ?"	
	Jim didn't stop, he sa	id to his sister, "I'm	trying to stop7	from fighting(打
架). "			
	Nora laughed and said,	"That's an important	job for <u>8</u> boy,	9_? You do not
do	things like that very ofter	n. Who are the two bo	oys?"	
	"They are Tom and me	." Answered Jim whi	le he <u>10</u> running	down the street
ve	ry quickly.			
()1.A.age	B. nice	C. glad	D. name
()2. A. but	B. or	C. and	D. nor
()3. A. sorry	B. nice	C. glađ	D. well
()4. A. sitting	B. walking	C. running	D. coming
()5. A. Why	B. What	C. When	D. Which
()6. A. like this	B. like it	C. as that	D. like that
()7. A. three boys	B. two boys	C. two men	D. three men
()8. A. a little	B. little	C. small	D. a few
()9. A. aren't you	B. isn't he	C. isn't she	D. isn't it
()10.A.began to	B. went	C. went on	D. started to

答案 1.D 2.A 3.B 4.C 5.A 6.D 7.B 8.A 9.D 10.C

92

David is a little boy of fo	our. Last Sunday his _	1 took him to see hi	is grandma. His
grandma's house is very	2 from them. So the	ey went there by $\underline{3}$	There were
only fifteen people on the b	ous. They were all _	4 in their seats. D	David was very
	bus. His mother ask	ed, " <u>7</u> are you m	unning here and
there? Please sit down here	_8 to me. " "1'd _	9 to see my grandr	na very much.
want this bus to go much	10" David said.		
()1. A. teacher	B. uncle	C. friend	D. mother
()2. A. clean	B. near	C. far	D. different
()3. A. plane	B. bus	C. foot	D. bike
()4. A. eating	B. playing	C. crying	D. sitting
()5. A. hungry	B. tired	C. happy	D. busy
()6. A. running	B. looking	C. waiting	D. standing
()7. A. What	B. Why	C. How	D. When
()8.A. nearly	B. next	C. together	D. far
()9. A. want	B. enjoy	C. hope	D. like
()10.A. slower	B. faster	C. fast	D. farther
答案 1.D 2.C 3.B	4.D 5.C 6.A	7.B 8.B 9.D 10.	В



A judge(法官) was walking in his office one day when a neighbour ran 1 and said, "If one's cow killed 2, is the owner of the cow wrong?"

[&]quot;It depends..... "answered the judge.

[&]quot;Well," said the man, "Your cow has killed 3."

[&]quot;Oh," answered the judge. " $\underline{4}$ that cow can't think like a man, so the cow

isn't wrong, and that means its owner isn't wrong. 5 ..."

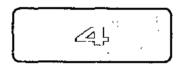
"I'm sorry, judge," said the man, "I make a mistake. I meant that my cow killed yours."

The judge thought $_6$ a few seconds and then said, "When I think $_7$ it more carefully, this isn't as simple(简单的) as I thought $_8$." And then he turned $_9$ his assistant and said, "I made a mistake, $_10$?"

()1.A.down	B. out	C. away	D. in
١.	/ I. A. GOWII	D. Out	C. anay	17.111

()10. A. hadn't B. didn't C. wasn't D. did I

答案 1.D 2.D 3.C 4.D 5.B 6.A 7.A 8.D 9.A 10.B



Polly went to school $\underline{1}$ she was six years old. She enjoyed her first day very much. Her teacher, Miss Green, was very kind, and $\underline{2}$ the other children in her class. But $\underline{3}$ the end of the second day, when the other children left the classroom, Polly stayed behind and waited.

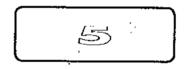
Miss Green had some work 4 and did not 5 Polly at first, but then she looked up and saw her. "Why didn't you go with 6 Polly?" She asked kindty, "Do you want to ask me a question?"

"Yes, Miss Green," Polly said.

" 7 is it?" Miss Green asked.

"What did I do in school today?" Polly said.

Miss Green laughed. She asked, "Why did you ask me that, Polly?" " 8 I'm 9 now, "Polly answered, " 10 my mother is going to ask me." ()1.A. until B. when C. while D. before)2. A. so did B, so were C. so was D. so as)3.A. at B, by C. in D. till)4, A, do B. to do C. doing D. done)5. A. watch B, look C. look at D. see)6. A. other B, others C. the other D. the others)7. A. Why (B. When C. Who D. What ()8.A.As B. Since C. Because D.So. ()9.A. go home B. going home C. go to home D. 20 to the home)10.A.As B. And C. But D. Nor |答 案 I.B 2.B 3.A 4.B 5.D 6.D 7.D 8.C 9.B 10.B



English names and Chinese names are quite different in some $\underline{1}$ ways, but it's not hard for us to know.

Unlike Chinese, most English people have 2 names. One is their family name, both of the other names are given names. Their family name is 3 the given name. They use Mr, Mrs or Miss with the 4 name, but they never use 5 with the first name. For example, we can 6 a man named James Allan Green Mr Green, 7 we can't call him Mr James or Mr Allan. People usually use Jim 8 James. Jim is short for James because it's 9 to remember.

But Chinese names are the opposite. A girl with the name Han Limei $\underline{10}$ her family name Han tirst. Of course, she can be called Ah Mei for short in China if you wish.

()1.A. another	B. other	C. others	D. the others
()2. A. one	B. two	C. three	D. four
()3. A. above	B. front	C. back	D. behind

4

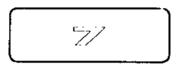
()4. A. last	B. given	C. middle	D. full
()5. A. their	B. them	C. its	D. it
()6. A. ask	B. say	C. call	D. write
()7. A. so	B. or	C. and	D. but
()8. A. instead of	B. for long	C. so far	D. next to
(9. A. important	B. easy	C. difficult	D. interesting
()10.A. put	B. putting	C. puts	D. was put
誉	秦 I.B 2.C 3.D	4.A 5.B 6.C	7.D 8.A 9.B 10).C



Mr Hogg was on his way home. He had been out of work 1 two weeks and could not find 2 job. Today he hadn't had anything 3 and ha had no money in his pockets. "Don't move or shout. Put 4 on your head," a voice came from behind him. Hogg didn't move. Then a thin man came up 5 a gun in his hand. "Give me your money." "But 1 haven't got any." Hogg said. With these words he pulled out his pockets, and they really were all empty. The man didn't believe 6. So Hogg told him everything. 7 hearing his story, the man put his gun away and took out five dollars, saying, "We're in the same boat. Take this." After he put the money into Hogg's hand, he went away 8. Hogg watched the man disappearing(消失) in the darkness (黑暗).

	With the money in	his hand, he!	met to do or what _	<u>10</u> .
()1. A. for	B. at	C. on	D. in
(2. A. other	B. others	C. the other	D. another
()3. A. eat	B. eating	C. ate	D. to eat
()4.A. face	B. head	C. hands	D. arms
()5. A. has	B. have	C. of	D. with
()6.A. his	B. him	C. his word	D. himself
()7.A. When	B. Before	C. After	D. While
()8.A. quick	B. quickly	C. quiet	D. quietly

()9.A. did not know	B. Did know	C. don't know	D. does not know
() 10. A. say	B. said	C. saying	D. to say
答	集 1.A 2.D 3	D 4.C 5.D 6.	B 7.C 8.B 9.A	10.D



Hundreds of years ago, life was $\underline{1}$ than $\underline{2}$ today. People didn't have modern machines. There $\underline{3}$ modern machines, $\underline{4}$.

Life today __5__ new problems. One of the biggest is pollution(污染、污染物). Water pollution has __6__ our rivers and takes dirty. It killed our fish and affects(影响) our drinking water. Noise pollution makes us __7__ louder and __8__. Air pollution is the most serious kind of pollution. It affects __9__ living thing in the world.

Cars, planes and factories all pollute(污染) our air every day. Sometimes the pollution is so <u>10</u> that it is like a quilt over a city. This kind of quilt is called smog. (烟雾)

D. it is

()1. A. more hard

C. much harder

D. much more harder

()2. A. they

B. they were

C. it was

D. much more harder

()3. A. were not B. was no C. were D. was ()4. A. either B. too C. also D. neither

()5. A. bring B. have C. have got D. has brought

()6.A. made B. let C. taken D. changes

()7. A. say B. talk C. tell D. spoke

()8. A. feel happy more quickly B. get angry much easier

C. become angry more easily D. feel sad more slowly

19. A. most B. all C. one D. every

) 10. A. thin B. thick C. hard D. light

答 集 1.C 2.D 3 B 4.A 5.D 6.A 7.B 8.C 9.D 10.B

6 英语完形填空 / 初三



A judge(法官) was working in his office one day when a neighbour ran _	1_	and
said, "If one's cow killed 2, is the owner(所有者) of the cow wrong?"		
said, If the s cow kined 2, is the owner(所有有) of the cow wrong;		

"It depends(那要看情况)…" answered the judge.

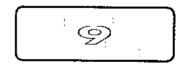
"Well," said the man, "your cow has killed $\underline{3}$."

"Oh," answered the judge. " $_4$ that a cow can't think like a man, so the cow is not wrong, and that means its owner is not wrong, 5."

"I'm sorry, judge," said the man. "I made a mistake. I meant that my cow killed yours."

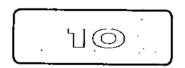
The judge thought $_6$ a few seconds and than said, "when I think $_7$ it more carefully, this is not as simple(简单) as I thought $_8$." And then he turned $_9$ his assistant(助手) and said. "I made a mistake, $_10$?"

()1.A.down	B. out	C. away	D. in
()2.A. another	B. the others	C. the other	D. another's
()3. A. his	B. him	C. mine	D. me
()4.A.1 know	B. You know	C. Both of us	D. Everybody knows
()5. A. too	B. either	C. also	D. neither
()6 . A. for	B. of	C. out	D. about
()7. A. about	B. around	C. over	D. up
()8. A. before	B. usual	C. last	D. first
()9. A. to	B. at	C. before	D. in front of
() 10 . A. hadn't I	B. didn't 1	C. wasn't I	D. did I
答	案 1.D 2.D	3.C 4.D 5.B	6. A 7. A 8. A	9. A 10. B



A man had a poor memory(记性). One day he went to town to see his wife who

had got a high fever and wa	as <u>1</u> . He took h	is <u>2</u> son with hir	n because his wife	
missed the baby very much. As he was carrying a basket of eggs, he had to put the ba-				
by onto his shoulders(肩膀)	by onto his shoulders(肩膀).			
When he had got half -	way, he feit tired and	d wanted 3_ rest.	As soon as he put	
4 basket on the ground	, he found that his s	on <u>5</u> . He was so	ofrightened that he	
began to look for him at one	began to look for him at once. He tried his best, but he couldn't find him. So he asked			
every person(人) he met,	"Have you seen my	son?" When a man,	, neighbour of his,	
heard this, he couldn't help	6_ and said, "	7_ you are! Isn'	the riding on your	
shoulders?" The man became	ne angry, pulled the t	baby 8 at once a	ind gave him a slap	
(耳光) on the face. "Where				
somewhere without10		•		
()1. A. in the hospital		B. one the hospital	l	
C. in hospital		D. on hospital		
()2. A. two - years - old		B. two - year - old		
C. two year old		D. two years		
()3.A. take	B. have	C. to have a	D. to take	
()4.A.a	B. an	C. the	D.×	
()5. A. is gone	B. has been	C. was gone	D. was off	
()6. A. laugh	B. to laugh	C. laughing	D. laughed	
()7.A. What strange	B. How a strange	C. What a strange	D. How strange	
()8.A.up	B. down	C. onto	D. in	
()9.A.been	B. run	C. gone	D. stayed	
()10. A. saying	B. telling	C. talking	D. telling to	
答案 1.C 2.B 3.C	4.C 5.C 6.C	7.D 8.B 9.A	10.B	



One day a shark(鲨鱼) met a monkey. The shark said, "Hello, my friend! Would you please come to my house? My mother and 1 in my family want to 2 you. We 3 so much about you every day, but we have never seen you."

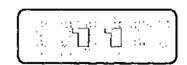
"That's very good," the monkey said, "but you see I can't swim. How can I
4 there?"

"Oh, it's easy. Sit on my back, I'll carry you there." The monkey sat on the shark's back and they set off. On _5_ way, the shark said, "I must tell you that my mother is ill. She will be _6_ again if she _7_ your heart. That's _8_! bring you here."

"But i'm sorry. I forget where Lleft my heart. Take me back to find it, please," said the monkey. "You are forgetful(健忘的). Let's go back 9 it," the shark said.

As they got back to the bank, the monkey climbed up the tree and $\underline{10}$ the shark waiting for him in the sea.

() 1. A. another	B. the other	C. the others	D. others
()2.A.see	B. find-	C. watch	D. look
()3.A. say	B. tell	C. speak	D. talk
()4.A. come	B. get	C. run	D. walk
()5.A. some	B. a	C. their	D. are
()6.A. good	B. well	C. better	D. nice
()7.A. will eat	B. ate	C. eats	D. is eating
()8. A. why	B. what	C. who	D. how
()9. A. with	B. about	C. to	D. for
() 10 . A. found	B. see	C. saw	D. find
2	秦 1.C 2.A 3.E	0 4.B 5.C 6.B	7.C 8.A 9.D 1	0.A

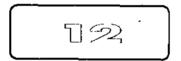


Peter was ten years old. One day his friend Paul said to him, "I'm going to have a birthday party 1 Saturday afternoon, Peter. Can you come?"

Peter asked his mother, and she said, "Yes, you $\underline{2}$." She phoned Paul's mother 3.

Before Peter went to the party, his mother said to him, "Now, Peter, don't forget 4. Don't ask for food. Wait until someone 5."

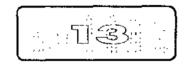
	"All right, Mom," Pete	r answered, and he	went to Paul's hous	e <u>6</u> .
	There7_ a lot of ch	ildren at the party.	They played togethe	er for an hour. And
the	n <u>8</u> gave them some	food; but she forgot	t to give Peter <u>9</u>	He waited polite-
ly f	or a few minutes, and the	en he held his plate	up in the air and sai	id loudly, "10
any	one want a nice clean pl	ate?"		
()1. A. in	B. on	C. for	D. at
()2. A. must go	B. can't go	C. will go	D. can go
()3. A. tell her	B. to come	C. to go	D. to tell her
()4. A. to eat much	B. to be polite	C. to eat enough	D. to show hungry
()5.A. gives it you	B. see you	C. gives it to you	D. looks for you
()6.A. by bicycle	B. by a bicycle	C. by the bicycle	D. by his bicycle
()7.A. was	B. is	C. am	D. were
()8. A. Peter	B. Paul's mother	C. Paul	D. one child
()9. A. much	B. a lot	C. any	D. some
() 10 . A. Does.	B. Is	C. Do	D. Have
答	案 1.B 2 D 3.D	4.B 5.C 6.A	7.D 8.B 9.C	10.A



One morning our English teacher was 1 and Miss Zhou, a new 2, gave us						
a lesson instead. When the bell rang, she came in and the class began.						
Just then, Ling Feng, a boy who was 3 late for school, ran to the 4 and						
asked, "May I come in?" Miss Zhou was speaking and didn't hear5 After a mo-						
ment she saw a boy $\underline{-6}$ at the door and went over to him. "Who are you looking						
$\underline{7}$?" she asked. We all $\underline{8}$. Miss Zhou's face turned red and looked at us in sur-						
prise. At that moment a student 9 up and said that the boy was in that class.						
()1.A. coming	B. ill	C. teaching	D. busy			
()2.A. student	B. friend	C. teacher	D. worker			
()3.A. very	B. often	C. too	D. nearly			

10

()4. A. desk	B. door	C. teacher	D. blackboard
()5.A.us	B. it	C. him	D. them
()6. A. standing	B. sitting	C. speaking	D. walking
()7.A. after	B. in	C. over	D. for
()8. A. cried	B. left	C. laughed	D. listened
()9 A. put	B. stood	C. looked	D. rang
()10.A. Until	B. If	C. When	D. Before
2	字 LR 2 C 3 R	4.B. 5.C. 6.A	7.D. 8.C. 9.B. 10	·C



More than one hundred years ago, there $\underline{1}$ a great French scientist with the name Ampere.

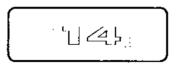
One day, Mr Ampere went out for <u>2</u> in the street. There were <u>3</u> people and much traffic there. But all this was nothing to him. He was thinking about a Maths 4. He had no paper with him. 5 could be work it out?

Then he saw a blackboard 6 him. He quickly walked up to it. He 7 a piece of chalk and wrote his problem on the blackboard. Then he started 8 on it. The blackboard moved a little, but he did not notice (注意). The blackboard moved on, and Mr Ampere walked after it. Then he started to run. But the blackboard moved faster and faster. At last he stopped 9.

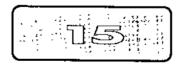
What did he see? Why, the "blackboard" was <u>10</u> a blackboard. It was the back of a carriage(四轮马车)!

()1. A. is	B. was	C. are	D. were
()2. A. shopping	B. a lesson	C. a walk	D. school
()3.A.a lot of	B. much	C. a lot	D. few
()4. A. book	B. question	C. homework	D. problem
()5. A. What	B. How	C. When	D. Why
()6.A. in front of	B. at the top of	C at the foot of	D. next to
()7 A. made	B. took out	C. needed	D. borrowed

B, to read C, to work D. to think ()8. A. to answer R to have a walk 39. A. to have a rest D. to have a look C. to have a test C. like D. just) 10. A. really B. not 答 案 1.B 2.C 3.A 4.D 5.B 6.A 7.B 8.C 9. D 10.B



Last Saturday No. 14 Middle School 1 a sports meeting 2 the playground. Class 3, Grade 3 did very well. Wu Dong 3 the boys' 100-metre race. Bill did very well in the 4 high jump. zhang Jun, 5 boy from Class 3, also did quite well. He was second. In the girls' long jump, Liu Mei jumped 6 of all. She was the best of all. I was not in any of the sports __7__ I wasn't very well. But I __8 __ the sports meeting 9 and 10 my classmates' clothes.)1. A. holds B. holded C. held. D. holding)2. A. at B. on C. over D. in)3. A. won (B. beat C. wins D. beaten)4. A. boys' B. teachers' C. girls' D. women's)5. A. other B. the others C. others D. another)6. A. farther B. longer C. farthest D. longest)7. A. but B. so C. and D. because)8. A. saw B. watched C. looked D. seen)9. A. happy B. happily C. sad D. quiet)10.A. looked after B. looked for C. looked at D. looked over 答案 1.C 2.B 3.A 4.A 5.D 6.C 7.D 8.B 9.B 10.A



Mr and Mrs Smith were singers, and they travelled to a lot of countries. When they

12 英语完形填空 / 初三