

# 考研英语 大纲词汇 学习手册

◎朱泰祺 编著

35 年考研英语辅导经验

15 年教育部考试中心考研英语评分细则制订组专家

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- ① 常用前缀、后缀及其示例



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图书在版编目(CIP)数据

考研英语大纲词汇学习手册：2018版 / 朱泰祺编著

-- 北京：北京航空航天大学出版社，2018.2

ISBN 978-7-5124-2623-8

I. ①考… II. ①朱… III. ①英语—词汇—研究生—  
入学考试—自学参考资料 IV. ①H313

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2018)第 012045 号

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考研英语大纲词汇学习手册

朱泰祺 编著

责任编辑 江小珍

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北京航空航天大学出版社出版发行

北京市海淀区学院路 37 号(邮编 100191) <http://www.buaapress.com.cn>

发行部电话:(010)82317024 传真:(010)82328026

读者信箱:bhpress@263.net 邮购电话:(010)82316936

保定市中国画美凯印刷有限公司印装 各地书店经销

\*

开本:787×1092 1/16 印张:33 字数:1217 千字

2018 年 2 月第 1 版 2018 年 2 月第 1 次印刷

ISBN 978-7-5124-2623-8 定价:59.80 元

# 前言

本书是按照非英语专业最新版《全国硕士研究生入学统一考试英语(一)考试大纲》所规定的词汇表编写的。按新大纲规定,英语(一)除继续供全国统考使用外,部分专业学位类别也可选用英语(一)。**考试大纲英语(二)的词汇表和英语(一)的词汇表相同。**

许久以来,我深深感到已经初步掌握了基本语法规则和相当数量词汇的考研学生应该有一本符合实战需要的考研英语词汇学习手册。这本手册应该是一本具有考研特色的综合性词汇手册。经过多年的笔耕,在北京航空航天大学出版社的大力支持下,我的梦想于2007年基本上实现了。近年来我又根据读者在使用中的实际需要每年进行了较大幅度的修订。

那么,考生应如何使用这本词汇学习手册呢?我认为,一方面,考生应该在备考时做各项练习的过程中反复查阅词汇手册,即把词汇学习融入考研各个项目的准备中去。就拿“阅读理解”来说吧,考生应该在精读时勤查词汇学习手册,适当做一点词汇学习笔记,然后反复背记以便巩固学到的词汇知识,从而促进阅读能力的提高。又如,在写作练习中为了造出正确的英语句子,就需要查阅词汇学习手册来了解词的确切词义、搭配关系、同根词、近义词、反义词和常用的成语。另一方面,考生应该有计划地通读这本手册。通读过程中将没有掌握的词汇用铅笔勾出来,利用零碎的时间再反复背记,这就是词汇学习中的所谓“两条腿走路”的学习方法。

本书的特点如下:

一、书中词义的注释一般用汉语,但对考生在理解上有困难的词汇或成语加上了英语注释,以便加深考生对词义的理解。

二、尽管目前考试大纲中列出了某些词汇的同根词,但在考研试卷中出现的同根词远远超出了大纲列出的范围,因此,作者在编写本书时在某些词条下增加了大量常考的同根词及其词性和词义。

三、为帮助考生把学过的词汇有机地联系起来,书中列出了常用词的同义词、近义词、反义词和合成词,并对某些近义词做了简明扼要的辨析。

四、本书给出了绝大部分词汇的常用搭配和例句。例句既有简单易懂的,又有比较复杂的,以便考生通过词汇学习提高阅读理解能力。

五、本书选用了709条考研试卷中的真题作为某些词汇的例句,这就使词汇学习和考试的实战需要紧密结合起来。

六、对于由大纲词汇所构成的成语,为实用起见,本书不贪多求全,只列出常用、常考的成语并附上例句。

七、为使考生在词汇学习中能进行综合性自测,笔者编写了词汇自测练习400题并给出了答案,还在北京航空航天大学出版社的网上增值服务中给出了详细注释。

八、为便于考生扩大词汇量,本书介绍了构词知识并给出了常用的前缀和后缀及其示例。

在本书编写过程中,张建群副教授协助我编写了部分初稿,王秀丽同志帮助我做了大量文字工作,朱临川先生对本书编写的宏观框架给予了指导。在此一并致谢。书中大部分例句选自国内外众多辞书和考研试卷,在此不一一写明出处,谨向原作者表示诚挚的谢意。

由于编者水平有限,书中肯定会有不尽如人意之处。欢迎广大读者和英语界同仁不吝指正。

联系方式:(010) 64434217



2018年1月

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## A

## A

a [ə; 重读 eɪ], an [ən] (用于元音前)

art. (不定冠词) 1. 一个(=one)。 2. 某一个(=a certain)。 3. (表类属)某类人或物中的一个。

4. 用在主语中,代表一类人或物。 5. (用在某些物质名词前)一种,一份。 6. (用在表示风、雨等的名词前)一阵。 7. 也可和一个序数词连用,表示“再一(个、次)”: Then he copied the article a second time. (然后他把文章又抄了一遍。)

abandon [əˈbænd(ə)n]

vt. 1. (=give up because of being useless) 放弃: She was obliged to abandon that idea. (她被迫放弃那个想法。) 2. (=desert) 遗弃, 弃掉:

【1997年试题】The lost car of the Lees was found abandoned in the woods off the highway. (李家丢失的汽车被发现丢在公路旁的树林里。)

【2004年试题】I don't know if other clients are going to abandon me, too. (我不知道是否其他的顾客也打算抛弃我。)

【成语】

• **abandon oneself to** (=yield completely to) 听任(感情泛滥), 陷入, 沉溺于: He abandoned himself to grief. (他不胜悲痛。)

n. (=abandonment) 主要用于 with abandon 尽情地, 任意地: The girls jumped up and down and waved their arms with abandon. (女孩们欢跳着, 尽情地挥舞手臂。)

【同根词】**abandoned adj.** 被弃的; 放纵的: lead an abandoned life 过放纵无度的生活。

abdomen [əbˈdɒmən]

n. 腹部。

【同义词】**belly, stomach**。

abide [əˈbaɪd]

vi./vt. (abided 或 abode) 1. 遵守, 服从(by) (=conform to, comply with, act in accordance with sth.): He abided by his word. (他恪守诺言。)

【2012年试题】a longstanding commitment to abide by the state's nuclear regulations 长期承诺遵守该州的核电规章。

【近义词】**conform to, comply with, observe**。

2. (和 can 连用, 用于否定句或疑问句)

vt. (=tolerate, withstand, put up with) 忍受, 容忍: I can't abide loud noise. (我无法忍受大的噪声。)

【近义词】**tolerate, endure, bear**。

【同根词】**abidance n.** 遵守。 **abiding adj.** 持久不变的。

ability [əˈbɪlɪti]

n. 1. 能力, 能够(多作不可数名词): The child's reading ability was satisfactory for his age level. (这个孩子的阅读能力就其年龄而言是令人满意的。) 2. [pl.] 能力, 才能: From each according to his abilities, to each according to his work. (各尽所能, 按劳取酬。)

【成语】

• **to the best of one's ability** 尽力地: I tried to do my work to the best of my ability. (我试图尽力做我的工作。)

able [ˈeɪb(ə)l]

adj. 1. (和 be 连用, 跟不定式) 能够: The doctors are not able to agree with it. (医生们不能赞同这一点。) 2. 还可用作定语: He made a very able speech. (他做了一次很有水平的演讲。)

【近义词】**capable**。

【合成词】**able-bodied** 身体强健的。

abnormal [æbˈnɔ:m(ə)l]

adj. (=not normal) 不正常的: It is abnormal for a man to walk in his sleep. (人梦游是不正常的。)

【反义词】**normal adj.** 正常的。

aboard [əˈbɔ:d]

adv. 上船[车、飞机等]: All aboard! (请大家上船!) It's time to go aboard. (该登机了。) Welcome aboard! (欢迎登机!)

prep. 上(车、船等): They went aboard the ship. (他们都上了船。)

abolish [əˈbɒlɪʃ]

vt. (=end the existence of, do away with) 废除, 消除, 取消: Capital punishment was abolished some years ago. (几年以前就废除了极刑。)

【近义词】**cancel, do away with, put an end to**。

【同根词】**abolition n.** 废除。

abound [əˈbaʊnd]

vi. 1. (=be filled with) 有大量的...(和 in 或 with 连用): Some languages abound in idioms. (有些语言有大量的习语。) 2. 大量存在(=be great in number or amount): Fish abound in the ocean. (鱼类大量生长在海洋里。)

【2011年试题】As the economy picks up, opportunities will abound for aspiring leaders. (随着经济的复苏好转, 对于有抱负的领导人来说机遇将会大量存在。)

【2012年试题】Opportunities for misinterpretation, error, and self-deception abound. (产生误

## A

解、错误和自欺的机会大量存在。)

【同根词】**abounding** *adj.* 丰富的。

**about** [ə'baʊt]

**prep.** 1. 关于(在不同场合有不同译法,注意各种搭配): I want to consult you. It's about my boy. (我想和你商量。这是关于我孩子的事。) 2. 在...周围,围绕: There was a white fence about the house. (屋子周围有一道白色的篱笆。) 3. 在...范围内(到处...): After tea I wandered alone about the town. (喝完茶后,我一人 在城里到处徘徊。) 4. 在...附近(一带),在身边: His face was swollen about the eyes and nose. (他的眼睛周围和鼻子边都肿了。) 5. (某人、某地、某物)有某特点: There is a strange smell about him. (他身上有一股怪味。)

## 【成语】

• **be about** 在做(某事),忙于(某事): What are you about? Do come along. (你在忙什么呀? 请一定过来玩。)

• **What [How] about ...** ...怎么样, ...怎么办: Of course I'll come. What about Friday? (当然,我去。星期五怎么样?)

**adv.** 1. 到处,四处(活动): I am used to going about alone. (我习惯于一个人四处走走。) 2. 在附近: Nobody seemed about, so I went in. (附近似乎没有人,因此我就进去了。) 3. 大约,大概(多和一个数词连用,表示数量、长度、年龄、时间等): I shall be with you in about twenty minutes. (大约过 20 分钟我到你那里。) 4. 差不多,大概: He was about the same age as Philip. (他和菲利普的年龄差不多。)

## 【成语】

• **be about to do sth.** 正要[将要]做某事:

【2004 年试题】Could the bad old days of economic decline be about to return? (昔日经济衰退的倒霉日子会不会再重现?)

• **be not about to** 在美国有时表示“不愿”或“不打算”: I'm not about to stop when I'm so close to success. (我不打算停止,我已非常接近成功。)

**above** [ə'baʊv]

**prep.** 1. 在...上方(和 below 相对): The office was in darkness except for the solitary light above his desk. (除了办公桌上有一盏孤灯,办公室内一片漆黑。) 2. 在...之上,比...高/强,高于,超过: The temperature was only a degree above zero. (温度只有零上一度。) 3. (和数词连用)超过, ...以上: That car costs above £2 000. (那辆汽车价格超过 2 000 英镑。) 4. 不至于(做出

某事),不属于(作表语): Some of the staff are not above putting their hands in the cashbox. (有些工作人员竟把手伸进钱箱。) 5. 不致受到,不容(注意搭配词): His conduct has always been above suspicion. (他的行为一直是不容怀疑的。)

## 【成语】

• **above all** 最重要的是,特别是: Above all, he was a first-rate mathematician. (最重要的,他是一位第一流的数学家。)

• **above all things/everything** 比什么都重要的是,最最: What I need, you know, above all things, is criticism. (你知道,我最最需要的是批评。)

• **be above sb./one's head** 太高深,无法理解: Well, this sort of talk is above me. (喔,这种谈话我无法理解。)

• **get above oneself** 自以为了不起。

• **over and above** 除了...外: He makes a little money on the side, over and above his salary. (除了工资以外,他还额外挣一点钱。)

**adv.** 1. 上方(的): Seen from above, the fields looked like a geometrical pattern. (从天空看下来,田野像一块几何图形。) 2. 前面(上面),上述: The above-mentioned rule will come into force in June. (上述规则将于六月生效。)

**n.** 上述的事: I finished writing the above at one o'clock. (我在一点钟写完上述材料。)

**abroad** [ə'brɔ: d]

**adv.** 1. 在国外: He set his heart on pursuing further studies abroad. (他下决心到国外进修。)

2. 往国外,到国外: I'm afraid people will be down on me for taking you abroad. (恐怕人们会因为我带你到国外而对我十分不满。) 3. 在外面传: Rumors of victory were abroad. (胜利的谣言在外面传播。)

**abrupt** [ə'brʌpt]

**adj.** 1. (= sudden, unexpected) 突然的,猛然的: The road is full of abrupt turns. (路上充满急转弯。) 2. (= rough, impolite) 粗鲁,没礼貌: He has a very abrupt manner. (他举止粗鲁。)

【同根词】**abruption** *n.* 突然中断。

**absence** [æbs(ə)ns]

*n.* 缺席,不在;没有,不存在。

【反义词】**presence**。

【同根词】**absent** [æbs(ə)nt] *adj.* 1. 缺席,不在: He was absent from the meeting. (他没有到会。)

2. 茫然的: He had an absent look on his face. (他脸上一片茫然。) 3. 不存在的,没有的: Snow is

absent in some countries. (有些国家没有雪。) **vt.** [əb'sent] 用于 absent oneself (from) 缺席: Why did you absent yourself from school yesterday? (昨天你为什么不上学?) **absentee n.** 缺席者。

**absenteeism n.** 旷工; 旷课。

【合成词】**absent-minded adj.** 心不在焉的。

**absolute** [ˈæbsəlu:t]

**adj.** 1. (= complete, perfect) 绝对的, 完全的: His story was an absolute lie. (他的陈述是一派谎言。) 2. (= completely certain) 肯定的, 确实的: It is an absolute fact. (这是千真万确的事实。)

【注意】有时表示“专制的”或“独立的”: An absolute ruler can do just as he pleases. (专制的统治者可以为所欲为。)

【同根词】**absolutely adv.** 完全地, 绝对地。

**absorb** [əb'sɔ:b]

**vt.** 1. (= take in, suck up) 吸收(水分、知识等), 吸引: The powder absorbs more heat and thus speeds the melting. (这种粉末吸收更多的热量, 因而加速了溶解。) 2. (= hold the attention or interest of sb.) 吸引(注意力、精力等): His business absorbs him. (他专心致志地处理业务。) 3. (= include sth./sb. as part of itself or oneself) 把某物/某人合并, 并吞: The larger company absorbed the smaller one. (那大公司并吞了那小公司。)

【2006年试题】People are absorbed into a culture of consumption launched by the 19<sup>th</sup>-century department stores that offered vast arrays of goods in an elegant atmosphere. (人们融入19世纪百货商店所开创的消费文化中去, 这些商店在高雅的气氛中向顾客提供品种纷繁的货物。)

【成语】

• **be absorbed in** (= be lost in) 专注于, 聚精会神(干某事): He was absorbed in a book. (他专心读书。)

【同根词】**absorbent adj.** 能吸水的。 **absorbing n.** 吸引人的。 **absorption n.** 吸收; 专心致志。

**abstract** [ˈæbstrækt]

**adj.** 抽象的: His plans were too abstract to be put into operation. (他的计划太抽象无法实施。)

【反义词】**concrete** 具体的。

【成语】

• **in the abstract** (= in a theoretical way) 抽象地说, 理论上: I like dogs in the abstract, but I can't bear this one. (一般来说, 我喜欢狗, 但这一只我却受不了。)

**n.** 集中表现, 提纲, 摘要: An individual is an abstract of humanity. (个人是人类的集中表现。)

**vt.** 提炼出, 抽象出, 写出提纲: to abstract metal from

ore 从矿石中提炼金属。The author abstracted his book. (作者写出了他的书的提纲。)

【同根词】**abstracted adj.** (= absent-minded) 心不在焉的, 出神的。 **abstraction n.** 抽出, 取走; 抽象概念; 心不在焉。

**absurd** [əb'sɜ:d]

**adj.** (= unreasonable, not sensible) 愚蠢的, 荒唐的, 可笑的: Even sensible men do absurd things. (理智的人也会做出荒唐的事。)

【近义词】**foolish, ridiculous.**

【同根词】**absurdity n.** 荒谬。

**abundance** [ə'band(ə)ns]

**n.** 1. (= a great quantity, plenty) 丰足, 大量(不可数, 和 in 连用): He lives in abundance. (他生活过得很富裕。) 2. 大量的(和不定冠词及 of 连用): There is also an abundance of first-class timber. (还有大量优质木材。)

【近义词】**plenty.**

【同根词】**abundant** [ə'band(ə)nt] **adj.** (= more than enough; rich) 大量的, 充裕的, 丰富的(in/with)。

【近义词】**plentiful.**

【成语】

• **be abundant in/with** 有丰富的, 有大量的: That is a land abundant in minerals. (那是一块有丰富矿藏的土地。)

**abuse** [ə'bju:z]

**vt.** 1. (= say unkind, cruel, or rude things to sb./sth. about sb./sth.) 辱骂, 诋毁: You are always abusing and offending people. (你总是辱骂和冒犯别人。)

【同义词】**insult.**

2. (= put to wrong use; use badly) 滥用, 乱用, 虐待: to abuse one's authority, position, wealth, etc 滥用威信、地位、财富等。

**n.** [ə'bju:z] 1. (= unkind, cruel, or rude words) 辱骂(不可数): He greeted me with a stream of abuse. (他一见到我就破口大骂个不停。)

2. (= wrong use) 滥用, 乱用, 虐待, 损伤(可数, 不可数): Borrowing money is an abuse of friendship. (借钱损伤友情。) 3. (= an unjust or harmful custom) 腐败的事, 弊端, 陋习(可数, 不可数): remedy an abuse 纠正陋习。

【同根词】**abusive adj.** 满口脏话的; 被滥用的。

**academic** [ˌækə'demɪk]

**adj.** 1. 学校的, 学术上的: the academic year 学年; academic freedom 学术自由; an academic degree 学位; academic discussion 学术讨论; an

## A

academic approach to pop music 对流行音乐的学术态度; an academic question 学术问题; the academic world 学术界。2. 学究式的, 书生气的; 不切实际的: He was a sharp, academic sort of fellow. (他是一位尖酸刻薄的学究。)

【同根词】academy [ə'kædəmɪ] *n.* 学会, 研究院, 专科学校; an academy of music 音乐学院。

## accelerate [ə'kʰseləreɪt]

*vt./vi.* (= [cause to] move faster) 加快, 加速: to accelerate the heartbeat (使心跳加速)。

【近义词】speed up。

【同根词】acceleration *n.* 加速(度)。

## accent [ˈæks(ə)nt, ˈæksent]

*n.* 腔调, 口音; 强调; 着重; 重音: At this year's Motor Show the accent is on sports cars. (今年的汽车比赛重点是赛车。) A heavy accent is placed on personal cleanliness and order. (非常强调个人的清洁和条理。)

## accent [ˈæksənt]

*vt.* 重读强调, 注重: He accented the wrong syllable. (他重读了这个错误的音节。)

【同根词】accentuate (= emphasize) *vt.* 突出, 强调: The tight jumper accentuated his fat stomach. (那件紧身套头毛衣更突出了他肥胖的肚子。)

【近义词】stress, highlight, spotlight。

## accept [ək'sept]

*vt.* 1. (= take sth. willingly) 接受, 接收: Union has accepted my terms finally. (工会最后接受了我的条款。) 2. (= be willing to agree to sth.) 同意, 认可, 赞同(某种看法、决定等): The new theory became widely accepted. (这个新的理论得到广泛的认同。) 3. accept... as... 认为... 是...: [2008年试题] On the other hand, he did not accept as well founded the charge made by some of his critics that, while he was a good observer, he had no power of reasoning. (另一方面, 有些人批评他虽然善于观察, 却不具备推理能力, 而他认为这种说法是缺乏根据的。)

【反义词】refuse, reject。

【同根词】acceptance *n.* 接受, 同意。 acceptable *adj.* 可接受的: Your work is not acceptable; do it again. (你的工作不行; 再做一遍。)

## access [ˈækses]

*n.* 1. 进入, 通路, 进入的道路: The only access to that building is along that muddy track. (要到那幢建筑物那儿唯有沿着那条泥泞小路走。) 2. 能接近、进入、了解或使用: Students need easy access to books. (学生需要有方便的借书途径。)

[1995年试题] "Knowledge is power" may well be the truest saying and access to information may be the most critical requirement of all people. ("知识就是力量"很可能是最正确的说法, 而得到信息可能是所有人最迫切的需要。)[2008年试题] Online publication is significant in that it provides an easier access to scientific results. (网上发表意义重大, 因为它使读者更容易了解科学成果。)

*vt.* 存取(计算机文件)。[2012年试题] to embed it in a worldwide system accessed by billions of people every day 将它置于一个数十亿人每天都可存取的、世界范围的系统中。

【同根词】accessible *adj.* 容易取得、进入、达到的: The books are easily accessible as all the shelves are open. (书架是敞开式的, 易于取阅书籍。)

## accessory [ək'sesəri]

*n.* (usu. pl.) 1. 附属品; 配件; 附件。 2. (尤指妇女的) 服装搭配物(如皮带、手提包等)。 3. 从犯: an accessory to murder 谋杀的从犯。

*adj.* (= additional; extra) 附加的; 额外的。

## accident [ˈæksɪd(ə)nt]

*n.* 1. 事故。 2. 偶然的事: Your meeting us was a mere accident. (你遇到我们纯属偶然。)

【成语】

• by accident (= accidentally) 偶然地: Columbus discovered America by accident. (哥伦布偶然发现美洲。)

• by accident of (= by the chance or luck of) 靠...的机运: By accident of birth he was rich. (他有福气, 生于富家。)

【同根词】accidental [ˌæksɪ'dent(ə)l] *adj.* 意外的, 偶然的。 accidentally *adv.* 意外地。

## acclaim [ə'kleɪm]

*vt.* (= welcome sb./sth. with shouts of approval) 为[向]...欢呼; 欢呼拥戴: Critics acclaimed the new play. (评论家称赞这个新剧本。)

*n.* (= enthusiastic approval, praise) 称赞, 赞扬(不可数)。[2011年试题] Gilbert's appointment has received acclaim. (Gilbert的任命已经受到赞扬。)

【同根词】acclamation *n.* 高声热烈的赞同; 欢呼, 喝彩。

## accommodate [ə'kɒmədeɪt]

*vt.* 1. (= provide lodging or room for sb.) 容纳, 接纳, 招待住宿: This big bedroom will accommodate six beds. (这间大卧室能住6人。)

2. (= change and adjust... to...) 使...适应(to):

**【2003年试题】** And they also need to give serious thought to how they can best accommodate such changes. (他们还需要认真思考如何才能最好地适应这些变化。)

**【近义词】** conform to.

**3.** (= help by doing sth.) 帮忙解决困难: The bank will accommodate you with a loan. (这家银行将给你一笔贷款帮助你解决困难。)

**【同根词】** accommodation(s) [ə.kəmə'deɪʃ(ə)n]

**n.** **1.** [英]住处(不可数)。 **2.** [美]膳宿,招待(多作复数): motel accommodations 汽车旅馆的膳宿。

**3.** 适应,妥协(不可数): The accommodation of our desires to a smaller income took some time. (使我们的要求适应更低的收入需要一段时间。)

**accompany** [ə'kʌmpəni]

**vt.** **1.** 陪伴,伴随(到某处): He said he was going to accompany her home. (他说,他将陪她回家。)

**2.** 与...同时发生: Lightning usually accompanies thunder. (雷声通常伴随闪电而来。)

**3.** 伴奏: Her mother accompanied her on the piano. (她母亲弹钢琴为她伴奏。)

**【同根词】** accomplice *n.* 同谋犯。 accompanist *n.* 伴奏者。 accompaniment *n.* 伴随物,与之俱来之物;伴奏。

**accomplish** [ə'kʌmplɪʃ]

**vt.** (= succeed in doing sth.; complete successfully; achieve) 完成,取得(成就),实现,达到(目标): The builders have accomplished the difficult piece of work. (建筑师已经顺利完成了这项艰难任务。)

**【近义词】** realize, complete, achieve, fulfill.

**【同根词】** accomplished *adj.* 有造诣的,有修养的: He was the most accomplished man I had ever known. (他是我曾知道的最有造诣的人。)

accomplished fact 既成事实。 accomplishment *n.* 完成,实现(不可数);成就,修养(可数): accomplishment of one's purpose 实现某人的目的。

**accord** [ə'kɔ:d]

**n.** 协议: The Camp David accords contained the following key provisions. (戴维营协议包括下列主要条款。)

**【成语】**

• **in accord (with)** 符合,一致: Our views on politics are not in accord. (我们对政治的看法不一致。)

• **of one's own accord** 自愿地,自动地: Mary came of her own accord. (玛丽是自愿来的。)

• **with one accord** 异口同声地: They cheered him with one accord. (他们异口同声为他喝彩。)

**vt.** (= give or grant sth. to sb.) 给予,赠与: He was accorded a warm welcome. (人们向他表示热烈的欢迎。)

**vi.** (= [of a thing] agree or be in harmony with sth.) 与...相符合(with): Her actions accorded with their wishes. (她的行动与他们的愿望相一致。)

**【2011年试题】** Our thoughts do not accord with our desire. (我们的思想与我们的欲望不一致。)

**【同根词】** accordance [ə'kɔ:d(ə)ns] *n.* 用于 in accordance with 按照。 according to *prep.* 按照,根据。 accordingly [ə'kɔ:diŋli] *adv.* 按照所说/所发生的情况,照着,于是,因此: We must promptly make plans accordingly. (我们按照所说必须很快制订计划。)

**account** [ə'kaʊnt]

**n.** **1.** 叙述,报道;解释: He gave her, in return, a full account of his progress. (作为回应,他向她全面叙述自己的进步。)

**2.** 账目(可数): The accounts were perfectly in order. (这些账目井井有条。)

**3.** 银行户头(可数): I opened an account at my bank in your name. (我以你的名义在我的银行开了户头。)

**4.** 算账,计算(多作复数): He's quick at accounts. (他账算得很快。)

**【成语】**

• **call sb. to account** 让某人作解释(为什么做错事): The principal called Jim to account after he left school without permission. (在吉姆未经批准离校后,校长让他作解释。)

• **keep account of** 计较: I do not keep account of what you say at all. (我根本不计较你说的话。)

• **leave out of account** 没考虑到: The picnic planners left out of account that it might rain. (野餐安排人没有想到会下雨。)

• **of... account** 具有...重要性: It's a matter of great account. (这事非常重要。)

• **on account** 赊账: I bought the car on account. (我赊账买车。)

• **on account of** 由于: At first Philip hesitated on account of the expense. (起初菲利普由于费用问题犹豫不决。)

• **on no account** (= not on any account) 绝不要,无论如何不要。

• **settle accounts with** 找...算账。

• **take account of** (= take into account) 考虑。

• **turn [put] to (good) account** 加以利用: Let us turn this dictionary to good account. (让我们充分利用这本词典。)

**vt./vi.** **1.** (= consider) 认为...是(*vt.*): He accounted himself lucky to be alive. (他认为自己

能活着是运气。) 2. (= give an explanation or reason for) 说明…原因, 解释 (for); 占 (for):

【2003 年试题】As recently as 1995, the top four railroads accounted for under 70 percent of the total ton-miles moved by rails. (早在 1995 年, 最大的四条铁路的运输吨-英里数在铁路运输总吨-英里数中占不到百分之七十。)

【同根词】accountant *n.* 会计师; 会计。

accountable (= responsible) *adj.* 有责任的:

【2012 年试题】The justices must address doubts about the court's legitimacy by making themselves accountable to the code of conduct. (法官对道德行为的规范负有责任, 他们必须以此来处理对法院合法性的种种怀疑。) accountability *n.* 责任; 解释。 accountancy *n.* 会计职业。

accumulate [ə'kju:mjuleɪt]

*vt.* (= gather, pile up, collect) 积累: He quickly accumulated a large fortune. (他很快积累了一笔财富。)

*vi.* 堆积, 越积越多: Snow accumulated on the ground. (地上雪越积越多。)

【同根词】accumulation *n.* 堆积; 堆积物。

accumulative *adj.* 积累的, 有积聚力的。

accumulator *n.* 蓄电池; 数字储存器。

accuracy [ˈækjʊərəsi]

*n.* 准确(性)(不可数)。

【同根词】accurate [ˈækjʊərət] *adj.* 精确的, 正确无误的: an accurate clock 准确的钟。

accuse [ə'kju:z]

*vt.* (= charge sb. with) 指控, 指责, 控告 (of): The police accused him of murder. (警方控告他谋杀。)

【2004 年试题】Some scholars even accused Boas and Sapir of fabricating their data. (有些学者甚至指责 Boas 和 Sapir 编造了数据资料。)

【同根词】accused *n.* 被告。 accuser *n.* 原告。

accusing *adj.* 指责的, 非难的, 谴责的。

accusative *adj.* 好指控的。

accustom [ə'kʌstəm]

*vt.* (= make used to) 使习惯于: He had to accustom himself to the cold weather of his new country. (他必须适应他新到达的这个国家的寒冷天气。)

【同根词】accustomed *adj.* 1. [作定语] (= usual; habitual) 通常的; 惯常的: He took his accustomed seat by the fire. (他坐在火炉旁他常坐的座位上。) 2. [作表语] (= used to) 习惯于某事物: I soon got accustomed to his strange ways. (我很快就习惯了他那些奇怪的做法。)

ache [eɪk]

*n.* (持续的)疼痛(可数)。

【合成词】toothache 牙痛; stomachache 胃痛; headache 头痛。

*vi.* 疼: My leg ached and I was tired. (我腿痛, 累极了。)

achieve [ə'tʃi:v]

*vt.* (= finish successfully) 取得(胜利、成功等), 实现(目标、目的等): achieve a triumph of reason 取得理性的胜利; achieve one's ambition 实现雄心; achieve popularity 受到普遍欢迎; achieve fame 得到名气; achieve success 取得成功; achieve one's aims 达到目的; achieved one's purpose 达到目的; achieve one's goal 实现目标; achieve peace 取得和平; achieve results 取得成果。

【同根词】achievable *adj.* 完成的, 可取得成就的。

achievement *n.* 完成, 达到; 成就, 成绩。

acid [ˈæsɪd]

*n.* 酸(可数): Acids react with bases to form salts. (酸与碱作用形成盐。)

*adj.* 酸的, 尖刻的: acid remarks 尖刻的言语; Lemons have an acid taste. (柠檬具有酸味。)

acknowledge [ə'knɒlɪdʒ]

*vt.* 1. (= admit the existence, reality, or truth of) 承认。【2006 年试题】Dr. Worm acknowledges that these figures are conservative. (沃姆博士承认, 这些数字是保守的。)

2. (= show one is grateful for) (用馈赠或言辞)表示感谢, 做出反应: His long service with the company was acknowledged with a present. (公司送他一份礼物, 答谢他对公司的长期服务。)

【1996 年试题】I acknowledge with thanks the help of my colleagues in the preparation of this new column. (我衷心感谢我的同事们在开辟这个新专栏中所给予的帮助。)

3. 表示收到: We must acknowledge his letter. (我们必须表示收到了他的来信。)

4. 向…打招呼或微笑(表示认识): The host acknowledged our greeting. (主人向我们打招呼。)

【同根词】acknowledged *adj.* 公认的。

acknowledgement *n.* 承认; 答谢; 打招呼。

acquaint [ə'kweɪnt]

*vt.* (= make sb. familiar with sth.) 使熟悉: You must acquaint yourself with your new duties. (你必须了解你的新任务。)

【成语】  
• be acquainted with 熟悉, 了解, 认识: I am already acquainted with the facts. (我已经知道真相。)

【同根词】**acquaintance** [ə'kweɪnt(ə)ns] *n.* 1. 熟悉, 认识 (不可数): I had some slight acquaintance with him. (我对他稍有了解。) 2. 熟识的人 (可数): Lewis was my closest acquaintance. (刘易思是我最熟识的人。)

【成语】

• **make sb.'s acquaintance** (= make the acquaintance of sb.) 结识, 认识 (某人): Where did you make his acquaintance? (你在何处认识他的?)

**acquire** [ə'kwɪə] *v.*

(= get sth. gradually step by step through efforts) (经过一个过程或通过自己的努力等) 得到, 获得; 收购 (工厂、土地等): acquire knowledge, skills 学到知识、技能。He acquired hundreds of books at last. (他最终得到了几百本书。)

【成语】

• **an acquired taste** 逐渐培养的爱好。

【同根词】**acquisition** [ˌækwi'ziʃ(ə)n] *n.* 取得, 获得; 得到的东西或人; 收购, 兼并: [2001年试题] The world is going through the biggest wave of mergers and acquisitions ever witnessed. (世界正在经历着前所未有的最大的合并和收购浪潮。)

**acquisitive** *adj.* 贪得无厌的, 一味追求的: an acquisitive collector 贪多务得的收藏家。

**acquisitively** *adv.* 贪得无厌地。 **acquisitiveness** *n.* 贪得无厌。

**acre** ['eɪkə] *n.*

英亩 (等于 4 840 平方码或约 4 050 平方米)。

【同根词】**acreage** *n.* 英亩数。

**acrobat** [ˌækroʊbæt] *n.*

杂技演员。

【同根词】**acrobatic** *adj.* 杂技的。 **acrobatics** *n.* 杂技。

**across** [ə'krɒs] *prep.*

1. 穿过, 跨过 (从一边到一边): Kate went across the street to make some purchases. (凯特穿过街道去买点东西。) 2. 在 (河、街等) 另一边: We shall be soon across the channel. (我们很快将到海峡的另一边。) 有时和 from 连用, 表示 “(= opposite sth.) 从…的那一边”: He addressed me from across the room. (他从房间的那一边同我讲话。) 3. 交叉: He sat with his arms across the chest. (他坐着双臂交叉在胸前。) 4. 在…全境, 在…境内: across the country 在全国。

*adv.* 1. 过来, 过去 (从一边到一边): He came across slowly, then sat down on the edge of the bed. (他慢慢走过来, 坐在床边。) 2. (= from side to side) 从

这边到那边之间, 宽: The stream is 6 feet across. (这条溪 6 英尺宽。)

**act** [ækt] *v.*

1. (= take an action) (采取) 行动: Think before you act! (先思考后行动。) 2. (= behave) 做, 行事: He acts like a child. (他行事像个孩子。)

3. 演戏, 演出: He acts very well. (他演得很好。)

4. 装假: I can't take her seriously because she always seems to be acting. (她老是像在演戏一样, 所以我无法把她当真。) 5. 扮演, 演出: She acts Mary Pinch. (她扮演 Mary Pinch。) 6. 起作用: The brakes wouldn't act, so there was an accident. (闸不起作用, 所以出事了。)

【同根词】**acting** *adj.* 代理的。 **activist** *n.* 积极分子。 **actively** *adv.* 积极地。

【成语】

• **act as** (= perform the role of sth. or sb.) 充当, 起…作用: to act as a catalyst 起催化剂作用。to act as go-between 充当中间人。

• **act for** 代理 (某人职务), 代为 (处理某事): He acted for Smith while he was ill. (史密斯有病期间由他代理。)

• **act on sb.'s advice [orders, etc.]** 按某人的劝告 [命令等] 行事: I was acting to some extent on the advice of Quinn. (我在某种程度上按 Quinn 的劝告行事。)

• **act upon [on]** 对…起作用: Alcohol acts on the brain. (酒精对大脑有作用。)

*n.* 1. 行为, 行动; (戏剧中的) 一幕 (可数)。 2. 演出节目; 法案。

【同根词】**action** [ˌækʃ(ə)n] *n.* 行动, 行为; 作用, 性能; 作战, 战斗; 诉讼; 故事, 情节。

【成语】

• **go [come] into action** 开始战斗, 开始行动。

• **in action** 活动中; 在运转中; 在起作用; 交战中:

[2012年试题] Rosenberg, the recipient of a Pulitzer Prize, offers a host of examples of the social cure in action: In South Carolina, a state-sponsored antismoking program called *Rage Against the Haze* sets out to make cigarettes uncool. (普立兹奖获得者 Rosenberg 提出许多正在进行中的社会治疗法例子: 在南卡罗纳州, 一个由州发起的称为《反烟雾怒潮》的禁烟运动开始使烟卷不再时髦。)

• **out of action** 不活动的, 不起作用的: My car is out of action because it has run out of gas. (我的车因为没有油而动弹不得。)

• **put...in [into] action** 使…活动, 实行, 把…付诸实施。

• **put sth. out of action** 使…失去作用,使…失去战斗力。

• **take action** 采取行动。

【同根词】**activate** [ˈæktɪveɪt] *vt.* (= make (sth.) active) 使(某事物)活动;激活: The burglar alarm was activated by mistake. (防盗铃误响了。)

【2009年试题】Curiosity activates creative minds. (好奇心使有创造力的人活跃起来。)

**active** [ˈæktɪv] *adj.* 活跃的,积极的: active in community affairs 积极于社区事务, an active volcano 活火山。

**activity** [ækˈtɪvɪti] *n.* 活跃或积极状态;具体活动。

**actor** [ˈæktə] *n.* 演员。

**actress** [ækˈtrɪs] *n.* (= woman actor) 女演员。

**actual** [ˈæktʃʊəl]

*adj.* 实际上的,确实的。

【同根词】**actuality** *n.* 真实,实在;事实。

**actually** *adv.* 实际地。

**acute** [əˈkjuːt]

*adj.* 1. 敏锐的: He is an acute observer. (他是一位敏锐的观察家。) 2. 强烈的,剧烈的,尖锐的,锐(角): an air of acute anxiety 一副强烈焦虑的神情。She had an acute headache. (她头痛剧烈。)

3. 急性(疾病)的,严重的: an acute lack of food 食品严重短缺。

【反义词】**chronic** 慢性的。

**adapt** [əˈdæpt]

*vt./vi.* 1. (= change so as to be or make suitable for new needs, different conditions, etc) 改变,使适应(多作 *vt.*): We adapted ourselves to the hot weather. (我们适应了炎热的天气。) 2. 改编: Let's try to adapt this old play to our needs. (咱们努力改编这个旧剧以适应我们的需要。) 3. 翻改,改作(他用): We can adapt the barn for use as a garage. (我们能够把谷仓改作车库用。)

【同根词】**adaptable** *adj.* 能适用的。 **adaptation** *n.* 适应;改编。 **adapter** *n.* 改编者。

**add** [æd]

*vt./vi.* 1. 加,加入,增加: 【2006年试题】The worthy residents of Stratford doubt that the theatre adds a penny to their revenue. (斯特拉福可敬的居民们怀疑,这个戏院是否对他们的收入有什么贡献。) 2. 接着说,还说: "They don't know," he added. ("他们不知道,"他接着说。)

【成语】

• **add in** 加进去: Would you add in these items, please, in order to complete the list? (请你把这些项目加进去以完成这张单子行吗?)

• **add to** (= increase) 增加,加强: This adds to

our difficulties. (这就增加了我们的困难。)

• **add up** 加起来: These figures don't add up right. (这些数字加得不对。)

• **add up to** (总起来看)说明…,意味着;总共有:

【1998年试题】Even so, that gain adds up to only 11.4 percent, lowest in American annual records except for the Depression years. (即使如此,那个增长量总计只占 11.4%,是除了大萧条年代以外美国人口年增长记录中最低的。)

【同根词】**addition** *n.* 加法,补充,增加。

**additional** [əˈdɪʃən(ə)l] *adj.* 附加的,另外的,更多的。

**additive** [ˈædɪtɪv] *n.* 添加剂。

【成语】

• **in addition** 此外。

• **in addition to** 除了…之外(还有)。

**addict** [əˈdɪkt]

*n.* 1. 离不开麻醉药、酒类等的人;有瘾的人: a heroin addict (有海洛因毒瘾的人) 2. 对某事物有强烈兴趣的人: a chess/TV/football addict 棋/电视/足球迷。

【同根词】**addicted** [əˈdɪktɪd] *adj.* [作表语](to)

1. 成习惯而离不开某事物;对某事物有瘾: be addicted to drugs, alcohol, tobacco, etc 对麻醉药、酒、烟等上瘾了。 【2006年试题】Part of the problem is that many homeless adults are addicted to alcohol or drugs. (部分问题是许多无家可归的成年人对酒精或毒品上了瘾。) 2. 对某事物有强烈兴趣而成为嗜好或消遣的: be addicted to TV soap operas 沉迷于电视连续剧。

**addiction** [əˈdɪkʃən] *n.* (to sth.) 瘾;沉溺: heroin addiction 海洛因毒

瘾。 **addictive** [əˈdɪktɪv] *adj.* 使人上瘾的: addictive drugs 使人上瘾的麻醉药物。

**address** [əˈdres]

*vt.* 1. 写地址,把…寄给,向…提出: Please address this letter for me. (请你替我把信写上地址。) Please address all enquiries to this office. (请向这个办事处提出所有询问。) 2. (= speak) 对…讲话(尤指作演说): President Fidel Castro of Cuba addressed the United Nations. (古巴主席菲德尔·卡斯特罗向联合国发表讲演。) 3. 称呼: He addressed her as "Miss Mattie". (他称她为“曼蒂小姐”。)

【成语】

• **address oneself to** (= put oneself to work at) 着手[忙着]做(某事);论述,向…讲话: He addressed himself to the main difficulty. (他着手处理主要的难题。) He addressed himself to the crowd. (他对群众讲话。)

*n.* 地址;对公众的讲话。

**adequate** ['ædɪkw(ə)t]

*adj.* **1.** (= enough for the purpose) 足够的, 充分的: The supply is not adequate to the demand. (供不应求。) **2.** (= having the necessary ability or qualities) 恰当的, 胜任的, 让人满意的: I hope you will prove adequate to the job. (我希望你能胜任这个工作。)

**【反义词】 inadequate *adj.*** 不够的: **【2002 年试题】** One of the problems in end-of-life care is inadequate treatment of pain. (临终治疗中的问题之一是对痛苦治疗不够。) **【2005 年试题】** But research alone is inadequate. (但是单单研究是不够的。)

**adhere** [əd'hɪə]

*vi.* **1.** (= stick firmly to) 粘连, 粘附在...上: The two surfaces adhered (to each other), and we couldn't get them apart. (这两个面互相粘连, 我们无法把它们分开。) **2.** (= support firmly, remain faithful to) 坚持, 遵守, 忠于(to): adhere to a determination/a habit/an opinion/the mass line/a contract 坚持决心/习惯/观点/群众路线/合同。

**【2011 年试题】** For years executives and headhunters have adhered to the rule that the most attractive CEO candidates are the ones who must be poached. (许多年来执行官们和猎头们一直奉行这样一条规则: 最有吸引力的 CEO 候选人是必须去偷偷挖来的人才。)

**【同根词】 adherence *n.*** 粘着。 **adherent *adj.*** 拥护者, 信奉者, 党徒。 **adhesion *n.*** 粘连, 粘连物。 **adhesive *n.*** 黏性物质。 **adhesive *adj.*** 有黏性的。

**adjacent** [ə'dʒeɪs(ə)nt]

*adj.* (= situated near or next to sth.) 与某物邻近的; 毗连的; 接近的; 相接触的(to): My room is adjacent to his. (我的房间与他的相连接。)

**【同根词】 adjacency *n.*** 邻近。 **adjacently *adv.*** 邻近地。

**adjective** ['ædʒɪktɪv] *n.* (语法)形容词。

**adjoin** [ə'dʒɔɪn]

*vt./vi.* (= be next to, very close to, or touching each other) 与...相连: The garage adjoins the house. (车库与房子相连。)

**adjust** [ə'dʒʌst]

*vt./vi.* (= change slightly, esp. in order to make suitable for a particular job or new conditions) 调整, 校准; 使适应; 适应: I must adjust my watch; it's slow. (我得校准我的表; 它走慢了。)

**【2006 年试题】** Dr. Myers and other researchers

hold that people should adjust the fishing baseline to the changing situation. (Myers 博士和其他研究人员认为, 人们应该调整捕鱼底线来适应不断变化的情况。)

**【同根词】 adjustable *adj.*** 可调准的。

**adjustment *n.*** 调整; 适应: to make adjustments 调整; 调节。

**administer** [əd'mɪnɪstə]

*vt.* **1.** (= control, esp. the business or affairs of a person or group) 管理, 照料: They had the right to administer their own internal affairs. (他们有权管理自己的内部事务。) **2.** (= put into operation; make work; give) 执行, 施行; 给予: The Red Cross administers aid in disaster areas. (红十字会在灾区施行救助。) She administered the medicine to the sick woman. (她给生病的女人喂药。)

**【同根词】 administration** [əd'mɪnɪ'streɪʃ(ə)n] *n.*

**1.** (行政)管理: The company has all along been under our administration. (这家公司一直在我们的管理之下。) 有时指“管理部门”(和 the 连用): the school administration 学校管理部门。 **2.** (美)政府; the Administration 美国政府。 **3.** 执行: The administration of justice is often difficult. (执行公正常常是很难的。) **administrative *adj.*** 行政的, 管理的。 **administrator *n.*** 行政官, 管理人。

**admire** [əd'maɪə]

*vt.* (= regard with pleasure and respect) 欣赏, 钦佩, 佩服: He much admires your poems. (他十分欣赏你的诗。) I admire her for her bravery. (我钦佩她的勇气。) **【2004 年试题】** Intellect, according to Hofstadter, is different from native intelligence, a quality we reluctantly admire. (按照 Hofstadter 的看法, 理性才智与天智截然不同; 天智是一种我们不愿意崇尚的品质。)

**【同根词】 admirable *adj.*** 可钦佩的。

**admiration *n.*** 钦佩; 可赞赏的人或物。 **admirer *n.*** 羡慕者, 钦佩者。

**admit** [əd'mɪt]

*vt./vi.* **1.** (= permit sb. to enter; let in) 允许进入, 使能进入: This ticket will admit three to the concert. (这张票允许 3 人进入音乐会。) **2.** (= have space or room for) 容纳得下: The theatre only admits 1 000 persons. (这座戏院只能容纳 1 000 人。) 有时表示“容许”: The facts admit no other explanation. (这些事实不容许有其他解释。)

**3. vt.** 承认: The thief admitted his crime. (这个小偷已经承认他的罪行。)

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## 【成语】

• **admit of** 容许,有…余地: Your conduct admits of no excuse. (你的行为不容原谅。)

• **admit to** 承认: He admitted to the murder. (他承认杀了人。)

【同根词】**admission** [əd'mɪʃ(ə)n] *n.* 1. 进入,入场(不可数): Admission by ticket only. (凭票入场。) 2. 承认: The accused man refused to make an admission of his guilt. (被告拒绝承认他有罪。)

**admissible** *adj.* 可容许的,可采纳的;值得考虑的。 **admittance** *n.* 准许进入: No admittance—keep out! (严禁入内!)

**adolescent** [ˌædə'les(ə)nt]

*adj.* 青春期的;青春期特有的: adolescent boys 青春的男子。

*n.* 青少年(介于儿童与成人之间的年轻人,大约13至17岁之间者)。

**adopt** [ə'dɒpt]

*vt.* 1. 采取,采用,采纳: to adopt this policy 采纳这项政策。 2. (= approve formally; accept) 正式通过;接受: The conference unanimously adopted Lenin's line. (这次会议一致通过了列宁的路线。)

3. 收养: They proposed to adopt me as their own son. (他们提出收养我作为他们自己的儿子。)

【同根词】**adoption** *n.* 收养;采取。 **adoptive** *adj.* 具有收养关系的: They are little Susan's adoptive parents. (他们是小苏珊的养父母。)

**adore** [ə'dɔ:]

*vt.* 1. (= love deeply and respect highly) 钟爱,敬爱,疼爱: Her husband absolutely adored her. (她的丈夫非常钟爱她。) 2. (= like very much) 非常喜欢: I adore chocolate. (我非常喜欢巧克力。) 3. (= worship as God) 崇拜。

【同根词】**adorable** *adj.* 很可爱的。 **adoration** *n.* 爱慕,敬重。

**adult** [ædʌlt]

*adj./n.* 成年的;成年人: adult education 成人教育。

**advance** [əd'vɑ:ns]

*v.* 1. (= move or come forward, develop) 往前走,向前推进,有进展: I signed to him to keep away, but he continued to advance. (我做手势让他闪开点,但他仍继续往前走。) 2. 提高,提拔,促进: The shopkeepers advanced their prices. (店主提高了价格。) They began to appreciate him and advance him fast. (他们开始赞赏他并很快提拔他。) 3. 涨价: Sugar has advanced two cents per pound. (糖每磅涨了两分。) 4. 预支,借(钱): He

asked the employer to advance him a month's salary. (他请老板给他预支一个月工资。)

5. 提出(看法、建议等): to advance a theory/a plan/suggestion/a claim for damages/ one's opinion 提出一个理论/计划/建议/赔偿要求/观点。

*n.* 1. 前进(不可数): The army's advance was very slow. (部队前进很慢。) 2. 进展,进步(可数): make advances 取得进步。 3. 预支,借钱(可数): I was given an advance of a month's pay. (我预支一个月的薪水。)

## 【成语】

• **in advance** 事前,提前: They will pay a hundred and thirty francs in advance. (他们将预付130法郎。)

• **in advance of** 在…前面: She walked 2 yards in advance of her husband. (她走在她丈夫前面二码。)

【同根词】**advancement** *n.* 前进,进步;增进,促进;晋升,(被)提拔。 **advanced** *adj.* 先进的;高深的,高级的;年老的,时间过去很多。

**advantage** [əd'vɑ:ntɪdʒ]

*n.* 好处,优越之处(可数)。

## 【成语】

• **have an advantage over** 在…方面比…有利。

• **have the advantage of** 有…的长处。

• **take advantage of** 利用(某人的处境、弱点等);利用(机会等)。

• **to sb.'s advantage** 对(某人)有利。

• **to the best advantage** 最有利地。

• **turn sth. to advantage** 使发挥作用,充分利用。

【同根词】**advantageous** [əd'vɑ:ntɪdʒəs] *adj.* 有利的,有益的,有助的;便利的: It is advantageous to us. (这对我们有利。) **advantageously** *adv.* 有利地。

【反义词】**disadvantage** *n.* 不足之处。

**advent** [ædvənt]

*n.* (= the approach or arrival of (an important person, event, etc.)) (重要人物、事件等的)来临,到来: With the advent of the new chairman, the company began to prosper. (随着新主席的到来,公司开始有了起色。)

**adventure** [əd'ventʃə]

*n.* 1. 惊险的事,有危险的事。 2. 令人兴奋的经历: The trip to Florida was an adventure for Helen. (到佛罗里达旅行对海伦来说是令人兴奋的经历。)

*vt./vi.* 拿…冒险;使遭受危险;冒险: to adventure one's life 冒生命危险。