

全国翻译专业资格（水平）考试辅导丛书



# 英语口语译综合能力 教材配套训练

王立弟 主编

（二级）

新版

荟萃专家智慧 ★ 紧贴考纲精神  
内容前沿丰富 ★ 启迪备考 ★ 全面提升语言技能

 外文出版社  
FOREIGN LANGUAGES PRESS  
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主 编 王立弟

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# 前 言

《英语口语综合能力教材配套训练》(二级)是对二级口语综合能力指定教材相关内容的补充与加强。英语语言能力的提高,要通过大量、反复的练习才能看出效果。出于此目的,编者从广泛的书籍、报刊杂志中筛选出不同题材和体裁的语言素材,以适合学习训练和考试要求的规范分类编纂成书,供学习者使用。

本书沿袭了二级口语综合能力指定教材的编写体例和结构,一共由五个单元组成。前面四个单元对应英语口语二级综合能力考试的四种题型,每种题型之下细分为若干小的题目,目的是为了在训练过程中能够有层次、有步骤、有侧重地进行练习。当然在实际操作中很难做到去清晰地辨认问题的类型和解决的方法,并且通常一段当中出现的问题也不是非此即彼,而是不同的问题同时出现。所以我们说对问题的理解与表述是操作层面的事情,和对问题的分析认识不一定是同步的。但是在学习和反思过程中,清醒地认识到语言听力和理解中的不同问题的复杂性,一定会对提高语言能力有所帮助。第五单元是综合练习,专门为读者编制了四套模拟测试,以提高大家的综合语言能力和考试水平。

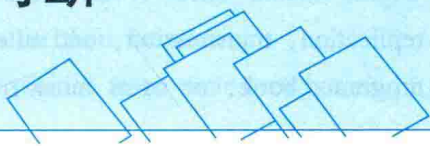
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# 第一单元

## 听力理解与正误判断



第一单元的内容包括听力理解和正误判断，其内容短小精悍，练习者需要能够及时地把握所听内容的主要意思。通常不需要做笔记，听完之后，阅读所对应的题目，一题一答，对问题作出正误判断。这一单元涵盖八个不同的专题，每个专题配有练习和讲解。这八个专题包括掌握基本词汇、扩大知识视野、语义解析、上下文辨析、理清逻辑、合理推理、抓大放小和应对数字。通过对每个专题的解析和练习，学习者能够加强口译听力的理解和判断能力。

### 第一课

#### 基本词汇的学习

词汇是一种语言的最基本的单位，做好翻译的前提是对基本词汇能够熟练地掌握和运用。在外语学习和语言运用中要不断扩大自己掌握的词汇量。同时，词汇不是孤立和单独出现的，而是和人们对周围世界的认知以及语言的使用相关。学习者不但要熟练地掌握常用词汇及其内涵和外延，而且对不断涌现的新词汇和新的表达方式保持高度的敏感性。

#### A组 原文

1. Some millennials were offended by “bogus stereotypes” about young parents — like turning to the Internet rather than to experts for child-care information — while others defended their cohort’s characteristics as a win for children.
2. A leaked U. N. report recommending that countries decriminalize narcotics for personal use brought the war on drugs into the global spotlight, even though it was later shelved. Countries that have loosened drug restrictions can boast some successes.
3. Intellectual property encompasses all the tangible and intangible products of the human mind. As a general rule, the creator of intellectual property owns it. For instance, if you

personally create an e-commerce site, it belongs entirely to you, and you have exclusive rights to use this “property” in any lawful way you see fit.

4. Digital media differ from books, periodicals, and other media in terms of ease of replication, transmission, and alteration; difficulty in classifying a software work as a program, book, or even music; compactness — making theft easy; and difficulty in establishing uniqueness.
5. Parents are increasingly interested in buying toys that will prepare their kids for careers in science, technology, engineering and math, or STEM. They're more attuned to what parents think their kids need to know for the future.
6. Of the 8.8 million people who were thrown out of jobs, many have set about cobbling together a living in the so-called gig economy. You can be your own boss, by way of Uber, Airbnb or any sort of solo proprietorship. But when time off equals time unpaid, it's not so easy to be your own benefits manager.
7. A guy who used to work in a steel mill now flipping hamburgers, he knows it's not the same. So it's the quality of jobs as well as the quantity, and one of the problems with the recovery is when the newly created jobs are not nearly as remunerative as were the jobs that were lost.
8. Synchronous activity helps the survival of a group. There's a certain type of happiness that humans can get only by engaging in synchronous activity. For example, many people like the experience of playing in a band or orchestra, singing in a choir, or even attending church. These are all synchronous activities.
9. The guideline for how to dress in a position of authority is to dress at least one notch above the people you're talking to. If it's more important to be seen as “one of the group”, then dress similarly to those you're talking to.
10. Whether a business leader wears his lucky socks or a person reads his horoscope before leaving the house, superstitions impact our willingness to take risks. Although research shows most people think crossing their fingers increases their luck, in reality, it does nothing to mitigate risk.

## 🎧 练习题

1. As the new generation of parents, millennials rely much on the Internet for information about how to raise a child.
2. A U. N. report that tried to loosen drug restrictions was later put into effect by many countries.



3. E-commerce sites belong entirely to their creators and users.
4. Digital media differ from books and other media, but they share some similarities with multimedia.
5. STEM is a brand name of toys that will prepare kids for their future.
6. Uber and Airbnb provide laid-off workers with opportunities to be their own bosses.
7. Problems will arise from the drop in the quality of jobs.
8. Group activities contribute to happiness in members and in turn, the survival of a group.
9. If you want to build up your authority, dress similarly to those you're talking to.
10. Our willingness to take risks is influenced by our superstitious beliefs.

## 答案与解析

### 1. 【答案】 T

**【解析】** 本段话非常简短，内容也不深奥，但是有4个非高频词出现，这给听辨理解带来了一定的困难。平时要注重对基本词汇的学习和掌握，争取把二级口译要求的8000词汇都变成自己的高频词。

原文大意是，千禧一代给人的刻板印象是从网上获得育儿信息，而不求助专家。这一印象让他们不高兴，认为是虚假的印象，也有人辩解这对孩子来说是件好事。本论述是对原文的同义转述。

**【提示】** millennials 指的是“千禧一代”；bogus 意为“虚假的”；stereotypes 指“刻板印象”；cohort 意为“同伴”，“有共同点的一群人”，“同龄人”。

### 2. 【答案】 F

**【解析】** 原文指出联合国一份报告建议各国将私人使用麻醉毒品合法化，引起全球关注，然后又被搁置了。本论述认为很多国家实施了这一建议，与原文矛盾。把握文中几个关键词的意思是理解原文的基础。

**【提示】** decriminalize 由 de 和 criminalize 两部分组成，de 表相反动作，criminalize 意为“判定……非法”，所以 decriminalize 意思是“使合法化”，“非刑事化”。narcotics 意为“麻醉毒品”；shelve 意为“搁置”。

### 3. 【答案】 F

**【解析】** 讲话者指出知识产权的内容，并举了电商网站的例子，它完全属于创立者。

### 4. 【答案】 F

**【解析】** 原文只介绍了数字媒体与其他媒体的区别，并未涉及与多媒体的共同之处。

### 5. 【答案】 F

**【解析】** STEM 是 science, technology, engineering, math 四个词的首字母缩写，并不是玩具品牌。

【提示】 be attuned to 意为“适应”。

6. 【答案】 T

【解析】 原文指出很多下岗人员在零工经济中找到了生存的机会，通过 Uber 和 Airbnb 这样的个人经营平台，自己当上了老板。

【提示】 gig economy (零工经济)，是一种新的经济形式，由工作量不多的自由职业者利用互联网和移动技术快速匹配供需方。proprietorship: 所有权，私营企业。

7. 【答案】 T

【解析】 原文指出就业岗位的质量和数量同样重要，如果新的工作报酬低于以前的工作，问题就会应运而生。

【提示】 remunerative: 有利可图的，有报酬的，合算的。

8. 【答案】 T

【解析】 原文指出，同步活动有助于一个集体的存在；有一种幸福感只能从同步活动中获得。

【提示】 synchronous 意为“同时的”，“同步的”。

9. 【答案】 F

【解析】 讲话者认为，为显示权威与地位，应该穿得高一个档次；如果想要得到一个团体的认同，那就同他们穿得一样。

【提示】 notch 意为“等级”。

10. 【答案】 T

【解析】 原文指出我们是否愿意承担风险的想法受迷信影响。

【提示】 horoscope 意为“占星术”，“星象”。mitigate 意为“减轻”。

## B 组 原文

- In lieu of attending the ceremony, Dylan wrote a speech, which was read by the American ambassador to Sweden. In it, he expressed his gratitude to the committee, and his admiration for writers who have won the award in the past, including Rudyard Kipling, Albert Camus and Ernest Hemingway.
- Down the hallway is a fourth-grader who attended this school but is now sleeping on its concrete floors crammed alongside more than 1,000 people whose homes were damaged or destroyed by Hurricane Matthew. At night, bandits have descended on the school, thrown rocks through the windows and ripped away the meager supplies of food.
- Following behind, at six miles per hour, was a white pickup truck carrying men in protective clothing and equipped with a machine intended to cast off a cloud of poison targeting the prey: mosquitoes. The droplets would awaken any insects in the area, cause

them to take flight and then kill them.

4. Both Sanders and Republican presidential nominee Donald Trump have attacked Clinton for her past support of global free-trade deals, tapping into a growing sentiment among many voters that such agreements have hurt their communities.
5. A 360-foot-long barge that was set loose by violent weather in the North Sea was secured on Thursday, after the oil companies evacuated hundreds of workers from two oil platforms and temporarily halted production.
6. A gunman whom relatives identified as an Arab citizen of Israel opened fire in the center of Tel Aviv on Friday, killing two Israeli Jews at a crowded bar and wounding at least five others. The suspect was still at large late Friday.
7. Government workers hoisted a solar-powered streetlamp. As the first display of electricity in the town, it was an object of mild interest, but, being outside, the light didn't help anyone cook or study, and only attracted moths.
8. To be effective, a negotiator must recognize subtle messages being sent across the table. In international interactions, however, it's much harder to interpret unspoken signals. Meyer identifies some helpful rules of thumb, such as adapt the way you express disagreement.
9. With four different programs focusing on leading research and innovative problem-solving frameworks, senior executives and up-and-coming leaders alike return to their organizations transformed.
10. Terrorists can be home-grown as well as foreign, qualify for visas or slip across borders illegally. Imposing restrictions on the basis of nationality is the bluntest of instruments, scooping up legions of ordinary tourists and travelers as well as the occasional suspect.

### 🎧 练习题

1. Dylan did not show up in person, but wrote a letter for his gratitude to the famous writers.
2. Criminals came to the school to rob the refugees of the food.
3. The truck was moving at very slow speed in order to kill the mosquitoes in the area with spray of insecticide.
4. Trump took advantage of the global free-trade deals supported by Clinton, to defeat her in the campaign.
5. The oil companies stop the the work for the safety due to the bad weather.
6. The killer has been spotted by the police and traced down to a bar.
7. The residents show their indifference to the solar-powered streetlamp, because the light is so dim.

8. People need skills to handle the talk for arriving at an agreement.
9. The programs can help senior executives make more contributions to the company.
10. Foreign tourists are the main source of terrorists, especially those who cross the borders illegally.

## 答案与解析

### 1. 【答案】 F

【解析】 本题的辨析关键有两点：第一，In lieu of 在文中指的是“没有参加颁奖典礼一事”；第二，他写了一份获奖感言，表达了对委员会的感激之情，以及对历史上获奖作家的敬佩之情。

### 2. 【答案】 T

【解析】 文中 bandits 是匪徒的意思，rip away 是夺走的意思，结合上文中所说的“由于飓风的原因，1000 多人的房屋被毁，只好在学校的走廊里睡觉。此时一伙匪徒跑来抢走了灾民的食物”，可以分析出本题的论述是正确的。

### 3. 【答案】 T

【解析】 原文中 cast off a cloud of poison targeting the prey: mosquitoes, 是指喷洒杀虫剂来灭蚊，后面又提到 any insect in the area, 还是指蚊虫，英语中会用不同的词语来指称同样的事物，以避免过多的重复。

### 4. 【答案】 T

【解析】 首先听者要有一定的背景知识，Trump 与 Clinton 是竞争对手，Trump 拿希拉里曾支持的自由贸易协定大做文章，从而激起选民的反感。tapping into 这里可以理解为“利用”。

### 5. 【答案】 T

【解析】 本文谈论了由于恶劣天气影响引发了驳船事故，但石油公司及时疏散了上千名员工并停止作业，从而化解了这次危机。

### 6. 【答案】 F

【解析】 原文中 at large 指出嫌疑犯仍然在逃。

### 7. 【答案】 F

【解析】 原文中的 it was an object of mild interest 意为“饶有兴趣”。

### 8. 【答案】 F

【解析】 本文讨论的是谈判技巧，并没有提到应用这些技巧是为了达成一致的意见。因此本题论述是错误的。

【提示】 rules of thumb 意为“经验法则”。

### 9. 【答案】 T

**【解析】** 原文后半句说到，这些高管（在上过课程之后），就会更好地服务他们的企业。

**【提示】** up-and-coming 意为“积极进取的；很有前途的”。

10. **【答案】** F

**【解析】** 本题的理解关键为 as well as 和 bluntest。

## 第二课

### 知识视野的扩充

对于一名好的翻译来说，丰富的知识储备可以帮助其正确地理解和判断。本书听力练习选取的内容涉猎广泛，包括社会文化、科技、经济、金融、贸易、管理、能源环境、国际关系。本篇中的 20 个练习题，就涉及天文、地理、历史、医学、心理、科技、教育、法律、商贸、财经、社会文化、农业等方面的问题。

#### A 组 原文

1. Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu sparked controversy by saying that a Palestinian, the Grand Mufti of Jerusalem, persuaded Adolf Hitler to exterminate the Jewish people during World War II. Israel's chief historian on the Holocaust disputed the claim.
2. The stereotypes a person holds about old age can affect how their brain ages. Men and women who viewed aging negatively had a greater loss of hippocampus volume and significantly higher scores of plaques — both indicators of Alzheimer's disease.
3. The effects of El Niño vary dramatically from place to place. Dry conditions that lead to drought tend to persist in Southeast Asia, Australia and southern Africa, whereas torrential rain usually strikes parts of North and South America.
4. There are three main types of intellectual property protection: copyright, patent, and trademark law. In the United States, the development of intellectual property law begins with the U. S. Constitution, which mandated Congress to devise a system of laws to promote the progress of science and the useful arts.
5. While Generation X reports sleeping the fewest hours per night, millennials report the poorest habits: Nearly one-third of those between 18 and 33 say they can't sleep because they are “thinking of all the things they need to do or did not get done”. Compare that to only 19 percent of Gen Xers and 13 percent of baby boomers.
6. Business-to-business (B2B) e-commerce, in which businesses focus on selling to other

businesses, is the largest form of e-commerce, with around 14.2 trillion worldwide. There are two primary business models used within the B2B arena: Net marketplaces and private industrial networks.

7. Mother Teresa is to be made a saint now that Pope Francis has approved her second miracle, involving the healing of a Brazilian man's brain infection 11 years after her death. The celebrated missionary, who died in 1997, is expected to be canonized in September.
8. Stephen Curry is the son of a former NBA player, which gives him a genetic leg up unavailable to most of us. But that edge came with a few trade-offs. Curry went to high school in Charlotte, N. C., where his dad Dell, one of the NBA's great long-range shooters, spent the bulk of his 16-year career. "There was a lot of pressure being Dell Curry's son," he says.
9. A license is the legal authority to practice an occupation or to operate a business. Certification typically means that a person has received approved training required for a particular occupation. To be licensed as a professional, you must have a credential.
10. Scientists already know scent is a strong trigger for memories — more so than any other sense. Now, in a new study, researchers are hoping to put our smart noses to use in helping victims of violent crimes identify the culprits.

### 练习题

1. Israel's chief historian disagreed with Prime Minister Netanyahu as to who exterminate the Jewish people.
2. Viewing aging negatively causes the development of brain changes associated with Alzheimer's.
3. El Niño-related weather events may differ with location.
4. There are seven types of intellectual property protection in the United States.
5. Compared with Gen Xers and baby boomers, millennials are shaping up to be the most sleepless generation yet.
6. E-commerce has two forms and Business-to-business is one of them.
7. Mother Teresa, a celebrated missionary, is to be made a saint in September.
8. Being the son of a former NBA player is both an advantage and disadvantage.
9. The speaker explains the difference between a license, a certification and a credential.
10. Researchers are hoping to use smell to help solve crimes.

### 答案与解析

1. 【答案】 F

**【解析】** 以色列总理认为曾有巴勒斯坦人劝说希特勒屠杀犹太人，与以色列研究大屠杀的首席历史学家产生了分歧。

**【提示】** Benjamin Netanyahu (本雅明·内塔尼亚胡) 是以色列第九任总理。

2. **【答案】** T

**【解析】** 原文指出消极看待年老问题会引起大脑两处变化，这些变化是阿尔茨海默病的征兆。

3. **【答案】** T

**【解析】** 原文指出厄尔尼诺现象引起的后果在不同地方有不同表现，举例时说的是天气。本论述稍作推断，与原文意思一致。

4. **【答案】** F

**【解析】** 讲话者指出在美国有三种保护知识产权的方式。在听辨时，注意不要将 three main 误听成 seven。

5. **【答案】** T

**【解析】** 虽然 Generation X 自称是睡眠时间最短的一代，千禧一代却是难以入眠的一代，失眠人数占总体比例比 Generation X 和 baby boomers 都高。可以合理地推断，千禧一代正在逐渐成为最难以入眠的一代。

**【提示】** 美国人常用特定称谓泛指出生于某一时代、有很多共同特点和整体影响的人群。Baby Boomer 是“婴儿潮时期出生的人”。第二次世界大战后，美国人口出生率陡增，形成婴儿潮 (baby boom)，那时出生的美国人就被称为 Baby Boomer。Generation X，简称 Gen X，可译为“无名一代”、“X 一代”或“被遗忘的一代”，是指出生于 20 世纪 60 年代中期至 70 年代末的一代人。

Millennials “千禧一代”，也称 generation Y。Millennials 千禧一代是一个新名词，一般认为出生于 20 世纪八、九十年代至 21 世纪初 (2000s) 的一代人是千禧一代。从年龄上看，他们是 Baby Boomer 和 Generation X 的儿女。

6. **【答案】** F

**【解析】** B2B 是电子商务的一种形式，它有两种模式。原文没有说明电子商务有两种形式。

7. **【答案】** T

**【解析】** 原文指出特蕾莎修女被封为圣人，加封仪式将于 9 月份举行。同时也指出，她是著名的传教士，已于 1997 年逝世。Mother Teresa (特蕾莎修女) 是世界著名的天主教慈善工作者，一生致力于解除贫困，于 1979 年获得诺贝尔和平奖。

8. **【答案】** T

**【解析】** 从原文得知，做 NBA 球星的儿子，既是一种先天的优势，又是一种压力。Stephen Curry (斯蒂芬·库里) 是美国职业篮球运动员，2016 年 1 月，斯蒂芬·库里入选 2016 年 NBA 全明星赛西部首发阵容。2015 年 4 月，斯蒂芬·库里入选全球 100

大最有影响力人物。

9. 【答案】 T

【解析】 讲话者解释了许可证、资格证书和文凭三个概念，也就澄清了它们之间的区别。

10. 【答案】 T

【解析】 研究人员试图帮助受害者通过嗅觉来辨认罪犯，也就是说用嗅觉来帮助侦破犯罪案件。

## B 组 原文

1. Spencer Johnson, a onetime physician and children's book author, whose best-selling books on business management, including *The One-Minute Manager* and *Who Moved My Cheese?*, sold millions of copies and inspired a cultlike following, died July 3 at a hospital.
2. A fintech approach is also taken within data science, where a lot of the properly intelligent work is about understanding the problem and how best to use the data for the problem you have.
3. Everyone remembers the Wright brothers, who made the first powered, heavier-than-air flights by human beings on a beach in North Carolina in 1903.
4. Along with bank runs and market crashes, oil shocks have rare power to set monsters loose. Starting with the Arab oil embargo of 1973, people have learnt that sudden surges in the price of oil cause economic havoc. Conversely, when the price slumps because of a glut, as in 1986, it has done the world a power of good.
5. A new study shows that intentionally throwing off the timing of a heart's contractions can effectively treat a failure to pump sufficient blood. In about a quarter of the five million Americans with the condition known as heart failure, the organ's chambers fail to contract in perfect synchrony. When pacemakers are implanted to restore favorable timing — known as cardiac resynchronization therapy — the heart often ends up stronger than in heart failure patients who never had out-of-step contractions.
6. A week after a blockade of oil refineries led to panic at the petrol pumps, the country was crippled by another round of strikes, as transport workers joined the picket lines. The dispute, over the government's modest reforms to loosen Labor-market restrictions, has pitted unionized workers against the Socialist government of François Hollande.
7. Canada enacted a law that allows people with terminal illnesses to end their lives with the assistance of a doctor or nurse. The country's Liberal government rejected proposals that would have extended the right to people with nonfatal "grievous and irremediable" diseases.



8. Tianjin, a charmless industrial city near Beijing, hosts the annual ‘Summer Davos’ conference. This talking shop for big shots, organized by the World Economic Forum, will feature endless discussions about the fourth industrial revolution, panels on the internet of things and briefings on other whizzy topics that occupy the minds of business leaders the world over.
9. L’Oréal debuted the wearable at this year’s Consumer Electronics Show in Las Vegas, and it was released to the public in June. CES may seem like a strange place for a makeup company, but L’Oréal has had an incubator for some time now, and in 2011 the company hired biophysicist Guive to run it, with the mandate to create new products at the speed of a tech startup.
10. Now a group of New York City lawmakers has teamed up with another preservation group, to create a plan to preserve the region’s existing food system. As part of the initiative, lawmakers are seeking for the first time to set aside money in the municipal budget for the preservation of farmland.

### ▶ 练习题

1. The book, *Who Moved My Cheese?*, is the first best seller of Spencer Johnson.
2. A fintech approach is to make use of data to solve your problem.
3. The Wright brothers are well-known for the first flight powered by electricity.
4. The price of the oil has a great impact on the economy.
5. The pacemakers can help the heart failure patients get the perfect synchrony of heart contractions.
6. The crisis in France put the government into unrest, because of the problem of the petrol supply.
7. Euthanasia in Canada ran into dilemma, because there still existed some disagreement.
8. The “Summer Davos” conference in Tianjin has the topic of the fourth industrial revolution.
9. L’Oréal, a makeup company, developed new products for CES with the help of biophysicist Guive.
10. The government has realized the importance of farmland and started to protect it for the food system.

### ▶ 答案与解析

1. 【答案】 F