

CREATOR
开创
ENGLISH

全面配合最新英语教材

- 重点中学一线教师撰稿
- 涵盖高中语法全部考点
- 提供全面详尽答案分析
- 极具针对性的专项突破

NEW
最新课标版

高中语法

CREATOR SENIOR ENGLISH GRAMMAR EXERCISE

考点与练习

外语教学出版社

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第1章

名词和主谓一致

◆ 考点指引 ◆

- ◆ 1 名词的数:分为可数名词和不可数名词。
- ◆ 2 名词所有格:主要有表示有生命名词的所有格和表示无生命名词的所有格。

经典真题分类回顾



◆ 单项选择

- (2006 江苏) A poet and artist _____ coming to speak to us about Chinese literature and painting tomorrow afternoon.
A. is B. are C. was D. were
- (2006 安徽) Most of what has been said about the Smiths _____ also true of the Johnsons.
A. are B. is C. being D. to be
- (2004 天津) I keep medicines on the top shelf, out of the children's _____.
A. reach B. hand C. hold D. place
- (2004 上海) The environmentalists said wild goats' _____ on the vast grasslands was a good indication of the better environment.
A. escape B. absence C. attendance D. appearance
- (2004 上海) In dealing with public relations, we should make every effort to prevent the _____ in personality.
A. contact B. contrast C. connection D. conflict
- (2004 上海) Chinese arts have won the _____ of a lot of people outside China.
A. enjoyment B. appreciation C. entertainment D. reputation
- (2004 湖北) Don't leave matches or cigarettes on the table within _____ of little children.
A. hand B. reach C. space D. distance
- (2005 天津) Bill was doing a lot of physical exercise to build up his _____.

- A. ability B. force C. strength D. mind
9. (2005 上海) He proved himself a true gentleman and the beauty of his _____ was seen at its best when he worked with others.
- A. temper B. appearance C. talent D. character
10. (2005 浙江) I am sure David will be able to find the library—he has a pretty good _____ of direction.
- A. idea B. feeling C. experience D. sense
11. (2005 安徽) My _____ of this weekend's activity is going out with some good friends.
- A. idea B. opinion C. mind D. thought
12. (2005 辽宁) The head office of the bank is in Beijing, but it has _____ all over the country.
- A. companies B. branches C. organizations D. businesses
13. (2006 全国卷 II) It is no _____ arguing with Bill because he will never change his mind.
- A. use B. help C. time D. way
14. (2006 北京) She went to the bookstore and bought _____.
- A. dozen books B. dozens books C. dozen of books D. dozens of books
15. (2006 天津) Finding information in today's world is easy. The _____ is how you can tell if the information you get is useful or not.
- A. ability B. competition C. challenge D. knowledge



完形填空

I returned to Abuja, the capital of Nigeria, after college graduation. I had been there before my mother became a minister.

Two weeks later, I told my mother I was bored. She said: "Here're the car keys. Go and buy some fruit." 36, I jumped into the car and speeded off.

Seeing me or rather my 37, a boy sprang up (跳起来), 38 to sell his bananas and peanuts. "Banana 300 naira. Peanut 200 naira!"

Looking at his black-striped bananas, I 39 to 200 total for the fruit and nuts. He 40. I handed him a 500 naira note. He didn't have 41. So I told him not to worry. He was 42 and smiled a row of perfect teeth.

When two weeks later, I 43 this same boy. I was more aware of my position in Nigerian society. I should 44 this country as the son of a 45. But it

was hard to find pleasure in a place where it was so 46 to see a little boy who should have been in school selling fruit.

"What's up?" I asked. He answered in 47 English, "I...I no get money to buy book." I took out two 500 naira notes. He looked around 48 before sticking his hand into the car 49 the bills. One thousand naira means a lot to a family that 50 only 50,000 each year.

The next morning, security officers told me, "In this place, when you give a little, people think you're a fountain of opportunity (机会)."

51 it's right, but this happens everywhere in the world. I wondered if my little friend had actually used the money for 52.

After six months' work in northern Nigeria, I returned and saw him again standing on the road.

"Are you in school now?"

He nodded.

A silence fell as we looked at each other, then I 53 what he wanted. I held out a 500 naira note. "Take this."

He shook his head fiercely and stepped back 54 hurt.

"It's a gift." I said.

Shaking his head again, he handed me a basket of bananas and peanuts, "I've been waiting to 55 these to you."

(2006 湖南)

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|
| 36. A. Encouraged | B. Disappointed | C. Delighted | D. Confused |
| 37. A. car | B. mother | C. driver | D. keys |
| 38. A. willing | B. afraid | C. eager | D. ashamed |
| 39. A. got down | B. bargained down | C. put down | D. look down |
| 40. A. explained | B. promised | C. agreed | D. admitted |
| 41. A. change | B. notes | C. checks | D. bills |
| 42. A. troubled | B. regretful | C. comfortable | D. grateful |
| 43. A. ran after | B. ran into | C. ran over | D. ran to |
| 44. A. protect | B. enjoy | C. help | D. support |
| 45. A. minister | B. headmaster | C. manager | D. president |
| 46. A. lucky | B. amazing | C. funny | D. common |
| 47. A. old | B. broken | C. traditional | D. modern |
| 48. A. proudly | B. madly | C. curiously | D. nervously |
| 49. A. for | B. with | C. at | D. upon |

50. A. spends B. pays C. makes D. affords
 51. A. Possibly B. Actually C. Certainly D. Fortunately
 52. A. joys B. nuts C. books D. bananas
 53. A. asked B. imagined C. reminded D. realized
 54. A. when B. as if C. even if D. after
 55. A. send B. provide C. sell D. give

单项选择专项训练

基础过关

- The hurricane has put the economy of that country in a difficult _____.
 A. occasion B. situation C. background D. case
- His failure in the exam gave us _____.
 A. great surprise B. the great surprises
 C. great surprises D. a great surprise
- _____ been done without a correct result.
 A. Experiment after experiment has B. Experiments after experiments have
 C. Experiment by experiment has D. Experiment after the other has
- A young man can not have _____.
 A. experience of world B. the experiences of world
 C. the experience of the world D. experience of the world
- Electricity, like other forms of _____, has greatly increased in price.
 A. pressure B. force C. strength D. energy
- Is there any _____ to the time that I can stay here?
 —Yes, you must be off before he comes back.
 A. length B. distance C. limit D. matter
- More and more people choose to shop in a supermarket as it offers a great _____ of goods.
 A. variety B. mixture C. extension D. combination
- Wei Fang is very bright and studies very hard as well.
 —It's no _____ that he always gets the first place in the examinations.
 A. doubt B. that question C. wonder D. difficult
- She is always ready to help others because she thinks it a _____.
 A. pleasure B. chance C. happiness D. pride

10. These students have made up their _____ to make their _____ to Tibet after graduation from university.
A. minds; ways B. mind; way C. mind; ways D. minds; way
11. You can get _____ from the computer.
A. a lot of informations B. some useful information
C. numbers of information D. many useful informations
12. Mr. Baker promised to be back before _____.
A. dark B. darkness C. the dark D. the sunset
13. _____ average, more than one thousand _____ have been delivered from this city to towns.
A. In; luggage B. In; pieces of luggage
C. On; luggage D. On; pieces of luggage
14. On hearing the funny story, they both burst _____.
A. out laughter B. into laughing C. out laughing D. in laughing
15. Nobody but Peter and Black _____ to this proposal.
A. agrees B. agree C. have agreed D. were agreed



能力提升

1. —Woodhead is a little strange recently, what's wrong with him?
—No, but he promised me to be on his best _____.
A. behaves B. behave C. behaviour D. behaviours
2. It _____ Lin Feng and Wang Hai that often _____ me with my lessons.
A. are; help B. is; helps C. is; help D. are; helps
3. John's family _____ big. All the family _____ watching ball games.
A. is; enjoy B. is; enjoys C. are; enjoy D. are; enjoys
4. Each man and each woman _____ to attend the meeting that evening.
A. were asked B. asked C. told D. was asked
5. How do you like the _____?
A. sports car B. sport car C. sports' car D. sport's car
6. He is a man of _____.
A. many experiences of the work B. experiences of work
C. much experience of work D. a lot of experiences of work
7. —Isn't it getting dark?
—I think so. I see _____ are on already.

- A. the street lights B. the light in the street
C. the streets lights D. the lights street
8. _____ dresses are sold in the supermarket.
A. Man's and woman's B. Men and woman's
C. Men and women D. Men's and women's
9. Lily as well as her sisters _____ Chinese in Beijing University at present.
A. are studying B. is studying C. study D. studied
10. The singer and dancer _____ to our party this evening.
A. has been invited B. have been invited
C. are to come D. has invited
11. More than one student _____ for class this morning. This made the teacher really cross.
A. were late B. are late C. was late D. is late
12. The following _____ some newly-published popular magazines.
A. is B. are C. was D. appears
13. Jane went to the _____ yesterday afternoon to buy herself a pair of _____.
A. shoes store; sports shoes B. shoe's store; sports shoes
C. shoe store; sports shoes D. shoes' store; sport shoes
14. The man is more than sixty years old. His _____ grey, but he is in _____.
A. hairs are; a good health B. hair is; healthy body
C. hairs are; strong body D. hair is; good health
15. A thief stole _____ on the train.
A. the handbags of both Tom's mother-in-law's and his sister-in-law's
B. both Tom's mother-in-law and his sister-in-law's handbag
C. both Tom's mother-in-law's and his sister-in-law's handbags
D. all the above

完形填空专项训练

Tennis is very popular with people of all ages throughout the world. The tennis world has four big 1 , which are Wimbledon, the French Open, the US Open and the Australian Open. The best tennis 2 in the world can be found from these competitions. All of these championships are held 3 a year, and they each give 4 , or titles, for different kinds of tennis competition.

Tennis players may 5 in singles where only one person plays, women's or 6 doubles where two women or two men play as a team, or 7 doubles where one man and one woman play 8 as one team.

9 a player holds the singles prize or title 10 all four of the big tennis competitions at 11 time, the player has 12 the "grand slam" of tennis, the biggest title. This is very 13 to do so. Since 1969, only 14 people have won the grand slam. The grand slam has been won by two women—Margaret Court from Australia in 1970 and Steff Graf from Germany in 1988. The 15 man to win the grand slam was Rod Leaver from Australia in 1969. Even though it may difficult to win all four singles titles in one year, there are 16 famous tennis players from around the world who have won quite a few singles titles. Sometimes these players win two or even 17 titles in one year, but they cannot 18 in winning the grand slam.

In singles competitions, Margaret Court holds the 19 by far for winning the most titles during the years in which she played tennis. She won a 20 of 24 women's singles titles between 1960 and 1973. Martina Novratilove holds eighteen titles from women's singles competition, and Billie Jean King holds 12.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. teams | B. players | C. competitions | D. countries |
| 2. A. players | B. managers | C. bosses | D. leaders |
| 3. A. four times | B. twice | C. three times | D. once |
| 4. A. champion | B. prizes | C. presents | D. price |
| 5. A. compete | B. win | C. coach | D. watch |
| 6. A. boys' | B. girls' | C. children's | D. men's |
| 7. A. singles | B. double | C. mixed | D. children's |
| 8. A. together | B. altogether | C. each | D. everyone |
| 9. A. Though | B. However | C. Wherever | D. If |
| 10. A. to | B. since | C. from | D. with |
| 11. A. different | B. the same | C. one | D. a |
| 12. A. received | B. defeated | C. won | D. bought |
| 13. A. hard | B. hardly | C. easy | D. necessary |
| 14. A. four | B. two | C. three | D. five |
| 15. A. first | B. second | C. last | D. third |
| 16. A. many | B. more | C. few | D. much |
| 17. A. four | B. three | C. few | D. five |

- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|------------|---------------|
| 18. A. work | B. lose | C. succeed | D. failed |
| 19. A. deed | B. job | C. report | D. record |
| 20. A. average | B. number | C. total | D. population |

答案 & 详解

经典真题分类回顾

◆ 单项选择

1. A ◆ 句意：一位诗人兼艺术家明天下午将来给我们做有关中国文学和绘画的报告。单数名词用 and 连接，若前面分别用冠词，指不同的人或物，若前面只有一个冠词，则指同一个人/物。
2. B ◆ 句意：对于 Smiths 夫妇的评价大多数情况下也适用于 Johnsons 夫妇。引导名词性从句作主语时，谓语用单数。
3. A ◆ 句意：我把药放到了架子的顶部，孩子们够不到的地方。
4. D ◆ escape“逃跑”，absence“缺席”，根据句子后面的 good indication of the better environment 可将 A、B 项排除；attendance“出席”，一般指接受邀请或要求而主动参加，与题意不符。故只有 appearance“出现”符合题意。句意为：环境学家说野山羊在大草原的出现说明环境变好了。
5. D ◆ contact 和 connection 是同义词，“联系”；contrast“对比”；conflict“冲突”。根据句意选 D 项。
6. D ◆ enjoyment“高兴”；appreciation“欣赏”；entertainment“娱乐”；reputation“声誉”。句意为：中国艺术享誉海外。
7. B ◆ reach 作名词意为“伸手够得着的（地方或东西）”，within reach 意为“在……能够得着的地方”，这是固定搭配。
8. C ◆ ability 侧重指“能力”；force 侧重指“打击力，爆炸力，武力”；strength 侧重指“体力”；mind 指“脑力，智力”。显然，C 项与句子前面的 physical exercise 最为搭配。
9. D ◆ character“品质，特性”；temper“心情，脾气”；appearance“外表，外貌”；talent“才能，天才”。句意：在与别人共事时，他证明了自己是真正的绅士，也证明他具有良好的品格。
10. D ◆ have a sense of...“有……的感觉（能力）”。句意：我敢肯定戴维能找到图书馆，他有很好的方向感。