



中考指南

煜达英语

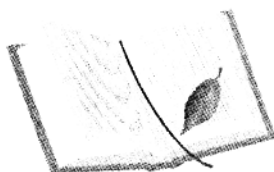
主编 王彬彬 陶 然 贾志英

单元达标

综合测试

东北林业大学出版社

煜達英語



哈爾濱十縣

主 編：王彬彬 陶 然 賈志英

編 委：趙紅星 陶 穎 郭紅梅
張 靜 宋 超 張 雷
宮小云 李宏偉 孔 楊
趙 丹

東北林業大學出版社

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

煜达英语/王彬彬, 陶然, 贾志英主编. —哈尔滨: 东北林业大学出版社, 2008.3
ISBN 978-7-81131-174-7

I. 煜… II. ①王…②陶…③贾… III. 英语课—初中—教学参考资料
IV. G634.413

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2008) 第 025907 号

责任编辑: 郑国光

封面设计: 彭 宇



NEFUP

煜达英语

Yuda Yingyu

主编 王彬彬 陶 然 贾志英

东北林业大学出版社出版发行

(哈尔滨市和兴路 26 号)

黑龙江省教育厅印刷厂印装

开本 787 × 1092 1/16 印张 14.75 字数 330 千字

2008 年 3 月第 1 版 2008 年 3 月第 1 次印刷

ISBN 978-7-81131-174-7

G·406 定价: 22.80 元

编者序

根据国家教育部制定的《英语课程标准》的要求,初中英语毕业考试应该考查学生在英语方面的听、说、读、写技能以及灵活运用语言知识的能力。中考英语必须以考查学生综合语言运用能力为目标,力争科学地、全面地考查学生在经过初中阶段学习后所具备的语言水平。测试应包括听力和笔试等形式,全面考查学生综合运用语言的能力。

因此,本训练题依据《英语课程标准》的要求,紧扣 2008 哈尔滨市中考英语考试说明,按照哈尔滨市十县九年级英语教材的单元编排顺序编写。每个单元(Unit)配有课内巩固和课外延伸两套习题,外加八套中考模拟试题,共二十套。体现了 2008 哈尔滨市中考英语考试说明关于“注重基础、能力立意、稳中求变”的精神。本训练题配有听力练习及磁带,既方便教师和学生使用又提高了学生综合运用英语语言的能力,促进了学生英语学习的全面发展。本训练题具有以下特点:

1. 巩固基础

训练题本着“在学中练,在练中学,学了就练”的原则,设计了每个单元的课内巩固练习。试题中的完型填空,任务型阅读及阅读表达(A)的阅读材料均来自教材原文,有助于学生对课内知识的巩固和加深。另外,单项选择题的编写体现了本单元的重点和难点。

2. 延伸课外

训练题注重学生的全面发展和实际应用英语能力。众所周知中考试题所有阅读材料都来源于课外,试题联系时代,贴近学生的生活,强调学科的整合。为此,课外延伸试题的编写遵循了以上的原则,阅读材料的选择既贴近学生日常生活,又与本单元的话题相关联。如:饮食与健康、旅游与交通、科普知识与现代技术、地球与环境、说理故事等考试说明中所涉及的热点话题。考察的知识点依然是本单元的重点和难点,注重对学生应用能力的训练。

3. 把握中考

训练题按照 2008 中考的考试说明编写。特别是最后的八套模拟试题,涵盖了中考说明所有考点,全面地、系统地对初中知识的重点进行梳理,能起到事半功倍的效果。

4. 创新提高

训练题体现了“稳中求变”的原则。习题的编排按照考试说明的新要求,采纳全国中考阅读表达编写的优点,对阅读表达(B)应用文部分进行了认真编写,为广大的考生提供了很好的范例。

本训练题集中了具有权威的经验丰富的一线骨干毕业学年英语教师及中考命题员的智慧,我们深信,他们辛勤的努力一定能为哈尔滨十县的考生带来可喜的收获。训练题中如有不当之处敬请批评指正。谢谢!

目 录

Unit 1	课内测试试题	1
	课外延伸试题	11
Unit 2	课内测试试题	21
	课外延伸试题	31
Unit 3	课内测试试题	41
	课外延伸试题	51
Unit 4	课内测试试题	61
	课外延伸试题	71
Unit 5	课内测试试题	81
	课外延伸试题	91
Unit 6	课内测试试题	101
	课外延伸试题	111
哈市中考模拟试题(一)		121
哈市中考模拟试题(二)		131
哈市中考模拟试题(三)		141
哈市中考模拟试题(四)		151
哈市中考模拟试题(五)		161
哈市中考模拟试题(六)		171
哈市中考模拟试题(七)		181
哈市中考模拟试题(八)		191
参考答案及听力原文		201



Unit 1 课内测试

一、听力测试 (本题共 30 分) 听录音, 每题读两遍

I、听句子, 选出与所听句子相匹配的图画。(本题共 5 分, 每小题 1 分)

() 1. A.



B.



C.



() 2. A.



B.



C.



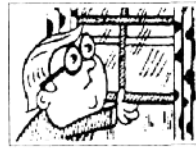
() 3. A.



B.



C.



() 4. A.



B.



C.



() 5. A.



B.



C.



II、听对话, 根据问题选出正确答案。(本题共 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

() 6. A. She can buy it if she promises to return the money to him soon.

B. She doesn't have any money to buy it.

C. No, she can't. Because she doesn't want to buy it.

() 7. A. In 1918.

B. 1926.

C. In 1961.

() 8. A. They can slow down a bit.

B. He's tired, too.

C. They should hurry up instead of slowing down.

() 9. A. In a shop.

B. At a post office.

C. In a school.





- () 10. A. He is going to take the lessons. B. He is going to meet his aunt at the airport.
C. He is going to help Tom with his lessons.

III、听对话, 根据对话内容选出最佳答案完成各句。(本题共 5 分, 每小题 1 分)

- () 11. They are going to have a picnic _____.
A. in a hotel B. in a park C. in a restaurant
- () 12. They won't bring _____ for the picnic.
A. bread B. cakes C. apples
- () 13. _____ is busy these days.
A. The man B. The woman C. Neither of them
- () 14. Altogether there are _____ people who will go for a picnic.
A. two B. three C. four
- () 15. They make it _____.
A. this Saturday B. this Sunday C. this Friday

IV、听短文, 根据所听内容选出短文中画线部分的同义词或同义短语。(本题共 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

Summer holiday is here. Jenny and Linda, like many American children, plan to 16. Their plans for sunny days are 17 their plans for rainy days. On sunny days, they ride their bicycles with their friends to the beach. Jenny gets up at the same time as Linda and they usually 18 before breakfast. They take sandwiches and cans of Coca-Cola or they make a fire and cook hamburgers on the beach. They can swim or take a walk. Linda is learning to play the guitar, so 19 they sing by the fire. Sometimes they play volleyball or lie down on the beach to 20 the sun. On rainy days, Jenny and Linda stay at home. They often read or watch TV.

- () 16. A. enjoy himself B. enjoy herself C. enjoy themselves
- () 17. A. the same as B. as well as C. not the same as
- () 18. A. go away B. come back C. give away
- () 19. A. on time B. in time C. at times
- () 20. A. look at B. watch out C. get pleasure from

二、单项选择 (本题共 15 分, 每小题 1 分)

选择最佳答案。

- () 21. You can't do things well by yourselves if you always ask for help. Remember, _____ experiencing the wind and rain, it is impossible to see the rainbow(彩虹).
A. with B. without C. through
- () 22. —They have never been to New York, _____?
A. have they B. are they C. haven't they
- () 23. —Doing eye exercises works well _____ our eyesight.
—Yes, that's true.
A. to protecting B. protecting C. in protecting





- () 24. China's population is _____ than any other country in the world.
A. more B. larger C. smaller
- () 25. — _____ nice photo! You are so cute then!
—Yes, everybody loved me so much! In those days I was so happy.
A. What B. How C. What a
- () 26. —Do you know the year _____ the Chinese Communist Party was founded?
—Yes, and that is the year _____ I'll never forget.
A. when, which B. that, when C. when, when
- () 27. If you don't go to the meeting tomorrow, _____.
A. so will he B. neither does he C. neither will he
- () 28. —Susan and I are good friends, but her family is moving to a new city.
—Could you tell me _____?
—Once a year.
A. how soon you'll talk to each other B. how often you'll meet each other
C. how long do you play with each other
- () 29. — _____ you _____ the film Superman?
—Yes. I _____ it last week.
A. Have, seen, have seen B. Have, seen, saw C. Did, see, saw
- () 30. I'll be very glad to _____ you _____ much more information about it.
A. provide, for B. provide, with C. give, provide
- () 31. —Those homeless people are _____ great _____ others' help.
—That's true. We will try to help them more.
A. in, need B. in, need of C. in, need for
- () 32. —Do you know China has sent up its first moon satellite, Chang'e I?
—Yes. According to scientists, the satellite will spend 10 days _____ to the moon and send back very _____ pictures of the moon.
A. to get, detail B. getting, detailing C. getting, detailed
- () 33. What shouldn't we do to stay away from the flu?
A. Take enough exercise. Have enough sleep. Drink more water.
B. Turn your head away from people near you when you or they are coughing.
C. You are always sharing food with those who are ill.
- () 34. Helen's parents will go to see the film. How much are the tickets?

HARBIN CINEMA

Carse of the Golden Flower

Time: 8:00 p.m. Sunday

Tickets: Grown-up: ¥15.00

Children: ¥10.0



A. \$25.00.

B. \$20.00.

C. \$30.00.

() 35. Which word has a different stress?

A. Develop.

B. Purpose.

C. Provide.

三、完形填空 (共 10 分, 每小题 1 分)

根据短文内容选择最佳答案。

In 2005, the world's population was about 6.5 billion. More than three billion people live in Asia now. That's about half of the world's population.

China has the 36 population in the world, and about 37 of the people in the world live in China. Because of the large population, there is less living space for each family. And it's difficult for lots of people to find jobs. A large population also 38 many difficulties for the whole nation. For example, we are 39 energy and water. Most cities are 40 crowded than before, and the traffic is much heavier. The large population has 41 a serious problem.

So far, our government has taken many measures 42 the population. One is known as the one-child policy. It has worked well in 43 China's population. Thanks to the policy, China is developing quickly and people's living conditions are improving 44. However, the population problem is still serious in China. We still have a long way 45.

() 36. A. large

B. larger

C. largest

() 37. A. one fifth

B. one five

C. one fifths

() 38. A. cause

B. causes

C. causing

() 39. A. in short

B. short for

C. short of

() 40. A. much

B. a little

C. more

() 41. A. become

B. becoming

C. became

() 42. A. to control

B. controlling

C. controlled

() 43. A. to control

B. controlling

C. controlled

() 44. A. rapid

B. more rapid

C. rapidly

() 45. A. to go

B. going

C. goes

四、阅读理解 (共 20 分, 每小题 1 分)

(A)

Have you felt annoyed when a cellphone rings during the class? Something must be done to stop this. Now in New York City, USA, a rule is carried out in schools. Students can't even bring cellphones to school. Is it a good thing or not?

Anxious parents say that cellphones are an important tool(工具) in holding New York city's families together.

"I worry about it," said Elizabeth Lorris Ritter, a mother of a middle school kid. It's necessary in our everyday life. We have a washing machine. We have running water, and we have cellphones.

Many American parents think cellphones connect them to their children on buses, getting out from



subways, walking through unknown places.

"I can call her when she gets out of school." said Lindsay Walt, a schoolgirl's mother, "No one in New York is going to let their child go to school without a cellphone."

What about the cellphone owners, the students? Most of the students said cellphones were essential and the cellphone was like all extra(额外的) hand or foot for them.

"I feel so empty." said May Chom. There is also no way to listen to music on the way to school without my phone, "It will be a real boring trip."

根据短文内容,选择最佳答案。

- () 46. You will get _____ when you hear a cellphone ring in class.
A. sad B. upset C. excited
- () 47. You can use a cellphone _____.
A. to enjoy listening to music B. to work as running water
C. to work as a washing machine
- () 48. Which of the following statements is TRUE?
A. Many American parents don't think cellphones are necessary for the students.
B. Cellphones only bring troubles to the school life.
C. Cellphones connect children with their families when they are outside.
- () 49. What does the underlined word "essential" mean in Chinese?
A. 时髦的. B. 必要的. C. 昂贵的.
- () 50. This article is about the _____ in carrying out the rule not to use a cellphone in school.
A. happiness B. interest C. problem

(B)

	Population (million)	% of income spent on food	Persons per room	% of houses with water and electricity	Telephones per 100 people	% of children in middle school
Tokyo	28.7	18	0.9	100	44	97
Mexico city	19.4	41	1.9	94	6	62
New York	17.4	16	0.5	99	56	95
Sao Paulo	17.2	50	0.8	100	16	67
Osaka	16.8	18	0.6	98	42	97
Seoul	15.8	34	2.0	100	22	90
Moscow	13.2	33	1.3	100	39	100
Bombay	12.9	57	4.2	85	5	49
Buenos Aires	12.4	40	1.3	86	14	51
London	11.0	24	0.6	100	50	58



根据表格所提供的信息选择最佳答案。

- () 51. Of the following cities, people who live in _____ spend most of their income on food.
A. Bombay B. Moscow C. Buenos Aires
- () 52. Which city has the least people?
A. London. B. New York. C. Tokyo.
- () 53. It is the easiest for people in _____ to make a phone call.
A. Osaka B. Seoul C. Bombay
- () 54. Which of the following sentences is TRUE?
A. People who live in Moscow spend their income on telephones more than in Osaka
B. Tokyo has the largest population of all the cities.
C. The number of the students who go to school in Buenos Aires is the smallest.
- () 55. The number of the students studying in middle school in London is less than that in _____.
A. Buenos Aires B. Mexico city C. Bombay
- (C)

A woman saw three old men sitting in her front yard. She said, "I don't think I know you, but you must be hungry. Please come in and have something to eat."

"We don't go into a house together." they replied.

"Why is that?" she asked.

One of the old men answered, "His name is Wealth. This is Success, and I am Love." Then he said, "Now go in and discuss with your family which one of us you want in your house."

Then the woman went in and told her family what was said.

"Let's invite Wealth. Let him come in and bring us nice things. We have been so poor." His husband disagreed, "My dear, why don't we invite Success? Don't you want me to be a successful man?" Then the daughter asked, "Would it be better to invite Love? Our life will then be filled with love!" "Let's take our daughter's advice." said the father and mother.

So the woman went out and asked, "Which one of you is Love?" Please come in and be our guest. Love got up and started walking toward the house. The other two also got up and followed him. Surprised, the lady asked Wealth and Success, "I only invited Love. Why are you coming along?" The two men answered, "If you had invited Wealth or Success, two of us would have stayed out, but since you have invited Love, wherever he goes, we'll go with him. Where there is Love, there is Wealth and Success."

根据短文所提供的信息判断正(A)误(B)。

- () 56. This is a true story that happened a long time ago.
- () 57. Wealth could make the family very rich.
- () 58. The family had different ideas and didn't know whom to invite.
- () 59. The three old men all went into the house to get something to eat.
- () 60. The story tells us that love is the most important of all.

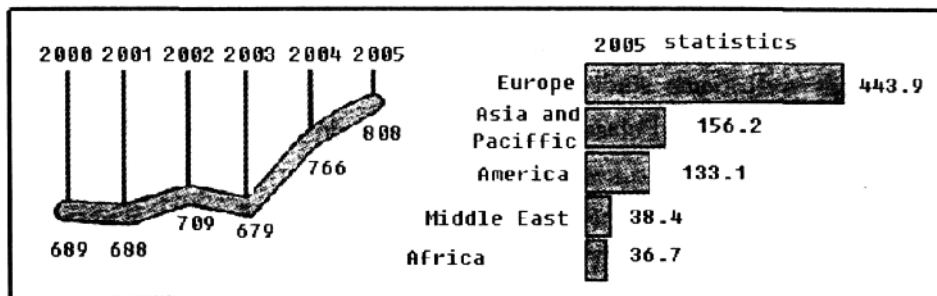




(D)

Global Travel

International tourist arrivals in millions



根据图示所提供的信息选择最佳答案。

- () 61. According to the statistics, which destination attracted the most tourists in 2005?
A. Middle East. B. America. C. Europe.
- () 62. According to the statistics, which place has the fewest tourists in 2005?
A. America. B. Middle East. C. Africa.
- () 63. During which interval (间隔) was there the greatest increase of global travel?
A. Between 2001 and 2002. B. Between 2003 and 2004. C. Between 2004 and 2005.
- () 64. Which is true about the diagram?
A. The diagram shows that global travel will increase over the next few years.
B. Tourists from Europe made up half of the total in 2005.
C. The number of tourists increased by 21 million from 2001 to 2002.
- () 65. This diagram is mainly about _____.
A. statistics of global travel from 2000 to 2005
B. the predication(预测) of international tourist arrivals
C. the tendency(趋势) of global population

五、任务性阅读 (本题共 10 分, 每空 1 分)

先阅读(A)、(B)两篇短文, 然后根据题目要求及所给语境, 完成下列四项任务。

(A)

develop pleasure place quick shop

I live in Beijing, the capital of China. The city has a long history and many 66 of interest, such as the Great Wall, the Ming Tombs, the Summer Palace and the Forbidden City. We have many big 67 centres and huge marks, so shopping is easy and 68. Our public transportation is excellent, too. Buses, taxis and subways can take you to any part of the city 69. However, life isn't always easy. People have to study and work hard to keep up with the quick 70 of modern society.



(B)

China has developed rapidly since 1978. More and more ring roads have appeared and people's living conditions have improved a lot. Buildings in Beijing are becoming taller and brighter. And there are more kinds of food and clothes to choose. People can enjoy more sorts of leisure and activities. Children can study not only in modern schools but also on the Internet. What's more, communications are becoming easier and quicker-people can use telephones, cellphones, the Internet and so on.

Beijing has made rapid progress and it will host the 2008 Olympic Games. I think it is important to remember the past, cherish today and dream about the future.

任务1: 用方框中所给的词的适当形式填空,使文章通顺、连贯合理。(每词限用一次)

66. _____ 67. _____ 68. _____ 69. _____ 70. _____

任务2: 根据英文释义及首字母提示,拼写单词。

71. r _____ : adverb of rapid

72. f _____ : time that has not arrived yet; the opposite of past

任务3: 同义句转换,每空一词。

Children can study not only in modern schools but also on the Internet.

Children can study 73. _____ in modern schools 74. _____ on the Internet.

任务4: 根据短文(B)内容简答问题。

75. When will Beijing host the Olympic Games?

六、交际应用(本题共10分,每空1分)

(A)从A-G选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,补全对话。(选项中有两项是多余的)

A: Have you ever been to Beijing?

B: Yes, 76.

A: Beijing is a beautiful city, isn't it?

B: Yes. There are many old buildings and also many tall and bright buildings.

A: But there are too many people and cars. 77.

B: Do you want to live in Beijing when you grow up?

A: Well, 78. There are lots of supermarkets, shopping is very easy.

B: 79. And there are fewer places to live in.

A: 80. I hope it will get better in the future.

- A. That's OK.
B. Traffic is always heavy.
C. You are right.
D. But it's difficult to find a job.
E. but only once.
F. I've been to Shanghai.
G. I would like to live in Beijing.

76. _____ 77. _____ 78. _____ 79. _____ 80. _____



(B) 填入一个适当的词补全对话, 每空一词。(本题共 5 分, 每小题 1 分)

A: You have been to New York for a long time. How do you like 81 there.

B: It's great. I really love it.

A: But I heard the traffic there was terrible and everyone drove too fast.

B: Oh, you will get 82 to it very soon.

A: But I also heard the streets were dirty.

B: They used to be, but the city has 83 a lot.

A: Isn't it dangerous there?

B: Well, New York was 84 in the past, but it's quite safe now. I think it's a wonderful place to live in. We have beautiful parks, good schools, famous museums and excellent restaurants. And you can go to plays, concerts and operas every day if you like. You must come for a visit. Then you can see New York for 85.

81. _____ 82. _____ 83. _____ 84. _____ 85. _____

七. 阅读表达 (本题共 10 分)

(A) 阅读短文, 根据短文内容完成表格, 每空一词。

At our school, we sometimes have a special day to help others. Last year we went to an old people's home and sang songs and performed a play for them. The old people were very happy. We should be allowed to take time to do things like that more often. For example, we should visit primary schools and help teach young students. I want to be a teacher when I grow up, so it would be a great experience for me. Other students would like to do jobs. For example, my friend Tian Ge wants to write for a newspaper. She should be allowed to volunteer at the newspaper office once a week.

What we did	Last year we <u>86</u> to an old people's home and sang songs and performed a <u>87</u> for them.
What we should do	We should visit <u>88</u> schools and help teach young <u>89</u> .
What we will do	I want to be a teacher and my friend <u>90</u> to write for a newspaper.

86. _____ 87. _____ 88. _____ 89. _____ 90. _____

(B) 假如你叫李明, 是加拿大外教 Ben 的朋友, 前天你收到他的来信, 请根据他的来信写一封回信, 就信中他的困惑, 说说你的看法, 并给他提供一些建议, 要求至少包含 5 句话。(本题共 5 分)

Dear Li Ming,

I have come to Harbin for about half year, I like this beautiful city and the people here are friendly. But sometimes I am unhappy because I don't know how to do something, just like when I stay at home my light cut off, I asked the manager the reason. He told me you should pay for it and there was no charge of my light. But he didn't tell me where I should pay for it and how I pay for it. There is no one tell me how to do and there is also no information book directing me. I am a guest of Harbin and I work for this city. However, when I want to eat or buy something, None can tell me how many shops there are in this city and which place I can go, This is your city and you should know these and tell foreigners.



In western counties the foreigners can find their ways easily according to the information books, but it's difficult in China.

How can I do it?

Yours,

Ben

Dear Ben,,

I am sorry for what you said, _____

Yours,

Li Ming

八. 书面表达 (本题共 15 分)

近年来,世界人口不断增长,由人口的增长引发的问题也越来越严重,资源匮乏,环境污染,就业机会减少……请你围绕这一话题,展开思路谈谈感想。

要求:

1. 结构完整,语句精彩,意思连贯,语言流畅,语法准确,符合逻辑。
2. 80 词以上。
3. 不得使用真实姓名、地名、校名。
4. 文体不限,题目自拟。



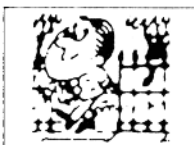


Unit 1 课外延伸

一、听力测试(本题共 30 分)听录音,每题读两遍

I、听句子,选出与所听句子相匹配的图画。(本题共 5 分,每小题 1 分)

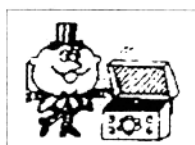
() 1. A.



B.



C.



() 2. A.



B.



C.



() 3. A.



B.



C.



() 4. A.



B.



C.



() 5. A.



B.



C.



II、听对话,根据问题选出正确答案。(本题共 10 分,每小题 2 分)

() 6. A. In four hours.

B. In three hours.

C. In half an hour.

() 7. A. Nineteen.

B. Ten.

C. Fifteen.

() 8. A. 180 000.

B. 60 000.

C. 240 000.

() 9. A. Because the river is clean.

B. Because the river is too dirty.

C. Because fish don't like clean water.

() 10. A. At the second crossing.

B. At the first crossing.

C. At the third crossing.



III、听对话,根据对话内容选出最佳答案完成各句。(本题共5分,每小题1分)

- () 11. The man telephones to _____.
A. join the basketball club B. to find his basketball C. to play chess
- () 12. The man doesn't like _____.
A. playing basketball B. running C. swimming
- () 13. The man's telephone number is _____.
A. 8351637 B. 8531637 C. 8356137
- () 14. The man's family name is _____.
A. Alison B. Gerber C. Farley
- () 15. _____ is the man's email.
A. alison123@yahoo.com B. gerber123@yahoo.com C. gerber@123.com

IV、听短文,根据所听内容选出短文中画线部分的同义词或同义短语。(本题共10分,每小题2分)

Years ago a farmer owned land along the sea. He often advertised for workers. Most people didn't like to work on farms there. 16, a short man came to the farmer. The man said he could sleep well when 17. The farmer had to hire(雇佣) him.

The farmer felt 18 with the man's work. Then one night the wind blew strongly, the farmer rushed to the hired hand's bed. He shook the little man and 19, "Get up! A storm is coming!" The little man turned over in bed and said, "No sir, I told you, I can sleep well when the wind blows."

The farmer hurried outside to prepare for the storm. He found that everything was ready. Then the farmer understood what the man meant.

If you get everything ready, 20 the wind blows, you're sure to face any difficulty.

- () 16. A. In the end B. By the end C. At the end
- () 17. A. it rains B. it blows C. it snows
- () 18. A. angry B. excited C. happy
- () 19. A. spoke B. shouted C. accepted
- () 20. A. however B. wherever C. whenever

二、单项选择(本题共15分,每小题1分)

选择最佳答案。

- () 21. —The 2008 Beijing Olympic is on its way. What can you do for the games?
—I have requested to be a volunteer. I will _____ Beijing and Xi'an _____ foreign visitors.
A. improve, to B. recommend, to C. develop, for
- () 22. _____ friends you have, _____ you live.
A. The more, the happier B. The most, the most happy
C. The more, the more happily
- () 23. —The world's population is getting larger and larger, so officials will have to _____ new ways to solve the serious problems.
—That's true.