



普通高等教育"十五"国家级规划教材普通高等教育"九五"国家级重点教材

新編英语教程 A NEW ENGLISH COURSE

主 编 李观仪

英语专业用 (修订版)

6

(REVISED EDITION)

练 习 册 WORKBOOK



上海外语教育出版社

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主 編 圣观仪 编 者 刁会耀 史志康 何兆熊 章伟良 梅德明 (接姓氏笔画排序)

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电 话: 021-65425300 (总机) 电子邮箱: bookinfo@sflep.com.cn

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Unit One

TEXT I

Two Words to Avoid, Two to Remember

Arthur Gordon

	How were the author and the old man related?
-	
	According to the author, how much did the session with his psychiatrist friend that afternoon mean to him?
-	Why did the old man let the author listen to the three speakers on the tape?
-	
	What did the old man advise the author to do to get out of his depressed state of mind

6	What do you think is the tone of the passage?
0.	What do you think is the tone of the passage;
Para	aphrase the following.
1.	Nothing in life is more exciting and rewarding than the sudden flash of light th leaves you a changed person—not only changed, but changed for the bette (ll.1-2)
2.	He came across the street, finally, muffled in his ancient overcoat, shapeless fe
	hat pulled down over his bald head, looking more like an energetic gnome than a eminent psychiatrist. (II. 11 – 13)
3.	The woman who spoke next had never married because of a sense of obligation
	her widowed mother; she recalled bitterly all the marital chances she had let by. (ll. 39 - 40)
4.	In the end, if you let it become a habit, it can become a real roadblock, an excursion for not trying any more. (ll. 58 – 59)

6.	"My, my," said the Old Man slyly. "If only we had come down ten seconds sooner, we'd have caught that cab, wouldn't we?" I laughed and picked up the cue. "Next time I'll run faster." (ll. 91 - 93)
	·
`ra	nslate the following into English.
1.	由于缺少资金,整个计划失败了。(fall through) The whole project fell lineagh for decemper of money.
2.	牛顿被公认为是世界上最杰出的科学家之一。(eminent) Meton was regarded as the one of the most amount of the m
3.	他对生产成本的估算总是准确无误。(invariable)
4.	公司发言人的不负责任讲话受到了严厉指责。(berate) The companye Straker was berated for his strain
5.	这名商业银行的年轻职员看出那张十英镑的假币。(spot)
	这个精干的经理立刻行动了起来。(promptly) Thus (apa his manager storted langer)
6.	The course manager manager

9.	不要感叹过去的不幸。振作起来向前看。(lament)
	- Void Complete to his philipper control to a loc Charlet
Vri	ite a short essay on "The Power of Positive Thinking", the theme of the text.

TEXT I

The Romance of Words

Wilfred Funk and Norman Lewis

What is the root of a word? Give five examples of the roots of words with explanation.

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TEXT **I**

Business Letters

Business letters are set up in a standard format. There are many variations, but the sample on pp. 8, 9 is perhaps the most popular. It is easy to set up and always looks professional. The "typical" business letter has three sections:

- · Before the message
- The message
- · After the message

Before the message

1. Letterhead

The letterhead is at the top of the page. It includes the company name, address, and phone number. Fax number and e-mail address can be included, too.

Today's date
 This is the date the letter is mailed, not the day you started writing it. Position it flush left or flush right, or tab to the center of the page and start typing.

Position the date three to five lines down from the last line of the letterhead. If you're using preprinted stationery, try starting on the fifth line down from the top of the page to avoid over printing.

3. Addressee Information

This includes name, title, company name, and address. Note that each item is flush left on a new line.

Use Mr., Mrs., Miss, or Ms. with the person's name. If the title is short, it can appear on the same line as the name. If it is long, it should be on a separate line. For example:

Ms. Sally Smith, Manager

Or:

Ms. Sally Smith

Manager, Retail Sales

Type company name and address as they appear on Letterhead. Do not abbreviate words like Street, Road, or Avenue. Note there is a space, but no comma, between the province and postcode.

Position the first line (addressee name) three lines down from the date.

4. Attention line (optional)

This is a reference line. It starts with either Attention or Re and is followed by a colon. It can refer to a person, a specific item, or the subject of the letter. For example:

Attention: Accounts Receivable

Attn: John Doe

Re: Purchase Order A-1234 dated August 3,200 _

Re: ABC Project

Position the attention line two lines down from the addressee's city/province/post code*, or two lines down from the salutation.

5. Salutation

This reads Dear Whoever and ends with a colon. Position it flush left and two lines down from the attention line or the addressee's city/province/post code. If you know the person well, you can use the first name. If not, use Mr., Mrs., Miss, or Ms. and the last name. If you have no idea who will be handling your letter, use Dear Sir or Madam. For example:

Dear John:

Dear Mr. Doe:

Dear Sir or Madam:

The message

6. Body of the Letter

The typical business letter has three paragraphs. You can choose to indent or not.

The first paragraph starts two lines down from the salutation.

After the message

7. Closing

The closing is followed by a comma. Position the closing flush left or tab to the center of the page and start typing. Common closing used today are:

Sincerely,

Warm regards,

Sincerely yours,

Best wishes,

Regards,

Cordially,

Best regards,

Yours truly,

8. Type your full name three or four lines down from the closing. Your title goes on the next line. Both are lined up flush left with the closing. Your signature goes in the space above your typed name.

9. Copies

List other people who are getting a copy of the letter. Use cc followed by a colon. For example:

cc: John Doe

Mary Smith

The cc list is positioned flush left and two lines or more lines down from your title.

10. Enclosures

If extra material is enclosed with the letter, note this with Encl. or Enclosure. If desired, you can state the number of attachments. For example:

Enclosure

Enclosures (3)

Encl. (2)

11. Reference initials

If the letter is written or dictated by one person and typed by another, this is noted using each person's initials. The first set of initials is in upper case and refers to the writer. The second set is in lower case and refers to the assistant. Reference initials can take several forms. For example:

Dictator	Typist	Reference initials
	Tina Wong	tw
David Lee	Cecilia Chan	DL/cc
Betty Lo	Eliza Cheung	Betty Lo/ec

12. Postscripts (abbreviated as "PS") are used to add a personal note to a business letter. They should not be used as a way of avoiding planning your letter by allowing you to add "afterthoughts".

Postscripts are positioned at the left margin, one line space down from notations, such as enclosures and carbon copies.

```
The following is a sample of standard business letter format:
                                 Company Name
                                  Street Address
                            City, Province Post Code*
                                   Phone, Fax
                                     E-mail
Today's Date
Addressee's Name
Title
Company Name
Address
City, Province Post Code
Re: (optional)
Dear Name:
Body of letter, paragraph one
Body of letter, paragraph two
Body of letter, paragraph three
Closing,
(signature)
Sender's Name
Title
cc. Name
    Name
Encl.
```

Reference Initials

Notes:

* post code (or: postcode): a series of numbers that forms part of an address and which is used to help organize post so that it can be delivered more quickly. It is called zip code in American English. Note that in different countries post code can take different forms. Look at the following examples:

Steve Parish Publishing Pty Ltd PO Box 1058, Archerfield, Queensland 4108 Australia

John Smith
Flat 16, 34 Darwin Street
Mayfair, London W1Y 7DN
UK

Van Nostrand Reinhold Ltd. 1410 Birchmount Road, Scarborough, Ont. M1P 2E7 Canada

The United States Postal Service uses the two-letter codes for states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico, which are followed by five numbers. When you use these codes, the address should look like this:

Art Institute Of Southern California 2222 Laguna Canyon, CA 92651 U.S.A

Exercises

Look at the following letter, which breaks some of the rules that have been discussed above. Identify the mistakes and then rewrite it.

EW ELECTRONIC WAREHOUSE

930 Abbott Park Place Providence, RI 02903

21 - 02 - 200

AH/ec

Enclosures 2

cc: Mr. John Smith

Mr. David Cole

Subject: YOUR FEBRUARY 18 LETTER ABOUT YOUR PURCHASE ORDER

Dear Mr. Garber,

You should receive by February 25 a second shipment of the speakers, VCRs, headphones, and other electronic equipment that you ordered January 20.

The first shipment of this order was delivered January to 3590 University Avenue, St. Paul, Minnesota 55114. When no one at that address would receive the shipment, it was returned to us. Now that I have your letter, I see that the order should have been sent to 2293 Second Avenue, St. Paul, Minnesota 55120. When an order is undeliverable, we usually try to verify the shipping address by telephoning the customer. Somehow the return of this shipment was not caught by our normally painstaking shipping clerks. You can be sure that I will investigate shipping and return procedures with our clerks immediately to see if we can improve existing methods.

Your respect is important to us, Mr. Garber. Although our rock-bottom discount prices have enabled us to build a volume business, we don't want to be so large that we lose touch with valued customers like you. Over the years, our customers' respect has made us more successful, and we hope that the prompt delivery of this shipment will retain yours.

Sincerely yours

Amy Hopkins
Distribution Manager

Attention: Mr. Jeremy Garber Sound System, Inc. 2293 2nd Ave. St. Paul, MN 55120

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						<u> </u>			
									
									
			<u>.</u>						
									
		•							

ESSAY WRITING

Unity, Support and Coherence

Bool	k? I	Explain.
_		
Αľ	NGU	JAGE WORK
Ι.	Cho	oose the word or phrase which best completes each sentence.
	1.	I'd like to buy the radio, but I haven't got any money on me at the moment. Cou
		you for me for a day or two?
		A. put it out B. take it in C. put it by D. lay it in
	2.	When I was told I had won first prize in the speech contest, I had to
		myself to make sure I wasn't dreaming.
		A. grasp B. scratch C. pinch D. seize
	3.	Marina failed to finish her speech at the appointed time because there were
		many from the members of the organization.
		A. delays B. gaps C. intervals D. interruption
	4.	My woollen sweater used to be bigger than this. It has in the wash.
		A. shortened B. shrunk C. reduced D. lessened
	5.	The police suspected that the fire must have broken after the worker
		had left the factory.
		A. off B. through C. out D. in
	6.	It is interesting to watch swans moving through a coloured kaleidoscope
		square, triangle and ellipse in sunlight.
		A. quivering B. moving C. vibrating D. shaking
	7.	As the boat bound for Nanjing leaves only on days, we had no choice be
		to stay in the hotel overnight.

		A. alternative	B. separate	C. successive	D. alternate
17	8.	The unprecedentedly	big floods in our vill	lage did not start to	until four
34		days after the torren	tial rain had stopped.		
		A. sink	B. reduce	C. lower	D. withdraw
\bigcap	9.	They crawled for the	next three hours alon	g a main road where	a line of traffic was
ſ		so tightly to	ogether that it was al	most stationary.	
		A. crowded	B. blocked	C. assembled	D. wedged
\mathcal{D}_{i}	10.	When the kitten pur	red noisily and dug i	its claws into her sho	oulder, Jacqueline's
		singing became a sta	rtled	•	
		A. cry		C. yell	
1	11.	The bus turned and i	rushed along the now	road and th	nen veered.
۹.			B. smooth		D. horizontal
₽,	12.	My grandmother's	eyelids and	I she dozed peaceful	ly, with the clock
*		• •	and the logs cracklin	-	
_		A. dangled χ^{-1}	B. drooped	C. sagged 110	D. stooped 🧬
k	13.			r, Theresa spent the	rest of the day with
		her books, trying to	with some	reading.	
		-		C. catch up	
1	14.	The explorers' hope	s of finding their m	issing colleagues are	now beginning to
		·			
				C. shrink	
13	15.	By two o'clock the	tide which had reac	ched an all-time high	was beginning to
		•	_	_	-
		*		C. return	
j	16.			the stude	
		0 1	•	er to throw on to the	
	_	-	-	C. scattered	
1	17.	After the eruption o	t the volcano there v	vas a serious	of typhoid in the
		area.	D 4 1	C	D. sustanut
	1.0	A. outrage		C. outcome	
ſ	18.			res of a dream world,	wno can come into
1			t of silently		D war war
	10	• •	•	C. vision, sight	
12.	19.			ele which stands in an	
		•	_ of Ayla IIIII, u	ne archaeologists dis	covered a gracerur
		Goddess. A. promontory	B. outpost	C. straits	D. ahannal
		DIOHUMUN V			
	20		•	help being struck by	D. channel

	is in fact slightl	у·		
	A. classic	B. fanciful	C. deranged	D. ludicrous
ıe			v sentence as similar as iven in capital letters.	-
		manager couldn't descri		
			tell) what the robber leady unexpected to the	
2.		nined absorbed in his boom the possible danger	ook in order to calm hi	mself down and diver
3.	Next year our m	nunicipal authorities w	ill enforce the new law	on housing funds.
ŀ.	His mother quic	kened her pace, blami	ing herself for delaying	g him. FAULT
•		on reading before the chad been making. RI	eruption of Vesuvius, I	I can't now remember
•		nat they would be crus	hed beneath the weigh hem off. BOUND	nt of ashes if they did
•	In the extended	family nobody but Ma	ry survived the earthq	uake. SOLE
3.		eriously affected by th	e ashes which fell in	heavy showers during