

初中英语

词汇同步手册

张懿睿 主编

(七年级下)



MIDDLE
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VOCABULARY



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Unit 5

Topic 1 How do you usually go to school?

1. gate [geɪt]

【释义】 *n.* an opening in a wall or fence 大门

【例句】 (1) I'll wait for you at the **gate**. 我在大门口等你。

(2) The **gate** is too narrow for a car. 大门太窄，汽车进不去。

词语辨析 **gate, door**

gate	(花园、院子等的)大门，闸门；机场大厅里检票上飞机的厅门
door	(商店、宾馆、戏院等的)入口，门

【例句】 (1) Please shut the **gate** when you go into the yard.

你进院子的时候请关好大门。

(2) He stood at the **door**. 他站在门口。

2. the same to

【释义】 对……也一样

【例句】 Thank you, Mr. Tom. **The same to you.**

谢谢，汤姆先生。也祝你圣诞快乐！

3. by [baɪ]

【释义1】 *prep.* used for showing how or in what way sth is done 乘(车等)

【例句】 They crossed the river **by** ferry. 他们乘船渡过了河。

【释义2】 *prep.* near sb/sth; at the side of sb/sth; beside sb/sth 靠近，在……旁边

【例句】 I haven't got any money **by** me. 我身边没有带钱。

【释义3】 *prep.* during sth; in a particular situation 在……期间

【例句】 He had to sleep **by** day and work **by** night.

他只好白天睡觉,晚上工作。

【释义4】 *prep.* not later than the time mentioned; before 不迟于

【例句】 We had to get there **by** evening.

我们必须在夜晚前抵达那里。

【释义5】 *prep.* used, usually after a passive verb, to show who or what does, creates or causes sth 被,用,由

【例句】 The homework was assigned **by** the teacher.

这些家庭作业是老师布置的。

【短语搭配】

● **step by step** 逐步地,逐渐地

【例句】 We must clean the house **step by step**.

我们必须逐步地整理这个房子。

● **by bike** 骑自行车(乘坐某种交通工具常用 **by**, 如 **by plane**)

【例句】 The children go to school **by bike** every morning.

孩子们每天早晨骑单车去上学。

● **by the way** 顺便说,附带说一下

【例句】 **By the way**, I have something to tell you.

且慢,我还有件事要告诉你。

● **day by day** 逐日,逐渐

【例句】 It's getting cold **day by day**. 天气逐渐冷起来了。

4. **subway** ['sʌbwei] (**underground** ['ʌndəgraund] BrE)

【释义】 *n.* an underground railway/railroad system in a city 地下铁道; 地铁交通

【例句】 "Excuse me, how can I get to the **subway** station?"

对不起,地铁站怎么走?

5. **always** ['ɔ:lweiz]

【释义1】 *adv.* all the time, at all times, or every time 总是,一直

【例句】 I'm **always** at home in the evenings. 晚上我总是在家里。

【例句】 We should **always** help each other. 我们应始终互相帮助。

【释义2】 *adv.* for ever 永远

【例句】 Children's Day is **always** the first of June.

儿童节一直是六月一日。

6. come on

【释义】 快点儿,加油,来吧

【例句】 (1) **Come on**, we're going to be late if you don't hurry!

来,快些!如果你再不快点我们就要迟到了。

(2) **Come on**, honey. You hold the doll and I'll hold you.

来吧,好乖乖,你抱着娃娃我抱着你。

7. on foot

【释义】 *by walking or running* 走路,步行

【例句】 (1) We're going **on foot**, not by car. 我们走着去,不坐汽车。

(2) The cinema is not far, you can get there **on foot**.

电影院不远,你可以走到那去。

8. go to school

【释义】 去上学

【例句】 Now their children all **go to school**.

现在他们的子女都想上大学。

9. plane [pleɪn]

【释义】 *n.* a vehicle with wings and one or more engines, which can fly through the air 飞机

【例句】 The **plane** will take off in five minutes. 飞机五分钟后就起飞。

10. by plane

【释义】 乘飞机

【例句】 Are you going to America by boat or **by plane**?

你到美国是坐船还是坐飞机?

11. train [treɪn]

【释义1】 *n.* a railway/railroad engine pulling a number of carriages or

trucks, taking people and goods from one place to another 火车

【例句】 This **train** stops at every station. 这列火车每站都停。【释义】

【释义2】 *v.* to teach a person or an animal the skills for a particular job or activity; to be taught in this way 培训, 训练

【例句】 We need to **train** more police officers.
我们需要训练更多的警官。

12. **ship** [ʃɪp]

【释义】 *n.* a very large boat used for carrying people or goods by sea
船, 轮船

【例句】 They crossed the Pacific **by ship**. 他们乘船横渡太平洋。

13. **boat** [bəʊt]

【释义】 *n.* a small vehicle that people use for traveling on water 小船,
小舟

【例句】 We crossed the river in a **boat**. 我们乘一条小船过了河。

14. **Ms.** [mɪz]

【释义】 *n.* as when the marital status of a woman is unknown or irrelevant
女士(用在婚姻状况不明的女子姓名前)

【例句】 **Ms.** Lin worked hard all year. 林女士一年到头辛勤工作。

15. **grandmother** ['grænd,mʌðə]

【释义】 *n.* the mother of one's father or mother 奶奶, 外婆

【例句】 The woman on the photo is my **grandmother**.
照片上的这个妇人是我奶奶。

16. **group** [gru:p]

【释义】 *n.* a number of people or things that are together in the same
place or that are connected in some way 组, 群

【例句】 There appeared a **group** of planes in the sky.
天空中出现了机群。

17. **weekday** ['wi:kdei]

【释义】 *n.* a day of the week except Saturday and Sunday

平日(星期一至星期五的任何一天)

【例句】The library is open on **weekdays** only.

这个图书馆星期一至星期五都开放。

18. **hmm** [hm, m]

【释义】*in.* a sound that you make to express doubt, a pause, or disagreement 嗯, 唔, 哼

【例句】**Hmm.** I can't remember. 嗯, 我记不起来了。

19. **early** ['æli]

【释义1】*adj.* near the beginning of a period of time, an event etc. 早的

【例句】We had an **early** dinner today. 今天我们晚餐吃得早。

【释义2】*adv.* before the usual or expected time 早地

【例句】Please come **early**. 请早点来。

20. **bird** [bɜ:d]

【释义】*n.* a creature that is covered with feathers and has two wings and two legs. Most birds can fly 鸟

【例句】The **bird** is a robin. 这是一只知更鸟。

21. **catch** [kætʃ]

【释义1】*v.* to get hold of and stop someone you have been chasing so that they cannot escape 捉住

【例句】Now I want to **catch** your cat. 现在我想要抓住你的猫。

【释义2】*v.* to stop and hold something that is moving through the air, especially an object that someone throws 接住

【例句】I'll throw the ball and you **catch** it. 我扔球你接。

【释义3】*v.* to get on a train, bus, airplane, or boat that is traveling somewhere 赶上

【例句】I don't know whether we can **catch** the train.

我不知道能否赶得上火车。

【释义4】*v.* get disease/illness 染上(疾病)

【例句】I **catch** a bad cold. 我得了重感冒。

22. worm [wɜ:m]

【释义】*n.* a creature with a long soft body and no bones or legs 软体虫, 蠕虫(尤指蚯蚓)

【例句】Many birds eat **worms**. 很多鸟类都以虫子为食。

23. seldom ['seldəm]

【释义】*adv.* very rarely or almost never 很少, 不常

【例句】Peter is **seldom** late. 彼得不常迟到。/ 彼得很少迟到。

24. walk [wɔ:k]

【释义1】*v.* to move along on foot 步行, 散步

【例句】I missed the bus and had to **walk** home.

我没赶上公共汽车, 只好走回家。

【释义2】*n.* a journey on foot, usually for pleasure or exercise 步行, 散步

【例句】She used to take a **walk** after supper. 她过去常在晚饭后散步。

词语辨析 **walk, go** (动词过去式为 *went*, 过去分词为 *gone*)

walk	走, 步行, 散步
go	去, 走, 离去 (通常指身体离开目前所处地方的运动)

【例句】(1) Most children learn to **walk** when they are about one.

大多数小孩一岁左右学会走路。

(2) Last Sunday, we **went** to the library.

上周六我们去了图书馆。

25. never ['nevə]

【释义】*adv.* not ever 绝不, 从来没有

【例句】I will **never** forget your kindness. 我永远忘不了你的好意。

词语辨析 **never, ever**

never	从不, 绝不, 从来没有
ever	曾经, 在任何时候 (用于否定句、疑问句和条件句中, 除表明过去时间者可以用过去时外, 一般只用于现在或完成时), 究竟, 永远

【例句】(1) I **never** get a holiday. 我从来没有过假日。

【例句】(2) Have you **ever** climbed the mountain? 你爬过山吗?

26. **sometimes** ['sʌmtaɪmz]

【释义】*adv.* at times ; now and then 有时

【例句】It is **sometimes** warm and **sometimes** cold. 天时热时冷。

词语辨析 **sometimes, sometime**

sometimes	不时, 有时
sometime	某时, 近期内, 曾经, 一度

【例句】(1) We **sometimes** visit our grandmother.

我们有时去看望外祖母。

【例句】(2) You must go to the hospital **sometime** before Saturday.

你必须在星期六之前的某天去医院。

27. **ride** [raɪd]

【释义1】*v.* to sit on an animal, especially a horse, and control its movements as it moves along 骑(自行车、马)

【例句】She **rode** home on her bicycle. 她骑自行车回家。

【释义2】*v.* to travel in a car, train, airplane, boat, etc., especially as a passenger 乘车

【例句】They **rode** through the streets of the city.

他们乘车穿过城中的街道。

【释义3】*n.* a journey on a horse or bicycle, or in a vehicle 乘车旅行

【例句】It's only a 5 minutes' bus **ride** to the park.

坐公共汽车去公园仅需 5 分钟。

28. **park** [pɑ:k]

【释义1】*n.* an area of public land in a town or a city where people go to walk, play and relax 公园

【例句】This city has many beautiful **parks**. 这城市有许多美丽的公园。

【释义2】*v.* to leave a vehicle that you are driving in a particular place

for a period of time 停放(汽车)

【例句】Don't **park** the car on this street. 别把汽车停放在这条街上。

29. watch [wɒtʃ]

【释义1】*v.* to look at sb/sth for a time, paying attention to what happens 观看, 注视

【例句】(1) I **watched** him put on his coat. 我看着他穿上衣服。

(2) He **watched** them eating. 他看着他们吃东西。

【释义2】*v.* to be careful about sth 当心, 注意

【例句】We must **watch** your bags. 我们一定要当心你的包。

【释义3】*n.* a type of small clock that you wear on your wrist, or (in the past) carried in your pocket 手表, 表

【例句】A **watch** has three hands — the second hand, minute hand and hour hand. 手表有三根指针——秒针、分针和时针。

词语辨析 watch, look, see

watch	观看(体育比赛、电视; 尤其指从开始到结束), 注视, 看守, 看管; 手表
look	看(强调看的这个动作多一些), 注视, 查看, 显得; 外表, 脸色
see	看见(强调看到的结果多一些), 探望, 知道, 送行

【例句】(1) After dinner, we always **watch** TV in the living room.
晚饭后, 我们总是在客厅看电视。

(2) You must **look** both sides before you cross a road.
横过马路前, 你必须两边都看一下。

(3) I am next to the TV, can you **see** me now?
我在电视机旁边, 现在能看到我了吗?

30. TV ['ti:vi:]

【释义】*n.* television 电视, 电视机

【例句】Do you have a color **TV** set? 你有彩色电视机吗?

31. watch TV

【释义】看电视

【例句】You can stay at home and **watch TV**.

你可以待在家里并且看电视。

32. homework ['həʊmwɜ:k]

【释义】*n.* an assignment given to a student to be completed outside the regular class period 家庭作业

【例句】I'll watch TV after I finish my **homework**.

我做完家庭作业去看电视。

33. do (one's) homework

【释义】做家庭作业

【例句】She should do her **homework** herself. 她应该自己做作业。

34. life [laɪf]

【释义1】*n.* particular activities which people regularly do during their lives 生活

【例句】I know that he has a very hard **life**. 我知道他生活过得很艰难。

【释义2】*n.* someone's life 生命

【例句】How did **life** begin? 生命是如何起源的?

【释义3】*n.* the period of time during which they are alive 人生

【例句】**Life** isn't all fun. 人生不都是充满欢笑。

35. American [ə'merɪkən]

【释义1】*adj.* relating to the U. S. or the people who live there 美国的

【例句】He is learning something about **American** history. 他正研究美国历史。

【释义2】*adj.* someone who is **American** is from the U. S. 美国人的

【例句】Her husband is **American**. 她丈夫是个美国人。

【释义3】*n.* someone from the U. S. 美国人

【例句】Two **Americans** were killed in the plane crash.

两名美国人在飞机失事中丧生。

36. few [fju:]

【释义1】 *adj.* used with plural nouns and a plural verb to mean “not many” 很少的, 不多的

【例句】 There were **few** people in the streets. 街上人很少。

【释义2】 *pron.* not many people, things or places 不多, 少数

【例句】 **Few** of my friends like Sarah. 我的朋友中很少有人喜欢萨拉。

【指点迷津】

few	很少(的), 几乎没有(的), 表否定, 常修饰可数名词
a few	少许, 一些, 常修饰可数名词
little	小的, 几乎没有(的), 表否定, 常修饰不可数名词
a little	一些, 一点, 常修饰不可数名词

【例句】 (1) **Few** people live to the age of 100. 活到一百岁的人很少。

(2) My sister has **a few** apples. 我的妹妹有一些苹果。

(3) A busy farmer has **little** free time.
一个勤劳的农夫很少有空闲时间。

(4) There is **a little** water in the bottle. 瓶子里有一点水。

37. have lunch

【释义】 吃午饭

【例句】 I'm hungry—let's **have lunch**. 我饿了——我们吃午饭吧。

38. at school

【释义1】 在学校

【例句】 We learn to spell **at school**. 我们在学校学拼字。

【释义2】 在上课

【例句】 My little girl is **at school**. 我的小女孩在上学。

39. day [dei]

【释义1】 *n.* one of the seven twenty-four hour periods of time in a week (一)天, (一)日

【例句】 “What **day** is today?” “It's Monday.”

“今天星期几?”“今天星期一。”

【释义2】 *n.* the time when it is light, or the time when you are up and doing things 白天

【例句】 He is at home during the **day**. 他白天在家。

40. **rest** [rest] 太附音象斌斌

【释义1】 *n.* a period of time you spend relaxing or sleeping after doing something tiring 休息

【例句】 Let's take a **rest**. 我们休息一下吧。

【释义2】 *n.* the remaining part of sth 剩余的部分,其余的人(物)

【例句】 The **rest** of the eggs have gone bad. 其余的鸡蛋都变质了。

【释义3】 *v.* to relax, sleep or do nothing after a period of activity or illness; to not use a part of your body for some time 休息,歇息

【例句】 If you're tired, we'll stop and **rest** for a while. 如果你累了,我们将停下来休息一会。

41. **have a rest** 目取运三+运动项目“用第一,中运运类击

【释义】 休息

【例句】 Why not **have a rest**? 为什么不休息一会儿?

42. **play** [plei] 目取运三+运动项目“用第一,中运运类击

【释义1】 *v.* When you play a sport, game, or match, you take part in it 打(球)

【例句】 He **plays** golf nearly every weekend. 他差不多每个周末都打高尔夫球。

【释义2】 *v.* When children, animals, or perhaps adults play, they spend time doing enjoyable things, such as using toys and taking part in games 玩

【例句】 Polly was **playing** with her teddy bear. 波莉正在和她的泰迪熊玩。

【释义3】 *v.* if children play or play something, they do things they enjoy, for example using toys and taking part in games 游戏

【例句】The children are **playing** in the playground. 孩子们在“玩”。

【释义4】*v.* If you play a record, a CD, or a tape, you put it into a machine and sound is produced. If a record, CD, or tape is playing, sound is being produced from it 播放

【例句】She **played** her records too loudly. 她放录音机太大声了。

【释义5】*n.* activities that are done because they are enjoyable and fun, especially by children 玩耍

【例句】The students have a **play** period right after lunch.

同学们正好在午饭之后有段玩耍时间。

【释义6】*n.* a piece of writing which is performed in a theatre, on the radio, or on television 戏剧

【例句】How did you enjoy the TV **play**? 你喜欢那个电视剧吗?

【指点迷津】演奏乐器一般用“play + the + 乐器名词”,如 play the piano; 当参加(体育活动),参加比赛,尤其在一些踢、打、击的球类运动中,一般用“play + 运动项目名词”,如 play football.

43. **basketball** ['bɑːskɪtbɔːl] 篮球

【释义】*n.* a game in which two teams of five players each try to score goals by throwing a large ball through a circular net fixed to a metal ring at each end of the court 篮球

【例句】We will not play **basketball** tomorrow. 我们明天不打篮球。

44. **soccer** ['sɒkə] (football ['fʊtbɔːl] BrE) 足球

【释义】*n.* a game played on a field between two teams of 11 players each with the object to propel a round ball into the opponent's goal by kicking or by hitting it with any part of the body except the hands and arms 足球(运动)

【例句】Tom is the best **soccer** player in the school. 汤姆是学校里最好的足球选手。