

# 高级英语听力(一)

A Course on Advanced English Listening (I)

高永胜 编著





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### 总 序

中国远程教育的发展经历了三代:第一代是函授教育;第二代是广播电视教育;20世纪90年代,随着现代信息技术的发展,以网络为基础的第三代现代远程教育应运而生。到目前为止,教育部批准开展现代远程教育试点的高校共67所。对外经济贸易大学远程教育学院(简称"贸大远程")是在中国加入WTO后的第一年,于2002年3月正式成立的。

现代远程教育作为新生事物。对传统的教学模式、学习习 惯、获取新知的途径等产生了巨大的冲击。如何在网络时代打 造学习型社会。构筑终身教育体系,是当今时代的重大课题。 现代远程教育试点高校为此进行了许多卓有成效的探索。在网 络教育的具体实践中, 贸大远程始终坚持依托学校的整体优势 和特色、坚持知识的内在逻辑性与职业、行业的市场需求的统 一,坚持开展面向广大在职人员的现代远程教育,逐步形成了 独具我校特色的"7+1"学习模式(即网络课堂、网上答疑、 课程光盘、教材资料、适量面授、网上串讲、成绩检测、以及 第二课堂活动),为学生个性化学习提供了广阔的空间。自 2003年起, 贸大远程连续3年蝉联新浪网、择校网、搜狐网和 《中国电脑教育报》联合评出的全国"十佳网络教育学院(机 构)"称号。值得一提的是,"国际贸易实务"课程荣获国家级 奖项,"商务英语"等7门课程荣获北京市优秀教材一等奖和 精品课程称号,另有10余门课程在全国性的远程教育课程展示 会上获得大奖。

几年来丰富的现代远程教育实践和教学经验积累, 为我们

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出版成配套的贸大远程系列教材奠定了坚实的基础。目前,普通高等学校的现有教材并不完全适合远程教学,市面上真正用于现代远程教育的成规模的网络教材还不多见,与网络课件相配套的系列教材更是寥寥无几。因此,为接受远程教育的广大莘莘学子专门设计符合他们需要的教材已成为现代远程教育发展的迫切需求。

基于以上原因,贸大远程按照学校一级教学管理体制,本着为社会、为学生服务的宗旨,致力于教学质量的保证和提高,特组织了国际经济与贸易学院、金融学院、国际商学院、英语学院、公共管理学院等学院的优秀教师,以目前在融学院、国际商学院、英语学院、公共管理学院等学院的优秀教师,以目前套远程教育系列教材。本套教材共分为外语、经济贸易、工商管理、法律、金融与会计、行政管理、综合7大系列,全面覆盖两个学历层次7个专业的上百门课程。为了打造贸大远程优质教材品牌,我们与清华大学出版社和对外经济贸易大学出版社达成协议,计划3年之内全部出齐。

本套教材在策划编写过程中,严格遵循现代远程教育人才培养的模式与教学客观规律,充分考虑到远程学生在职和成人继续教育业余学习的实际情况,专门为远程学生量身定制而成,具有较强的针对性、实用性和可操作性。本套教材的编写具有如下特点:

- 一、在教材体系和章节的安排上,严格遵循循序渐进、由浅入深的教学规律;在对内容深度的把握上,考虑远程教育教学对象的培养要求和接受基础,其专业深度比本科有所降低,基础面相对拓宽,不是盲目将内容加深、加多,而是做到深浅适中、难易适度。
- 二、在每章开篇给出明确的学习目标与重点难点提示,涵盖了教学大纲的重点或主要内容。相对于传统的学校教育,远程教育更倚重于学生的自学能力和自控能力。明确的教学目标有利于学生带着任务有目的地学习。同时,教材中充分考虑到了学生学习时可能遇到的问题,给他们以提示和建议。由于本套教材的作者都是经过挑选的具有长期教学经验的优秀教师,且大多数作者都来自远程教学的第一线,是远程网络课件的主讲老师,能够为学生提供比较丰富的、切中要害的问题解答,从而使远程学生在学习时少走弯路。
- 三、在章后和书后分别设置"同步测练与解析"和"综合测练与解析"栏目,涵盖了本章及本书的重要知识点,并给出了详尽的参考答案,对难题还进 · 2 ·

行分析点评,列出解题思路与要点,更加方便学生自学。测验是检验教学目标是否达到的有效手段。由于远程学生是在虚拟的网络课堂上课,远离教师,处于相对独立的学习环境;教师不能通过直接交流了解学生对学习内容的掌握情况;学生也由于与教师、同学之间的分离,无法判断自己的学习状况。针对这种情况,我们在教材中设置了大量自测自练题目。旨在通过这种自测自练方式,积极引导学生及时消化和吸收所学知识,不断加深对教材内容的理解,阶段性检查学习效果,全面复习和掌握所学知识,综合评判自己对知识的掌握程度,巩固最终学习成果。

四、考虑到有些专业课程具有较强的社会实践性,在教材的编写上也力争做到理论联系实际,注重案例的引入。尽可能安排一个或多个案例,并进行详细的分析讲解。旨在通过案例教学,对课程重点难点进行深化分析和实操训练,加强学生对知识点的理解和记忆,强化学生分析问题、解决问题的能力以及动手操作能力。

在本套教材的编写与出版过程中,我们得到了众多业界专家学者的真诚理解与支持,得到了清华大学出版社与对外经济贸易大学出版社的通力合作,在此向他们一并致以衷心的感谢。在前所未有的战略机遇期和"十一五"期间,相信本套教材的出版,必将是全国远程教育界一件很有意义的事情。衷心祝愿现代远程教育在建立学习型社会、构筑终身教育体系的进程中,在推动中国教育事业向现代化大教育形态的历史转变中,迈出更大更坚实的脚步。

对外经济贸易大学远程教育学院院长

谢超战

2006年7月于北京

## 前 言

听力是英语学习中四项基本技能之一,是衡量英语学习的重要标准之一,也是人们相互交流和获取信息的重要技能。目前世界正在趋于同一化,而英语又是使用最广泛的语言之一。金融、科技、航空和媒体领域的主导语言是英语,75%的电视节目用英语播出的。人们获得的信息有很大的一部分是通过听来获得的。提高学生英语听力能力的重要性可见一斑。突破听力这个难关不仅有助于其他技能的训练,同时也为培育学生的英语交际能力打下一个良好的基础。

高级英语听力(一)的针对对象是具备一定英语基础的学生。教材由十个单元构成。练习形式的设计参考了国际及国内的一些主要考试形式,每个单元的听力内容包括:单项选择、回答问题、判断正误、填空题和新闻选择题。书中含有听力练习,录音脚本及练习答案。本书中的听力内容文字趣味性强,涉及了日常生活、社交活动、政界及商界中的许多方面,适合大学二年级学生使用。

由于编者水平有限,希望读者及专家对书中出现的错误及 疏漏提出批评指正。

编者 2009 年 5 月

# **Contents**

第一部分	学生用书			
	Students'	Book ·	 	 . 1
Unit 1 ·			 	 . 3
Unit 2			 •	 11
Unit 3			 	 17
Unit 4			 	 23
Unit 5			 	 31
Unit 6			 	 39
Unit 7			 	 47
Unit 8			 	 55
Unit 9			 	 63
Unit 10			 ·····	 71
第二部分	答案与脚本	*		
	Key and T	-	 	 79
Unit 1		Capescript		
Unit 1 Unit 2		Tapescript	 	81
		Tapescript	 	 81 91
Unit 2 Unit 3		[apescript	 	 81 91 99
Unit 2 Unit 3 Unit 4		Capescript		 81 91 99 105
Unit 2 Unit 3 Unit 4 Unit 5		Tapescript		 81 91 99 105
Unit 2 Unit 3 Unit 4 Unit 5 Unit 6		Tapescript		81 91 99 105 113
Unit 2 Unit 3 Unit 4 Unit 5 Unit 6 Unit 7		Tapescript		81 99 105 113 121
Unit 2 Unit 3 Unit 4 Unit 5 Unit 6 Unit 7 Unit 7		Tapescript		81 91 99 105 113 121 129

# 学生用书 Students' Book



### Part 1

Directions: In this section, you'll hear ten short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. And you must read the four choices marked A, B, C, D and decide which is the best answer.

- 1. A. She isn't listening to the radio.
  - B. She has changed her opinion about turning down the radio.
  - C. The radio will not bother her.
  - B. The radio is not working very well.
- 2. A. Take a taxi.
  - C. Walk to the supermarket.
- 3. A. Look at the sign.
  - C. See Dr. Johnson.
- 4. A. She is late.

- B. Ask directions.
- D. Wait for a bus.
- B. Come back later.
- D. Knock at the door.
- B. She made a mistake.



C. She is afraid.

5. A. The woman has missed the deadline.

C. The deadline has been called off.

6. A. She wants to hand in her thesis early.

B. The answers on the paper are all correct.

C. The deadline has passed for the thesis.

D. The thesis is not quite finished.

7. A. Leave immediately.

C. Start to play.

8. A. Take the ten o'clock train.

C. Got to New York another day.

9. A. The baby is asleep.

B. The baby is very active.

C. The baby is not staying with the woman.

D. The baby is just about to start walking.

10. A. She does not agree with the man.

B. She needs a house with a larger garden.

C. She regrets the cost of their vacation.

D. She thinks that houses are very expensive

- D. She feels ill.
- B. He will investigate this matter.

D. An exception might be possible.

B. Watch the game on TV.

D. Have a cup of tea.

B. Come back in five minutes.

D. Call the railway station.



### **Vocabulary Preview**

mechanic n. a worker skilled in making, using, or repairing machines,

vehicles, and tools 技工, 机修工, 机械工

jetliner n. a large passenger jet airplane 大型的喷气式客机

crash-land vt. to land (an aircraft or a spacecraft) under emergency

conditions(使)紧急降落

in the nose in the forward end of an aircraft 在飞机的前端

circle vt. to move in a circle 盘旋

1111./40

fire trucks 消防车



run out of

vt.

to become used up; be exhausted 用完;耗尽

put sth. out

vt.

to extinguish 熄灭

out of order

out of normal position 无序的;无条理的;反常地

Directions: Listen to the passage and choose the best answer to each of the following questions.

1. When did this jetliner crash happen?

A. On Tuesday morning.

B. On Saturday afternoon.

C. On Saturday morning.

D. On Tuesday afternoon.

2. Where was the airplane flying?

A. From Manila to San Francisco.

B. From San Francisco to Manila.

C. From Sydney to Milan.

D. From Milan to Sydney.

3. When was the problem discovered?

A. Shortly after taking off.

B. In the middle of the flight.

C. Shortly before landing.

D. While the plane was landing.

4. Why did the plane have to risk crash-landing?

A. Because the fuel was running out.

B. Because the pilot was frightened.

C. Because the leader ordered the pilot to crash-land.

D. Because the wheel fell down when they fixed the wheel.

5. How many people were hurt when the jetliner crash-landed?

A. None.

B. Nine.

C. Ten.

D. 120.



### **Vocabulary Preview**

divide (into)

vt.

to separate into parts, sections, groups, or branches 分割,分离,

分成几部分、几块、几组或几个分枝

virtue

n.

moral excellence and righteousness; goodness 正直,善良;道德上

的优点和正直;美德



last

vi.

to continue; survive 维持;维持生命:

without any reason 毫无理由的;毫无原因的

for no reason come to an end

to finish; to end 结束

Aristotle

n.

Greek philosopher. A pupil of Plato, the tutor of Alexander the Great, and the author of works on logic, metaphysics, ethics, natural sciences, politics, and poetics, he profoundly influenced Western thought. In his philosophical system theory follows empirical observation and logic, based on the syllogism, is the essential method of rational inquiry. 亚里士多德:希腊哲学家。柏拉图的学生,亚历山大大帝的老师,他的著述论及逻辑学,形而上学,伦理学,自然科学,政治学和诗学,对西方思想产生了深远影响,在其哲学体系里,理论服从实地观察和逻辑,以三段论为基础,基本上是理性研究的理论方法

Directions: Listen to the passage and decide whether the following statements are true or false.

1.	True friendship must be unconditional.	(	)
2.	Aristotle was a philosopher.	(	)
3.	Aristotle is mentioned in this passage because people believed in him.	(	)
4.	If your friend can make you feel less sorry, you have friends who pity you.	(	)
5.	The writer implies in this article that a friend in need is a friend indeed.	(	)



### **Vocabulary Preview**

menu

n.

a list of the dishes to be served or available for a meal 菜单

generous

adj.

liberal in giving or sharing 慷慨的, 大方的, 有雅量的

Directions: Listen to the passage and write down the answers to each of the following questions.

1. What was the food like at the White Rose Restaurant?

- 2. Why did the restaurant attract so many people later?
- 3. Who do you think paid for the food when a man and a woman were eating together?
- 4. What was the reason for the restaurant's success?
- 5. Who often 'came to eat at this restaurant?



### **Vocabulary Preview**

Boston

n.

The capital and largest city of Massachusetts, in the eastern part of the state on Boston Bay, an arm of Massachusetts Bay. Founded in the 17th century, it was a leading center of agitation against England in the 18th century and a stronghold of abolitionist thought in the 19th century. Today it is a major commercial, financial, and educational hub. Population, 574,283. 波士顿:美国马萨诸塞州首府和最大城市,位于该州的东部,马萨诸塞湾的一个海湾波士顿湾上。它建于17世纪,是18世纪反对英国暴动的领导中心和19世纪废奴思想的强烈支持者。现在是一个主要的商业、金融和教育中心,人口 574,283。

resign

 $\nu$ .

to give up (a position, for example), especially by formal notification 辞去:放弃(如某一职位),尤指通过正式通知

General Washington:

(1732-1799) the first President of the U. S. , from 1789 to 1797. Washington was a respected officer in the British army before he became commander of the colonial armies during the American Revolutionary War. After the war he became the leader of the Constitutional Convention and influenced the states to officially accept the new Constitution of the United States. He was elected



President of the U. S. twice, but he refused to be president for a third time. 华盛顿将军,美国第一任总统,在成为美国独立战争中大陆军的统帅前曾是英国军队中受人尊敬的将领。独立战争结束后,他成为制宪会议的领导者,对各州正式接受美国新宪法起到了重大影响。他曾两次被选为美国总统,但拒绝连任第三次。

#### **Cultural Notes**

美国第一任大总统华盛顿将军于1776年率军队到马萨诸塞州的 波士顿准备向纽约州进军,然后以极少的军队在波士顿牵制住英 国海军。

Directions: Listen to the passage and write down the missing words when you hear it for the second time.

Good evening. Imagine	in Boston, in 1776. The people of Boston
were preparing to fight. They could hear	They would have left the
city unless	General Washington could not have paid his army,
even though the Continental Congress _	to give him money. The
situation might Gener	al Washington to resign. Washington gave a short
speech. The troops could have saved Bos	ton, or they to their
farms. The men the C	General, and American soldiers entered Boston. I'm
George Williams, and that's the way it w	as,today.



### **Vocabulary Preview**

a military dialogue a dialogue of the armed forces 军事对话 n. reconciliation the condition of being reconciled 和谐,和解:处于一处或 n. 和好的状况 announce vt. to make known publicly 宣布,宣告,使公开地知道 to bring to a conclusion; settle finally or successfully 结束, wrap up vt. 得出结论:最终或成功地解决 Pyongyang The capital and largest city of North Korea, in the n. southwest-central part of the country. It was an important