



高职高专 英语应用能力 考试模拟题

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高职高专英语应用能力 考试模拟题

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前 言

根据教育部颁布的《高职高专教育英语课程教学基本要求》(以下简称《基本要求》),高职高专英语课程教学要遵循“实用为主,够用为度”的原则,“强调打好语言基础和培养语言应用能力并重;强调语言基本技能的训练和培养实际从事涉外交际活动的语言应用能力并重。”所以,高职高专英语应用能力考试主要考核学生听和读的理解能力、翻译与写作的应用能力,同时也对词语用法、语法结构的掌握程度进行考核。

《高职高专英语应用能力考试模拟题》是根据《高职高专英语应用能力考试大纲》设计的,体现了教育部颁布的《基本要求》的精神,即“语言测试在考核英语知识的同时,应着重考核学生实际运用语言的能力,要做到科学、公平和规范。”

这套模拟题的特点是涵盖了各个考试要素,针对性强;题型、题量、难易程度完全按照历年考试真题样本设计。适用于高职、高专、五年一贯制高职和成人专科修完 220 学时英语课程的学生备考高职高专英语应用能力考试的冲刺阶段。此外,本书也可供专升本的考生参考使用。

本书共有模拟题 12 套,每套题都有试卷一、试卷二和参考答案三部分。试卷一为客观题,试卷二为主观题。参考答案包括答案和解析,自学使用非常方便。

试卷各部分的题目、计分和考试时间如下:

序号	题号	名称	题数	计分	时间
Part I	1 ~ 15	听力理解	15 题	15 分	15 分钟
Part II	16 ~ 35	词语用法和语法结构	20 题	20 分	20 分钟
Part III	36 ~ 55	阅读理解	20 题	35 分	35 分钟
Part IV	56 ~ 65	翻译	10 题	20 分	20 分钟
Part V		写作	1 题	10 分	30 分钟

合计 66 题 100 分 120 分钟

本书的参编人员均为常年在职高专院校从事英语教学、教研工作的一线骨干教师,治学态度严谨、务实。题中所选题材广泛,包括社会文化、日常生活、科普常识、商贸经济等;体裁多样,为记叙文、说明文、议论文、应用文等;文章难度适中,如有超出《基本要求》所规定的词汇且又影响理解的,则用汉语注明词义。

本书虽经反复修订,但不足和疏漏难免,欢迎读者批评指正。

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高职高专英语应用能力考试模拟题（一）

试 卷 一

Part I Listening Comprehension (15 points, one point each)

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

Section A (5 points)

Directions: In this part you will hear 5 short dialogues. At the end of each dialogue, a question will be asked about what was said. The dialogue and the question will be spoken only once. After each question, there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A, B, C and D and decide which is the best answer, then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. A. 1:50. | B. 1:15. |
| C. 2:50. | D. 2:15. |
| 2. A. At a reception desk. | B. In a restaurant. |
| C. At a hotel room. | D. At a railroad station. |
| 3. A. Ask her mother. | B. Buy the ingredients. |
| C. Read the recipe. | D. Cook the soup. |
| 4. A. She'll go to the beach. | B. She'll go to France. |
| C. She'll drive to see her brother. | D. She'll drive her mother to the airport. |
| 5. A. There won't be any neighbors in the new apartment. | |
| B. The neighbor won't return late any more. | |
| C. She wants to have a quieter place. | |
| D. She doesn't want to have neighbors. | |

Section B (5 points)

Directions: In this section you will hear 2 conversations. At the end of each conversation, some questions will be asked about what was said. The conversation will be spoken twice. After each question, there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A, B, C and D and decide which is the best answer, then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Conversation 1

6. A. Downstairs.

B. Upstairs.

- C. Across the bus stop.
7. A. Every ten minutes.
C. Every hour.
D. Right behind the woman.
B. Every half hour.
D. Every other hour.

Conversation 2

8. A. Marketing.
C. Production.
9. A. Taking long business trips.
C. Working on weekends.
10. A. Half an hour.
C. One hour and a half.
B. Finance.
D. Human Resources.
B. Having work experience.
D. Living in the company's dormitory.
B. One hour.
D. Two hours.

Section C (5 points)

Directions: In this section you will hear a short passage. The passage is printed on the test paper, but with some words missing. The passage will be read twice. The first reading is for you to get the general idea. During the second reading, you are required to choose the best words marked A, B, C and D according to what you hear, then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

In the U. S. A, thirty 11 of the adult population has a weight problem. To many people, the cause is obvious — they eat too much. But scientific evidence does not support this idea. Going back to the America of 1910, we find the people were thinner than today. Yet they ate 12 food. In those days, people worked harder physically, walked more, used machines much less, and did not watch television. Several modern studies have 13 that fatter people do not eat more than thinner people. In fact, some investigations report that the fat people eat less than thinner people. 14, a study of research group found the following interesting fact — thinner people are more active than fatter people. Therefore, those who 15 regularly can eat more and still lose a large amount of body fat.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| 11. A. person | B. personal | C. percent | D. perfect |
| 12. A. many | B. more | C. much | D. must |
| 13. A. shown | B. sown | C. sow | D. show |
| 14. A. Receive | B. Recently | C. Hardly | D. Usually |
| 15. A. practice | B. exercise | C. train | D. example |

Part II Vocabulary and Structure (20 points, one point each)

Directions: In this part, there are 20 incomplete sentences. You are required to complete each one by deciding on the most appropriate word or phrase or expression from the four choices marked A, B, C and D, then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

16. I'll give the book to _____ needs it most.
A. those B. themselves C. whoever D. any those
17. The people at the party were worried about Janet because no one was _____ where she had gone.
A. beware B. aware of C. ware D. beware of
18. Who do you think is the best writer _____ in the world?
A. live B. living C. lovely D. alive
19. I paid _____ I should pay.
A. twice as much as B. twice as much
C. twice so much D. much twice
20. The speech of Annan was so _____ that everybody was _____.
A. inspired; moved B. inspiring; moving
C. inspiring; moved D. inspired; moving
21. Homework _____ on time will lead to better grades.
A. done B. be done C. having done D. to have been done
22. If I _____ the money last year, I would have studied abroad.
A. had B. have C. has D. having
23. Reading many books _____ like talking with your best friends.
A. are B. were C. is D. does
24. What I think and what I find _____ at the conference.
A. are discussed B. have been discussed
C. has discussed D. has been discussed
25. He found it hard to _____ the temptation to get very drunk.
A. refuse B. deny C. disobey D. resist
26. His outstanding performance in the competition proved that he was a _____ winner.
A. worthy B. worth C. worthwhile D. worthless
27. If water is heated, the particles move more quickly, _____ with what I have said.
A. which agree B. which agrees C. what agrees D. that agrees
28. Mr. Smith _____ the suggestion that some tapes of our club should be replaced.
A. put up B. put down C. put forward D. put out
29. The Second World War _____ in 1939.
A. broke off B. broke up C. broke out D. broke open
30. The meat must have gone bad. They _____ an unpleasant smell.
A. give up B. give off C. give away D. give in
31. _____ ! There is a car coming!
A. Look out B. Look around C. Look forward D. Look on
32. Only when _____ in 1949 _____ to his hometown.
A. the war was over; he returned B. was the war over; he returned
C. was the war over; did he return D. the war was over; did he return

33. It was because I wanted to buy a dictionary _____ I went downtown yesterday.
A. but B. and C. why D. that
34. She got to know the young man very well _____ she had worked for so long.
A. to whom B. in whom C. whom D. with whom
35. John has never been on time, _____?
A. has John B. hasn't John C. has he D. hasn't he

Part III Reading Comprehension (1) (30 points, two points each)

Directions: This part is to test your reading ability. There are 3 tasks for you to fulfill. You should read the materials carefully and do the tasks as you are instructed.

Task 1

Directions: After reading the following passage, you will find 5 unfinished statements or questions, number 36 through 40. For each statement there are four choices marked A, B, C and D, you should make the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

The Future General Motors (GM) Is Yours

We have everything college students need to know about GM's Cooperative Education and Intern Programs in our student Center. Each fall, GM recruiters (招聘人员) visit the campuses of many of the nation's top engineering and business colleges and universities to recruit students. These students are considered for interesting assignments throughout our U. S. operations. Check out Recruiting Calendar to see if GM will be visiting your campus. If your campus is not listed, please apply on line.

Will GM start your career moving? Fasten your seat belt!

For full-time college students, General Motors offers both a Cooperative Education and an Intern Program. Participants in these real-business-world educational programs gain valuable degree-related experience, develop an insider's understanding of how GM works and earn competitive wages. These programs are designed to provide GM with a source of highly talented candidates while giving students an opportunity for hands for full-time positions with GM when they graduate. Candidates for these programs must successfully complete an online assessment and possess qualifications that match the business needs of the organization.

36. GM is likely to recruit college students for its programs who _____.
A. do a full-time college program B. major in engineering and business
C. have had some practical experience D. have gathered information about GM
37. The Recruiting Calendar gives the information about _____.
A. the kinds of people GM needs to train
B. the nation's top colleges and universities
C. GM recruiters' visits to colleges and universities

- D. the interesting tasks GM expects the students to fulfill
38. Those students whose university is not listed on the Recruiting Calendar may _____.
 A. apply to GM on line
 B. be given interesting tasks
 C. come to the GM's training offices directly
 D. invite recruiters to visit their universities
39. The program that GM offers to full-time college students will help them to _____.
 A. gain information about business in general
 B. get business experience and good wages
 C. develop their talents fully
 D. obtain a high degree
40. GM offers the Cooperative Education and Intern Programs in order to _____.
 A. make its business needs known to the public
 B. perform successful online assessments
 C. advertise its newly-designed products
 D. find out highly talented candidates

Task 2

Directions: After reading the following passage, you will find 5 unfinished statements or questions, number 41 through 45. For each statement there are four choices marked A, B, C and D, you should make the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Equal pay for equal work is a phrase used by the American women who feel that they are looked down upon by society. They say it is for women to be paid less than men for the same work.

People who hold the opposite opinion (mainly men) have an answer to this. They say that men have more responsibility than women; a married man is expected to earn money to support his family and to make the important decision, and therefore it is right for men to be paid more. There are some people who hold even stronger opinion than this and are against married women working at all. When wives go out to work, they say, the home and children are given no attention to. If women are encouraged by equal pay to take full time job, they will be unable to do the things. Women are best at making a comfortable home and bringing up children. They will have to give up their present position in society.

This is exactly what they want to give up, the women who disagree say. They want to escape from the limited place which society expects them to fill and to have freedom to choose between a job and home life, or mixture of the two. Women have the right of equal pay and equal opportunities.

These women have expressed their opinions forcefully by using the famous saying, "All men

are created equal.” They point out that the meaning of this sentence is “all human beings are created equal.”

41. The women use the phrase “equal pay for equal work” to demand that _____.
A. woman’s work shouldn’t be harder than men’s
B. men should be paid less than women
C. people doing harder work should earn more
D. men and women should be paid the same amount of money for the same work
42. What exactly do the women who disagree want to give up?
A. Their job.
B. Their home life.
C. Their right to pay.
D. Their present position in society.
43. People who disagree with women’s opinions believe _____.
A. women can’t do what men can
B. men can earn money more easily than women
C. men’s responsibilities are different from women’s
D. men have to work much harder than women.
44. The women use the saying “all men are created equal” to show that _____.
A. the position of women has changed a little in modern time
B. in American society men and women should be equal in modern time
C. men’s right are always considered more important than women’s
D. men and women had equal power in early American society
45. The women who disagree say that _____.
A. if women are given equal pay, their opportunities will be greater
B. women are no longer interested in taking care of their homes
C. women want more freedom in deciding the kind of life they live
D. women need opportunities to go out of the house more often

Task 3

Directions: After reading the following passage, you will find 5 unfinished statements or questions, number 46 through 50. For each statement there are four choices marked A, B, C and D, you should make the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

At the moment, the note of the highest value which is generally in use is the 20-pound note. Now, the bank of England plans to introduce a new, 50-pound note. And the Bank is trying to decide which famous English man or woman to put on the back of the new note.

Quite a problem. The Bank usually chooses safe, historical personalities. We already have Sir Isaac Newton, the scientist, the first Duke of Wellington, the famous soldier who led the British army at Waterloo, Florence Nightingale, founder of English Nursing and — of course — Shakespeare. So far, the list of possible choices for the 50-pound note is quite predictable.

There's Sir Francis Drake, to represent the achievements of English explorers in the sixteenth century. Then we have Lord Nelson, another sailor and the man who won the battle of Trafalgar in 1805 for England. The Bank will not forget music this time either. If they choose a woman, the feminist movement has two representatives: Boadicea, who fought against the Romans, or Pankhurst, who fought to get the vote for women early in this century.

46. According to the passage, the note of the highest value is _____.
A. not high enough now B. in circulation
C. a new, 50-pound note D. not the 20-pound note
47. We learn from the first paragraph that _____.
A. the 20-pound note is the highest value in the world
B. the 50-pound note is the highest value in the world
C. the Bank is going to use a 20-pound note
D. the Bank is going to use a 50-pound note
48. Which of the following statements is FALSE according to the passage?
A. The Bank usually chooses scientists in history for a new note.
B. The Bank usually chooses the famous soldiers for a new note.
C. The Bank usually chooses the famous women for a new note.
D. The Bank usually chooses politicians for a new note.
49. "The Bank will not forget music this time either" implies that _____.
A. the Bank often forget the music
B. the Bank always remember the music
C. the most famous composers will be a possible choice
D. music is important for the Bank
50. The passage is mainly about _____.
A. the choice of a representative for the Bank
B. the Bank's choice of a personality for the new note
C. the comparison of the heroes in the English history
D. the value of the persons in the English history

高职高专英语应用能力考试模拟题（一）

试 卷 二

Part III Reading Comprehension (2) (5 points, one point for each)

Task 4

Directions: There is a passage below. After reading it, you are required to answer the questions (No. 51 to No. 55) in the fewest possible words. The answers should be written after the corresponding numbers on the Answer Sheet.

The meeting is over. You're tired. Now will you get on a plane and rush back home to more work? Here's a better idea. Take a little time for yourself and relax at Holiday Inn.

All our 1,642 hotels worldwide have the best leisure facilities available. And the best locations for relaxation. From the sun-bathed beaches of Thailand's Phuket to the unique scenery of Tibet. Or on a journey of discovery to Malaysias Kuching and Penang, and beyond to the ski-fields (滑雪场). Holiday Inn makes it easy to relax.

So does the American Express Card. It's the foremost business traveler companion. With no pre-set spending limit you can spend as much as you have shown us you can afford. You have the flexibility to quickly change your travel plans plus the spending power to make the most of your last minute holiday.

Relax with confidence. Just one of the many benefits of being an American Express Card member and staying at Holiday Inn.

51. How many Holiday Inn hotels are there in the world?

52. What facilities are offered by Holiday Inn hotels?

53. Please describe the best locations for relaxation offered by Holiday Inn.

54. What kind of flexibility do you have as an American Express Card member?

55. According to the advertisement, how can you relax with confidence?

Part IV Translation (20 points, two points for each)

Section A Translate the following English into Chinese. (10 points)

56. You must sign to accept the terms and conditions as the application will only be processed with the applicant's signature.
57. In the world today any damage to society, whether at the local or at the global level, will not remain unnoticed.
58. If you are a small firm and you are confident you know the risk assessment, you can do it yourself.
59. An engineer is needed by the company to manage the work of installation teams, and to provide engineering assistance when problems occur.
60. We have learned from our Embassy that you are interested in importing Chinese silk products.

Section B Translate the following Chinese into English. (10 points)

61. 他这次考试失败使他意识到定期复习功课是多么重要。

62. 在当今时代，人们越来越多地依靠计算机来解决各种各样的难题。

63. 玛丽觉得单靠自己的力量执行她的计划是困难的。

64. 她读这部小说时，不禁想起了她在农村度过的那 5 年。

65. 接受这份工作就得经常在周末上班，但约翰并不在意。

Part V Writing (10 points)

Directions: This part is to test your ability to do practical writing. You are required to write a letter according to the following information given in Chinese. Remember to do the task on the Translation/Composition Sheet.

假如你是某公司餐饮部经理 Peter Jones，于 2006 年 6 月 18 日发一封信给办公室主任 Brown Smith，内容是：从下周一开始，员工食堂关闭一周，进行重新装修。上午和下午在一楼接待厅将有餐饮公司使用推车提供饮料和三明治。附近的饭店每天中午 12 ~ 13 点为员工提供午餐。

注意：必须包括对收信人的称谓、写信日期、发信人的签名等基本格式。

Words for reference:

重新装修 *n.* redecoration *v.* redecorate

推车 trolley

接待厅 reception hall

餐饮公司 catering firm

餐饮部经理 catering manager

参 考 答 案

模拟题（一）

Part I Listening Comprehension

1. A	2. C	3. C	4. D	5. C	6. B	7. B	8. A	9. C	10. A
11. C	12. B	13. A	14. B	15. B					

Part II Vocabulary and Structure

16. C	17. B	18. D	19. A	20. C	21. A	22. A	23. C	24. B	25. D
26. A	27. B	28. C	29. C	30. B	31. A	32. D	33. D	34. D	35. C

16. C

解析：此题需要连接代词引导宾语从句作介词的宾语，所以只有答案 C 正确。

17. B

解析：此题考查形容词的用法，be aware of 意思是“知道”。

18. D

解析：此题考查形容词词义辨析。A、B、D 均有“活（者）的”的意思，但只有 D 可以作后置定语。

19. A

解析：此题考查倍数的表达。倍数表达的常用形式是“倍数 + as + 原级 + as”。

20. C

解析：此题考查 v-ing 形式和 v-ed 形式的区别。v-ing 形式作表语表示主语的特征；v-ed 形式作表语表示主语的状态。所以答案 C 正确。

21. A

解析：此题考查分词作定语的区别。此处表示“完成作业”，为被动关系，应用过去分词。

22. A

解析：此题考查虚拟语气的用法。主句用“would have + v-ed”，从句用过去完成时或过去时（有具体的时间状语）。

23. C

解析：此题考查的是：非谓语动词形式作主语时，谓语动词用第三人称单数形式。be like 是固定搭配，“像……一样”，所以答案为 C。

24. B