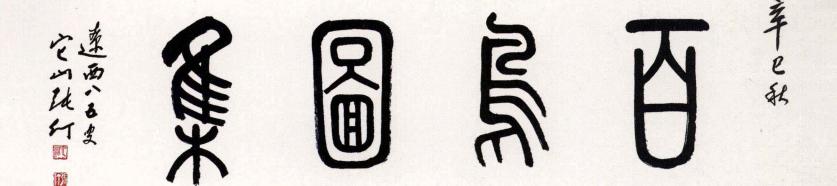
百鸟图集

桂徵绘

茶寶秀出版社



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如此 元子女的: 何五年为宝 起 棒明精 和至 成为高 日本为 後 を そる 男母若女子子 於為 图传女教名

多人大學 是我多言同年乃對白色之所 侵着名方場低亞人都之前除 少多估人名中同人生心好自然行程度 中美有所未必分十

後云赤写榜後号一名美女里面至少 图多两一名主义电景艺艺人家楼 致与記至對你 原革而後五 七日施金彩粉新安世子英格多物 六十级有美生作出和 到各省 ·楼鹤五位高多万例如美女子子的病 院學士作學多看白李檀工學代 和俊楼能有一印第大答案一楼出 世人 皆之日 多本中川者寺五般 臣意多多日南田老部章形布 政治与主教传管至年人学人 村衛至等级中人 新州好倒工学

示范。 千年以下, 细至微,为当时亦为后世之 禽图》传世,髹毛栉羽,精 五代西蜀, 黄筌有 仍不失为

知也。 关人类之存续,此黄筌所未 自然之所识,禽鸟之鸣,攸 然以对自然之态度论之,今 古殊异。尤为不同者,乃对 小鸟依人,古今同心。

长白, 志洁行芳者不能。 布色,且施重彩,新声变曲 呈异响。故世人赞之曰: 丽秀逸,得南田遗韵。晕形 工整缜密,有宋人法度;清 州丝绸工学院毕业。师从李 桂徵,辽宁绥中人。苏 专擅工笔,尤攻花鸟。

之者示范。黄筌有之, 固有乎? 徵之未有;桂徵有之, 如黄筌之《珍禽图》, 今桂徵亦作禽鸟百例, 为好 或桂

其新作,应叹所识不枉也。 其痴如初,其智益锐。每观 大智若痴。如今二十余年矣, 初识桂徵,有一印象:

二00一年十月二十三日

三001年中日中城日

TRADITIONAL CHINESE REALISTIC PAINTING

Preface

by Du Dakai

In ancient China in the State of Shu during the Western Zhou Dynasty, there was a painter called Huang Quan who did a Rare Birds Painting that was passed down to later generations. In this painting, the birds are painted true to life, with beautiful feathers. This painting was a model at that time and for later generations as well. It had good reputation for one thousand years.

Birds and man shared the same natural environment in ancient times just as they do nowadays. But in speaking of attitudes to nature, the two periods are totally different. The primary distinction is the understanding of nature. So long as there are birds' chirps, there are human beings. But Huang Quan didn't know this at that time.

Painter Guizheng was born in Suizhong City, Liaoning Province, China, and graduated from the Suzhou Silk Engineering Institute. She had Li Changbai as her teacher and majored in traditional Chinese realistic painting, flower and bird painting in particular. Her works are neat and orderly, delicate and pretty, with the style of China's Song Dynasty; following the character of Nantian. Their patterns are new and their colors are unique. So people comment that her pictures can only be painted by people actuated by high ideals.

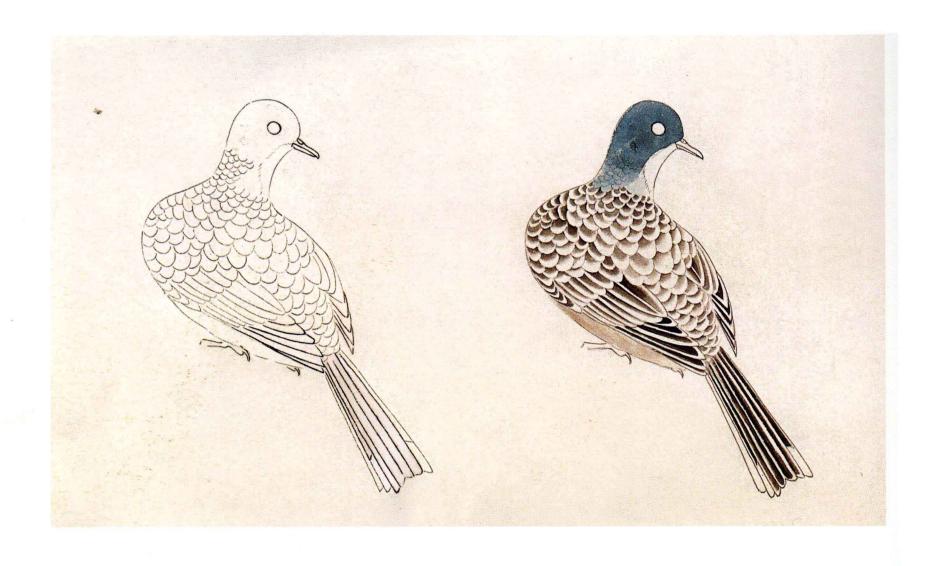
Guizheng has painted picture of a hundred birds. Like Huang Quan's Rare Birds Painting, it has set an example for other painters. There may be something done by Huang Quan but not by Guizheng; yet is there anything Guizheng has done that Huang Quan did too?

When I met Guizheng my first impression was that she was a woman of great wisdom and ecstasy. Twenty years have passed, and she is even more ecstastic. Every time I enjoy a new painting by her, I find that she has enriched her experience.



清友图 1994年 (70cm×90cm)

A turtledove on a branch of plum

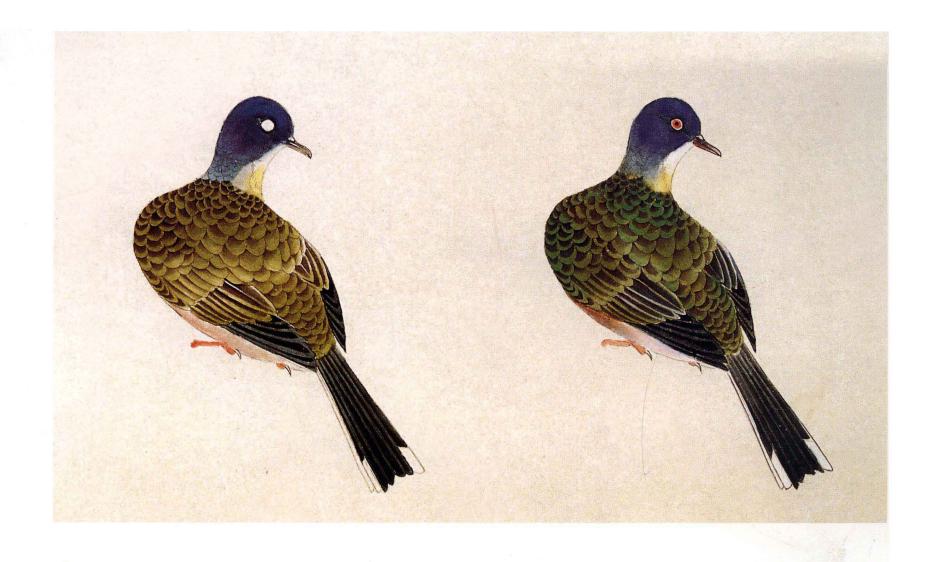


《清友图》步骤图:

- 一根据鸟的不同色彩用深浅墨勾线。(如图一)嘴、眼、爪、翅膀用较深的墨;腹、背等部位用较淡的墨勾线。
- 二 根据鸟的不同色彩晕染打底色。(如图二)头部用花青;腹部用赭石,其他部位用墨。晕染底色时,注意鸟的各个部位的深浅变化。

Pattern Procedure:

- 1. Draw the outline of a bird with various strong and light inks according to the different colors of the bird (see Figure 1). Draw the bird's beak, eyes, feet and wings with deep-colored ink; draw the bird's abdominal part with light ink.
- 2. Paint the background of the bird according to different colors of the bird (see Figure 2). Paing the bird's head with cyanine and its abdominal part with scarlet; and sketch the other parts with ink. Pay attention to the variation of dark and light in each part.



- 三 根据鸟的不同色彩罩染颜色。(如图三) 头部用石青,背部及翅膀分别用汁绿和花青,腹部用白粉罩染。
- 四根据鸟的不同色彩提染颜色。(如图四)背部及部分翅膀用三青,腹、尾翼、颈部用白粉提染。根据鸟的不同色彩丝毛,(如《清友图》)头部、翅膀、尾部用花青,背部及翅膀用汁绿,腹、尾翼、颈部用白粉丝毛。
- 3. Color the bird according to its different natural colors (see Figure 3), the bird's light green for the head; bright green and cyanine for the back feathers and wings; and white powder for the belly.
- 4. (see Figure 4). Color the back and some parts of the wings light greenish blue, and color the belly, tail and neck with white powder. Color the feathers according to the different natural colors (see A turtledove on a branch of plum). Color the head, and tail with cyanine; back and wings bright green, belly and neck with white powder.





林锴题字:俊鹘当胸落 奇花绕腕飞



雪鸠图 1987年 (65cm×110cm)

A pair of Turtledoves on a Plum Tree Branch



细语 1993年 (50cm×35cm)
A pair of parrots perched on a plum branch



碧桃春声 1993年 (45cm×43cm)
A bird on the branch of flowering peach in early spring



艳秋 1998年 (45cm×43cm) A bird among red leaves in autumn



和韵 1998年 (66cm×66cm)
A flock of birds singing on plum trees



秋江冷艳 2000年 (90cm×90cm) A bird among glory flowers



和鸣 1994年 (90cm×94cm)

A flock of birds singing in the fields in deep autumn