



文化背景 鲜活词语 巧问巧答
流畅金句 仿真会话 纯正美音

附赠 **540分钟** MP3光盘一张

9000

OVERSEA
ENGLISH 句

主编◎ 浩 瀚

审订◎【美】Eve Bower



超越 出国 英语

朗读

【美】William (男) 【美】Jorda (男)
【美】Camilla (女) 【美】Sarah (女)

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随着中国综合国力的不断增强,人民生活水平的不断提高,越来越多的人走出国门,到国外学习、参观、访问、旅游。

本书编写的宗旨是让大家出国没有语言障碍,流畅表达。本书内容包括:出国准备、国外学习、国外生活、娱乐生活、国外旅行、特殊情况、宗教与文化七大部分。书中涉及了出国的各个方面,无论是出国工作、生活、学习还是出国旅游,本书都极具模仿和操练价值。

与其他书相比,本书具备以下特点:

文化背景

提供相关主题的背景常识,让读者真正融入语言环境,拓宽知识面。

鲜活词语

提供相关主题的常用鲜活词语,为扩展对话打下坚实基础。

巧问巧答

列举精彩的话题问答,增强交流能力和技巧,为读者展示丰富交流智慧。

流畅金句

摘录流畅经典金句,为读者介绍一流的表达技巧。

仿真会话

设置仿真会话场景,为读者提供广阔的演习空间。

纯正美音

配备超长纯正美语录音 MP3 光盘,方便读者跟读模仿,迅速融入情景。

本书形式活泼新颖,中英文对照,适合具有初、中级英语水平的读者和英语爱好者学习。希望本书为读者添加一双灵动的羽翼,在出国英语口语的广阔天空自由飞翔。

只要读者持之以恒,反复操练,就一定会在国外流畅表达、潇洒自如!

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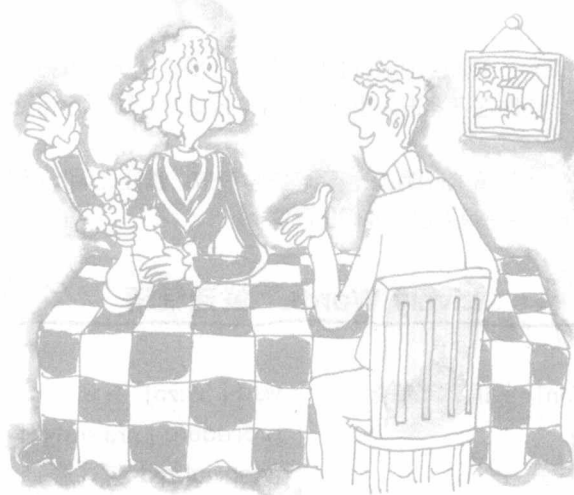
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Chapter 1

出国准备

Ready to Go Abroad



[Unit 1

护照与签证

Passport and Visa

Cultural Background 文化背景

Passport

A passport is a travel document that identifies the holder as a citizen of the country. A passport also requests other countries to give the holder safe passage and all lawful aid and protection. Sometimes a passport must have a visa (official endorsement) from the country a person desires to visit before entry into that country is permitted.

Visa

A visa is an endorsement that government officials place on a passport to show that the passport is valid. The visa certifies that the traveler's passport has been examined and approved. Immigration officers then permit the bearer to enter the country.

► 护照

护照是签订其持有人作为一国公民的旅行证件。护照还要求别国给其持有人以安全通过权,并给予各种合法的帮助与保护。有时在获准进入想去的国家之前,护照还必须有签证(官方签署的证明)。

► 签证

签证是政府官员在护照上签署的证明,以表明该护照有效。签证证明旅行者的护照已被检验并得到批准。之后,移民局官员允许持有人进入他们的国家。

Lively Words 鲜活词语

application [ˌæpliˈkeɪʃən] 申请,申请表

apply [əˈplai] 申请

select [siˈlekt] 选择,挑选

include [inˈkluːd] 包括,包含

indicate [ˈɪndikeɪt] 指出,标明

address [əˈdres] 地址

specific [spiˈsɪfɪk] 具体的

response [risˈpɒns] 回答,答复

inquiry [inˈkwaɪəri] 询问

support [səˈpɔːt] 供养,生计

visa [ˈviːzə] 签证

procedure [prəˈsiːdʒə] 过程,步骤

financial aid 经济资助

requirement [riˈkwaɪəmənt] 要求

consider [kənˈsɪdə] 考虑

qualify [ˈkwɒlɪfaɪ] 使具有资格

propose [prəˈpəʊz] 提议,提出

sufficient [səˈfɪʃənt] 足够的

complete [kəmˈpliːt] 完成,结束

ensure [inˈʃʊə] 保证,确保



Questions and Answers 巧问巧答

1. Have you applied for the passport for going to the U. S. A. ?
Yes. But it hasn't been issued by the embassy so far.
Q 你申请办理去美国的护照了吗?
A 是的,申请过了。但目前大使馆还未签发。
2. When did you apply for it?
Two months ago.
Q 你是什么时候申请的?
A 两个月前。
3. What do you intend to do in the United States?
I want to pursue my Ph. D.
Q 你去美国打算做什么?
A 我想去完成我的博士学位。
4. Have you taken the TOEFL test?
Yes, I have. And I scored 105.
Q 你参加托福考试了吗?
A 参加了,并且取得了 105 分的成绩。
5. What's your plan after you finish your Ph. D. ?
After I finish my Ph. D., I'll go back to China to be a university English teacher.
Q 在你完成博士学位后有何打算?
A 在我完成博士学位后,我会回到中国,做一名大学英语教师。
6. Passport and Embarkation Card, please.
Here you are, sir.
Q 请出示护照和登机牌。
A 给你。
7. May I see your passport, please?
Of course. Here you are.
Q 我可以看看你的护照吗?
A 当然可以。给你。
8. How long will you stay in London?
For about a month.
Q 你将在伦敦呆多久?
A 大约一个月。
9. Why do you want to go to the U. S. A. ?
I want to study for a doctorate.
Q 你为什么要去美国?
A 我要去攻读博士学位。
10. Does your scholarship cover the whole two years?
Q 整整两年你都有奖学金吗?

Yes, it does.

A 是的,都有。

11. Is your family going with you?

Q 你的家人跟你一块去吗?

No, I am going alone.

A 不,我一个人去。

Practical Sentences 流畅金句

Questions you may meet 可能遇到的问题

- What are you doing now? 你现在在做什么?
- What will you study in the United States? 你到美国准备学些什么呢?
- Will you return to China after your study? 学成后你会回中国吗?
- Does your family have enough money to send you to the U. S. A. for a year? 你的家人有足够的钱送你去美国学习一年吗?
- How do you expect to pay for all of your expenses while in the United State? 你打算怎样支付你在美国的所有费用呢?
- Why do you want to go to New York? 你为什么要去纽约?
- Will you get any kind of scholarship? 你有奖学金吗?
- Will you settle down permanently in Australia? 你打算住在澳大利亚吗?
- How long do you intend to stay in England? 你打算在英国呆多久?
- Do you have any friends or relatives in Seattle? 你在西雅图有朋友或亲戚吗?
- Who will pay for your study there? 谁来支付你的学习费用呢?
- When did you apply for your visa? 你什么时候申请签证的?
- What subject will you study? 你将从事哪个学科的研究?
- What's your plan after you finish your study? 你学业完成后有何打算?
- How can you make me believe you? 你怎么能让我信服呢?

Self-expression 自我表达

- My reason for going to your country is that I'd like to study for a doctorate. 我去你们国家的原因是我想去攻读博士学位。
- My friend now residing in America is willing to be my voucher during my stay there. 我居住在美国的朋友愿意作我在那儿的担保人。
- I'll return home by the time the conference concludes as scheduled. 一旦日程安排表上的会议结束后我便回家。
- I want to apply for studying abroad. 我想申请出国留学。
- What kind of material should I prepare before I handle the visa? 在我去办理签证之前,我需要准备哪些材料呢?
- Are they easy to handle? 这些办起来容易吗?



7. Is there any recommendation letter needed?那需要推荐信之类的东西吗?
8. I am thinking about studying in America. 我正在考虑到美国读书。
9. I've heard that Boston has several good colleges. 我听说波士顿有几所好大学。
10. How do I apply and when is the deadline?我如何申请,申请什么时候截止呢?
11. What do I need to apply?申请时需要什么东西呢?
12. If you expect to study in the United States next fall, you should make an application now. 要是你想明年秋天去美国学习,你现在就该申请了。
13. Is my application complete? 我的申请材料都齐全了吗?
14. How can I apply for financial aid? 我怎么申请经济资助呢?
15. Why don't you ask someone who has study experiences abroad for help? 你为什么 not 找一个有留学经验的人问问呢?

Sample Conversations 仿真会话

Conversation 1

- A: Good morning. I'm Zhao Yang from the Soochow University. I have come to discuss my visa application.
- B: Oh, yes. How do you do, Mr. Zhao? My name is James. Now there are a few questions I would like to ask you if I might.
- A: Of course. Go right ahead.
- B: Why do you want to go to Australia?
- A: I want to study for a doctorate.
- B: Have you been accepted by a university?
- A: Yes. Sydney University has accepted me as a research graduate. Here is the letter of acceptance.
- B: That's fine. Do you have a state scholarship or are you a private student?
- A: I have a state scholarship.
- B: How long do you intend to stay in the Australia?
- A: 你好,我是苏州大学的赵阳。我是来申请签证的。
- B: 哦,赵先生,你好!我是詹姆斯。现在我想问你几个问题,可以吗?
- A: 当然。请问吧。
- B: 你为什么要去澳大利亚?
- A: 我要去攻读博士学位。
- B: 大学已经接收你了吗?
- A: 是的,悉尼大学已接收我为研究生了。这是接纳信。
- B: 很好。你是公费留学,还是自费留学?
- A: 我由国家提供奖学金。
- B: 你打算在澳大利亚呆多久?

A: About two years.

B: Does your scholarship cover the whole two years?

A: Yes, it does.

B: Well, that's all. Thank you, Mr. Zhao. We will contact you when your visa is ready.

A: Thank you very much.

B: Not at all. I wish you a pleasant stay in Australia.

A: 大约两年。

B: 整整两年你都有奖学金吗?

A: 是的,都有。

B: 好,就这些问题。谢谢,赵先生。签证办妥后,我们会和你联系的。

A: 非常感谢。

B: 别客气,希望你在澳大利亚期间生活愉快。

Conversation 2

A: Do you have scholarship to support you during your stay in the United States?

B: Regrettably not.

A: In that case, how can you demonstrate that you are financially burdenless in regard to your academic years?

B: Well, for the past decade, I've been assigned successively to the posts of typist, archivist, secretary reporting to managing director and deputy personnel manager. I think, these experiences plus good command of English would put me in a favorable condition to get assistantship by working part-time on campus.

A: Well, you seem to talk me into believing you.

B: Thank you. And if so, I believe the facts speak louder than my words.

A: OK. You are lucky. Back home to get ready your baggage.

B: Thank you a lot.

A: 你在美国期间,有什么奖学金来维持生活吗?

B: 很遗憾,没有。

A: 那么,你如何证明在学习期间你没有经济上的负担呢?

B: 嗯,在过去十年间,我已成功地由打字员、设计师、总经理秘书升为人事部副主任。我认为这些经历和我良好的英语基础会使我在大学里通过兼职工作取得助教费。

A: 好的,你的话似乎增强了我对你的信心。

B: 谢谢你。要是如此,我相信我干得会比说得更好。

A: 好,你很幸运。回家准备行李吧!

B: 谢谢!

Conversation 3

- A: I thought of studying at a British university, tell me about that.
- B: You can do that. Normally, you have to have a student authorization, that is a student visa.
- A: How do I get that?
- B: First you choose the course you want to take. Then you apply directly to the admission department of the university you want to go to.
- A: What information do they need?
- B: They need a copy of your academic record at high school, and a certificate of competence in English, such as a TOEFL score.
- A: If I pay for the course myself, do I need a high TOEFL score?
- B: Of course. You need a minimum TOEFL of 96 for some universities for undergraduate study and much higher for graduate study.
- A: If they accept me as a student, what happens next?
- B: The university sends you a letter of acceptance.
- A: Then I can get a passport?
- B: Yes. And when you've got that, you can apply for a visa.
- A: 我想到英国的大学去学习,请告诉我一些这方面的情况。
- B: 你可以去英国的大学学习。通常你需获得学生身份的许可,也就是学生签证。
- A: 我怎么能拿到学生签证呢?
- B: 首先选择你要学的课程,然后直接向你要去的大学的招生办公室申请。
- A: 他们需要知道我的什么情况?
- B: 他们需要你高中成绩单的复印件、英语水平证明,如托福成绩。
- A: 如果我是自费,还需要好的托福成绩吗?
- B: 当然要。学校的本科生至少要 96 分,而读研究生的分数则更高。
- A: 如果他们录取了我,下面该怎么办呢?
- B: 大学会给你发接收函。
- A: 这样我就可以申请护照啦?
- B: 是的,拿到护照后可申请签证了。

Conversation 4

- A: What's your purpose in applying for a visa?
- B: My purpose is to study Marketing management at Columbia University.
- A: 你申请签证的目的是什么?
- B: 我的目的是到哥伦比亚大学学习营销管理。

- A: Who will pay you all your expenses during your stay in the United States?
- B: Our company. They say they will offer me the expenses on condition that I'll come back after I finish my research work.
- A: So, there is still a possible chance that you won't come back. Right?
- B: You misunderstood me, sir. I am a Chinese, of course, I'll work for my motherland, and I'll try my best to make our country stronger. What's more, my relatives and friends are all in home, I won't immigrate. I just want to learn more.
- A: Well. That's all for today. And we'll announce you later.
- B: Thank you for your interview.
- A: 谁将支付你留美期间的费用?
- B: 我们公司。他们说只要我完成研究工作顺利归国的话,就会为我提供一切费用。
- A: 所以,你还有不回来的可能,对吗?
- B: 先生,您误解了。我是一个中国人,我当然要为我的祖国工作,我会尽力使我们的国家变得更强大。此外,我的家人和朋友都在国内,我是不会移民的,我只是想多学一点儿东西而已。
- A: 好了,今天就到这里吧! 我们随后会通知你的。
- B: 谢谢您的接见。



Unit 2

订机票

Booking a Ticket

Cultural Background 文化背景

Travel agents can tell you the cheapest way to travel. Their advice and services are free. When you book an airline ticket, you should make certain that the dates, times, destinations, and the spelling of your name are right. When you get your boarding pass, check: Are you in a smoking or non-smoking section? A window or an aisle seat?

► 旅行社可以告诉你最便宜的旅行路线,而他们的建议和服务是免费的。订机票时,你应该弄清楚日期、时间、目的地和你的名字的拼写。拿到登机牌后,要查看一下:你是在吸烟区还是在非吸烟区;是靠窗子的座位还是靠过道的座位?

Lively Words 鲜活词语

reservation [ˌrezəˈveɪʃən] 预订,预约

reconfirm [ˈriːkənˈfɜːm] 再次证实,再次确认

domestic [dəˈmestɪk] 国内的,家庭的

transfer [ˈtrænsˈfɜː] 迁移,移动,转移

baggage [ˈbæɡɪdʒ] 行李

book [bʊk] 预订

available [əˈveɪləbl] 可获得的

reserve [rɪˈzɜːv] 预订

seat [siːt] 座位

notify [ˈnəʊtɪfaɪ] 通知;告知

economy [ɪˈkɒnəmi] 经济舱位

convenient [kənˈviːnjənt] 方便的

cancel [ˈkænsəl] 取消,撤销

further [ˈfɜːðə] 进一步的

depart [dɪˈpɑːt] 离开,起程

agency [ˈeɪdʒənsi] 机构,代理处

by way of 途经,经过

one-way 单程

round/return 往返,返程

a slack season 淡季

a busy season 旺季

Questions and Answers 巧问巧答

1. Hello, may I help you?

Yes, please. I'd like to book a ticket from Beijing to London.

☞ 您好,我能为您效劳吗?

☞ 我想预订一张从北京到伦敦的机票。

2. When do you want to leave?

☞ 您想哪天走?

Today. As early as possible.

今天,而且要尽早。

3. China Eastern Airlines. May I help you?

中国东方航空公司,我能为您效劳吗?

Yes. I'd like to reconfirm my flight reservation.

是的,我想确认我预订的航班。

4. Could you tell me your flight number, please?

请告诉我您的航班号。

Yes. It's MU162, leaving Beijing at 10:00 a. m. August 27th.

MU162, 8月27日上午10点离开北京。

5. Do you want to fly first or economy class?

您要头等舱还是经济舱?

Economy.

经济舱。

6. Will this be a one-way trip?

您要单程票吗?

No, round trip back to Chicago on January 3rd.

我要往返票,1月3日飞回芝加哥。

7. Good morning, Shanghai Airways, can I help you?

上午好!这里是上海航空公司,能为您效劳吗?

Good morning. I'd like to book a seat on a flight from Shanghai to New York on July 5th, please.

上午好!我想订一张7月5日从上海飞往纽约的机票。

8. Would you like a morning or an afternoon flight?

上午的航班还是下午的航班?

Morning flight, please.

上午的航班。

9. Would you prefer first class or economy?

您想要头等舱还是经济舱?

Economy, please.

请买一张经济舱。

10. I'd like to cancel my reservation on Flight 071 to Chicago on the 23rd. My name is Eric Miller.

我想取消23日的去芝加哥的071次航班的预订票。我的名字是埃里克·米勒。

Just a moment, please. Thank you for waiting. I've cancelled your reservation.

请稍等。谢谢,让您久等了。我已取消了您的预订票。

