

PET

高等学校

英语应用能力考试

应考试题集 · B级

《高等学校英语应用能力考试》研究会 / 编写



含MP3光盘



华东理工大学出版社
EAST CHINA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PRESS

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前 言

随着高职高专教育的发展,社会就业需求的变化,对高职高专学生英语综合应用能力的要求越来越高。在当今课程改革的新思路下,《高职高专教育英语课程标准基本要求》和《高等学校英语应用能力考试大纲》也有了新的标准和要求。针对这些变化,研究会组织了多位长期在高职高专英语实践教学第一线,对高职高专英语应用能力考试有着多年教学和辅导经验的教师,共同编写了《高等学校英语应用能力考试应考试题集》。

为了帮助考生在考前了解和熟悉高等学校英语应用能力考试的题型、题量、难易度、重难点,以及评分标准等,有针对性地复习英语知识,帮助考生顺利通过考试,编者通过历年来对实考试题的认真研究,并结合长期的教学经验,对学生易于混淆、难以掌握的知识进行归类,并参阅了大量的国内外相关资料,从中精选出具有较强针对性和代表性的试题。

该试题集共由 14 套试题组成。每套试题分为“听力理解”、“词汇结构”、“阅读理解”、“翻译”、“写作”等五个部分。模拟试题选材广泛,内容新颖,实用性强,覆盖面广,试题的难易度和题型、题量完全与国家高等学校英语应用能力考试的试题一样,其中大量试题来源于高等学校英语应用能力考试国家试题库,保证了本书试题的科学性和权威性。通过书中的试题和透彻的试题解析,学生能够达到巩固语言知识和语言技能,提高英语应用能力和实考技巧的目的。

囿于作者水平,书中可能会出现一些错漏,欢迎使用者提出宝贵意见,以便我们更正和完善。

编 者

2008 年 12 月

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Test 1

Part I Listening Comprehension (15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to give proper responses. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Example: You will hear: Mr. Smith is not in, could you please give him a message?

You will read: A) I'm not sure.

B) You're right.

C) Yes, certainly.

D) That's interesting.

From the question, we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, C) Yes, certainly is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet. Now the test will begin.

1. A) It's Saturday. B) It's my birthday.
C) June 18. D) Mid-autumn Day.
2. A) Not yet. The rooms are being painted.
B) Not yet, the rooms are painting.
C) Not yet. The rooms are painted.
D) Not yet, the rooms are being painting.
3. A) He does nothing. B) He does a lot.
C) He is a writer. D) He is my good friend.

4. A) I like jazz. B) Next month.
C) Yes, I do. D) I like it.
5. A) Yes, I do. B) No, I didn't.
C) Yes, I have. D) No, I don't.

Section B

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

6. A) At the supermarket. B) In an operating room.
C) In a restaurant. D) At a railway station.
7. A) To go to work. B) To visit a friend.
C) To see a film. D) To go shopping.
8. A) A house wife. B) A telephone operator.
C) A gatekeeper. D) A secretary.
9. A) Doing an experiment. B) Calling a friend.
C) Meeting her friend. D) Going towards the park.
10. A) Louis. B) Tom.
C) Mike. D) Jane.

Section C

Directions: In this section you will hear a recorded short passage. The passage is printed in the test paper, but with some words or phrases missing. The passage will be read three times. During the second reading, you are required to put the missing words or phrases on the Answer Sheet in order of the numbered blanks according to what you hear. The third reading is for you to check your writing. Now the passage will begin.

Pets are lovable, often delightful. The dog and the cat, the most favored of pets, are beautiful, intelligent animals. To assume 11 for them can help bring out the

humanity (人性) in our children and even in us. A dog or a cat can teach us a lot about 12. They are a lot more like us than some might think. 13 one owner of a dog has said that the animal 14 everything he says to it. So a mother and father who have ever cared for pets 15 be more patient and understanding with their children.

Part II Vocabulary & Structure (15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your ability to use words and phrases correctly to construct meaningful and grammatically correct sentences. It consists of 2 sections.

Section A

Directions: There are 10 incomplete sentences here. You are required to complete each statement by choosing the appropriate answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

16. My father has a large collection of books, _____ are written in foreign language.
A) many ones of which B) many of which
C) many books of which D) many in which
17. On my way to the post office, I found my watch _____.
A) had missed B) missing
C) had been missed D) missed
18. There is a shortage of parking space, _____ parking is becoming more expensive.
A) anyway B) however
C) furthermore D) therefore
19. My father will be back from the United States in _____.
A) two years and half B) two and a half years
C) two and half years D) two and a half year
20. The Call of the Wild is _____ as one of Jack London's great books.
A) said B) regarded
C) claimed D) believed

21. How we all _____ a chance to visit your beautiful country!
 A) looked for B) waited for
 C) longed for D) went for
22. To our surprise, the terrible accident did very little _____ to either car.
 A) confusion B) danger
 C) effect D) damage
23. _____ such a good chance, how could she let it slip away?
 A) Having given B) Giving
 C) Having been given D) Give
24. She insisted that we all _____ in his office at one o'clock.
 A) to be B) would be
 C) be D) shall be
25. Here is the picture _____ in the show window of the art shop.
 A) you saw B) that you saw it
 C) you saw it D) that saw it

Section B

Directions: There are 10 incomplete statements here. You should fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in the brackets. Write the word or words in the corresponding space on the Answer Sheet.

26. He had a special (able) _____ to put ideas to work quickly.
27. I was shocked to know that the factory (destroy) _____ in a big fire.
28. (Give) _____ a chance to study in America, would you accept?
29. I (sincere) _____ thank you for your invitation to the Industrial Exhibition.
30. I wear dark glasses (protect) _____ my eyes from the sun.
31. The manager's (ill) _____ has caused great worry in the company.
32. When I came into the room, she (watch) _____ TV.
33. The sun is the (big) _____ thing we can see when we look up at the sky.
34. You look so tired tonight. It is time you (go) _____ to bed.
35. Whenever I went (shop) _____ with my sister, I had the urge to buy everything I saw.

Part III

Reading Comprehension

(40 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your reading ability. There are 5 tasks for you to fulfill.

You should read the reading materials carefully and do the tasks as you are instructed.

Task 1

Directions: After reading the following passage, you will find 5 questions or unfinished statements, numbered 36 to 40. For each question or statement there are 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

As we all know, bat is a kind of “blind” animal. A bat does not have good eyesight, but it is able to “see” by sound waves. It produces a series of high-pitched squeaks (尖叫) which are reflected back by the object around it.

The way in which bats find their way about is called echo-location. They produce high-pitched squeaks that humans cannot hear. Some bats, such as the long-eared bat, produce the sounds from their mouths. Others, such as the greater horseshoe bats (大冠菊头蝙蝠), produce the sounds from their noses. The returning echoes are picked up by the bat’s large, sensitive ears.

The bat receive information about the direction, loudness and pitch (high or low notes) of echoes returning from a flying insect. It can then work out the direction, distance and spread of the insect with amazing accuracy. Therefore, we can say bat is not a real “blind” animal.

36. Bats can “see” things by _____.
 A) good eyesight B) reflection of objects
 C) sound waves D) their sensitive noses
37. “Echo-location” here means _____.
 A) a kind of the bats B) a part of the bat’s body
 C) a place where the bat lives D) a method for bats to find way
38. The bats produce sounds from their _____.
 A) mouths and eyes B) mouths or noses
 C) body and noses D) body or eyes

39. According to the passage we know _____.

- A) bats can produce only one of the sounds
- B) high-pitched squeaks are from different parts of bats' bodies
- C) bats produce beautiful sounds that people can hear clearly
- D) bats produce pitched squeaks to scare the insects

40. The best title of the passage is _____.

- A) How Do Bats Find Their Way in the Dark
- B) How Do Bats Make High-pitched Squeaks
- C) How Do Sound Waves Travel
- D) The Categories of Bats

Task 2

Directions: This task is the same as Task 1. The 5 questions or unfinished statements are numbered 41 to 45.

Comedian David Brenner came from a poor but close family. When he graduated high school, however, he was given a gift that he could never forget in his life-time. It was from his father.

"Some of my friends got new clothes, mobile phones, and a few rich kids even got new cars," he remembers. "My father reached into his pants and took something out, I extended my hands, palm up, and he let my present drop into it — a nickel!"

"Dad said to me, buy a newspaper with that. Read every word of it. Then turn to classified section and get yourself a job. Get into the world. It's all yours now."

"I always thought that was a great joke my father had played on me until a few years later when I was in the Army, sitting in a foxhole (隐蔽所), and thinking about my family and my life. It was then realized that my friends had gotten only new cars, or only new clothes. My father has given me the whole world. What a greatest gift!"

41. What does the word "close" in the first sentence mean?

- A) It means the family lives near David's school.
- B) It means the family lives near the city center.
- C) It means the family is of the same blood.
- D) It means the family members are intimate.

42. What did David's father want him to do with the gift?
- A) To buy a book.
 - B) To buy a magazine.
 - C) To buy a newspaper.
 - D) To buy something to eat.
43. In which section of a newspaper can one find a job?
- A) In the classified section.
 - B) In the news section.
 - C) In the culture section.
 - D) In the sports section.
44. What did David think of his father's gift later?
- A) A joke.
 - B) Something unforgettable.
 - C) The greatest gift.
 - D) Both B and C.
45. Which of the following statements is true?
- A) David didn't like the gift his father gave him.
 - B) David thinks his gift is the best one.
 - C) Every child may get new clothes as a gift when he graduates from high school.
 - D) Every child may get a new car as a gift when he graduates from high school.

Task 3

Directions: After reading the following introduction, you should complete the information by filling in blanks marked 46 to 50 in the table below:

Introduction

International Hotel English is a course for those employed in the hotel and tourist business. It is also for non-native English-speaking travelers. It is concerned with reservations, rooms, services and facilities, i. e. those responsibilities involving communication with guests rather than behind the scenes management.

The course is for students who have learned English for two or three years or who have gained a limited knowledge of English while on the job. International Hotel English gives them a more systematic job-related English.

This book contains 17 units. The accompanying cassettes contain the dialogues for the listening tasks and form an integral (完整) part of the course.

The principal emphasis of the course is on listening and speaking as this is the main area of guest/hotel employees. However, there are also reading and writing tasks which are used to get students well prepared for new language as well as for further practice.

OUTLINE

Introduction to *International Hotel English*

The purpose of the course

The course is designed for hotel employees as well as 46 to deal with hotel business.

The course focuses more on hotel business involving 47.

The level of the course

The reader must have studied English for some years or possess 48 of English.

The components of the course

The book includes 17 units and 49 for listening tasks.

The main features of the course

The book puts emphasis on 50 training.

The book also offers practice like reading and writing tasks.

Task 4

Directions: The following is a list of hotel guide. After reading it, you are required to find the items equivalent to (与……等价的) those given in Chinese in the table below. Then you should put the corresponding letters in the brackets on the Answer Sheet, numbered 51 to 55.

A — Presidential Suite

B — General Reception

C — Double Reception

D — Turkish Bath

E — Maintenance Department

F — Laundry

G — Room Rate

H — Bowling Room

I — Snack Bar

J — Registration Form

K — Check in

L — Hand-basin

M — Bath Towel

N — Hotel Safe

O — Supply Department

Example: (I) 餐厅

(H) 保龄球房

51. () 浴巾	() 登记表
52. () 洗衣房	() 双人房间
53. () 总统套房	() 维修部
54. () 总台	() 住宿登记
55. () 住房费	() 旅馆保险箱

Task 5

Directions: Read the following letter. After reading it, you are required to complete the statements that follow (No. 56 to No. 60). You should write your answers on the Answer Sheet correspondingly.

Dear Sirs,

We have heard from China Council (委员会) for the Promotion of International Trade that you are in the market for silk garments (服装).

We are introducing ourselves as one of the leading exporters of the same business line. And we would like to establish business relations with you on the basis of equality, mutual benefit and the exchange of needed goods.

Our silk garments are made of super pure silk materials and with the traditional skills, they are magnificent and tasteful and have long enjoyed a great fame both at home and abroad. We enclose a catalog for your reference and trust some of these items will be of interest to you.

We would be very much interested in receiving your inquiries and send you our quotations (价目表).

We look forward to your favorable reply.

Yours faithfully

Tom Green

56. What is the full name of China Council mentioned by the writer?

China Council for the Promotion of _____.

57. How does the writer make the self-introduction?

One of the _____ in the market for silk garments.

58. What kind of materials are the garments made of? _____

59. How are the silk garments made?

Our silk garments are made with _____.

60. What else does the writer enclose with the letter?

_____ for his reference.

Part IV

Translation — English to Chinese

(25 minutes)

Directions: This part, numbered 61 to 65, is to test your ability to translate English into Chinese. Each of the four sentences (No. 61 to No. 64) is followed by four choices of suggested translation marked A), B), C), D). Make the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet. Write your translation of the paragraph (No. 65) in the corresponding space on the Translation/Composition Sheet.

61. Humor is largely dependent on surprise, on quickly changing from the expected to the unexpected.

A) 关于迅速地从事期待编导出乎意料,幽默大大地依赖于惊奇。

B) 幽默很大程度上依靠惊奇,依靠从预料到出乎意料的快速变化。

C) 在从预料到未预料之间的极快变化这一方面,幽默大大地依靠惊奇。

D) 幽默极大地依赖于惊奇,依赖于在期待和未期待之间快速地变化。

62. This car uses less petrol than the other one so this one is the more economical.

A) 这辆车比所有的车用油少,所以它更合算。

B) 这辆车比那辆车耗油少,所以它更合算。

C) 这辆车比其他的车耗油少,所以它更合算。

D) 这辆车只用很少的油,所以它是最节约的。

63. The question of how human speech started is the one that men will never stop exploring.

A) 人们从未停止过寻找人类语言是怎么起源的。

B) 对于人类语言是怎样开始的这个问题,人类的探索永远不会停止。

C) 人类语言是怎样开始的,这会成为人们永远探索的问题。

D) 人类的演说是怎么开始的问题是男士们从未停止思索的问题。

64. Many married people now share the decisions and the responsibilities of their

families.

A) 现在许多已婚夫妇共同决定家庭事务,共同承担家庭责任。

B) 现在许多已婚夫妇参与家庭事务和家庭责任的讨论决定。

C) 现在许多已婚夫妇都要分担家务事并承担养家的责任。

D) 现在许多已婚夫妇都要做出共同的觉得以对他们家庭负责。

65. When it is used, insert the plug into the power socket. The function switch has three grades of strong, middle and weak. If you massage (按摩) two or three times(one time lasts about 20 minutes, one to five minutes for each acupoint [穴位]) every day and insist on two courses of treatment (five days is a course), you will achieve evident effect.

Part V

Writing

(25 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your ability to do practical writing. You are required to write a Consolation letter according to the following instructions given in Chinese. Remember to write the message in no less than 60 words in the Composition/ Translation Sheet.

说明: John 刚听说 Bob 因病住院,他认为 Bob 一病查出病因是明智之举。他希望 Bob 看到他的信时已经好多了,并祝 Bob 很快得以痊愈。请你以 John 之名给 Bob 写封慰问信,时间为 2007 年 5 月 15 日。