

A GUIDE TO CET-6

大学英语 六级应试指导

(修订版)

肖立齐 周晏如 编著

清华大学出版社

内 容 提 要

本书是按照“大学英语教学大纲”和“大学英语六级考试大纲”的要求,针对参加 CET-6 考试的学生所反映出的问题编写的复习和应试指导。作者在第一版的基础上作了大幅度修订。内容包括 CET-6 考试中的词语用法和语法结构、阅读理解、改错(包括单句及篇章)和短文写作。每一部分习题之前都有做题思路的方法指导;习题之后有难点注释。书后还附有 CET-6 考试大纲、一套样题、四套模拟题。所有习题、样题、模拟题均有参考答案,听力部分有录音带。同时,还附有六级词汇及中文词义。

本书主要是为参加 CET-6 考试的大学生和研究生编写的,但对报考 TOEFL、EPT、BEC 以及研究生入学考试均可参考使用。

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修订版前言

本书自 1991 年出版后,受到广大读者的肯定与欢迎。经清华学生和其它院校考前强化班的使用,都表明效果良好。

鉴于四、六级统考开始社会化,放宽报名条件限制,今后报考人数将会越来越多。因此,为了满足广大考生更快提高英语水平、顺利通过六级考试的强烈愿望,我们对原书进行了大幅度的修改。修订版既保持了原书特色,又根据目前的情况和要求,更新了 2/3 的内容,从而使语法部分更加全面系统,重点突出;词汇部分更加充实丰富,特别强化了六级词汇的练习;修订版还提高了阅读材料的趣味性,同时加强了阅读技巧的指导,使读者复习起来有兴趣、收效快,阅读速度及理解能力均可明显提高;改错部分除更新部分篇章内容外,增加了单句改错,以便从易到难,循序渐进。写作部分形式更加多样化,更加具有针对性。

在修订过程中,我们还特别注意以下四个具体方面:

一、进行了学生统考结果分析与研究

我们着重分析和研究清华大学学生在历次考试中取得较佳成绩的原因,也分析了考试中暴露出来的语言基础、应用能力以及应试方法等方面的不足之处。因此,修订本特别强调了语言基础知识与综合运用能力的结合,此外,对相关的各类试题中语言现象、测试重点进行了科学的统计,从而使本书在备考中具有很强的针对性。

二、精选材料

修订版中一方面保留了近几年来我们在教学中多次使用过的、证明是非常好的材料,这些材料能覆盖“教学大纲”的主要内容,反映中国学生学习英语难点及容易犯的错误,并体现“考试大纲”测试的要求,另一方面,还特意收集了国外语言测试最新材料。对各种语言现象采取了分类集中编排和综合练习相结合的形式。

三、给予方法及思路指导

在教学实践中,我们深感部分学生对如何依照“考试大纲”要求,明确考试目的,如何复习及应试,缺少科学的办法,结果常常事倍功半,有时甚至发挥不出自己应有的水平,影响考试成绩。为了能有助于解决这一问题,我们在每部分习题前,特意安排了做题思路及方法的提示,内容简明扼要,方法具体,易懂好记,对学生系统复习、掌握重点、提高应试应变能力及改进应试方法乃至发挥最佳水平都能起到良好的作用。

四、便于自学自测

为了帮助读者便于自学与自测,对较难掌握或容易出错的语言现象(题号前带△者)作了简明扼要注释;同时,提供了四套模拟题,便于读者复习后进行自测,这些模拟题的题型、题量、难易度、测试重点均与大纲及样题相一致,另外,应广大考生要求,还附录了六级词汇,以便重点掌握。

最后,为了使读者对大学六级考试标准、目的、内容、要求以及各项试题的计分方法有一个具体的了解,本书附有国家教委 1988 年 9 月印发的“大学英语六级考试(CET-6)大纲及样题”。

本书在编写和修订过程中,曾得到清华大学外语系部分

教师和有关同志的大力协助,毕兆年老师曾参加了本书第一版的编写工作,在此一并表示我们衷心的感谢。

由于编者水平及经验所限,错误及不当之处难免,诚恳希望读者给予批评指正。

编著者

1993年10月

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PART ONE

VOCABULARY AND STRUCTURE

词语用法和语法结构

一、做题思路和方法指导

词语用法和语法结构部分的目的是测试学生运用词汇、短语和语法结构的能力。题目中约 60% 为词和短语用法题, 约 40% 为语法结构题。

词汇是语言三要素之一, 词汇量的多少和阅读理解、表达有着密切的联系。而且六级试题中, 词语用法题占该部分试题的 3/5。为了掌握大学英语教学大纲所规定的词汇, 顺利通过六级考试, 考生在大学英语学习中, 必须特别注意在词汇学习上多下功夫, 加强记忆, 但不能死记硬背, 要讲究科学方法。一般说来, 记英语单词除了大量阅读, 通过上下文掌握以外, 主要有以下三种方法: 一是分析, 善于区分常用词及冷僻词, 对常用词必须熟练掌握, 牢记不忘。而学习生词时必须进行构词分析, 根据词根、前缀、后缀的含义判断所学生词的词义, 达到识别和记忆的目的; 二是对比, 即对某些英语词进行比较, 找出相似和相异之处, 以加深印象, 帮助记忆; 三是联系, 即在某些意义上有联系的词, 按同根词、近义词、反义词、易混词及常用短语动词等进行归类综合, 这样可收到以熟(词)带生(词),

以少带多之效,同时还可结合文章段落,即在具体语言环境中记忆,效果也好。总之,久而久之就能运用各种有效的单词记忆方法,逐步掌握大量的单词。当达到一定单词量的时候,分析和记忆新单词会容易得多,而且经久不忘。

众所周知,英语语法内容广泛,考生在平时学习中必须熟练掌握英语基本语法的变化形式、词法、句法、句型的使用规则等等,并特别注意各种语法结构的综合应用,各种用法的细微区别,以及否定、倒装、分离、后移、插入、逻辑承接等语法现象。

词语用法和语法结构部分的题型是综合性的,它涉及词汇、语法的方方面面,因此在考试时,首先要辨清题型的类别。要仔细阅读句子内容,根据每题 A、B、C、D 四个选择答案的暗示,分清该题属于词语用法还是语法结构,这是非常重要的第一步。

如果属于词语用法,那么你要留心下列各种情况:

1. 是不是要选择一個同义词;注意它们在词义及用法上的差别;
2. 是不是要求正确使用某一动词或其它词的搭配;
3. 是不是要求选用某个固定词组;
4. 是不是根据该答案在句中的作用正确选择某种词类;
5. 是不是要求正确区分词形相同或近似的易混词。

不论词语用法题属于上述哪个方面,考生思考的重点都应放在四个选择答案的词的搭配和词的用法及词形上,然后使用“排除法”从 A、B、C、D 四个答案中最不可能的答案做起,逐一排除,就有可能求得最佳答案。最后还应将选定的答案放到句子中从词义、用法、整个句子的完整意思校核一下,

看看是否通顺,逻辑概念是否合理,以证实所选答案的准确性。

练习题中第 501—550 题是托福考试的必考题型。每题有一划线部分(词或短语)。要求你在下面的 A、B、C、D 四个答案中选出一个与句中划线部分意思相同的答案。尽管六级统考不考这种题型,但练习这种题型对于掌握词语用法及词义是大有益处的。

如果属于语法结构类型,那你得快速确定是哪种具体语法现象,针对不同情况采用不同的思路和方法去解决问题。例如:

1. 是“时态”题,关键是要看清句中的时间状语;如遇主从复合句,还要留心两个句子中谓语动词时态的对应关系。

2. 是“虚拟语气”题,首先要留心正确选用 if 虚拟条件句中三种时间主从句谓语的不同表达形式;省略 if 的倒装词序;Without, But for 等介词短语以及某些动词、某些句型和虚拟语气的联用等。

3. 是“复合句”题,则主要是正确分析引导从句的关联词、关系代词以及连接并列句的连接词,从而解决句子所属类型问题。

4. 是“非谓语动词”题,则关键掌握它们在句中各自不同的作用,并要熟悉它们的一般、完成、进行形式、主动、被动的变化等。在上述前提下,看清句中所需答案是起什么作用的,应当使用哪种形式。

5. 是“强调句型”题;必须记住其固定结构形式,“It is (was)+强调部分+that+句子其他部分”并注意与带有形式主语的主语从句以及定语从句相区别;

6. 是“倒装词序”型。则在句子结构上必须有明显的倒装条件,希望考生能注意到这一点(有时把宾语提在句首是为了强调)。

对于语法题,考生考虑的重点应是多项语法规则和词类的变化形式使用得是否正确。然后再从整句意思上加以核对。从形式到内容进行综合分析,将会使你选择的答案更具科学性。

二、练习题(550句)

△1. Finally, the long years of poverty and hard work _____ him. He was down with TB and never recovered.

- A. tore up B. caught up with
C. had their revenge on D. took a hand in

△2. To make the students see the importance of speaking, the English teachers are ready to _____.

- A. go to any length B. do them good
C. take them to task D. bring them out

△3. “Are you tired?” “No, not _____.”

- A. in the least B. so to speak
C. a little D. a trifle

4. I'd like to remind you that I _____ being spoken to in such a rude way and you'd better shut up if you can't speak properly.

- A. used not to B. used to

- C. am never used to D. was used to
5. People who refuse to _____ with the law will be punished.
- A. obey B. conceal
C. consent D. comply
6. Gold has been highly prized throughout the ages due chiefly to _____.
- A. it is scarce B. so scarce is it
C. scarcity of it D. its scarcity
7. The reason why the company is successful is due to the fact that they produce _____ materials.
- A. superior B. expensive
C. quality D. worthless
8. You had better _____ me about the reason for your dismissal.
- A. level off B. level at
C. level with D. level up down
- △ 9. Comparison and contrast are often used _____ in advertisements.
- A. extensive B. effectively
C. intentional D. haphazard
10. Current hiring policies in the United States seek to _____ equal employment opportunities for women and minority groups.
- A. provide B. demanded
C. confirmed D. continue

11. Included in the _____ of public schools in the United States is the socialization of the school-age population.
- A. intentions B. jobs
C. ideas D. responsibilities
12. There are two distinct climatic _____ in the state of Washington.
- A. periods B. currents
C. regions D. trends
13. Anne Morrow Lindbergh _____ her husband, the aviator Charles Lindbergh, on several of his pioneering flights.
- A. interviewed B. stopped
C. loved D. accompanied
- △14. Today's "miracle drugs" have not only lengthened the life span of the average individual; they have also enabled people who _____ would be invalids to live normal lives.
- A. if not wise
B. if unprotected
C. otherwise
D. in a manner of speaking
- △15. Human skin is very thin on the eyelid and quite thick on the _____ of the foot.
- A. bottom B. essence
C. inside D. middle

16. In a desert an oasis is a welcome relief to _____ travelers.
A. poor B. hungry
C. tired D. cold
17. In many societies, the person who fails to conform to conventional behavior is likely to be _____ by others. *a. 与众不同的人*
A. preserved B. instructed
☒ C. avoided D. selected
18. These excursions will give you an even deeper _____ into our language and culture.
A. inquiry B. input
C. investigation D. insight
19. No longer are contributions to computer technology confined to any one country; _____ is this more true than in Europe.
A. hardly B. seldom
C. little ☒ D. nowhere
20. If a person talks about his weak points, his listener is expected to say something in the way of _____.
A. assurance B. encouragement
C. persuasion D. confirmation
21. China started its nuclear power industry only in recent years, and should _____ no time in catching up.
A. delay B. lag

- C. lose D. lessen
22. I try to exercise every day in order to _____.
A. keep my healthy
B. better physical condition
C. keep my fitting
D. stay in good shape
23. Scientific discoveries often _____ to be rediscoveries of what had existed there long ago.
A. turned back B. turned down
C. turned over D. turned out
24. The drowning child was saved by Dick's _____ action.
A. acute B. profound
C. alert D. prompt
- △25. The picnic _____ at last after being twice postponed.
A. came off B. came up
C. put on D. went on
26. I'm sorry to hear that Peter and Dick have _____. They were such good friends.
A. fallen against B. fallen out
C. dropped off D. dropped out
27. Professor Smith and Professor Brown will _____ in giving the class lectures.
A. alter B. alternate
C. change D. differ

28. You can't be _____ careful in making the decision as it was such a critical case.
- A. very B. too
C. quite D. so
29. _____ the flood, the ship would have reached its destination on time.
- A. In case of B. Because of
C. In spite of D. But for
30. In your first days at the school you'll be given a test to help the teachers to _____ you to a class at your level.
- A. locate B. deliver
C. assign D. place
31. Mary's daughter showed _____ in making a dress for her doll.
- A. thoughtfulness B. truthness
C. sincerity D. ingenuity
32. John called his sister _____ finding someone to watch his children when he was away.
- A. to hope B. in hopes of
C. in hope D. hoping
- △33. Barbara _____ in doing it again though she had failed more than a dozen times.
- A. consisted B. insisted
C. persisted D. assisted
34. It's no use ringing me at the office this week because

I'm _____.

- A. by my leave B. at leave
C. in holiday D. on holiday

△ 35. If you don't put the cheese in the refrigerator, it may _____.

- A. go at B. go off
C. go on D. go back

36. Dieticians have recently _____ suggestions for a complete reform in our eating habit.

- A. taken out B. thrown across
C. put forward D. taken in

37. Life consists of _____ of events which may be related to work or to our so-called leisure time.

- A. a volume B. a series
C. an amount D. a range

38. In swimming, _____ coordination of muscles is required ~~than~~ in other sports.

- A. a swifter B. more automatic
C. more exact D. an easier

39. Before the audience he managed to keep _____ expression on his face even though he wanted to smile.

- A. a serious B. an intimate
C. a pleasant D. an excited

△ 40. It is impossible for parents to _____ their children from every danger.

- A. shield B. conserve