

上海市前进业余进修学院丛书

# 新编TOEFL教程

A New TOEFL Course

前进业余进修学院编写组



华东化工学院出版社

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**新编托福教程**

Xinbian Tuofu Jiaocheng

**前进业余进修学院编写组**

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### 内 容 简 介

本书是上海市前进业余进修学院 TOEFL 班的指定教材。三位编者均在该院执教 TOEFL 多年, 积其数年教学经验并集 TOEFL 之最新信息写成此书。本书对 TOEFL 的结构、词汇和阅读中的题型、题旨、题材及程式等作了较为全面而又客观的介绍; 对 TOEFL 的形式、特点和规律作了系统的分析; 对 TOEFL 试卷的各部分进行了分类研究; 内容深入浅出, 通俗易懂。每一单元都配有相应的习题。书中还收集了 1986 年至 1991 年 TOEFL 试卷 12 套, 供读者练习。所有答案一并附于书后。本书对 TOEFL 考生了解题型, 提高应试能力定能有所裨益, 是一本理想的 TOEFL 学习与练习的教科书。

## 前 言

TOEFL (Test of English as a Foreign Language) 所采用的是一种客观而又公正的英语水平测试机制。它力求将命题和评分中的主观因素降到最低程度,从而使测试结果具有一定的可靠性与合理性。面临无数的应试者,TOEFL 不以考生的“使用表现”为准绳命题,而是对准他们的“潜在能力”,从起码的交际要求出发,就考生的听力水平、语法知识、阅读能力和词汇量等方面进行测试。它目的性明确、针对性强,既能反映考生的应试能力,又能体现其英语水平。因此,TOEFL 自1963年问世以来,举世瞩目,久盛不衰,成了美国及加拿大大学录取留学生、授予奖学金的合法而又具有权威性的考试。

TOEFL 又是一门深奥的学问。它不仅是考核英语水平的一种测试手段,而且也是一门涉及语音、语法、词汇、阅读、写作以及应试技巧的综合学科。显然,TOEFL 有它可靠的理论依据,也有它科学的命题方式。它既较确切地反映了现代英语的普遍规律,又真实体现了当代美国英语的单独走向。因此,TOEFL 无疑是一门大可深入探讨的学问,具有一定的研究价值,对我国的外语教学和测试工作有着可资借鉴的意义。

近十年来,随着我国对外开放的大门洞开,TOEFL 在中华大地掀起了阵阵热浪。各类 TOEFL 预备班、培训班和强化班不断涌现。年复一年,万千学子满怀豪情奔赴考场一试身手。校园内外,数以万计的青年学生猛攻 TOEFL,废寝忘食,乐此不疲。茶余饭后,人们彼此谈论 TOEFL,交流 TOEFL。时至今日,TOEFL 考分在我国扶摇直上;不仅使国外语言学家叹赏不绝,而且也使港台考生自叹不如。如今获 600 分者大有人在,获 630 分者屡见不鲜,即便获 650 分者也已算不得凤毛麟角。随着“TOEFL 热”的不断升温,国内同仁、港台人士和外国学者纷纷选编有关资料和书籍,不厌其烦地解析试题,为考生消除疑团,排忧解难。尽管 TOEFL 书籍

浩如烟海,层出不穷,但内容却大同小异,大多只是选编试卷,注解难题,另附答案,而对 TOEFL 的题型、题目、题材、程式等进行系统分析介绍的则十分罕见。这不但无法满足广大考生的要求,而且也与当前的“TOEFL 热”形成了强烈的反差。为此,我们将《新编 TOEFL 教程》一书献给广大读者。

本书对 TOEFL 的结构、词汇和阅读中的题型、题目、题材及程式等作了较为全面而又客观的介绍;对 TOEFL 的形式、特点和规律作了系统的分析;对 TOEFL 试卷的各个部分进行了分类研究。内容深入浅出,通俗易懂。每一单元都配有相应的习题。此外,书中还收集了 1986 年至 1991 年(5 月与 8 月)的 TOEFL 试卷共 12 套(听力部分除外),供考生作大运动量的答题练习和反复的模拟测试。所有答案则一并附于书后。本书的三位作者均在上海市前进业余进修学院执教 TOEFL 多年,深知广大考生的疑难所在。作者希望本书对考生进一步了解 TOEFL 题型,掌握解题技巧,提高应试能力能有所裨益,并力图使其成为一本 TOEFL 指导性读物。

《新编 TOEFL 教程》是上海市前进业余进修学院 TOEFL 班的指定教材。著名教育家蔡光天院长对《教程》一书的出版极为重视。为了使该院早已享有盛誉的 TOEFL 教学达到更高的境界,蔡院长亲自委托具有多年 TOEFL 教学经验的教师编写更完整、更系统、更符合 90 年代 TOEFL 教学的专用教材,并欣然为《教程》挥笔题词予以勉励。前进业余进修学院教务长王伯盘先生对《教程》一书的编写和出版给予热情的支持,曾多次与编写人员讨论有关事项。在此,我们表示衷心的感谢。

本书的结构与词汇部分由顾大僖和蒋一平共同执笔。

本书的前言和阅读部分由李维屏执笔。

三位作者诚心协作,携手同写,排名不分先后。

由于我们水平有限,疏漏或错误之处在所难免,敬请国内同行和广大读者不吝指教。

编者

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# 第一部分：结构及书面表达

## (Structure and Written Expression)

### 一、多项选择

#### (一) 主语

主语是句子的一个主要成分。除某些特殊情况（如祈使句中通常没有主语等）外，这一成分是不可缺少的。倘若句中没有主语，应填入空白部分的，就该考虑是这一成分。可作主语的通常有：名词、代词、数词、动名词、不定式和从句等。有些形容词前加一定冠词也可作主语。以不定式、动名词等短语或以从句作主语时，如果主语较长，也可将其置于句子后部，而以形式主语 *it* 置于句首。有时在4项选择中，不止一项可作主语，则需考虑逻辑主语是否正确；主、谓语在“数”上是否一致；以及主谓语应否倒装等问题，而选择正确的一项。例：

(1) \_\_\_\_\_ increases as the money supply rises at a disproportionate rate.

(A) The rate of inflation which

(B) While the rate of inflation

(C) It is the rate of inflation

(D) The rate of inflation

(D) 项正确。题中缺少的是一主语；(A) 项多了关系代词 *which*；(B) 项多了连词 *while*；(C) 项至少需在 *inflation* 后加连词 *that*。

(2) \_\_\_\_\_ may exist is suggested by discrepancies in the motions of Uranus and Neptune.

- (A) It is the fact that a tenth planet  
 (B) That a tenth planet (C) In fact a tenth planet  
 (D) The fact a tenth planet

(B) 项正确。这是一个由 that 引导的从句,作主句中的主语。在该从句中 a tenth planet 是主语, may exist 是谓语。

- (3) \_\_\_\_\_ offends people in Scotland and Wales to be called English.

- (A) It (B) They (C) There (D) He

(A) 项正确。句中缺少的是一个形式主语,真正的主语为不定式短语 to be called English; (B)、(C)、(D) 3 项都不能作形式主语。

### 练习 I

1. \_\_\_\_\_ lived on the North Saskatchewan River long before the Hudson's Bay Company built a fur trading post there.  
 (A) Cree people  
 (B) For Cree people  
 (C) It was Cree people  
 (D) Where Cree people (91/1)
2. \_\_\_\_\_ has been a topic of continual geological research.  
 (A) Did the continents originate  
 (B) How did the continents originate  
 (C) Have the continents originated
3. Although \_\_\_\_\_ some textile products, it imports many as well.  
 (A) the exports of the United States  
 (B) exporting of the United States  
 (C) exporter of the United States  
 (D) the United States exports
4. \_\_\_\_\_ often added to sauces and soups, is plentiful and relatively inexpensive.

- (A) Parsley, an herb that is
- (B) For parsley, an herb to be
- (C) An herb, parsley is
- (D) Parsley, is that herb (90/10)
5. \_\_\_\_\_ half of their savings to establish what later became the Meharry Medical College in Nashville, Tennessee.
- (A) Samuel Meharry and his four brothers donated
- (B) Donated by Samuel Meharry and his four brothers
- (C) After Samuel Meharry and his four brothers donated
- (D) It was donated by Samuel Meharry and his four brothers (90/9)
6. Two years after she was chosen president of the Texas State Senate, \_\_\_\_\_ successfully for a seat in the United States Congress.
- (A) Barbara Jordan's campaign being
- (B) Barbara Jordan campaigned
- (C) Campaigning for Barbara Jordan
- (D) Barbara Jordan campaigning (90/1)
7. \_\_\_\_\_ fashioned from a wick floating in a bowl of oil functioned according to the principle of capillary action.
- (A) All lamps early
- (B) Lamps all early
- (C) All early lamps
- (D) Early all lamps (90/1)
8. Once engineers have decided on a building's basic shape, \_\_\_\_\_ can reproduce its design on a computer screen to see how it responds to stress.
- (A) and
- (B) they
- (C) who
- (D) which (89/9)
9. Like most neoclassic

- poets, \_\_\_\_\_ in heroic couplets.
- (A) the poems Phillis Wheatley composed
- (B) Phillis Wheatley composed her poems.
- (C) composing her poems was Phillis Wheatley
- (D) did Phillis Wheatley who composed her poems (89/7)
10. The more precise \_\_\_\_\_, the more effective the communication.
- (A) a writer's words
- (B) there are a writer's words
- (C) that a writer's words
- (D) they are a writer's words (88/9)
11. \_\_\_\_\_ to cultural activity and is a defining characteristic of human beings.
- (A) That speech, being central
- (B) Speech is central
- (C) The centrality of speech
- (D) Speech, which is central (87/12)
12. Rarely \_\_\_\_\_ occur without a corresponding physical ailment.
- (A) chronic mental fatigue
- (B) is chronic mental fatigue
- (C) does chronic mental fatigue
- (D) chronic mental fatigue does (87/12)
13. \_\_\_\_\_ for mathematical precision been more apparent than in the field of computer technology.
- (A) The need has nowhere
- (B) Has nowhere the need
- (C) Nowhere has the need
- (D) The need nowhere has (87/12)
14. Clara Barton's \_\_\_\_\_ was the founding of the American Red Cross.

- (A) accomplishment  
was the greatest
- (B) greatest accom-  
plishment
- (C) greatest was the  
accomplishment
- (D) was the greatest  
accomplishment  
(87/10)
15. Not until 1868 \_\_\_\_\_  
made the capital of the  
state of Georgia.
- (A) was Atlanta
- (B) when Atlanta was
- (C) Atlanta was
- (D) was when Atlanta  
(86/10)
16. \_\_\_\_\_ are prepared from  
flour or meal derived  
from some form of grain.
- (A) With bakery prod-  
ucts
- (B) While bakery prod-  
ucts
- (C) Bakery products
- (D) They are bakery  
products (86/12)
17. The juice contained in  
the bristles of the nettle  
causes an intense itch
- when \_\_\_\_\_ a person's  
skin.
- (A) it enters
- (B) entering it
- (C) there it enters
- (D) its entry into  
(86/12)
18. \_\_\_\_\_ created the don-  
key and elephant that  
symbolize the Democna-  
tic and Republican par-  
ties.
- (A) Although Thomas  
Nast
- (B) That Thomas Nast
- (C) Thomas Nast, who
- (D) It was Thomas  
Nast who (86/12)
19. \_\_\_\_\_ concerned with is  
the measurement of  
angles and their relation-  
ships to each other.
- (A) Trigonometry is
- (B) That trigonometry  
is
- (C) What is trigonom-  
etry
- (D) What trigonometry  
is (86/3)
20. From 1915 until her

- death in 1925, \_\_\_\_\_ at numerous colleges and universities throughout the United States.
- (A) poet and critic Amy Lowell lectured
- (B) when poet and critic Amy Lowell lectured
- (C) at the lectures of poet and critic Amy Lowell
- (D) the lectures of poet and critic Amy Lowell (83/11)
21. \_\_\_\_\_ easy to distinguish between lizards and snakes.
- (A) Comparatively
- (B) That it is comparatively
- (C) It is comparatively
- (D) Although it is comparatively (83/8)
22. First acclaimed for his realistic portraits, \_\_\_\_\_ for his impressionistic watercolors.
- (A) later recognized by John Singer Sargent
- (B) John Singer Sargent later recognized
- (C) later recognition of John Singer Sargent
- (D) John Singer Sargent was later recognized (83/8)
23. \_\_\_\_\_ is to arrange them in groups or sequences according to a plan.
- (A) Things classified
- (B) In classifying things
- (C) As classification of things
- (D) To classify things (87/11)
24. \_\_\_\_\_ to develop immunity to rheumatic fever.
- (A) It not being possible
- (B) It is not possible
- (C) Not possible
- (D) Is not possible
25. His health failing, \_\_\_\_\_ in 1782.
- (A) so Henry Lee went

- on leave from the army
- (B) the army gave Henry Lee leave
- (C) when the army gave Henry Lee leave
- (D) Henry Lee went on leave from the army (87/5)
26. \_\_\_\_\_ was not incorporated as a city until almost two centuries later, in 1834.
- (A) Settling Brooklyn, the Dutch
- (B) The Dutch settled Brooklyn
- (C) Brooklyn was settled by the Dutch
- (D) Settled by the Dutch, Brooklyn (82/8)
27. South of Gallup, New Mexico, \_\_\_\_\_, one of the legendary Seven Cities of Cibola visited by Coronado in 1540.
- (A) where the ancient ruins of Hawikuh

- lie
- (B) the ancient ruins lie of Hawikuh
- (C) the ancient ruins of Hawikuh lie
- (D) lie the ancient ruins of Hawikuh
28. Only in recent years \_\_\_\_\_ begun to realize that wild dogs, kept within bounds, often do more good than harm.
- (A) people have
- (B) since people have
- (C) have people
- (D) people who have (82/11)
29. Having been served lunch, \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) the problem was discussed by the members of the committee
- (B) the committee members discussed the problem
- (C) it was discussed by the committee members the problem



- (D) a discussion of the problem was made by the members of the committee(83/1)
30. \_\_\_\_\_ by transferring the blame to others is often called scapegoating.
- (A) Eliminate problems  
(B) The eliminated problems  
(C) Eliminating problems  
(D) Problems are eliminated (89/10)

## (二) 谓 语

谓语也是句子中的一个主要成分，通常是必不可少的。如果题中缺少谓语，那么应选择的必然是带有谓语动词的一项。倘若4项选择中只有一项带有谓语动词，通常该项即为正确的一项。如果选择答案中不止一项含有谓语动词，则需注意该动词在“人称”和“数”上是否和主语一致，同时还需考虑它的时态、语态和语气等各个方面。由there引起的句子中，主语通常置于谓语后面。

例：

(1) Besides his geodesic domes, Buckminster Fuller is known for his invention of the Dymaxion world map that \_\_\_\_\_ into a globe.

- (A) it can fold                      (B) is folding  
(C) can be folded                  (D) it is folded

(C) 项正确。题中缺少的是由关系代词 that 引导的定语从句中的谓语。4项选择中(B)、(C)两项都可作谓语，但句中的谓语应为被动语态，因此需选(C)项。

(2) When Columbus \_\_\_\_\_ America in 1492, the continents may have been peopled by as many as twenty-five million Indians.

- (A) who discovered                  (B) discovering  
(C) discovered                      (D) to discover

(C) 项正确。题中缺少的是由 When 引导的时间状语从句