研究生 人学考试英语题库

白靖宇 寇霞菊 编著

西北大学出版社

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编者的话

《研究生入学考试英语题库》自出版以来,以其新颖的内容和形式、独特的编写方式,受到广大读者的欢迎。考生反映这本书很有参考价值,对考试有很大帮助,各地读者纷纷求购。为了满足需要,我们再次将这本书奉献给大家,以感谢广大读者对我们的信赖和支持。

为了使本书更加完善,在重印之机,我们对书中的个别不妥之处 进行了修改,并增加了一九九二年全国攻读硕士学位研究生入学考试 英语试题及参考答案,以飨读者, 英语是研究生入学考试的关键科目。许多考生专业课成绩很好,但是由于英语成绩不佳而未被录取,经分析,其主要原因是,考生不熟悉或没有掌握英语考试的内容和形式,应试能力差,影响了考试成绩。针对这种情况,我们编写了这本《研究生入学考试英语题库》。

本书共编辑了 10 套英语试题,其中 8 套为模拟试题,另外 2 套为 1990—1991 年全国攻读硕士学位研究生入学考试英语试题。每套试题之后附有参考答案和注释。

本书最显著的特点是集习题和英语基础知识为一体。考生先作试题进行模拟自测,然后对照答案和注释解决存在问题。这样,考生复习起来兴趣大,收效快,既熟悉和掌握了考试的内容和形式,又复习巩固了英语基础知识,能够有效地提高考生的应试能力和考试成绩。因此,本书独特的编写形式深受广大考生的欢迎,也是目前同类书中少有的。

本书的另一个显著特点是新。本书模拟试题是以国家教委 1990 年 10 月公布的《全国攻读硕士学位研究生入学考试英语考试大纲》的内容和形式编写的。因此,本书是目前国内研究生英语复习指导书中最新版本。

本书的大部分模拟试题在校内外研究生入学考试英语辅导班测试过,效果良好。

本书主要适用于硕士研究生入学英语考试,同时也适用

于大学英语四、六级以及 EPT 和 TOEFL 等中高级英语水平考试。

在编写过程中,西安交通大学谢叔寒副教授审阅了书稿,提出了许多宝贵意见,在此表示衷心的感谢。

由于我们水平有限,经验不足,书中难免有错误和不足之处,欢迎广大读者批评指正。

编 者 一九九一年五月

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硕士研究生人学英语考试简介

英语是硕士学位研究生入学考试的统测科目之一。

本考试为水平考试,目的在于测试考生是否已具备攻读硕士学位所应达到的英语水平。考试所涉及的词汇短语范围限于本大纲附表,语言为现代规范的书面语。试题为主客观混合型。主观型试题占总分的 30%,客观型试题占总分的 70%。试题包括六个部分:

第一部分:词汇与语法结构。共30小题,每小题0.5分。 本部分测试考生对词汇、短语及语法知识的掌握情况。

每题为一个或二个句子,其中留有空白处,下面给出四个选择项,要求考生从中选出一个供填入空白的最佳答案。

第二部分:阅读理解。共15小题,每题2分。本部分测试 考生综合运用英语语言知识和阅读技能理解英语书面材料的 能力。

在若干篇阅读材料后共列出 15 道理解判断题。考生应根据文章内容在各题下所列的四个选择项中选取一个最佳答案。

阅读材料的选取遵循三个原则:

- (1)阅读量约 1200 个单词,篇数不少于 3篇;
- (2)题材包括社会生活、人物传记、一般科技、文化、史地政治、经济等;
 - (3)体裁包括记叙文、说明文、议论文、应用文等本部分主要测试下述能力:

- 1. 掌握所读材料的主旨和大意;
- 2. 了解阐述主旨的事实和细节;
- 3. 根据所读材料进行一定的判断、推理和引伸;
- 4. 根据上下文或全文判断词汇或短语的意义;
- 5. 既理解个别句子的意义,也理解上下文之间的逻辑关系:
 - 6. 领会作者的观点和态度。

第三部分:完型填空。共 15 小题,第题 1 分。本部分测试 考生综合运用语言的能力。

在一篇难度适中、长度为 150 词左右的短文中留出 15 个空白,每个空白为一题,每题有四个选择项。要求考生在全面理解内容的基础上选择一个最佳答案,使短文的意思和结构完整,合理。

第四部分:辨错与改错。共 10 小题,每题 1 分(辨错 0.5 分,改错 0.5 分)。本部分要求考生辨认与改正词语或结构错误。

每道题为一个句子,有四个划线部分,其中有一处错误,要求考生认出并将其改正。

第五部分:英译汉。共 5 小题,每题 3 分。本部分测试考生正确理解英语书面材料并将其译成汉语的能力。

要求考生在充分理解一篇难度适中、长度为 400 词左右的英语短文后,根据文章内容,将其中指定的五个部分逐一译成汉语。

第六部分:短文写作。本部分测试考生用英语表达思想的能力。

考生应根据要求(命题、规定情景、图表、段首句等)写出

120—150 词的短文,要求能够正确表达思想,意义连贯,语法 正确。

试卷题目数、计分和时间安排如下:

题 号	内 容	题 数	计分(百分比)	时间(分钟)
I	词汇与语法结构	30	15 20	25
1	阅读理解	15	30	5° 40
I	完型填空	15	15	₩ 25
N	辨错与改错	10	10	/5 20
V	英详汉	5	15	30
VI	短文写作	1	15	40
总计		76	100	180

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(摘自《全国攻读硕士学位研究生入学考试英语考试大纲》)

MODEL TEST ONE

1. Test Paper

[.]	in each sentence, decide which	of the four choices given will	
ı	most suitably complete the se	ntence if inserted at the place	
1	marked. Put your choices in	the ANSWER SHEET. (15	
,	points)		
١.	In spite of its small size, Europ	be had a greater impact the	
	world history than any other		
	A. to	B. of	
	C. in	D. on	
2.	. My mother is really enthusiastic music.		
	A. by	B. about	
	C. with	D. on	
3.	. I have not found my book yet; in fact, I am not sure		
	could have found it.		
	A. which	B. where	
	C. whom	D. what	
4.	. We didn't help him. We would have we didn't have t		
	money.		
2			

	A. or	D. Out	
	C. otherwise	D. still	
5.	. New things are and nothing can stop their developing		
	A. full of life	B. full a life	
	C. full the life	D. full of a life	
6. They a thief in the act of breaking into the		f breaking into their house.	
	A. defined	B. demanded	
	C. detected	D. defended	
7.	7. It has been sentenced that his civil right be		
	A. taken apart	B. taken down	
	C. taken in	D. taken away	
8. Though she was not a professional writer, she became member of the Writer's Association			
	C. honoured	D. honorary	
9.	If you like this, you'll g	get into trouble.	
	A. go through	B. go out	
	C. go on	D. go over	
10.	0. "The Ant and the Grasshopper" is a famous by Aesop		
	A. story	B. fable	
	C. legend	D. myth	
11.	He was afraid he would have	e to her invitation to the	
	party.		
	A. refute	B. reject	
	C. return	D. decline	
12.	Don't get discouraged by sett	backs, we are new to the work	

	A. first of all	B. above all	
	C. in all	D. after all	
13.	. My wife's bicycle is better than		
	A. mine	B. me	
	C. my	D. I	
14.	There is furniture in this	room than in that one.	
	A. less	B. fewer	
	C. little	D. few	
15.	These plastic flowers look so	that many people think	
	they are real.		
	A. beautiful	B. natural	
	C. comparation	D. similar	
16.	The accuse ared himself	innocent in court.	
	A. be	B. is	
	C. to be	D. being	
17.	If the doctor had been availab	le, the child	
	A. would not have died	B. didn't die	
	C. would have not died	D. hadn't died	
18.	The house looks shabby, it needs		
	A. be repaired	B. to repaire	
	C. repaired	D. repairing	
19.	Anything that falls towa	ards the centre of the earth be	
	cause of the pull of gravity.		
	A. is dropping	B. drops	
	C. is dropped	D. dropped	

	20.	Helen could do nothing except	the man who had stepped
		on her toes.	
		A. curse	B. cursing
		C. to curse	D. cursed
	21.	It's the first time I this	particular aspect of grammar.
		A. am explaining	B. have explained
		C. am explained	D. have been explained
	22.	She hoped that the newly exp	panded library advantage
		of.	
		A. fully was taken	B. was fully took
		C. taken fully	D. was fully taken
	23.	in his study, Tom ignore	ed everything.
		A. Absorbing	B. To absorb
		C. Being absorbed	D. Also de
	24.	"Where is my handbag?"	
		"You it in the theatre."	
		A. have to leave	B. must have left
		C. should have left	D. had left probably
	25.	I saw him again , nor di	d I hear from him.
		A. ever	B. either
		C. did not	D. neither
	26.	please me of it again tor	morrow in case I forget.
,	•	A. remind	B. remember
		C. recall	D. cherish
	27.	You have chosen an interes	sting topic to write your paper

	A. at	B. with
(C. on	D. to
28.	He used to smoke and he	•
	A. has given up it	B. has it given up
(C. has given up	D. has given it up
29. Y	ou can pass the examination _	you work hard.
	A. as well as	B. although
	C. as long as	D. when
30.	Never before such a fas	scinating book.
	A. did I read	B. do I read
	C. have I read	D. am I reading

I. Each of the passages below is followed by some questions. For each questions answers are given. Read the passages carefully and choose the best answer to each of the questions. Put your choice in the ANSWER SHEET. (30 points)

1

If the population of the Earth goes on increasing at its present rate, there will eventually not be enough resources left to sustain life on the planet. By the middle of the 21st century, if present trends continue, we will have used up all the oil that drives our cars, for example. Even if scientists develop new ways of feeding the human race, the crowded conditions on Earth will make it necessary for us to look for open space somewhere else. But none of the other planets in our solar system are capable of supporting life

at present. One possible solution to the problem, however, has recently been suggested by an American scientist, Prefessor Carl Sagan.

Sagan believes that before the Earth's resources are completely exhausted it will be possible to change the atmosphere of Venus and so create a new world almost as large as Earth itself. The difficulty is that Venus is much hotter than the Earth and there is only a tiny amount of water there.

Sagan proposes that algae, organisms that can live in extremly hot or cold atmospheres and at the same time produce oxygen, should be bred in conditions similar to those on Venus. As soon as this has been done, the algae will be placed in small rockets. Spaceships will then fly to Venus and fire the rockets into the atmosphere. In a fairly short time, the algae will break down the carbon dioxide into oxygen and carbon.

When the algae have done their works, the atmosphere will become cooler but before man can set foot on Venus, it will be necessary for the oxygen to produce rain. The surface of the planet will still be too hot for men to land on it but the rain will eventually fall and in a few years something like Earth will be reproduced on Venus.

If the experiments are successful, life will become possible there but it will not be pleasant at first. When they go to Venus, the first colonists will have to take plenty of water with them and get used to days and nights lasting 60 Earth-days. But there will also be some advantages. The colonists will live longer because their